"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Clearing, much colder today; Sunday cloudy, cold; wind northwest.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,819. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1917.—TWENTY PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

MAYOR CHARGES THAT HYLAN SWORE TO AN UNTRUTH

Draws a "Damning Parallel" and Condemns Candidate "on His Own Admission."

QUOTES FROM AFFIDAVIT

Says Nominee Has Acknowledged "That His Solemn Oath Cannot Be Believed."

PREDICTS HYLAN'S DEFEAT

Mayor, Continuing Attacks, Says Disclosures Show Hylan's "Total Unfitness for Public Office."

Mayor Mitchel gave out a statement yesterday in which he charged that Judge John F. Hylan, the Tammany candidate for Mayor, had sworn to an untruth in that in October, 1908, he averred that he had not been a party to the recovery of judgments against the Black Diamond Automobile Company, in which the Judge was interested, while last Sunday, in a letter to The New York World, he admitted over his signature that he was a party to the recovery of judgments against the company. The Mayor concluded his statement as follows:

"Judge Hylan will not be Mayor of New York. He will be defeated because the decent citizens of this city will not be represented before the nation and the world by a Mayor whose solemn oath cannot be believed."

This is the Mayor's statement:

"No decent citizen believes that a man who swears under oath to a lie is fit to be Mayor of New York City. On Judge Hylan's own admission this is precisely what Judge Hylan did.

"In October, 1908, Judge Hylan swore that he had not been a party to the recovery of judgments against the Black Diamond Company. Last Sunday, in a letter to The New York World, Judge Hylan admitted over his signature that he was a party to the recovery of judgments against the Black Diamond Company.

"In 1908 Judge Hylan swore that he was in no way concerned with the recovery of these judgments. Last Sunday in his letter to The World Judge Hylan confessed that he had acted as attorney in the recovery of these judgments.

"In 1908 Judge Hylan swore that he was not concerned with any of the several assignments of these judgments. In his letter to The World Judge Hylan now admits that he secured an assignment of the judgments mentioned.

"In black and white Judge Hylan has admitted that his solemn oath cannot be believed. He has himself confessed that in 1908 he submitted a false affidavit to the Supreme Court of this State.

"On his own admission that he did this Judge Hylan has lost any claim he might have to the respect or confidence of this community.

Draws a "Damning Parallel."

"Let the people of this city, whom Mr. Murphy now asks to make Hylan their Mayor, take Hylan's measure from the following deadly and damning parallel:

"When Swindler Goslin sought court action to get back from Hylan's crowd the assignments of the Black Diamond judgments Judge Hylan made and swore to the following affidavit:

> I was in no wise a party to the recovery of said judgments nor in any way concerned therein, nor with respect to any of the several assignments thereof or other proceedings connected therewith.

"Compare this affidavit, which is now a court record, with the following statement of Judge Hylan in his letter to The World last Sunday:

> The only facts are that there was a Black Diamond Automobile Company; that it did have a plant at Utica; that it did owe money for legal services rendered by me; that I assigned my claim to another and acted as attorney for the assignee; • • • that one of the principal stockholders did endeavor to refinance the company and at his request I secured the assignment in blank for him of the judgments mentioned.

"The exposures of Judge Hylan's past still continue. This morning his unsavory private record was passed over for a glimpse of his acts as a public officer. It was shown that Judge Hylan's callous refusal to convict violators of the excise law led Mayor Gaynor to declare that it was 'useless for the police to do their duty, only to be thwarted by ignorant or dishonest judicial rulings.'

"This disclosure is interesting, and it is important as proving Judge Hylan's total unfitness for public office.

"But, however unfit Judge Hylan may have proved himself in positions of trust, the thing which makes it impossible for Hylan to be Mayor is his own personal and private character.

"Judge Hylan will not be Mayor of New York.

"He will be defeated because the decent citizens of this city will not be represented before the nation and the world by a Mayor whose solemn oath cannot be believed."

Earlier in the day the Mayor made some comments regarding Judge Hylan's action in retaining Frank Moss, a Bennett Republican, to represent him in libel proceedings growing out of the charges made against him by The New York World. The Mayor said:

"I see that Judge Hylan's equipment for the campaign is now complete. He

Continued on Page 3.

Your family will be safe at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C., finest resort hotel in the world. Not a cure, sick guests not admitted.

Zeppelin Squadron Raids English Counties and London

LONDON, Saturday, Oct. 20—12:33 A. M.—At midnight six or seven airships raided the eastern and northeastern counties of England, dropping bombs at various points, including a few in the London area, according to an official statement just issued. This read:

Hostile airships attacked the eastern and northeastern counties this evening. The enemy aircraft proceeded some distance inland over these counties, but did not carry out any very definite attack. Six or seven raiders took part in the raid, and bombs have been dropped at various points, including a few in the London area. The raid is still in progress.

REPUBLICAN CLUB INDORSES MITCHEL

Resolutions Say This Is No Time to Put the City in the Hands of Weak Men.

PRAISE HIS AMERICANISM

Ex-President Sheffield Asserts That to be Against Mayor Is to Give Comfort to Enemy.

On patriotic grounds, the Republican Club, at a special meeting held last night, adopted a resolution indorsing Mayor Mitchel for re-election. There were only three dissenting votes cast by members who either objected to the form of the resolutions or were prompted by considerations of party regularity. The meeting was pronounced by members of long standing the best attended, most representative and enthusiastic the club has held within their memory.

Here is the resolution with one of its preambles:

The Republican Club best serves its party and its city by joining forces with citizens regardless of party against corruption in the City Government. Its traditions, its fundamental principles, and its duty place the general welfare first both in the city and in the nation. Mayor Mitchel's courageous and uncompromising Americanism has enabled the City of New York to maintain the position of national leadership. This is no time for partisanship which would result in placing the safety of life and property in the first city in America in the hands of inexperienced, incompetent and weak men, or for intrusting official power to those who, whatever their attitude, are supported by every dangerous, sinister, and unpatriotic influence. Be it therefore

Resolved, That this club indorse the candidacy of John Purroy Mitchel for Mayor of the City of New York and his associates on the Fusion ticket, and we pledge them most hearty and loyal support.

The resolution was offered by Alderman A. L. Squiers of Brooklyn. It was seconded by James R. Sheffield, former President of the Republican Club, ex-Senator Nathaniel A. Elsberg, Walter W. Price, and ex-City Magistrate Charles A. Flammer.

Mr. Sheffield in speaking for the resolutions paid high tribute to the patriotism of Mayor Mitchel and emphasized the necessity of electing him, on the ground that the disloyal forces in the city would score a victory in his defeat. He said:

Says He Deserves Re-Election.

"I am for the re-election of Mayor Mitchel because I think he deserves re-election on his record and achievements as Mayor, and I am further for the re-election because I believe that not to be for his re-election is to give aid and comfort to the enemies of our country. And in saying that I am not in the least referring to the personal character or the personal opinions of the three opposing candidates. I am referring to the men and the groups of men and to the opinions individually and en masse of those who support the three candidates who are opposed singly or together to the election of Mayor Mitchel, who seek in this election to destroy him and those things for which he has stood.

"I am thinking of Murphy and McCooey. I am thinking of The Staats-Zeitung and the other papers of foreign language which think and speak as that paper does. I am thinking of recent riots among the very children of this town egged on, lawless as it can be, for the purpose of affecting sentiment. I am thinking of the fact as stated by Senator Root that every disloyal man in Greater New York is against John Purroy Mitchel.

"I am thinking of the fact that in this campaign every disloyal, dishonest and disreputable element of this great city is on one side, and that side is the side that is opposed to the re-election of Mayor Mitchel.

"If you do not re-elect the present Mayor, will it be Hilquit? Hilliquit, with his ideas on economic policy, with his openly stated belief in pacifism and a peace at Germany's price to be had now? In his open enmity to the draft? Surely it cannot be Hilliquit. It would be a disgrace and a blight if the first city of the Western world should place him in the Mayor's chair.

"If not Hilliquit, shall it be Hylan? With that sinister influence behind him of Murphy, and all that he stands for? McCooey and all that he stands for? With his record as revealed to the decent people of this town by The New York World, his cowardice and unwillingness to state his position on the great patriotic questions in which we are so deeply engaged. Surely it cannot be Hylan, for his election would be an everlasting disgrace to this great city.

No Chance for Bennett.

"If not Hilliquit and Hylan, shall it be Bennett? No thinking man who knows this city believes that Mr. Bennett can be elected Mayor, and few thinking men think in reality that he is the right man for the office of Mayor. We surely at this time cannot afford to waste a single vote, the result of which is to echo

Continued on Page 4.

TWO BILLION MARK IS GOAL FOR TODAY IN LIBERTY DRIVE

Estimated Sales at Close of Business Last Night Totaled $1,715,000,000.

CAMPAIGN GAINS IMPETUS

Washington Confident the Full Quota Will Be Reached—Some Apathy in West.

TOTAL HERE IS $605,000,000

Local Committee Faces Closing Days with Determination to Fill Out the Quota.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The Liberty Loan gathered fresh impetus today throughout the entire country in its progress toward the $5,000,000,000 goal. It is believed that by the hardest sort of work during the seven working days of the campaign which yet remain, the goal may be attained.

Total unofficial estimates of subscriptions aggregated $1,715,000,000 up to the close of business last night. Subscriptions actually reported to Reserve Banks passed the $1,000,000,000 mark. Many thousands of subscriptions, it is believed, are yet to be reported. The figures, by Reserve Districts, as announced tonight by the Treasury Department, follows:

District.	Official.	Unofficial.
Boston	$115,300,000	$150,000,000
New York	460,742,000	605,000,000
Philadelphia	30,528,000	120,000,000
Cleveland	115,230,000	125,000,000
Richmond	41,588,000	90,000,000
Atlanta	9,428,000	20,000,000
Chicago	122,597,000	325,000,000
St. Louis	11,956,000	100,000,000
Minneapolis	40,500,000	50,000,000
Kansas City	8,871,000	60,000,000
Dallas	7,753,000	15,000,000
San Francisco	44,175,000	55,000,000
Total	$1,008,686,000	$1,715,000,000

"Two billion dollars or more by tomorrow night and $5,000,000,000 at the close of the campaign on Oct. 27 is the determined slogan that is being sounded throughout the country," says the Treasury's statement tonight. "Never before in the campaign has been shown such grit, pluck, and determination to triumph as are reflected in the messages received tonight from district Chairmen. If the $5,000,000,000 maximum is not maintained it certainly will not be through lack of effort on the part of the workers."

New York reported that it was determined to attain its $1,500,000,000 quota. Chicago advised that while sales were "going strong," some concern was caused by tardiness of the response in certain sections of Iowa and Southern Illinois, where "utter apathy" for the loan was expressed by some of the farmers. Cleveland banks reported the adoption of a plan of selling $50 bonds on terms of $1 down and $1 a week. New England was optimistic of obtaining its maximum quota. Philadelphia reported that arrangements had been made for carrying the Liberty Bell through the streets on a float Liberty Day.

"Every elevator boy, street car conductor, and train announcer in Philadelphia," the statement continued, "will terminate their announcements with the question, 'Have you bought a Liberty bond?'"

Subscriptions in St. Louis and certain farming sections of Missouri, Mississippi, and Tennessee were reported as "riot going as well as the district committeemen would like." Minneapolis continued to speed swiftly ahead. Atlanta and Dallas sent meagre reports, not overoptimistic. San Francisco reported little beyond "making progress." The City of Richmond passed its maximum mark of $14,000,000, and genera. advances were reported from the entire district.

Tomorrow will mark the beginning of an intensive five days' campaign in behalf of the loan by 300,000 Boy Scouts throughout the country. They will take applications for bonds, but will not handle payments. On the steps of the Treasury today Acting Secretary Crosby presented medals to Boy Scouts who had obtained subscriptions to more than ten bonds during the first campaign. These medals bear the imprint of the official seal of the Treasury.

A roll of honor of the persons who buy Liberty bonds is to be preserved in the nation's archives. Secretary McAdoo today ordered preparation for the long roll. Names will be inscribed on parchment, but not amounts.

DAY ADDS $60,000,000 TO LOAN SALES HERE

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Subscribe for $10,000,000, and Union Trust Company Takes $3,000,000.

Subscriptions to the Liberty Loan announced in this district yesterday amounted to only $60,000,000, or $25,000,000 under Thursday's record figure. At the close of business last night it was estimated that applications to the amount of $605,000,000 had been filed here to date. Today ends the third week of the four weeks' campaign, and the "drive" of the last week will have to attain a condition of "feverish heat" if the New York Federal Reserve District is to reach its goal of a billion and a half of subscriptions. While all the committees have worked energetically since the beginning, they are prepared to make special efforts in the closing week, and it is confidently predicted that subscriptions will come in such large volume in the last few days that when the subscription books are closed New York will have fulfilled its allotment.

Official figures of tabulated subscriptions reported by the Federal Reserve

Continued on Page 6.

Bolo Plotted with Germany for the Seizure of Mexico

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—That Bolo Pacha had prepared a gigantic plot with Germany to enable that country to seize Mexico was the statement, says the Matin, of Baron Guenin, whose evidence was heard by Judge Bouchardon this morning.

The Baron gave the Judge full information regarding the plot, and said:

"If my disclosures do not make Mexico enter the war on the side of the Allies, then nothing ever will."

BULGAR AGENTS SOUND ENTENTE

Try to Lay the Groundwork for a Peace Assuring Gains of Territory.

FEAR TEUTONIC TREACHERY

Alarm in Sofia Over German and Austrian Expressions Favoring Serbian Claims.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 19.—While Emperor William and King Ferdinand of Bulgaria have been exchanging assurances at Sofia of the unshakable loyalty of Bulgaria and Germany to each other and of the permanent nature of the alliance of the two countries, Bulgarian agents abroad have been endeavoring to get in touch with the Entente Powers on the subject of peace and subsequent relations. Their efforts are believed to be inspired by apprehension that Germany and Austria-Hungary, particularly the latter, may not be overzealous in defending Bulgaria's interest at the peace conference, as well as by a desire on Bulgaria's part to escape from revolving in an exclusively German orbit after the war.

The Associated Press correspondent is able to report that a Bulgarian representative recently sought and obtained an opportunity in a neutral European capital to lay before the Entente governments the special desires of his country with regard to a peace settlement.

In a one-sided conversation he explained the Bulgarian aspirations to retain an independent political status as soon as the war was concluded and resume cordial relations with the Entente Powers. As the case was presented, the Central Europe idea of an economic league in which Bulgaria would play a comparatively minor role does not appeal to the Bulgarian mind.

Attempts are also being made to get before the public in America and in the Entente countries a defense of Bulgarian pretensions to Macedonia and the Dobrudja, the suggestion even being openly made from the Bulgarian side that Serbia should be compensated with Austrian territory from Bosnia and Herzegovina—a suggestion which is pointed to as illustrative of the attitude of many Bulgarians toward their own allies.

The correspondent has of late heard of considerable ill feeling between the Bulgarians and their allies. Complaints are made that Bulgarian divisions were compelled to march long distances on foot, while favored German troops rolled past them in trains, this favoritism exciting particular bitterness on the part of a select Bulgarian division from the capital.

The German attempt to maintain control of Bulgaria's single coal field has excited much unfriendly comment also in Bulgaria, and Field Marshal von Mackensen is charged with favoring the Rumanians at Bulgarian expense.

Furthermore, the press controversy in certain German and Austrian newspapers in which the Serbian claims to parts of Macedonia were defended has left, apparently, an indelible impression of distrust on Bulgarian public opinion, an impression which the public declarations of the German Minister and the interchanges of cordial telegrams between German and Bulgarian statesmen seem to have been unable to efface. It remains to be seen whether Emperor William's trip, said to have been undertaken with this purpose in view, will prove any more successful.

ZURICH, Oct. 19.—"The journey of Emperor William and Foreign Secretary von Kühlmann should be regarded in a certain sense as a preliminary step toward peace," says the Neueste Nachrichten of Munich. "The Emperor's conversations at Sofia and Constantinople certainly mean the examination of every possibility in that direction, although it would be a mistake to conclude that the decision might embody concessions in the nature of a program of annexations by the enemy. The peace by conciliation which we desire has nothing in common with that of Lloyd George and Asquith."

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 19.—A key to the policy of the German Government in refusing to make any definite statement of peace terms is furnished by Herr Hoch, a Socialist member of the Reichstag. German newspapers report that the Deputy told yesterday how Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg, before his retirement as Imperial Chancellor, said to the Socialist members of the Reichstag that as Chancellor he could not commit himself, but must pull out in the peace negotiations whatever could be obtained for Germany.

Herr Hoch cited this as proof of the ambiguous game the Government was playing with its various indefinite peace declarations.

SAYS ALLIES ARE BENT ON CRUSHING GERMANY

No Hope of a Compromise Peace, von Arnim Tells Prussian Herrenhaus.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Oct. 18, (via London, Oct. 19.)—Count von Arnim-Boitzenburg, President of the Prussian Herrenhaus, (House of Lords,) in his speech at the convening of that body yesterday, said that President Wilson had shown in-

Continued on Page 2.

St. Nicholas Rink Open Today!
Ice skating is Winter's healthful sport. More fun than a 10 show. 2 sessions daily. 10c adm. Sunday morning $1.—Advt.

RUSSIA TO SHIFT SEAT TO MOSCOW AS PERIL GROWS

Reval Is Being Evacuated and Petrograd Is Now Regarded as in the War Zone.

GERMANS ON DAGOE ISLAND

Ten Dreadnoughts, 10 Cruisers, and 50 Destroyers Help the Invasion.

AIRMEN IN GULF OF FINLAND

Battleship Slava Sunk by Its Own Crew—Germans Lose Two Torpedo Boats.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 19.—The Government announced officially today its decision to move the capital to Moscow, and at the same time made public details of the continued German advance in the region of the Gulf of Riga. It takes the ground that its action is dictated by the same prudence which caused the French to transfer their capital to Bordeaux for a time in the first year of the war.

The Germans have begun landing troops successfully on Dagö Island, north of Oesel Island and northwest of Moon Island, both of which were recently occupied by the invaders. Reval, the fortified city on the Baltic at the entrance to the Gulf of Finland is being evacuated, as it is now exposed to attack from the rear. The schools there have been closed and the inhabitants are being sent to the interior of Russia.

Two German torpedo boats, it is announced by the War Office, were sunk by striking mines in Moon Sound yesterday.

"The Slava was unable to follow the other Russian ships retiring northward, and was sunk by her own crew in order to bar the way to the enemy vessels," said Minister of Marine Verdervski just before starting today to join the Baltic fleet. The Minister said he considered the action of the Russian forces in going out to meet the German fleet one of great valor, for each German dreadnought of the König type was much more powerful than the entire Russian squadron.

Zeppelins appeared in the Gulf of Riga and the Gulf of Finland Thursday night. Twenty bombs were dropped on Pernau, on the western shore of the Gulf of Riga. Ten persons were killed.

Cabinet to Be in Kremlin.

Announcement of the decision to move the capital is to be conveyed to the preliminary Parliament at its first meeting on Saturday. Quarters are to be found in Moscow for the Parliament, and also for the Diplomatic Corps. The Cabinet will occupy one of the buildings in the Kremlin.

Diplomatic representatives here have not been officially notified of the decision. They had understood that the Government had sought quarters for them in Moscow in the event of an emergency.

"Though a definite date has not been set, it will be in the very near future, said M. Kishkin, Minister of Public Welfare, in announcing the Government's intention to move, in an interview in the Boerse Gazette. "No one is now permitted to go to Moscow except on Government business. The proposed evacuation has been under way by the Government departments for a long time."

The determination to move the Government is said to be in keeping with the belief of the Chief of Staff that Petrograd is now in the direct war zone.

Great German Fleet in Action.

The entire Third and Fourth Squadrons of the German high seas fleet and probably also the Fifth Squadron participated in the operations off Riga, according to an official statement of the Russian Admiralty issued tonight. The three squadrons comprise two-thirds of the German fleet. Among the units, it is said, was the battle cruiser Moltke, of 22,635 tons, and several submarines.

The War Office statement says:

In the Baltic Sea during the battle of Wednesday at the southern entrance to Moon Sound, hits were obtained by our battleships on enemy dreadnoughts. Two trawlers were sunk by our fire.

Thursday, in the Moon Sound region, two enemy torpedo boats ran into our mine fields, where they blew up and sank. Admiral Bakhireff, who commanded our naval squadron in the battle, testifies to the gallantry of the crews which took part in the engagement.

The German naval units which took part in the operation are reported as being not less than ten dreadnoughts of the newest Kaiser and König types, about ten cruisers, not less than fifty destroyers, of which about twenty were of the newest Novik type, and between eight and ten submarines. With these forces there are operating a very large number of trawlers and other auxiliaries, including transports, hydroplanes, and rafts.

During the evening yesterday we definitely established that at noon Wednesday, after a preliminary bombardment, the enemy began to land troops on Dagö Island near the village of Serro.

Reports are current that about eleven enemy ships, probably torpedo boats, passed during the night of Wednesday off Kulwast, on the eastern coast of Moon Island.

The sailors of the main Baltic Fleet are reported to be keen to fight. The men at Kronstadt are demanding that the ships be sent out to meet the Germans, but the Government is understood to have taken the position that, as the enemy forces are of superior size, it would be disastrous to leave Petrograd undefended.

5,000 Captured on Moon Island.

BERLIN, Oct. 19, (via London.)—Two Russian infantry regiments, totaling 5,000 men, were captured on Moon

Continued on Page 2.

U-BOAT SINKS AN AMERICAN TRANSPORT, THE ANTILLES, RETURNING FROM EUROPE; 70 MEN PERISH, INCLUDING 16 SOLDIERS

Secretary Daniels's Official Announcement of the Torpedoing of the Transport Antilles

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Secretary Daniels tonight authorized the following announcement of the sinking of the American transport Antilles:

The department is in receipt of a dispatch from Vice Admiral Sims which states that the steamship Antilles, an army transport, was torpedoed on Oct. 17 while returning to this country from foreign service. This vessel was under convoy of American patrol vessels at the time.

The torpedo which struck the Antilles was not seen, nor was the submarine which fired it. The torpedo hit abreast of the engine room bulkhead, and the ship sank within five minutes. One hundred and sixty-seven persons out of about 237 on board the Antilles were saved. About seventy men are missing.

All the naval officers and officers of the army who were on board the ship at the time were saved, as were the officers of the ship, with the exception of the following: Walker, third engineer officer; Boyle, junior engineer officer, and O'Rourke, junior engineer officer.

The following enlisted naval personnel were lost: E. L. Kinzey, seaman, second class, next of kin Thomas M. Kinzey, father, Water Valley, Miss.; J. W. Hunt, seaman, second class, next of kin Isaac Hunt, father, Mountain Grove, Mo., R. No. 2, Box 44; C. L. Asburn, radio electrician, first class, next of kin R. Asburn, brother, 2,800 Louisiana Avenue, New Orleans, La., and H. F. Watson, radio electrician, third class, next of kin Mrs. W. L. Seger, mother, Rutland, Mass.

There were about thirty-three of the army enlisted personnel on board, of whom seventeen were saved. The names of the missing of the army enlisted personnel and of the merchant crew of the ship cannot be given until the muster roll in France of those on board has been consulted. As soon as the department is in receipt of further details concerning the casualties they will be made public immediately.

WILL GIVE FRANCE 280,000 TONNAGE

Washington Decides to Put Pacific and Coast Ships in Transatlantic Service.

ALLY GIVES SAILING SHIPS

Four Hundred Thousand Tons in Southern Waters Will Be Put at Our Disposal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The United States has decided to give immediate relief to France by diverting from 270,000 to 280,000 dead weight tons of shipping into commerce between the two nations. A carefully prepared program has been determined upon which will make this possible, it is believed, without interfering with the operations of the American Army and Navy.

In this way substantial aid will be given to France, which it is felt will end all danger of a serious crisis in connection with supplies of food and munitions. There have been many sensational and questionable reports in circulation to the effect that there was the gravest danger that France could not get the relief necessary to the proper prosecution of the war.

Under the present program the normal shipping schedule cannot be resumed immediately, but an acute shortage of tonnage will be averted. Many thousands of tons of food supplies and ammunition will quickly be transferred across the Atlantic, and plans will be considered, it is understood, to give the French an ever-increasing quota of shipping as soon as they can be brought from the Pacific or taken from the coastwise trade, or delivered off the ways. France under this plan will, for instance, obtain the large supplies of sugar so sorely needed without interfering with the American Government's war plans.

Agents of the French who have been here seeking ships were jubilant today over the decision made and felt that the crisis had been passed.

The first step determined upon involves twenty vessels, aggregating between 70,000 and 80,000 tons, which have been under construction by British and French interests on the Great Lakes. It has been under consideration since the United States Shipping Board commandeered all of the ships of more than 2,500 tons dead weight. This part of the program has nothing to do with other negotiations.

One of the vessels, a freighter of 6,000 tons, is now at Montreal and will be ready for service whenever the Government releases it. This ship, contracted for by French interests, was built on the Great Lakes, cut in two, and sent through the Welland Canal. There are five other French-owned ships and five British-owned ships, of approximately 3,500 tons dead weight each, which will be ready for service within ten or fifteen days. Ten more ships, which bring the total tonnage of this quota to from 70,000 to 80,000 tons, will be ready within thirty days.

French Sailing Ships for Coasters.

These were offered to the French Government voluntarily by the United States before other negotiations were entered into. They will be operated under charters controlled by the United States, and may be reclaimed at any time. Such action, however, will not be considered, it is understood, unless there is the most pressing need, as it is the purpose of this Government to do all in its power to relieve conditions in France in order to aid its armies and civil population.

The second step, taken independently of the first, was suggested by the French agents, who recommended that the United States Shipping Board commandeer approximately 400,000 tons of French sailing vessels now in South

Continued on Page 2.

N. Y.'s Great Winter Resort!
St. Nicholas Ice Skating Rink, 69 W. 66th St., is now open. 2 sessions daily. Adm. 50c. Sunday A. M. $1.—Advt.

HELD FOR PLOTTING TO BOMB U. S. SHIPS

Norwegian Said to Have Sought Access to Seized German Liner to Destroy Her.

CLUE TO BIG ELEVATOR FIRE

Thirty-eight More Germans Are Taken from Barred Zones and Interned.

The patriotism and alertness of James McLaughlin, a ship worker, employed by the United States Government, has led to the discovery of what may prove to have been a conspiracy to destroy German ships seized by the United States as well as certain auxiliaries now building for the navy. As a result of clever work by McLaughlin a man who describes himself as Charles W. Walnun, a Norwegian, 32 years old, was arraigned before United States Commissioner McGoldrick in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon and held without bail to await further investigation of the charge that he had plotted to place a bomb in a vital spot on board one of the largest of the German liners which the Government took over following the declaration of war.

According to the affidavits filed with Commissioner McGoldrick by representatives of the Government Walnun divulged the secret of the plot to McLaughlin after he had convinced himself that McLaughlin was an Irishman of the pro-German and anti-English type. As events proved he never made a greater mistake. Walnun, when arraigned before Commissioner McGoldrick, pleaded innocence and said he had taken out his first citizenship papers. The prisoner said he left Norway about three years ago and went to Argentina. He came to New York last January and for six months has been a member of the crew of Harry Payne Whitney's yacht, the While Away, lying in Tebo's yacht basin.

The affidavit made by McLaughlin says that not only did Walnun mention a certain vessel in Brooklyn as the one on which a bomb was to be placed, but also spoke of another of the big seized ships, and referred to a fleet of auxiliaries which he said would never be of any use to the United States.

On Thursday night Walnun took McLaughlin into his confidence, according to the affidavits filed with Commissioner McGoldrick yesterday. McLaughlin met Walnun after quitting work and the two proceeded to Weiss's saloon at Adams and Fulton Streets. McLaughlin has access to the ship which figures in the case, and he also possessed a Government identification card, without which no employe can enter upon any dock or into any shipyard where Government work is being done. Walnun, in order to get on board the ship, had to have a Government permit, and he schemed, according to McLaughlin, to gain access to the ship with McLaughlin's card.

In his affidavit McLaughlin says that Walnun conversed with him regarding the big grain elevator fires in Brooklyn last week, and told him that up to Thursday night he (Walnun) had attended to no fewer than eight fires in the previous thirty-two hours, all of them along the Brooklyn waterfront. He mentioned a fire in Thirty-fourth Street, another in Twenty-seventh Street, and one on the property of the Porto Rico Steamship Company. Continuing, McLaughlin said that Walnun asked him whether the vessel on which it was intended to place a bomb was single or double plated, and when McLaughlin answered that it was single plated Walnun, he says, appeared much elated. Walnun told him, he says, that it was the plan to put the bomb in the hold near the peak.

Walnun said that it was necessary for him to get on board the boat, and suggested that McLaughlin make up a little party to visit one of the mates on the ship, who is a friend of McLaughlin. Walnun suggested that each take a girl, and McLaughlin agreed to the plan. McLaughlin framed an ex-

Continued on Page 2.

ATTACKER ELUDES CONVOY

Neither Submarine Nor Torpedo Seen by the Naval Craft.

SHIP SANK IN FIVE MINUTES

Safeguards Provided by Navy Responsible for the Rescue of 167 on Board.

PERSHING REPORT AWAITED

First of Our Transports Sunk Was Formerly in New York-New Orleans Trade.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—After having made several safe journeys to France with soldiers destined for General Pershing's expeditionary forces the American army transport Antilles was torpedoed and sunk when homeward bound on Wednesday, Oct. 17, with an apparent loss of seventy lives. There were 237 men on board.

The Antilles was a merchant vessel of the Southern Pacific Line hailing from Philadelphia, which had been taken over by the navy and fitted out especially for army transport service. The location of the sinking was not announced. The vessel had just completed the last of a series of voyages with soldiers to France and was returning to the United States with her merchant crew, army and navy officers, and some soldiers who had been ordered home. Most of the men on board were members of the merchant crew.

The transport was sunk when under the convoy of American naval patrol vessels. She also carried a naval armed guard on board. Despite the convoy and the armed guard the vessel was torpedoed, according to the official announcement, but the preliminary report indicates that the torpedo which hit the Antilles was not seen nor was the submarine firing it.

First Disaster of the Kind.

This disaster—the first of the kind that has occurred since the American Government began its enormous task of shipping its army of more than a million men to France—marks the heaviest toll of American lives taken in submarine warfare since the destruction of the Lusitania, and the large number of deaths was probably due to the fact that the Antilles, like the Lusitania, sank very rapidly. The official announcement states that the torpedo hit abreast of the engine room bulkhead, and that the steamer went down in five minutes.

Not only is the Antilles the first American army transport to be lost in the present war, but so far as official records have been disclosed she is the first vessel convoyed by American patrol vessels that has been lost. These convoys have been very strong and supplemented by naval gun crews.

The first news of the disaster reached the War Department in a brief cable message from General Pershing between 3 and 4 o'clock this afternoon. Secretary Baker gave directions that the message should be given to the press immediately. Shortly thereafter the Navy Department received the longer message from Vice Admiral Sims. Secretary Daniels went immediately to the War Department for a consultation with Secretary Baker, and as a result of this it was announced that no statement concerning the news would be available until 7 o'clock.

At the time this announcement was made nothing was known as to the exact nature of the news except to a few officials of the War and Navy Departments. It was indicated that bad news had come, but officials declined to say anything further. They would not confirm the general supposition among newspaper men that a transport had been sunk or furnish even a hint as to what had happened.

Delay in Announcement.

Prior to 7 o'clock, however, the substance of the information received from General Pershing and Vice Admiral Sims had got out and The Associated Press was able to send a bulletin stating that a returning transport had been torpedoed and sunk and that 67 men were missing. The War Department, the Navy Department and the Committee on Public Information declined to confirm this. Officials refused to go further than to say that an announcement would be made by the Committee on Public Information at 7 o'clock. A promise was given to explain the reason for the delay when the announcement was made.

Before 7 o'clock the news room of the Committee on Public Information was crowded with newspaper men. They surrounded the official of the Bureau who was to give out the news. At exactly 7 o'clock this official opened a drawer of his desk and took from it a large bundle of mimeographed copies of Vice Admiral Sim's dispatch, which he handed to the newspaper men. These copies had been prepared some time in advance.

When the promised explanation for the delay was asked for, an official of the Committee on Public Information said:

"Under the practice and custom of the Navy Department the information

as to the Antilles was not made public until fair opportunity had been given to notify the next of kin of those lost in the disaster."

It was said at the Committee on Public Information that consideration would be given tomorrow to the matter of changing this custom and practice. The apparent impossibility of keeping such news from the public for any considerable time was cited as a reason to be advanced to the Navy Department for announcing any disaster immediately after the receipt of official information.

It was indicated that the Committee on Public Information would urge upon the Navy Department that any similar occurrence should be announced in a brief bulletin, and the names of the killed and missing furnished to the press with any available additional details of the occurrence when sufficient time had elapsed to enable the telegrams from the Navy Department to reach their next of kin.

Anxiety of Relatives.

The action of the Government in withholding the official announcement for several hours after it had become generally known that bad news had been received caused much dissatisfaction. It was felt that every person who had a relative on board a transport bound to or from Europe would suffer keenly over the uncertainty. Assurances had been given the press on a number of occasions by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy that reports of disasters would be announced immediately on the receipt of official information.

The statement was made at the Committee on Public Information tonight that a complete list of the casualties would not be available until they came in an official report from General Pershing. How long a period will elapse before this report is received is problematical, but attention was called to the fact that after the bombing of an American hospital in France the War Department did not receive its list of casualties among American surgeons and nurses until several days after an imperfect list had been cabled to this country by American newspaper men.

Safeguards on Transports.

By The Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—That the loss of life on the transport Antilles was not greater was due to the safeguards with which the navy has surrounded the transport service, and the quick rescue work of the convoying warships. The Navy Department has a fixed rule that enough lifeboats and liferafts shall be carried to afford a place for every man aboard, even though the ship keel over and put half her boats out of commission.

The loss of the ship's engineer officers indicate the probability that not one of the engine and fire room force on duty escaped. Probably most of them died in the blast of the explosion of the torpedo, which tore its way into the engine room compartments.

The heavy loss among the army enlisted men indicated cannot be accounted for until further details come in. Probably they and the navy men were in their quarters below and could not make their way on deck before the ship took her final plunge. The army, navy, and ship's officers and the others who were rescued probably were on deck or in cabins from which a step took them to the deck and a chance for their lives.

Many theories were current tonight as to how the U-boat crept through the destroyer screen, did its work, and escaped unchallenged.

A majority of the officers who would comment thought the transport and her convoying patrols had run directly over a lurking submarine which saw them coming, calculated the distance, and launched a torpedo without ever showing more than her periscope. They regarded it as probable that the U-boat commander picked his place, lay in wait below the surface until his microphones told him the patrols had passed and the transport was upon him, then shot his periscope above water only long enough to sight and fire before he ducked back to safety.

Any attempt to locate the submarine probably was made impossible by the necessity of rescuing the survivors. The vessel must have been virtually torn in half by the explosion to have gone down in the time she did.

Probably the attack was made well out at sea. It took two days for the news to reach Washington, and the dispatch shows the time that must have elapsed before definite word could reach Admiral Sims. The survivors are believed to be already safe ashore in France or England.

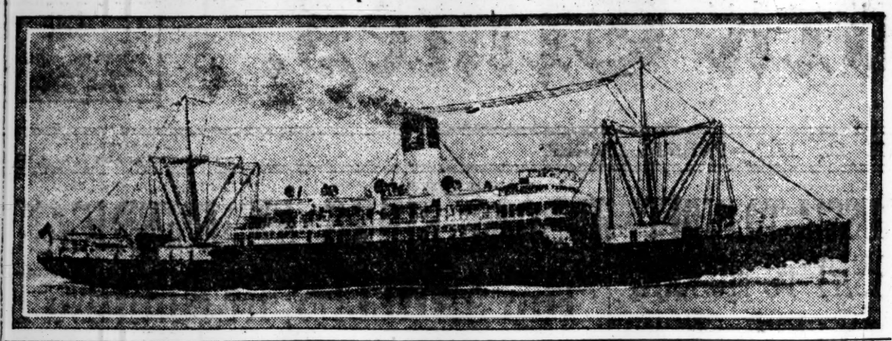
So far as known, no high officers of the army or navy were due to return on the Antilles. There is no definite information on that point, however, as only General Pershing knows who was sent home on the ship. The reports so far received show merely that a number of army officers and thirty-three enlisted men of the army were aboard. Evidently Admiral Sims rushed his tidings off before he communicated with General Pershing.

The loss of the Antilles marks the first reduction of the transport fleet that has been operating. A very considerable number of American troops, workmen, and others involved in the prosecution of the war have been carried safely to France and England, and the unsuccessful attack on the first contingent is the only recorded previous instance where the U-boats have succeeded even in catching sight of the vessels.

Secretary Daniels carried word of the loss of the Antilles to the White House when he went there late in the day with Admiral Mayo, who made his report to President Wilson on his visit to England at the direction of the President. The news added to the gravity of the hour that the Secretary and Admiral Mayo spent in conference with the President.

Quick upon the wave of sorrow at the news of the loss of the transport came a feeling of distinct relief because she had met her fate homeward bound and not on the way over with troops. The only soldiers on board were returning to the hospital or on special assignment. Had the full complement of the transport been aboard the loss undoubtedly would have been written in hundreds, as she was struck in the most vulnerable spot and went under so swiftly that few could have escaped.

American Transport Antilles, Sunk by U-Boat.



TAKEN OVER BY NAVY IN MAY.

Antilles Was in the New York-New Orleans Trade.

The steamship Antilles was the commodore of the Southern Pacific Company's Atlantic fleet, and the fastest and one of the finest vessels engaged in the coastwise trade. In September, 1914, she was withdrawn from the New York-New Orleans trade and was chartered by a committee headed by L. F. Loree, President of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad Company, to go to Genoa and bring back 400 Americans who were stranded at that port through the starting of the war.

The Antilles at that time carried her ordinary complement of 135 officers and men, and made the voyage from Genoa to New York in eleven days. Driven at her maximum she could average nineteen knots, which was about one knot faster than her sister ship, the Momus. She was commanded then by Captain H. T. Boyd, who was also in charge when the steamship was torpedoed on Wednesday.

The transport was a steel twin-screw steamship of 6,878 gross tonnage, built at Cramp's shipyard in Philadelphia in 1907. She was 410 feet long, of 53 feet 2 inches beam and 25 feet 6 inches depth of hold.

When the Antilles was taken over by the Navy Department in the latter part of May for transport service the majority of the officers and engineers went with the ship except Walker, the second assistant engineer, who rejoined this last voyage. He had worked his way up from an oiler in the Southern Pacific steamship service and was for some time in that capacity on the Antilles. Later he left to join the Clyde Line. He was about 28 years old, married, and lived in Jersey City, the officials said last night.

Thomas Boyle was 42 years old and had been for a long time on the Antilles as a water tender. He was single and lived in a boarding house near the company's piers at West Tenth Street, it was said. Nothing was known by the officials of O'Rourke, the junior engineer, reported as missing, and it was the impression that the three men were on watch at the time of the attack and were killed by the explosion of the torpedo.

For this reason it was concluded that the Antilles was attacked between 4 and 8 o'clock in the morning, or in the afternoon, as that is the time the second assistant engineer is on duty. The steamship had a tall funnel, which stood well up above her upper deck, and would offer a good mark for the commander of the submarine to get his sight on the engine room.

Fleets of transports and supply ships returning in ballast from French ports usually consist of twenty to twenty-five vessels, and are escorted for 500 miles from the coast by eight destroyers and two cruisers. Four British supply ships have been sunk by torpedoes, and six more have been hit and succeeded in getting back to port.

The Antilles is the first American steamship employed on Government service that has been successfully attacked by the German U-boats. Torpedoes were fired at the first fleet of transports which conveyed General Pershing's first division to France, but they went wide of the mark. The vessels were also attacked on the return voyage, but were not damaged.

The Antilles was making her third voyage, and it was said last night that if she had been going alone and zigzagging at her top speed of nineteen knots she would not have been hit. All steamships making more than sixteen knots are considered to be practically immune from submarine attack.

LOST ON THE ANTILLES.

H. F. Watson Joined Navy When America Went to War.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Oct. 19.—J. W. Hunt, one of the sailors reported lost on the Antilles, is the son of Isaac Hunt, a farmer living six miles west of Mountain Grove, Mo. He enlisted at Indianapolis a year ago and got his preparatory training at the Great Lakes Training Station. Only a week ago Hunt wrote his father a long letter in which he described his trips to and from France on an American transport. When told tonight that his son was among the missing, Mr. Hunt took the news calmly.

"If my son had to die I am glad it was while serving his country," he said.

J. W. Hunt was 21 years old.

Special to The New York Times.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 19.—Henry F. Watson, who was lost on the Antilles, was born in Norwich, Conn., June 21, 1894. His mother, Mrs. Wallace L. Seger, now lives in Rutland. He was educated in the public schools of Worcester and later employed by the Reed-Prentice Company, where he took up the study of radio electricity. He enlisted as a radio electrician in Boston on April 8, and made several trips across the ocean. He was home on a visit to his mother about five weeks ago.

OTHER TRANSPORTS SUNK.

Antilles Believed to be First Transatlantic Troopship Lost.

So far as official advices and marine reports show, save in the doubtful case of the Armadale, the Antilles is the first transport sunk in transatlantic service since the war began. German reports designate as a "transport," a ship whether neutral or belligerent, bearing supplies to the enemy or returning in ballast, while transports bearing or capable of carrying soldiers are called "troopships."

The first troopship torpedoed by a submarine was the British transport Royal Edward in the Aegean Sea on Aug. 14, 1915. The loss was 1,002 troops; and 600 soldiers and 220 other persons were saved.

During the intensified U-boat campaign in the Mediterranean for the six weeks prior to Dec. 1, 1915, according to German Admiralty reports, German and Austrian submarines accounted for seven "troopships" and twenty-five "transports."

Among the former were the French steamers Calvados, 6,000 tons, lost with 800 French Colonial troops on Nov. 4, and Admiral Hamelin, 5,051 tons; the British steamers California, 6,223 tons, with troops on board; Moorina, 5,000 tons; Ramazan, 3,477 tons, Sept. 29, last with 500 Indian troops; Marquette, 7,050 tons, on Oct. 26, with 1,000 English troops. According to British official reports only ninety-nine were unaccounted for on the Marquette.

Besides the foregoing "troopships" the British steamer Woodfield was sunk in the Mediterranean off Morocco, Nov. 30, 1915, with unknown loss.

The Provence was sunk by a submarine in the Mediterranean on Feb. 27, 1916. She was a French ship and went down with nearly 3,000 marines and troops—the greatest number so far lost in this way in the war. The Russian was sunk in the Mediterranean on Dec. 14 and seventeen American stablemen went down with her.

The British troopship Invernia went down in the Mediterranean with 120 soldiers and 33 of the crew after a submarine attack on Jan. 1, 1917.

The Italian transport Minas was sunk on Feb. 15, with a loss of 998 soldiers and the Serbian General, Ilia Goikovitch.

The British transport Mendi was sunk in collision on Feb. 21 and 625 soldiers and sailors lost their lives. There were no losses when the British troopship Ballarat was sunk in April by a submarine. Men played cards while waiting for the boats to be lowered.

The British transport Arcadian, sunk on April 15, went down with 279 men, including 233 soldiers. The Cameronia, the 10,000-ton Anchor liner used as a troopship by the British Admiralty, was sunk in the Eastern Mediterranean on the same day and 140 were drowned.

Later losses are as follows: May 4, British transport Transylvania, torpedoed, with a loss of 413, mostly soldiers; June 3, British transport Cameronian, torpedoed in the Eastern Mediterranean, with a loss of 63 troops and civilians; June 27, British transport Armadale was sunk in the Atlantic, with a loss of 6 soldiers, 1 passenger, and 4 of the crew.

Late in September the transport Pennsylvania was torpedoed in the Mediterranean, but, according to a Japanese Admiralty report, did not sink until the 1,000 troops on board had been taken off by Japanese destroyers.

GERMANS SEEK VATERLAND.

U-Boat Commander Asked Captive About Giant Liner.

The Captains and crews of three American vessels which had been sunk off the French coast in the last few weeks arrived yesterday at an Atlantic port from France with details of the activities of the U-boats against ships carrying stores to the Allies.

Captain Hans L. Mortensen, who commanded the bark Pauline, which was sunk on Sept. 25, said he believed that the German Government had detailed the naval reserve officers from the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd Lines to do duty in the submarines because they were well acquainted with the foreign steamships in the Atlantic trade.

After the Pauline had been shelled and sunk by bombs the commander of the submarine kept Captain Mortensen on board for nearly three hours, and seemed very anxious to know when the Vaterland, now named the Leviathan, was going to leave the United States. He also said that the crews of the German submarines came from all parts of Germany, and that $20 a month was paid them.

When Captain Mortensen asked the German commandant why his gunners fired eight shots at the crew of the Pauline as the men were leaving in the boats he replied in English, "You fellows are no better than the men in the trenches." The Germans took away all the provisions they could carry in their boat before sinking the bark.

Captain McCrae commanded the schooner Crockett, which was torpedoed off Brest with a cargo of oil and steel wire, but was not sunk. The U-boat was scared away by a French destroyer which towed the vessel to the nearest port.

Captain Charles Olsen of the schooner Henry Libbit of Philadelphia also returned. His ship, which was carrying oil, was sunk on Sept. 23, and he and his nine men escaped in a lifeboat.

VIOLENT GUNFIRE IN YPRES SECTOR

German Bombardment Directed Against Menin Road and Zonnebeke Positions.

FRENCH RAIDS ON THE AISNE

One Nets Assailants 100 Prisoners —Fierce Artillery Duel Continues Northeast of Soissons.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—German artillery fire on the Flanders front has been largely concentrated upon British positions near the Menin Road, and at the village of Zonnebeke. German reports from Berlin lay stress upon the violence of the gunfire near Houthulst Wood and Passchendaele, and in the region between Gheluvelt and Zandvoorde.

The artillery battle northeast of Soissons is still in progress with heavy expenditure of shells.

French troops raided German trenches on the Aisne front last night, destroyed defenses and took 100 prisoners.

The afternoon report from British headquarters follows:

We repulsed a hostile raiding party last night east of Vermelles. We had no casualties.

On the Flanders battlefront the enemy's artillery activity has been directed chiefly against positions in the neighborhood of the Menin road and against Zonnebeke.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—French troops last night attacked the German lines on the Aisne front after a heavy bombardment. The War Office reports that the German positions were penetrated and that 100 prisoners were taken.

The statement issued by the War Office tonight says:

On the battle front there was the usual hostile artillery activity, most marked in the Zonnebeke sector and against our back areas in the neighborhood of St. Julien and Steenebeke. Our artillery carried out a concentrated bombardment of the enemy's positions. The hostile artillery also has shown more activity than usual in the neighborhood or Arleux.

Elsewhere nothing of special interest occurred.

Following is the text of the afternoon report:

After particularly effective artillery preparation, a series of detail operations enabled us to penetrate the German defenses in the region of Bravent-Laonnois and Laffaux Mill. We destroyed German defenses and brought back 100 prisoners belonging to four different divisions. An enemy attempt against our small posts in the Chevreux salient was repulsed.

Between the Miette and the Aisne we carried out an attack, in the course of which we inflicted serious losses on the enemy and captured materials. In the Champagne one of our detachments penetrated the German trenches north of the Casque, pursued the retreating enemy, and after a spirited combat returned to its own lines.

On the right bank of the Meuse we repulsed a German attack north of Chatillon-sous-les-Cotes.

Twenty bombs were dropped by aviators last night in the region of Dunkirk. No victims are reported. On Oct. 16 two German airplanes were brought down by Section 510 of the automobile artillery.

The official communication was issued this evening:

At some points on the Aisne front, in the sector of Souain, and on both banks of the Meuse, there has been rather pronounced artillery activity.

Berlin Reports French Repulsed.

BERLIN, Oct. 19, (via London.)—Notably violent artillery fire was kept up yesterday on the Flanders front at Houthulst Wood, near Passchendaele, and between Gheluvelt and Zandvoorde, Army Headquarters announced today.

Prodigal expenditure of munitions marks the artillery battle northeast of Soissons, which is still raging.

Strong French infantry attacks near Vauxaillon and on the Chemin des Dames were repulsed.

Twelve allied airplanes were shot down yesterday.

The text of the official communication follows:

Army of Crown Prince Rupprecht: The fighting activity of the artillery in Flanders again reached great intensity yesterday on the coast and between the Yser and the Lys. The firing was especially violent at the Houthulst Wood, near Passchendaele and between Gheluvelt and Zandvoorde.

Army of the German Crown Prince: After a rainy morning the artillery duel northeast of Soissons again increased from midday yesterday until it reached its full height, and it has been raging since then almost uninterruptedly, with a formidable use of munitions.

Strong French detachments, after drum fire, pushed forward in reconnoitering thrusts in the morning near Vauxaillon, and in the evening along the whole front to Braye. The local engagements of the enemy everywhere were repulsed. Neighboring sectors on the line behind our positions were subjected to very strong destructive fire, which we powerfully answered.

On the eastern portion of the Chemin des Dames the French again attacked our positions three times north of the Vaucierc Mill and were sanguinarily repulsed. With the other armies the fighting activity was restricted by reason of rain and fog.

Our opponents lost yesterday twelve airplanes, six of which belonged to a squadron which had dropped bombs on Roulers and Ingelmunster with considerable damage to houses.

APPROVE PAINLEVE'S POLICY

French Deputies Register Confidence by a Vote of 369 to 95.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—The discussion of the Government's general policy in the Chamber of Deputies today ended in favor of the Government by a vote of 369 to 95.

BOMB MANY GERMAN BASES.

British Airmen Drop Tons of Explosives Back of Flanders Lines.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The British official communication dealing with aviation, issued this evening, says:

"Early on the morning of Thursday the weather was brilliantly fine, but at 9 o'clock low, thick clouds lifted up from the west. Artillery work and photography were carried out by our airplanes, and in the course of the day two and a half tons of bombs were dropped on a large gun position in the rear, on railway sidings near Ghent, and on various hostile billets and hutments.

"At night another ton of bombs was dropped on the Courtrai station and a German airdrome in that vicinity.

"In air fighting six hostile machines were downed and four were driven down out of control, while another was shot down by anti-aircraft gunfire. Seven of our machines are missing."

LONDON, Oct. 19.—"Many bombs were dropped yesterday, with satisfactory results, on the Varssenaere Airdrome (Flanders) by naval aircraft," says an official announcement given out here today. "All our machines returned safely."

AUSTRIANS CRITICISE PRUSSIAN OBSTINACY

It Forces Them to Act Independently in Negotiations for Exchange of Prisoners.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 19.—A conference for the exchange of prisoners of war which is in session here illustrates the odd relations that exist between the Austrian and German representatives. The Austrians are conducting a separate set of negotiations with the Russians for the repatriation of prisoners, explaining that Prussian stiffness and obstinacy are not conducive to the success of joint negotiations by the Teutonic allied representatives.

The Austrians advanced proposals for a sweeping exchange of Austrian and Russian prisoners, suggesting the mutual release of all prisoners taken during the first year of the war. The Russians, however, rejected this proposal, declaring that it would be too much to the advantage of Austria-Hungary, because of the vast number of men captured in the Galician campaign.

The conference probably will lead to extensive exchanges of disabled and invalid soldiers and also of civilian captives. The conference may be extended to include Bulgaria, which Germany is very anxious to have represented.

Through Trains—Berlin to Riga.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 19. — Through trains are now running from Berlin to Riga, the trip consuming twenty-four hours. A person can travel from the Baltic seaport to Ostend, Belgium, with one change of cars at Berlin, in forty-five hours.

Ex-Czar Must Use Food Cards.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 19.—The family of Nicholas Romanoff, former Emperor of Russia, now procures its food supplies by the use of cards. The authorities in the Tobolsk district are issuing food cards and the Romanoffs must obtain their food the same as other citizens.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Pinning it on Hylan!

From the New York World.

Questions and More Questions For Mr. Hylan—

Who organized the Black Diamond Auto Company—Capital $500,000—real cash paid in $1150?

Ask Hylan—he knows

Who sued his own Company through a dummy until it was on the verge of bankruptcy?

Ask the "dummy" clerk in Hylan's office—he knows

Who called in Alfred R. Goslin, the swindler fifty-three times indicted for thirty stock-jobbing frauds, as an expert to reorganize the Black Diamond Motor Company?

Ask Hylan—he knows

Who tried to charge a cousin of his wife $2,280 for collecting a judgment of $3,780?

Ask Hylan—he knows

Who wrote a letter to Goslin, the swindler, which the police found when they raided his office, reading: "Inclosed find note. Kindly thanking you for your interest in my behalf"—Signed "John F. Hylan"?

Ask the Judge—he knows

Who received from Goslin, the swindler, and his stenographer, checks for $950 when he was running for Municipal Judge?

Ask Hylan—he knows

Who denies himself to reporters? Who refuses to answer questions? And Why?

Ask Hylan—he knows

Who, What, and *Where* is Hylan?

Ask Murphy and Hearst—they know

How to Vote the Fusion Ticket

To vote for Mitchel and the entire Fusion Ticket put a cross (X) alongside every Bull's Eye on the ballot.

Don't rub out or otherwise erase your ballot. If you make a mistake, return your ballot and ask for a new one. *You are entitled to it.*

The Fusion Emblem

Fusion Committee of 1917

W. H. CHILDS,
Chairman Executive Committee.

Be sure to vote for the Fusion Board of Estimate:—

Mitchel . . . *for Mayor*
Prendergast *for Comptroller*
Adamson, *Pres. Bd. Aldermen*

Borough Presidents

Marks . . . *Manhattan*
Pounds . . . . *Brooklyn*
Whittle . . . . . *Bronx*
Gannon . . . *Richmond*
Higbie . . . . *Queens*

WILL GIVE FRANCE 280,000 TONNAGE

Continued from Page 1.

American waters, put them into coastwise and other lines of commerce and turn over for transatlantic trade with France, perhaps half that tonnage in steamships of from ten to eleven knots speed.

As a result, it is probable that the United States will divert from the Pacific at least 150,000 tons of shipping fit for transatlantic trade and obtain 50,000 tons or more from the present coastwise shipping facilities. The latter class of vessels and perhaps some of those taken from the Pacific will be replaced by the French sailing vessels, which, while slower, are effective carriers outside the submarine zone.

The French sailing ships will be used for carrying nitrate from Chile through the Panama Canal, and ferro-manganese from Brazil, as well as for carrying of general commodities necessary to the prosecution of the war. It is probable that the French crews will be retained, but the ships will be operated under the direction of the Shipping Board.

The acquisition of neutral tonnage and possibly the transfer of Japanese ships and those of other Allies from the Pacific may make it possible soon to increase the amount to be put into trade with France, and this scheme will be worked out in co-operation with representatives of the various Governments involved.

Italy's Needs Are Urgent.

Official reports from Italy received here today are to the effect that unless means are provided to relieve the food shortage the situation in that country threatens to become serious. The necessity of providing food for the civilian population and for the army, it was declared, might even result in a temporary diminution of Italy's war activities.

The Italian Government's survey of the food situation and assessment of this year's crops reveal a shortage in every commodity. In order to meet the difference between last year's crops and the crops this year, it was said on high authority today, it will be necessary to divert to Italy 145,000 tons of shipping per month more than has been available for Italian uses at any previous period of the war.

A cablegram received from Rome today says:

"The official statistical bulletin of the Agricultural Department states that the crops of the principal cereals this year show an alarming decrease as compared with the crops last year. This year these crops, estimated in quintals, are: Wheat, 38,024,000, against 48,044,000 in 1916; rye, 1,133,000, against 1,357,000 in 1916; barley, 616,000, against 2,201,000 in 1916.

"The bulletin reports that, so far as may be judged now, the corn crop this year probably will reach 21,254,000 quintals, against an average production during the period from 1909 to 1916 of 24,706,000 quintals. The production of rice is expected to be about 5,122,000 quintals, against 5,208,000 quintals in 1916."

It was stated that since the beginning of the war great numbers of Italian subjects had returned from all parts of the world to enter the army and during the war period also all emigration had been stopped, so that, besides having short crops, Italy has a greater population to feed; and this situation is further aggravated by the fact that the demands of the army and of the war industries on the man-power of the nation have reduced agricultural production.

These facts are already known to the American Government and it is believed that steps will be taken immediately to provide for Italy's necessities during the Winter and to make it possible for her to continue on a vast scale her military operations against Austria-Hungary next Spring.

GERMANS DISABLE SHIPS.

Peru Will Restore and Make Use of Interned Vessels.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COLON, Oct. 19.—Passengers who arrived on a Peruvian steamship today report that the German crews of interned vessels at Callao and Mollendo caused great destruction to the steamships.

The furnaces and machinery were reduced to shapeless heads and the pumps and nautical apparatus were thrown overboard. The vessels will be repaired in dry dock.

The German crews are under arrest and will be tried under the laws of Peru. It is reported that a Peruvian steamship line may take over the interned vessels.

SEE ALLIES BENT ON CRUSHING GERMANY

Continued from Page 1.

credible ignorance concerning the German people.

"If we are attacked," he said, "we defend ourselves with unswerving tenacity. As our soldiers at the front withstand the enemy's invasion, so we at home reject any foreign interference in our internal affairs.

"At last it has become apparent to everybody that the Entente will not let us have peace unless we sacrifice our military and economic position, and our honor besides. What has been the use of our peace offers? There is nothing left but to proceed on the road to victory with steely nerves and powerful deeds. Only a peace which removes all obstacles in the way of our future and which, to quote Hindenburg, 'lets light and air into Germany,' will be acceptable."

At the headquarters of the Fatherland Party at 30 Victoria Street your correspondent was told today: "We welcome any uncompromising speech by Lloyd George or Asquith because this always means a great accession to our membership list." At these headquarters von Tirpitz holds sway.

The place was stuffed with pamphlets and other propaganda literature, which is being spread broadcast over Germany. Some pamphlets contain only the verbatim texts of the speeches of the two English statesmen mentioned, with certain lines in large type. In other booklets such documents as President Wilson's answer to the Papal note are printed with vitrolic comment in the sense of Pan German war aims.

SOCIALIST FACTIONS BITTER.

Strife Marks the Wuerzburg Congress, Washington Learns.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Recrimination and factional strife mark the daily progress of the German Socialist congress at Würzburg, according to official cabled reports received here today.

That the war has greatly injured the Socialist Party in Germany was asserted by prominent members, who pointed to great reductions in the amounts received from dues, and said that membership had decreased 70 per cent. Many orators reproached the bureau heads for lack of skill and tact in dealing with the members who now constitute the minority Socialist Party, and much resentment was expressed because the party leaders had permitted the arrest of such notable Socialists as Dr. Liebknecht, Rosa Luxemburg, and Zietz.

Scheidemann himself was openly accused to shapeless heaps and the pumps together the congress is being characterized by much ill-feeling.

UNITED AGAINST MICHAELIS.

Reichstag Leaders Authorized to Express Lack of Confidence.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 19.—Referring to the political crisis, the Berlin Lokalanzeiger says it is authorized to state that immediately after the Kaiser's return he will confer on recent events and decide on changes in high offices.

The paper adds that at the end of last week Stresemann, Trimborn, von Payer, and Ebert, members of the Reichstag, were authorized by their respective parties to express a lack of confidence in the Chancellor. Stresemann, Trimborn and Ebert were unable to reach the Chancellor before his departure for Courland, but von Payer conferred with him.

It is possible, the paper continues, that on this occasion the Chancellor stated that Helfferich was not absolutely indispensable and that he was ready to give the Vice Chancellorship to von Payer or another majority leader.

RUSSIANS TO SHIFT SEAT TO MOSCOW

Continued from Page 1.

Island, in the Gulf of Riga, it is officially announced. The island is now completely in possession of the Germans.

The War Office statement says:

EASTERN THEATRE.—Under command of Lieutenant General von Estorff our troops, crossing through the sound in boats and by way of the mole on the western coast of Moon Island, made a rapid advance against the Russians. The enemy offered resistance but was overcome and by midday the whole island was in our possession. Naval landing detachments, attacking from the north and the south, and the guns of our ships appreciably contributed to this rapid success.

Two Russian infantry regiments, totaling 5,000 men, were captured and the booty taken on Oesel and Moon Islands is considerable. One member of the Divisional Staff and three members of the Brigade Staff fell into our hands.

Our naval squadrons operating around Moon Island, had several engagements with enemy warships. The Russian battleship Slava was set afire by our shells and afterward sank between Moon Island and the adjacent Island of Shilidau. Our military and naval airmen kept our commanders well informed of the whereabouts of the enemy forces, both on land and sea. They attacked the enemy several times with perceptible success, using bombs and machine-gun fire.

BLAMES THE BRITISH NAVY.

Daily Mail Assails It for Failure to Check Riga Move.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The Daily Mail condemns what it calls the failure of the British fleet to prevent the German fleet from becoming master of the Gulf of Riga and demands that "the Admiralty make an explanation of this humiliating display in the Baltic."

After recalling the successes of the British submarines against the Germans in the Baltic in the Summer and Autumn of 1915, the newspaper says:

"The Germans have accomplished all they were prevented from achieving in 1915 and they have done so without a single blow being struck at them by any arm of the British Navy—a navy far stronger than it was two years ago and recently reinforced by the addition of the American fleet."

PRAISES RUSSIAN UNIONS.

Banker Says Co-operative Societies Helped Keep Order.

The credit and co-operative unions of peasants, farmers, and consumers played a big rôle in preventing Russia from lapsing into a condition of absolute chaos, was the statement made last night by M. Fainberg, manager of the purchasing agency of the Moscow Narodny Bank, with a branch in this city, at a conference held at the Russell Sage Foundation Building, 130 East Twenty-second Street.

The conference, which included representatives of American credit unions, discussed questions dealing with the operation and extension of credit unions, or co-operative people's banks, the formation of a New York federation, and the part the unions may play in the sale of Liberty bonds and war savings certificates.

"The political power wielded by the vast membership of the co-operative unions in Russia the last few months," Mr. Feinberg said, "saved Russia and is proving the salvation of the country. The credit or co-operative unions stand for law and order and at the last Democratic Congress held in Petrograd, they threw their weight in support of Kerensky and the Provisional Government. The members may be of almost any political party, but the thrift bred of the co-operative movement is a potent factor in inculcating a desire for stability in commerce and industry.

"Immediately after the revolution, the Provisional Government was quick to appreciate the value to the nation of the co-operative unions, and by decree gave the unions the powers denied by the old Duma. There are now in New Russia, 47,000 co-operative societies, of which 16,000 receive and handle credits. The turnover last year amounted to $1,000,000,000."

MITCHEL HECKLED, TELLS OF REYNOLDS

Says That Half a Million Was Cut from the Dreamland Award.

AGAIN ATTACKS HEARST

Says He Swims with Hylan at Miami, and Calls Him a Follower of German Policy.

Mayor Mitchel struck back hard last night at a heckler who interrupted a campaign speech in Turn Hall, 146 East Eighty-fifth Street, by shouting: "Mr. Mayor, who is Mr. Reynolds?"

The Mayor had been proceeding in a somewhat tired voice to discuss the issues of the campaign, but the question, followed by a scattering of applause from the back of the hall, changed him in an instant into an earnest, forceful antagonist. Jabbing home every word with a darting forefinger, the Mayor, facing his questioner, replied:

"Mr. Reynolds is an ex-Senator and real estate man, one of the owners of Dreamland, one of the owners of a portion of the tract of land taken for the terminal yard in South Brooklyn, an acquaintance of mine, and a man who in his transactions with the city government has never received one slightest jot or tittle of consideration to which any man under similar conditions was not entitled, but who, upon the contrary, when he had obtained through condemnation, a judgment of the Supreme Court for about a million dollars for the Dreamland tract, had his judgment appealed under my orders by my Corporation Counsel, put aside on appeal by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of the State, and half a million dollars cut out of that award through my activity.

"And if the cowardly candidate of Murphy and Hearst were half a man he would come upon a platform like this and debate Mr. Reynolds's transactions with me."

There was a storm of applause, interspersed with a few jeers from a group about the heckler and then loud demands of "Throw him out!" and "Give the Mayor a chance!"

"I'll take my chance," Mr. Mitchel shouted, and straightway lunged into a driving attack upon William Randolph Hearst.

"I ask my friend over there in the corner to pay strict attention to the third moral issue," he said, "for perhaps it applies to him." There were choruses of hisses and volles of boos as the Mayor went on:

"That third moral issue is comprised in the name Hearst. Hearst, the man who, when von Igel, the German spy, was seized with his papers, protested against the acts of the agents of the United States, despite the fact that those papers disclosed the plot to blow up American factories with their American lives and to sink with bombs American ships to the bottom of the Atlantic. Hearst, the friend of Bernstorff, the other German spy, who came here to buy the disloyalty of American newspapers. Hearst—"

"He could not buy you," same one cried.

The Mayor answered: "No, Sir, because Mr. Hearst could neither purchase, intimidate, nor influence me."

The Mayor continued to characterize Mr. Hearst at length, surprising his hearers with a statement, not heard before, that Hylan and Hearst were close friends, saying:

"This is the man who selects Hylan for Mayor—who is the associate of Hylan, the associate of Hylan, yes, may I say the intimate of Hylan, who goes bathing with him at Miami, Fla., in winter.

"Just before I left to come to this meeting tonight news was flashed, I don't know whether it is accurate or not, but I will give it to you for what it is worth, and I wonder how Mr. Hearst and Mr. Bruckner and the other people who follow the submarine policy that sunk the Lusitania, the submarine policy that has been conducted ever since, feel about that policy tonight in the light of the news that comes in that an American transport has been sunk by a submarine to the bottom of the Atlantic, with many American lives on board."

The Mayor carried his fighting spirit with him when he hurried downtown to address a crowded meeting in Arlington Hall, 19 St. Marks Place. There he entered directly into a drive against Charles F. Murphy, whom he flatly accused of organizing and inspiring the strikes of school children to protest against the Gary school plan, that Mr. Murphy might make Tammany political capital out of the disorders. On that subject he said:

"Now, Mr. Murphy, driven to extreme measures, has conceived the plan of creating riots among the school children of New York—creating the appearance of a great popular uprising against the work, study and play school plan. If that is not a prostitution of the public school system of the City of New York to political purposes I don't know what is. To organize, actually organize the school boys and school girls of the City of New York to riot, to throw stones through the windows of school buildings, to refuse to go to school, to do this in order to serve his own base political purposes is one of the last acts of public degradation of which that leadership of Tammany Hall has been guilty in this city."

The Mayor also assailed "ungrateful" school teachers, whom he accused of aiding in the plot he laid at Murphy's door. Mr. Mitchel made other speeches in "Little Hungary" and in the Republican Headquarters of the Twentieth Assembly District in East 125th Street. In all his talks he pleaded earnestly for the Liberty Loan and in all of them he defended his own record and attacked Judge Hylan, the Tammany candidate, in the light of The New York World's disclosures as to Judge Hylan's record as a lawyer.

SAY SOCIALISTS' GAIN WILL CUT HYLAN VOTE

Fusionists Therefore Plan to Continue Attacks Entirely Against Tammany.

Believing that the Socialist strength, which has been gaining rapidly throughout the city during the last week, will draw far more heavily from the Democratic ranks than from the Fusionists, Mayor Mitchel's campaign managers planned yesterday to continue their attacks almost entirely against the Tammany candidates. Emory R. Buckner, campaign manager for the Mitchel forces, said he had received assurances from every borough that a big trend toward the Mayor had set in, especially from Republicans, who had at first given their support to William M. Bennett. Many of these Republicans, Mr. Buckner admitted, are becoming alarmed at the growth of the Socialist strength, and have swung to Mitchel as a matter of self-preservation.

Mr. Buckner added that reports reaching him showed that the Socialist gain was most pronounced in strong Tammany districts, and that Tammany Hall had far more reason to be alarmed than the Fusionists. The Bennett strength, he said, was falling off perceptibly in both Brooklyn and the Bronx, where Bennett at one time was stronger than Mitchel.

The candidacy of the Mayor was unanimously indorsed yesterday at a meeting of the Clergy Club at 200 Fifth Avenue. Mayor Mitchel addressed the meeting and later Dr. Walter Laidlaw stated that a committee of seven had been named to visit the clergymen of the city and also make ready a statement of the moral issues which impel the club to favor the re-election of the Mayor.

Division 30 of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, through its Secretary, Martin J. Hart, notified the Mayor yesterday that the division was for his re-election and forwarded copies of a resolution adopted at a meeting held Wednesday night. This resolution read in part:

"Whereas, during the last four years as Mayor he has given New York City the best government it ever had, with magnificent Police and Fire Departments, constantly increasing services in bettering living and working conditions, and an administration free from political dictation; and, whereas, powerful and sinister forces are seeking his defeat, and openly and dishonestly misrepresenting his services and his motives,

"Be it Resolved, That Division 30 of the Ancient Order of Hibernians indorses his administration, opposes the forces which seek to terminate the public career of one of the finest men of our race, and calls upon its members and their friends to work and vote for the re-election of John Purroy Mitchel at the coming election."

The Progress Republican Club of the Eighth Assembly District, with headquarters at 340 East Fourteenth Street, came out yesterday for the Mayor and passed resolutions indorsing his candidacy, declaring that the members will strive between now and Election Day to insure his re-election. The club also indorsed the other candidates nominated at the Republican primaries.

The Greek-American League of 689 Sixth Avenue came out yesterday for the Mayor and the full Fusion ticket.

At a meeting of Greek merchants held last night at 48 Madison Avenue, a Greek political club was organized for the re-election of the Mayor. The new organization will be known as the Greek-American Independent Political Club. Dr. Vassardakis was elected President, and Constantine S. Galanopulos, Vice President. It was stated that there age in the greater city about 6,000 Greek naturalized citizens, and that it was expected that many of these would join the new club.

Independent voters among men long affiliated with both Republican and Democratic parties have organized the "Fusion Committee of the West Side," with headquarters at 2,264 Broadway. The committee was not formed, it was stated, to fight the Republican organization, but to gather within its ranks those Republicans and Democrats who are determined that Mayor Mitchel and the present Fusion Administration shall be re-elected. The new organization has the backing of the Independent Club of the West Side. The officers are Henry A. Wise, President; Alfred P. W. Seaman, Vice President; Clarence M. Lewis, Secretary; Lester P. Dittenhoefer, Treasurer; Lloyd M. Howell, Chairman Executive Committee. On the campaign committee are J. Van Vechten Olcott, Harry Mack, Rev. Dr. John P. Peters, Charles E. Hughes, Jr., Horace E. Deming, Julius Henry Cohen, Joseph H. Adams, C. Ludwig Baumann, Cyrus L. Sulzberger, William H. Rockwood, William M. K. Olcott and George Haven Putnam.

At a meeting of the Westmeath Men, held at their headquarters, Emmet Arcade, Fifty-ninth Street and Madison Avenue, last night, with Dr. Joseph P. Brennan presiding, resolutions were adopted indorsing the candidacy of Mayor Mitchel.

LETTER FROM HYLAN HINTED AT OIL DEAL

Aldermanic Aspirant Divulges More Concerning Candidate's Past Business.

Further information concerning the past business record of Judge John F. Hylan, Tammany candidate for Mayor, was divulged last night by William A. Pendry, Republican candidate for Alderman, speaking at a William M. Bennett meeting at Palm Garden, Williamsburg. Mr. Pendry read what he said was a carbon copy of a letter from Mr. Hylan to Francis P. Bent, former Alderman from Brooklyn, and close friend of Judge Hylan. In this letter, dated April 30, 1904, Judge Hylan stated that he expected to be nominated for State Senator that year and that if he was, and Mr. Bent wanted "any bill passed selling your oil stock, let me know."

The following is the letter read by Mr. Pendry:

April 30, 1904.

Mr. Francis P. Bent, Barbourville, Ky.:

Dear Friend Bent: Your letter received some time ago. Was certainly pleased to hear that you and your family are getting along nicely, and kindly thank you for your invitation for myself and family to call on you. I am not certain whether we will go to St. Louis or not. They want me to go with the delegation, but do not see how I can spare the time. However, if we do go, we may give you a call on our return.

Politics are still in the air in Brooklyn. We have two or three kickers in the district who imagine they can make some trouble and are going about trying to insure the leaders. I still have interest in the Utal Oil property and hope some day to make a barrel of money out of the oil that I now imagine is running to waste.

All at the club are quite well and will be pleased some day to see you back in Brooklyn. I may be nominated for State Senator this Fall, at least I will probably accept the nomination if I can get it. If I do and you want any bill passed seling your oil stock let me know. Yours, &c.,

JOHN F. HYLAN

At a meeting several weeks ago in Brooklyn Mr. Pendry read a letter, which, he asserted, was written in 1904 by Mr. Bent to Judge Hylan. A paragraph in the letter asked that Judge Hylan pretend to back Mr. Bent in a business deal, which the latter was attempting to swing at that time. This letter, written on the paper of the Blue Grass Oil and Gas Company of Barbourville, Ky., was dated St. Paul, Oct. 19, 1904, and the paragraph read:

I may wire you something like this: "Can get Barnes proposition through for $15,000. Money nearly raised. Do you want five hundred or a thousand interest?" Your answer: "Count on me for five hundred or a thousand, if necessary, to close the deal. J. F. Hylan." You can then write, stating that you "have confidence in my judgment," my being in the Kentucky field so long, and that you realize the oil business pays well, when properly managed, and that you would not invest unless you knew I would remain there and look after the business.

Mr. Pendry said at the time that he had taken the letter out of the files of Judge Hylan, which he said he had purchased when the Judge left his law practice to become a Magistrate. At that time Mr. Pendry asserted that he would produce a letter from Judge Hylan to Mr. Bent. Mr. Pendry said last night that he would give $1,000 to any organization his hearers named if he could not produce the original copy of the letter.

Mr. Bennett was cheered when he said that neither Mayor Mitchel nor Morris Hillquit had a chance of being elected. He demanded that Mayor Mitchel reveal the identity of the "man higher up" in the Republican primary frauds.

HYLAN BROADENS FIELD OF ATTACK

Assails Mitchel and With Him Parker, Root, Littleton, and Hughes.

TAKES UP CITY EXPENSES

Tells of "Campaign of Slander" and Denies Acting as Attorney for Swindler Goslin.

Judge John F. Hylan, Tammany candidate for Mayor, last night assailed Mayor Mitchel, Alton B. Parker, Elihu Root, Martin W. Littleton, and Charles E. Hughes in a speech before a large audience in the Amsterdam Opera House, at Forty-fourth Street and Ninth Avenue. Mayor Mitchel, Judge Hylan said, should have selected the dollar sign, not the bullseye, as his campaign emblem.

Judge Hylan promised that if he and his associates on the Tammany ticket were elected they would "immediately set to work to take over our public utilities and operate them for the benefit of all the people." A prompt and proper solution of the New York City-New York Central controversy in relation to the Riverside improvement was also promised.

To combat the assertion that the introduction of the Gary system in the public schools was not inspired by the Rockefeller interests, Judge Hylan declared that the Rockefeller Foundation had made a contribution of $15,000 for the propaganda of the Public Education Association, an organization which Judge Hylan said was the foremost champion of the Gary plan of public instruction.

Judge Hylan also renewed his attack, began in his Cooper Union speech on Thursday night, as to the alleged leniency shown Armour & Co. when arraigned before Magistrates appointed by Mayor Mitchel in proceedings growing out of charges that they attempted to market products of their packing houses unfit for food. As on Thursday night, Judge Hylan called attention to the fact that Corporation Counsel Lamar Hardy, whose office prosecuted the cases, was a director of the Armour interests, while counsel for defense was the Corporation Counsel's brother, Tony A. Hardy.

"Just eighty-two days ago," Judge Hylan said, "Mayor Mitchel in a letter praising that eminent paving patriot and sugar profiteer, William Hamlin Childs, Chairman of the Mitchel Fusion Executive Committee, accepted the nomination for Mayor and said that the issue of the campaign was whether his administration had been nonpartisan, uncontrolled, and businesslike." In passing let me call attention to the fact that this nomination the Mayor accepted was the one his backers were unable to steal for him in the Republican primaries; but that was immaterial to the pirates of special privilege who are determined to rule, hook or crook.

"Has the Mitchel administration been honest? Do you think an administration which is tarred with the scandals of Reynolds, Greve, Bailey, and O'Malley is honest? Reynolds, the intimate friend of the Mayor, is under indictment. Greve will not waive immunity. Bailey finds retreat in a sanatorium better for his health than a trial, being before the Grand Jury. O'Malley, pet of the 'vagabondia' crew, when sent in his official capacity to appraise real estate that was to be bought by the city, did not go near the property, but took the word of his intimate, Greve, who was offering the property for sale.

Assails Hughes and Root.

"Has Mr. Mitchel's administration been nonpartisan? It has known no party, save the party of special privilege, the party of the dollar. The dollar sign should have been Mr. Mitchel's party emblem instead of that group of rings he calls the bullseye—the party of Parker, Hughes, Littleton, and Root. What a noble aggregation of privilege pleaders! Parker the Dollar Democrat, who tells us we must vote for Mitchel or be classed a traitor city. Hughes, the paid defender of William Rockefeller's attempt to mulct the State out of over a million dollars. Hughes, the paid defender of the New York Central Riverside Park grab. Littleton, the loose-tongued protector of Rockefeller and Perkins. Littleton, deserting his Democratic colleagues in Congress and voting to save this precious pair from testifying before a Congressional committee that was investigating the Steel Trust.

"Root, the defender of Tweed, the advocate of corporations that exploit the people and the framer of a reactionary Constitution which the people of this State rejected by a vote of over 300,000 majority. These are samples of Mr. Mitchel's nonpartisan administration. Mr. Mitchel's administration was so nonpartisan that he could not give his support to Woodrow Wilson in 1916.

"Has his administration been uncontrolled? The effrontery of this pliant tool of Rockefeller to attempt to bluff, wink us with a statement that his administration has been uncontrolled!

Discusses City Budget.

"And businesslike? We have seen the city budget increased $26,000,000 in one year and at a time when economy should be the watchword and our wealth and our resources conserved. We have seen $12,000,000 squandered on a useless courthouse site and other millions thrown away in the purchase of sand dunes from Reynolds and his crowd.

"When Mr. Mitchel is called upon to explain these extravagances and his undue intimacy with the indicted Reynolds, he flies into a rage, cries out that he alone is a patriot, and that those who vote against him will be traitors to their country. He was willing to dishonor his country's flag by making it a shield for the rottenness and wrongdoing of his administration. Now that the people have resented this misuse of the flag and stripped it from his shoulders, he has once more evaded the issue.

Takes Up Goslin Charges.

"By a camaign of slander and attempted defamation he is seeking to distract us from the discussion of his own iniquitous record in office. By the use of records which were forged, he is falsely and malliciously attempting to persuade the people of this city that twelve years ago I was the attorney for Alfred R. Goslin, a notorious swindler. Mr. Mitchel knows, and those who are aiding him in this vicious conspiracy know, that I never was attorney for Goslin, that I never was attorney for any accomplice and tool of Goslin, and that I never had the most remote connection with any of his crooked transactions.

"But I suspect that a new kind of insurance has been created in this campaign. Mr. Rockefeller and the Billionaire Band, which are fighting to preserve the license they now possess to plunder and exploit the people of this city, can well afford to indemnify the two newspapers for the libel judgments they will surely be forced to pay.

"They can well afford to reimburse in any sum if by the publication of these libels Mr. Mitchel is furnished new camouflage and I can be diverted from the exposure I am making of the Mitchel-Prendergast administration. But this conspiracy of defamation has failed. I have swept aside the malicious fabrication and I will not be diverted from the direct course I have been pursuing in this fight to restore the government of this city to the people."

A straw vote, purporting to have been taken at two garages of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company, was made public yesterday at the headquarters of the Democratic Fusion Committee. At the West 131st Street garage, Hylan was credited with 274 and Mitchel with 6 out of a total of 280 votes; at the West 102d Street garage, where 192 voted, Bennett received 89, Mitchel 3, and Hylan 100.

BENNETT FORCES THE FIGHT

Will Speak in Front of Republican Clubs Closed to Him.

The campaign managers of William M. Bennett, Republican nominee for Mayor, have hit upon a novel plan to force an open-door policy upon the Republican district clubs in Manhattan which have neglected to invite their party candidate to speak under their auspices, a majority of the New York County Republican organization being committed to Mayor Mitchel.

Beginning tonight, Bennett will tour Manhattan in an automobile nightly and conduct open-air meetings in front of the Republican clubhouses. In Brooklyn, although the Kings County Republican Committee has not indorsed his candidacy, the latch string of practically all the district clubs is out when Mr. Bennett comes around. Jacob A. Livingston, Republican leader in Kings, is busy arranging Bennett meetings, too, under the auspices of the Republican district organization.

The Bennett managers got word yesterday that Lewis M. Swazey, an influential Republican leader in Kings, had come out for Bennett. Swazey is the candidate for Sheriff of Kings on the Mitchel Fusion ticket. "I am abiding by the result of the Republican primaries; moreover, I believe that Mr. Bennett will be elected," said Mr. Swazey as he climbed down from the fence.

MITCHEL'S BUSIEST DAY.

Campaign Engagements Run from 1 P. M. Till 10:15.

This will be Mayor Mitchel's busiest campaign day. At 1 o'clock this afternoon he will attend a luncheon at the Montauk Club, Brooklyn; at 2:30 o'clock the laying of a cornerstone in Bay Ridge; at 3:30 o'clock he will speak at the fiftieth anniversary exercises in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, and at 5 o'clock he will review 5,000 Boy Scouts in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory and start them on their Liberty Loan campaign.

Tonight the Mayor is scheduled to speak at four meetings—at Public School 68, at Eighty-eighth Street and Avenue A, at 8 o'clock; at the Republican Club House, 145th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, at 9:10 o'clock; at Morris High School, 166th Street and Boston Road, at 9:40 o'clock, and at London Casino, Third Avenue and Claremont Parkway, at 10:15 o'clock.

JUSTIFIES EDITING POLLEN.

British Official Says He Misrepresented American Naval Views.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—In the House of Commons today, George Lambert, M. P., inquired why an article by Arthur H. Pollen, a naval writer, which purported to give the American view of British naval strategy, had been so censored as completely to distort its meaning.

Thomas J. MacNamara, Financial Secretary of the Admiralty, replied that the Admiralty had reason to know that the views expressed in the article did not accord with those of the United States Navy Department. Secretary MacNamara added that the article would have tended to undermine the mutual confidence and co-operation between the American Navy and the Royal Navy and would have been a source of satisfaction only to the enemy.

RUSH MAKING GAINS IN BALLOT RECOUNT

Supreme Court Justice Candidate's Increase in Three Districts Is 308.

ONE BOX FOUND EMPTY

Erasures or Improper Markings of McAvoy Votes Are Disclosed in the Re-examination.

Although the ballot boxes of only three Assembly districts were examined yesterday in the recent proceedings brought by Thomas E. Rush, Surveyor of the Port, the independent candidate at the recent Democratic primary against John V. McAvoy for the nomination for Supreme Court Justice in the Manhattan and Bronx district, a net gain of 308 votes was found for Mr. Rush. The three districts examined were the First, Second, and Fourth. Boxes from a few scattered election districts of other Assembly districts were also opened.

In the First Assembly District the official returns filed with the Board of Elections showed that Mr. McAvoy had received 2,118 votes to 326 for Rush. Yesterday's recount showed a net gain of 153 votes for Rush in this district, in addition to 222 ballots which were illegally counted for McAvoy. These included 107 ballots clearly showing erasures or improper markings, and 115 protested ballots which should have been marked for identification.

In the Second Assembly District the official returns gave McAvoy 753 votes and Rush 202. The recount yesterday showed a net gain in this district of 136 votes for Rush, in addition to 153 ballots illegally counted for McAvoy, including 89 ballots showing erasures and 64 protested ballots not marked for identification. In the Fourth Assembly District the official returns gave McAvoy 692 votes and Rush 72. The recount gave a net gain for Rush of 19 votes, in addition to 164 ballots illegally counted for McAvoy, including 94 ballots showing erasures and 70 protested ballots not marked for identification. In one election district of the First Assembly District the ballot box was found empty when opened. No explanation was given as to the contents thereof.

Herbert R. Limburg, chief counsel for Mr. McAvoy, said:

"Having today completed the examination of approximately 200 of the ballot boxes, it becomes apparent that the general fairness and honesty with which the Democratic primaries were conducted and the votes counted affords a refreshing contrast to the gross frauds that permeated the Republican primaries.

"The examination of the ballot boxes and their contents disclosed that in more than 75 per cent. of the election districts the returns of the inspectors were accurate. In nearly all of the others the errors were slight, and were obviously clerical mistakes pure and simple.

"The only district in which it is apparent that fraud was committed appears to have been one in the Second Assembly District, in which apparently gross frauds were committed in the interest of Mr. Rush. I have already called the attention of the District Attorney to this case, and it will no doubt receive his prompt investigation.

"It may be stated for a certainty that the completion of the examination of the ballots will not effectuate any change whatsoever in the result of the primaries, and in all likelihood will somewhat increase Judge McAvoy's plurality over Mr. Rush."

INDICT MORE FOR FRAUD.

Twenty Accused in This County, Eight in the Bronx.

Twenty more indictments for primary frauds were returned by the Grand Jury in this county yesterday. Deputy Assistant District Attorney Olcott said that the investigation into the alleged primary frauds in the Seventeenth Assembly District had been concluded. The Grand Jury, on Monday, will take up cases in the Eighteenth Assembly District. Thus far sixty-six men have been indicted for primary irregularities in New York county.

The Bronx County Grand Jury yesterday indicted eight more Inspectors of Election in two different districts for making a false report of ballots cast in the primary election. This makes twenty inspectors under indictment in the Bronx.

The additional indictments filed yesterday in Bronx County were the result of the Grand Jury's investigation into the contest between Mitchel and Bennett in the Second and Third Assembly Districts of the Bronx.

Four more Bronx inspectors surrendered themselves yesterday. Twelve indictments were handed down on Thursday, and four of the men accused at that time appeared before Judge Gibbs and were admitted to bail. The four who surrendered yesterday are Democrats in the Sixth Assembly District, and are charged with falsifying the results of the contest for committeeman in the Republican contest between John Knewitz, Republican leader, and Otto W. Holmgren, the contestant.

The accused, who were held in $1,000 bail for pleading, are John J. Dongan of 835 East 213th Street, Louis H. Wild of 720 East 216th Street, Democratic Inspectors of the Nineteenth Election District of the Sixth Assembly District, and Edwin M. Pilsbury of 3,749 Olinville Avenue and George Spohr of the same address. Pilsbury and Spohr were the Inspectors in the Eighteenth Election District of the Sixth Assembly District.

SMITH GIVES HIS RECORD.

Replies to Adamson's Challenge by Telling of Legislative Experience.

Alfred E. Smith, Democratic nominee for President of the Board of Aldermen, and Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson, the Fusion candidate for the same office, held a debate yesterday at the Brooklyn Civic Club. In response to a challenge from Adamson to tell his qualifications for the office of President of the Board of Aldermen, Mr. Smith said:

"My qualifications are twelve years a member of the New York Legislature; four years Democratic floor leader, and one year Speaker of the Assembly; six years Chairman of the Assembly Cities Committee; member of the committee which revised the New York City Charter. As Chairman of the Assembly Committee on Ways and Means, I personally prepared the State budget which cut down government expenses by a million and a half of dollars, as compared with the last year of Governor Hughes's administration.

"I was Vice Chairman of the committee which obtained the enactment of our existing excellent factory and fire prevention laws. I was a member of all the important committees of the last Constitutional Convention. If there is any man in this city with the same legislative experience, let him speak. I will be glad to surrender my nomination to him and go back to Fulton Market and sell fish."

Mr. Adamson returned to the attack by calling attention to the records of Ahearn and other Tammany men who had held offices in the city.

EMBARGO ON FATS MAY BREAK GERMANY

Civilian Rations Far Less Than Requirements for a Prolonged Resistance.

BELOW HALF OF STANDARD

Activities Are Likely to Weaken After Six Months, Says a Washington Expert.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—If fats and other essential foodstuffs can be kept from Germany by the embargo and other means, the people of the Central Powers will experience a hard Winter, according to an announcement made today by the Food Administration.

Figures obtained from absolutely reliable sources, it was stated, showed that the weekly ration now being allowed the German people and the civilian population of occupied portions of Northern France was, in food value, insufficient properly to maintain bodily health and vigor.

The report covers only the foodstuffs under control of the German Government, it is said, and does not take into account other foods which the people may be able to grow and consume without having them subjected to regulation.

If the civilian population was unable to obtain foods in addition to those included in the rationing system, an expert said today, Germany could not continue her present activities for more than six months. The rations do not apply to the soldiers, who, it is said, are given a larger quantity of the essentials at the expense of the civilians.

Here is the analysis of conditions as contained in the official statement of the Food Administration:

"The German ration is as follows, the amounts being those allowed per person per week:

"Bread, 4.6 pounds; potatoes, 7.05 pounds; cereals, (oats, beans, and peas,) 7 ounces; meat, 8.8 ounces; sugar, 3 ounces; butter and margarine, 2.8 ounces; other fats, 2.8 ounces.

"Stated in terms of American housekeeping, these items amount to sufficient flour to bake four and a half pounds of bread; one-half peck of potatoes; a cupful of beans, peas, and oatmeal; one-half pound of meat; twelve dominoes of sugar; six individual patties of butter, and an equal quantity of other fats.

"For the population of that portion of Northern France occupied by the Germans the allowance is as follows:

"Sufficient flour for five pounds of bread; one-fifth peck of potatoes, one cupful of cereals; twelve and one-third ounces of bacon and lard, and ten dominoes of sugar.

"Here meat, butter, and margarine are all replaced by bacon and lard. The allowance of flour and cereals is slightly increased, but the allowance of potatoes is less than half the German ration, while that of sugar is also reduced even below the meagre German allowance.

"The ration for the civilian population of the occupied portion of Belgium is similar to that of Northern France, except that bacon and lard are replaced by meat and butter.

"The German ration compared with the ration used as standard for puposes of comparison by the Food Administration shows that in body building protein the Germans have .41 of a pound, and the standard ration has 1.08 pounds. In fats the German ration contains .43 of a pound, as compared with the standard .4 of a pound.

"In carbohydrates the German ration contains 4.17 pounds, as compared with 9.9 pounds for the standard ration. In total calories the German ration aggregates 10,542, as compared with 24,000 in the standard ration.

"The standard ration is regarded as sufficient only for a person in a sedentary occupation or one involving relatively slight physical labor; and yet it provides two and one-half times as much body building protein, nearly twice as much fat, and nearly two and one-half times as much carbohydrates as the German ration.

"In the ration for Northern France the substitution of bacon and lard makes the weekly allowance of protein equal only three-fourths of the German ration, and only one-third of the standard ration.

"On the whole, it may be said that for a person in an occupation requiring only a moderate degree of activity, the rations provide considerably less than the amounts requisite to maintain bodily health and vigor.

"The greatest efficiency is in energy-producing foodstuffs, although the lack of body-building proteins is physiologically more important and liable to have more serious and more permanent results."

American Schooner Lost at Sea.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—The loss of the schooner Emma McAdam at sea was reported to a ship broker here today in a message from the captain, who with the crew has arrived safely at a French port. It is thought the vessel may have been sunk by a U-boat. She sailed from New York for Cape Verde Islands with general cargo.

HELD FOR PLOTTING TO BOMB U. S. SHIPS

Continued from Page 1.

cuse to call a girl on the telephone and ask her to be a member of the party, but instead of calling the girl he called Police Headquarters in Brooklyn and asked that a detective be sent to the saloon.

"Tell him," said McLaughlin, "to get as close to me as he can without arousing suspicion and listen to what is being said. I will display my Government card so that the detective will be able to identify me."

Detective Frank Carberry was assigned to the case. He went to Weiss's saloon and identified McLaughlin by the card which was displayed from his vest pocket. Walnun was drinking, but McLaughlin would pour his drink out. Carberry was close enough to hear what was being said, and verifies McLaughlin's story. After listening for about half an hour Carberry decided that it was time to act, and, going up to Walnun, informed him that he was under arrest.

While in the saloon Carberry says he saw Walnun hand $20 to a man with instructions to keep it for McLaughlin until he received instructions to give it to him. This was to have been paid to McLaughlin for getting Walnun on board the ship, according to the testimony in the case.

The complaint on which Walnun is held by Commissioner McGoldrick charges an attempted conspiracy to place a bomb and other explosives on board a certain named transatlantic liner, which is being converted into a naval transport. The charge is that not only was it intended to blow up the ship, but all persons on board the ship.

"I don't know anything about this kind of thing," said Walnun, when arraigned. "If I ever uttered any word which would imply that I am a spy, or that I wanted to be a spy, I don't remember it. It is not true that I ever plotted. Thank God this is the honest truth. I am a Norwegian and I already have my first papers."

The campaign to remove all enemy aliens from places where then can gain important information, which was begun a week ago and which to date has resulted in the internment of more than 200 Germans, continued yesterday, when agents of the Department of Justice, acting under orders from Washington, removed thirty-eight Germans from the Tietgen-Lang drydocks, and from the piers of the Lamport & Holt line, both in Hoboken. The Government is determined that the waterfront shall be rid of all enemies of the United States, and as fast as Germans are found they will be arrested and transferred to Ellis Island.

Of the men taken into custody yesterday twenty were employed in the Tietgen-Lang yards and sixteen on the Lamport & Holt piers, which were taken over by the Government a few weeks ago. Two others were removed from barges used in Government work.

The case of William L. Dunbar," the German who managed to get a commission in the naval reserve as an ensign and who was arrested last Saturday, is still the subject of inquiry by the naval authorities. If "Dunbar" is turned over to the Department of Justice it is said that he may face trial on a charge of treason. It was suggested yesterday that "Dunbar" may be the unnamed German referred to by Secretary Daniels a few nights ago, when the Secretary told of the effort that was made by the Germans to get a man into the Navy Intelligence Service. Even then in authority would discuss this phase of the case.

The internment buildings at Ellis Island are rapidly filling up with Germans, and in a few days it will be necessary to remove several hundred of them to prison camps in the South.

It became known yesterday that Baron George von Seebeck and Fritz Kuhn, the two German bankers who were arrested in this city by Secret Service men last Tuesday and interned as alien enemies on Ellis Island, had been living for several days previous to their arrest at 313 West Twentieth Street, within a few blocks of the Chelsea docks, far inside the "barred zone."

ARMY STORES ROBBED AGAIN.

Packer Accused of Stealing 150 Bottles of Cocaine.

Moe Howard, a packer, employed in the Army Medical Supply Depot at 537 Greenwich Street, was arrested yesterday by agents of the Department of Justice and held in $7,500 bail to answer a charge of stealing 150 bottles of cocaine from the depot. Four other employes in the depot were arrested a few days ago, charged with a similar offense.

One of the prisoners is Robert Levine, a druggist, who is charged with having received some of the stolen articles. He pleaded not guilty yesterday and his bail was increased from $5,000 to $7,500. Prosecutor Knox, in asking for an increase in bail, told United States Commissioner Hitchcock that the crime charged against the prisoner was an especially serious one at this time, as a shortage in medical supplies might mean the loss of life to many of our soldiers.

MAYOR RECALLS HYLAN AFFIDAVIT

Continued from Page 1.

began his climb toward the Mayor's office with nothing but a muzzle. To this he has now added a fiction library and a competent lawyer. In this morning's newspapers Mr. Moss comes to the rescue of Mr. Murphy's candidate. It has evidently been decided that Mr. Murphy has not had enough experience in defending clients. Mr. Moss is expected to succeed where Mr. Murphy failed. Mr. Moss says that he has heard nothing but good of Judge Hylan. Mr. Moss must have been devoting his time to his law books rather than to the daily press during the past few weeks.

"In 1905 Hylan considered himself so competent a lawyer that he charged a client $2,280 for collecting a judgment of $3,780, until the client asked the Supreme Court to revise this fee. Apparently Judge Hylan does not think as much of his own ability as a lawyer as he did fifteen years ago. In 1904 Judge Hylan considered himself perfectly competent to try his own case when he sued the Black Diamond Company through a dummy and collected judgment by default against the client he was supposed to represent. Today Judge Hylan has apparently lost faith in his ability to defend himself and feels it necessary to interpose a lawyer between himself and the public.

"It is a scathing commentary on the fitness of the man whom Mr. Murphy has selected for the greatest office in this city that Mr. Murphy now finds it necessary to surround his candidate with trained legal defenders. It is an affront to the decent people of this town that Turner and Whitney, the character witnesses who have been called in by Mr. Moss to prove Judge Hylan's fitness for the office of Mayor, are both men who have been involved in Goslin's shady transactions. Mr. Moss declared that he has never heard anything but good of Judge Hylan. This is more than he can say of Whitney, whom he grilled for six hours in 1901 to prove the connection between Devery's police force and disorderly houses."

District Attorney Swann came to the defense of Judge Hylan yesterday by issuing a statement in which he set forth that well-known lawyers had represented Alfred R. Goslin, the convicted swindler, at various stages of his career. Mr. Swann said:

"The records of the District Attorney's office show that Alfred R. Goslin was represented in the various cases against him by well known, reputable members of the Bar. The records of this office show that on Nov. 5, 1902, Goslin was represented by Black Olcott, Gruber & Bonynge of 170 Broadway in an application to remove a fine of $500 that had been imposed against Goslin. On Nov. 19, 1896, Goslin was represented by Abraham Levy on the argument of a demurrer to an indictment against Goslin. On Dec. 6, 1897, John F. McIntyre, then a practicing attorney at 220 Broadway, appeared as attorney for Goslin and filed and argued a demurrer on his behalf. The charge against Goslin on that indictment was for bucketing orders.

On March 12, 1900, Goslin was represented by Frederick B. House, now a City Magistrate, appointed by Mayor Mitchel, and identified by Goslin in writing to Recorder Goff, and signed his name as a witness to the certificate of cash bail for $12,000, put up by Goslin. On July 19, 1900, Frederick B. House appeared on behalf of Goslin. Then later former Judge Charles Donohue appeared as attorney for Goslin in another case.

JUDGE HYLAN EXPLAINS.

Declares Purcell "Repudiated His Agreement" in Judgment Case.

THE TIMES received from Judge John F. Hylan last night a copy of the following statement sent to The World, with the request that it be published:

"The facts in reference to the story published in this morning's World in connection with the collection of a judgment owned by Charles A. Purcell of Chicago, are as follows:

"The sum spicified in the article ($3,780.20) is not the amount of the judgment, but represents the judgment plus interest for about fifteen years.

"Some time prior to 1903 Charles A. Purcell of Chicago called me on the telephone from Ithaca and told me he had an old judgment for about $2,200 against the Mutual Brewing Company which, at the time it was recovered, was worthless, and that he received a communication from a New York lawyer offering to buy the judgment for $800. He asked me to take the matter up and see what could be realized on it, and said I could have anything I obtained above the $1,500, which proposal I accepted. He sent me the proposed assignment that the other attorney sent him, specifying the price of $800. There was executed an assignment of this very judgment of $1,500, the amount that was agreed upon by us as the net return that was to go to Purcell in any event.

"Acting upon this agreement I proceeded to enforce collection of the judgment, and by vigorous proceedings succeeded in forcing its payment with interest. I made a return to Purcell in accordance with our agreement of $1,500 net. He repudiated his agreement and asked for more money. Realizing that he was a relative of my wife, I decided to compromise the matter, relinquishing my legal rights and dividing the excess. Purcell is bitter toward me because I criticized him. In his bitterness he has seen fit to come on specially from Chicago to exploit this story, and he has been welcomed eagerly by The World, which wants to take the attention of the people away from the indefensible record of John Purroy Mitchel.

"At the time I wrote the letter, Aug. 5, 1903, suggesting that Purcell invest $500 in the Black Diamond Company, the company had just been organized; it had practically no debts, for it had not at that time taken over the Buck Mobile Company, which was the principal cause of its getting into difficulties two years later. The inference that I was seeking to have him take stock in a venture that was unsound is a vicious misstatement. At that time I believed it was a good investment, and it would have been had it received good financial support."

REPUBLICAN CLUB INDORSES MITCHEL

Continued from Page 1.

around the world, on a candidate who cannot possibly be elected, and I care not though he for the moment wear the insignia of a party I love.

"And so you come back to the fact that it must be Mitchel, or it must be one of those three men, and this

EXTRA QUALITY
DUNLAP & Co
NEW YORK
CELEBRATED HATS
The Standard of Perfection in Style and Quality

178-180 Fifth Avenue and 181 Broadway, New York
22 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago
Agencies in all Principal Cities

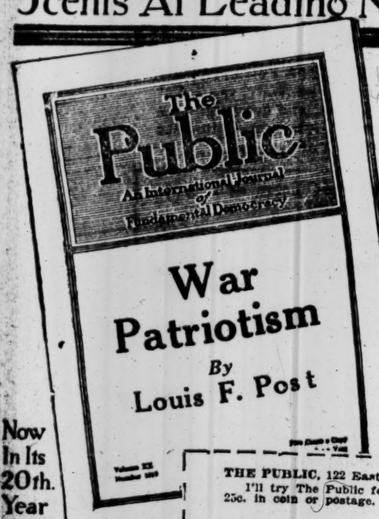
For School—
Boys' Woolen Sweaters, $2.98
With pockets and Byron collar, in navy, cardinal, light and dark gray, and maroon.
Girls' Pure Worsted Coat Sweaters, $3.69
In fancy weave. Belted, high neck and pockets. Rose, Copen, and rose and white and white and rose.
Main Floor.
ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
BloomingdaleS
59th to 60th St.—3d to Lex. Ave.

The Mystery of Character
By Herbert Parrish. 12mo, 130 Pp. Just Ready Price $1.00. Cloth Boards.
At this time in the world crisis the great need is *character*.
No Republic, no Democracy, no form of Socialism, no Government of the people can endure without *character* among the people.
All the "Uplifts" and "Utopias," all legislation schemes will fall without *character*.
Scientists point out types of character, but the *Ideal Character* is found in *Christ*.
Men may decline to believe the miracles of the Gospel but everyone must accept the miracle of *character*.
Edwin S. Gorham, Publisher,
11 West 45th St., New York.

20c Each 2 for 35c
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N.Y.

"United States Preferred"

You are invited to join in the biggest profit-sharing plan ever offered—the three billion dollar Liberty Loan.
The money you invest in a Liberty Bond will not go out of circulation. It will be spent in this country. You will still have the use of your money—and you will get 4% interest from the Government.
Three billion dollars will give more than two million Americans work and wages for a year.
Help yourself by helping your country.
Invest in "United States Preferred." Buy Liberty Bonds.
LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE
Second Federal Reserve District
120 Broadway New York
This space contributed by Steinway & Sons, Piano Makers.

5 cents At Leading Newsstands


Now In Its 20th. Year
The Public is a weekly journal which thinking people appreciate. It is radical, yet it fights for constructive policies; it has decided opinions upon political and economic questions, yet it presents in full the vital facts which partisans usually ignore. Men like Rabbi Wise, Brand Whitlock, Ray Stannard Baker, William Allen White, Marion Reedy, and Lincoln Steffens read The Public for information which other journals largely neglect. To get acquainted with The Public, use the coupon below.
THE PUBLIC, 122 East 37th Street, New York City.
I'll try The Public for 13 weeks. Enclosed find 25c. in coin or postage.
Name .....
Address .....

NEW LIBERTY BONDS TO BE READY ON TIME

Federal Reserve Banks Now Fully Equipped to Circulate Present Issue.

ENGRAVING WELL IN HAND

First 3 1-2% Bonds When Converted Into 4s Will Be Distinct from Present Issue.

Bonds of the second Liberty Loan will be delivered on time. Such, at least, is the confident prediction of all those agencies engaged in floating the great Government issue—a prediction based on two essential differences between the handling of the present issue and the first one, the distribution of which has involved some vexatious delays.

In the first place the initial loan was handled by an organization of a temporary nature, confronting new problems daily and adopting emergency methods of meeting them. The bond issue department of the Federal Reserve Bank, charged with all the physical details of circulating the bonds, has today an elaborate and effective permanent organization and, guided by past experience, it has prepared in advance methods, records, forms, and a system for meeting every phase of its intricate task. Besides, bank officials point out, many thousands of the new bonds already are on sale in the New York and other Federal Reserve districts, a fact which proves that the Bureau of Engraving and Printing has the plates needed to turn out the engraved paper. That is regarded here as satisfactory evidence that by the time the actual loan date—Nov. 15—arrives, the bureau in Washington will have struck off ample bonds to meet the demand.

"Already it is easier to buy a Liberty Bond than it is to buy sugar," the Reserve Bank tells inquirers as to the facilities for distribution to the large number of small investors who are taking the loan. The "over the counter" method of selling bonds up to $1,000 to an individual has proved a popular feature of the loan. Men and women have carried the bonds home and shown them to members of their families and friends and one sale has insured another. One Broadway bank yesterday displayed a framed $50 bond in its window and it drew large crowds.

Up to yesterday the Bond Division of the Federal Reserve Bank had sent out for counter sales 38,000 $50 bonds, 40,000 $100 bonds, 5,000 $500 bonds, and 5,000 $1,000 bonds. It will receive this morning 50,000 more of the 50s, and these will have been disposed of within thirty minutes after they are opened and checked, the division retaining only a small number for its own "direct to the consumer" sales. Of the $50 denomination there has been some shortage, and even with those due to arrive today the demand will exceed the supply unless the Treasury Department sends more. The bonds thus far received all have gone into the direct sales, limited to $1,000 to a purchaser.

A simple way to get the smaller bonds is to call at the bond division of the Federal Reserve Bank, 120 Broadway, and buy them, or to send the cash, bank draft, Post Office money order, or express company money order and have the bonds returned by registered mail. Purchases may be made directly at the Sub-Treasury, any one of hundreds of banks, department stores, and from numerous other retail concerns which are daily advertising that they have the small bonds for sale.

At the bond division of the Federal Reserve Bank fear was expressed yesterday that the general public might not understand fully the difference between the various Liberty bonds thus far issued or to be issued. There are three bonds. First, the 3½ per cent. fifteen-thirty-year gold bond dated June 15, 1917. This is the bond of the first loan with interest at the rate mentioned, payable on Dec. 15 and June 15, maturing June 15, 1947 and redeemable on or after June 15, 1932 in whole or in part on any interest date on three months' published notice of intention to redeem. These bonds are tax free. Next comes the 4 per cent. bond of the present loan. These are ten to twenty-five year bonds paying interest at the rate of 4 per cent. They are convertible gold bonds dated Nov. 15, 1917, with interest payable May 15 and Nov. 15. They mature Nov. 15, 1942, and may be redeemed on and after Nov. 15, 1927, on any interest date after six months' published notice of such intention. Last, there is the 4 per cent. gold bond for which the 3½ per cent. bonds of the first loan may be exchanged. It must be understood that this bond is not identical with the 4 per cent. bond of the present loan. This series of 4s bears the same interest and maturity dates as the 3½ per cent. bond just described, for which investors are to be allowed to substitute it. Both classes of 4 per cent. bonds are exempt from the normal income tax and exempt from all other United States taxes except State or inheritance taxes and surtaxes, excess profit taxes, and war profit taxes.

LIBERTY LOAN AIRMEN TO GIRDLE CONTINENT

47 Aviators and 8 Balloonists to Drop a Special Presidential Message Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Forty-seven aviators and eight balloonists, working in relays, will tomorrow traverse the breadth of the continent to arouse the country to support the Liberty Loan. Starting from the camp at Mineola, L. I., there will be relays extending in flights of varying length to San Diego. Stations from which flights will begin are Hampton, Va.; Fairfield, Ohio; Bellville, Ill.; Rantoul, Ill.; Mount Clemens, Mich.; Fort Sill, Okla.; San Antonio, Tex.; Omaha, Neb.; St. Louis, Mo., and San Diego, Cal.

Each aviator will be supplied with a large number of copies of a message from President Wilson to the country, appealing for patriotic support of the loan. The text of the message will not be disclosed until it has been distributed by the aviators.

The transcontinental flight is being conducted by the War Department, and all the aviators and balloonists have volunteered for the occasion. As they fly over the cities and towns in their itinerary they will drop the bond "bombs." These bombs will be made of red, white and blue paper with ribbon streamers in the same national colors.

Each streamer will bear the name of the mayor of the city into which the particular bomb to which it is attached is to be dropped. Any person who finds one of these bombs is requested to take it to the city hall, or the mayor's office, where it will be opened by him, and the message read. The bombs containing the Executive message will be larger than the regular bombs advertising the Liberty Loan which the flyers will also drop.

What the President's message contains is a mystery to all except the President himself, a few high officials of the War Department and the commandants of the different training camps to which it has been telegraphed. Secrecy shrouded its transmission to the War Department and the camps.

Liberty Bonds as Christmas Gifts.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Oct. 19.—Governor Brumbaugh in a proclamation issued today designating Oct. 24 as Liberty Day, suggests that Liberty bonds be among the gifts bestowed upon relatives and friends at Christmas. He asks that all business places close on Oct. 24.

General Pershing Urges Men to Subscribe to Liberty Loan

General Pershing sent the following cable message yesterday to Benjamin Strong, Chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee of the New York Federal Reserve District:

Our success in floating loans will be a striking illustration of the determination of the American people to see this war through to a glorious finish. Reports indicate material decrease of submarine destruction. We will win regardless of our enemies' ruthless inhumanity.

I have sent this message to each American soldier in France:

"To our men: The new Liberty Loan is being floated by our Government at home in support of the war. This should especially appeal to our men, both those at home preparing and those who have come to France to fight by the side of our Allies on French soil for the ideals that have made our country great. We as soldiers came from the people, and we are here to carry out their will. Ours is a patriotic service; ours is a privilege that few generations of men have had. To battle for the right, for the sacred principles of humanity, with no thought of gain, is an honor, not a sacrifice. To feel that our own country under the leadership of the President is to play such a splendid part in this struggle for human rights is an inspiration. Today we are given an opportunity to do more than fight. We are offered the safest investment in the world by our home Government; for whose integrity we as soldiers are pledged. Let each officer and soldier come forward and voluntarily proclaim before the world his absolute faith in our country—her institutions and her cause. Also let the universal and liberal subscription of our armies demonstrate to our people at home and to our enemies abroad the loyalty, the patriotism, and the courage of the American soldier. Let every individual officer and soldier do his part."

$45,000,000 More for Our Allies.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Advances of $25,000,000 to Great Britain and $20,000,000 to France, made by the Government today, have brought the total thus far loaned the Allies up to $2,756,400,000.

HARRY LAUDER SELLS BONDS IN WALL STREET

Disposes of Large Number in Few Minutes at Sub-Treasury—Women Faint in Crush.

Harry Lauder, the famous Scotch comedian, minus the smile, threw Wall Street's machinery sadly out of gear for the best part of an hour yesterday when he appeared on the steps in front of the Sub-Treasury to speak at the noonday Liberty Loan meeting. The crowds that packed Wall Street from building to building proved too great for the few policemen in the neighborhood and the employes of the Sub-Treasury telephoned for reserves to lessen the crush of humanity that threatened to result in serious injury to a number of persons. Before the police could open up a passage way six women were overcome and had to be carried out of the crowd into the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co. Ambulances from the new Broad Street Hospital, the Volunteer Hospital, and New York Hospital all responded to calls, but none of the women would accept treatment and escaped before the physicians could find them.

Martin Vogel, Assistant Treasurer of the United States, had just followed the Rev. Mr. Wilkinson, "The Bishop of Wall Street," with an appeal to the crowd to buy bonds when the comedian came into view driving his own automobile through the crowd. Lauder did not attempt to entertain, but spoke earnestly of the necessity for putting as much money as possible into the Federal Treasury at once in order to shorten the suffering on the other side. He had spoken only a few minutes when a rush of investors, holding aloft gold, bills, and checks, drew him to the edge of the pedestal supporting the huge statue of George Washington, where he sold $100 and $50 bonds as rapidly as the Treasury Department employes could handle the payments. It had not been expected that the speaker himself would sell bonds, and only a few certificates were available when the crowd surged forward, but Lauder took in $5,000 in a few minutes. Most of the buyers got the famous Scotchman's autograph. George Myles, who purchased for employes of J. P. Morgan & Co. most of the bonds of $50 denomination which Lauder had to sell, received an offer of a premium of $5 a bond as he made his way back across the street.

Bagpipes and drums entertained the crowd before Lauder's arrival, and the clamor for an encore was so great that he agreed to play a return engagement on the Sub-Treasury steps this morning at 11:45 o'clock. At that time Mr. Lauder will sing and sell bonds. When this fact became known banking houses in the vicinity called up Police Headquarters to ask that special arrangements be made for today to prevent a repetition of yesterday's crush.

Lauder told the crowd that he had sold every security he owned in order to turn the proceeds over to the British Treasury Department, and spoke feelingly of the death of his son. After he left the Liberty Loan window in the Sub-Treasury sold $50,000 worth of bonds for cash to those who had been unable to get up to the speaker.

MAYOR ASKS SCHOOL HOLIDAY.

Wants Children to See and Take Part in Liberty Loan Parade.

Mayor Mitchel sent a letter yesterday to W. G. Willcox, President of the Board of Education, suggesting that next Wednesday, proclaimed by President Wilson as "Liberty Loan Day," be declared a school holiday. The Mayor advises a holiday in order that the children may have an opportunity to witness, and if they desire, participate in the parade and other demonstrations that are scheduled for that day.

"The President of the United States has issued a proclamation designating Wednesday, Oct. 24, as Liberty Day, and urging people to assemble and pledge to the Government their fullest measure of financial support," Mayor Mitchel says. "He also requests that on that day patriotic exercises be held throughout the country under the direction of the local Liberty Loan committees. I am issuing a proclamation urging the people of New York City to respond to this appeal of the President, and I trust that on the day designated there will be a widespread expression of the patriotic citizens in this city in support of the Liberty Loan.

"I understand that the local Liberty Loan Committee is making arrangements for a large parade on that day, in which organizations representing all the various classes of our community will participate. It will be a great patriotic spectacle. This parade is to begin at 11 o'clock on the morning of Wednesday, Oct. 24. Permit me to suggest, and I hope it meets with your approval and that of the Board of Education, that a school holiday be declared in order that such children who may desire to do so may participate in this parade and that others may have the opportunity of witnessing this patriotic demonstration."

U-BOAT STREET PARADE.

Captured German Submarine Goes to Central Park Today.

The captured German submarine, brought from England for the Liberty Loan campaign, will be moved today from the dock at 132d Street and North River to the sheep pasture in Central Park. The parade will start at 10 o'clock and will pass through Manhattan Street to 125th Street, to Seventh Avenue, to 110th Street, to Central Park West, to the Sixty-sixth Street entrance to Central Park.

In the line will be a detail of regulars, headed by the band from Governors Island. Captain Sawyer, commanding the Granite State, moored at the foot of Ninety-sixth Street, North River, will detail every available man for the parade.

The Liberty Loan Committee announced last night that considerable concern was felt over the ability of the engineers handling the transportation job to move the submarine through the city streets. The German craft was brought over in three sections and each must be taken on a separate trip, as there is only one truck available which is strong enough to carry the load. It was said that fifty horses would be required to pull each of the huge pieces.

After the submarine is assembled in the Park it will be rechristened from "U C-5" to "U-Buy-a-Bond," and thereafter it will be converted into a Liberty bond booth. Only those persons who are able to show evidence of being a Liberty Loan bondholder will be permitted to view the submarine. Those lacking the necessary qualification may subscribe to a bond and immediately gain admission to the exhibit.

$1,079,350 AT WADSWORTH.

Bond Sales There Are Expected to Total More Than $2,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, Spartanburg, S. C., Oct. 19.—Major Edward Olmsted, Assistant Chief of Staff in charge of the Liberty Loan drive, announced today that Wadsworth had passed the million mark in bond sales at midnight last night. He said the exact figures were $1,079,350, and that the former Third Infantry with $160,750 subscribed was the honor regiment for the first week. Major Olmsted said that when the campaign ended next Thursday he expected to report the camp's total as more than $2,000,000.

He said that no reports had been received from the Seventh Infantry or Squadron A. He attributed this to "jockeying," and added that both organizations were known to have taken large blocks of the bonds and were holding back for the last hour so that their reports might put them in first place

ESTABLISHED 1847
PARIS - 13 Rue de la Paix
LONDON 175 New Bond St.
Messrs. CARTIER
take pleasure in announcing that they are now located in their new establishment
653 Fifth Ave. at 52nd St

BUY - USE - ENJOY
Welsbach GAS MANTLES
Upright or Inverted
Best for LIGHT-STRENGTH-ECONOMY
"REFLEX" BRAND 18¢ - two for 35¢
"No. 4 WELSBACH" 13¢ two for 25¢

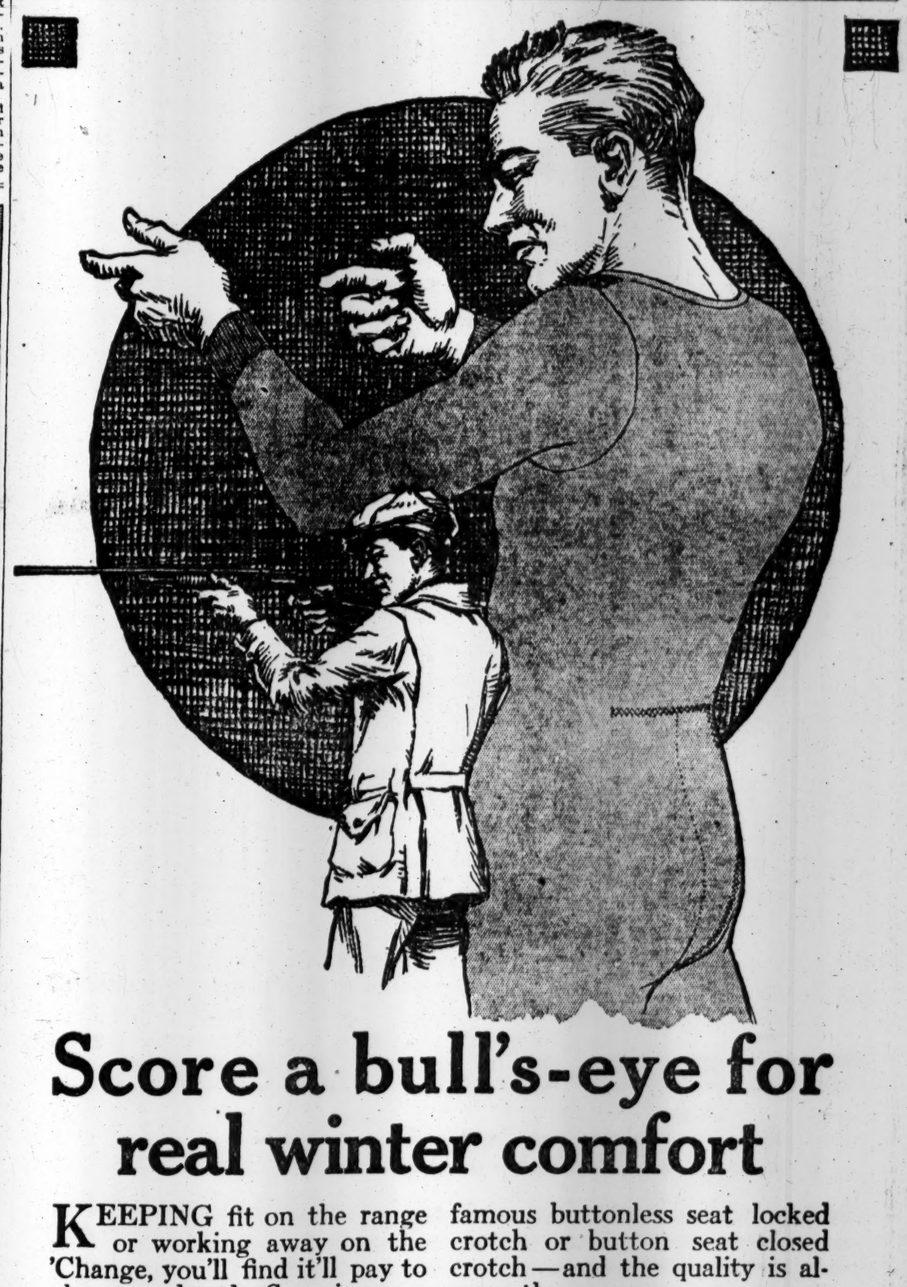
Take our selected liquors and mix them by measure—age the result in wood—and you yourself could make as good a drink as
Club Cocktails

Buy Your Liberty Bond TODAY
Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST. - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.
Thousands of Men's SUITS & OVERCOATS
at $25, $30, $35, $40, $45, $50
And no matter what your type, or what your size, or what price you like to pay, you cannot help but choose a fine, becoming and (usually) a more expensive looking garment!

The Winter Suits
English, belted and double-breasted types—blue and black, as well as fashionable browns, and grays and mixtures—everything.
The Winter Overcoats
Give every man's individuality a chance—double-breasted, single-breasted, belted, conservative Chesterfields—young and dignified colors and designs—every size.
From 34 to 50, we can fit ALL men—Saturday.
GIMBELS MEN'S STORE—Fourth Floor
Military Gloves
(Regulation)
$3.50
Regular army favorites, of horsehide, in khaki shade, with strap wrist—trim, military and full of comfort.
Khaki Colored Knit Gloves, $1
Khaki Colored Knit Wristers, 35c
Naval Officers' Gray Mocha Gloves, $2.50 $3 and $3.50
GIMBELS Glove Shop—Main Floor
Men's Brushed Wool Sweaters, $6.50
For your comfort, as well as your grooming, wear one of these handsome heather mixture Sweater Coats when motoring, playing golf or other outdoor sports. Made with "V" neck, coat style; sizes 36 to 44.
Men's Sweater Vests, $5.50
Made of handsome brushed wool, in heather mixtures; 34 to 44 sizes.
GIMBELS—Main Floor
MEN'S $3 Derbies (and Better) at $1.95
SAMPLES from as fine a maker as America holds today (we promised not to reveal his name).

Every good shape he makes, fast black and finely finished as samples always are. It's a windfall for a few hundred men—and they'd better hurry. $1.95 for hats worth at the least $3, and from that up to $5. Added to this sale are 40 dozen Soft Hats of like quality—also at $1.95.
GIMBELS—Fourth Floor
Men's "Welbred" Shoes, $8.00
Men looking for style and comfort will find in these "Welbred" shoes (controlled exclusively by GIMBEL BROTHERS) all the merit that custom made shoes possess. Mahogany or Black Calf, receding toe, flat last, broad walking heel. You'll travel far to find better boots at $8.

Special—$5
Tan calf bluchers—this season's last, correct in detail. Consider the price. These are exceptional shoes at $5.00.
GIMBELS—Second Floor


Score a bull's-eye for real winter comfort
KEEPING fit on the range or working away on the 'Change, you'll find it'll pay to play your day the Superior way.
For Superior's the Active Man's Underwear, men! In it you get team work of muscle, of mind — freedom of action and comfort of body that makes the going easy.
Superior, the perfect union suit, can't gap in the seat—can't bunch or bind—gives double wear where the wear is hardest — either in famous buttonless seat locked crotch or button seat closed crotch—and the quality is always the same
Score a bull's-eye now for real winter comfort—go today to a Superior Service Store—you'll know it by the sign below.
There you'll be fitted the Superior Comfort Way—by TAPE MEASURE, not by "guess measure."
Look for the store that displays this sign
Superior THE PERFECT UNION SUIT Service Store
Send for Superior's Official Union Suit Guide for 1917-18.
The Superior Underwear Company, Piqua, Ohio.
Superior
THE PERFECT UNION SUIT

On the Second Floor, Saturday

Stunning Styles in Suits for Misses at $20.00

The season's most individual models in tailored suits for Misses, presenting many effective style notes in pockets, collars and belts.

Fashioned of Wool Velour, Mannish Mixtures, and Burella in the following colors: Beetroot, Russian Green, Taupe, Navy Blue and Black. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

These are by far the season's best values in Misses' Suits for Winter wear.

Misses' Coats, Decidedly New, at $25

Coats that are practical and at the same time dressy; tailored in the most youthful winter models. Made of Wool Velour, Cheviots and heavy Wool Mixtures, with luxurious collars of Kit Coney, Nutria, Plush or Kerami "Mole." All fashionable colors and sizes 14 to 18 years.

Trotteur and Afternoon Frocks at $22.50

Of Velveteen, Satin, Serge, and in combinations of Serge and Georgette Crepe trimmed with braid, embroidery or Mole "Kerami." Colors: Taupe, Beetroot, Brown, Green, Navy Blue and Black. Sizes 14 to 18 years. Very becoming, and most reasonably priced.

Warm Winter Coats for Girls at $9.95, $12.95, $15

A wonderful collection of smart coats for active girls. Belted, semi-belted and straight-line models, fashioned of Zibeline Cheviot, Plaid and Plain Wool Velour in Green, Brown and Navy Blue.

Plenty to select from at each price and many included that cannot be duplicated.

Pretty Frocks for Girls, $9.75

Illustrated. Of Silk and Serge combined, or of All Serge with buckled belt of contrasting colors. Obtainable in Green, Brown, Beetroot and Navy Blue. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

A Sale of Women's Dresses at Reduced Prices

After a busy season in tailor made dresses we find on hand a number of broken lots of some of our most successful models, as well as a few smart frocks that have been somewhat "mussed" from handling. All are well made dresses, fashioned in the best of materials. We have grouped them into four special lots, and will offer them today at the following reduced prices:

45 Serge Dresses that were $20 and $22 . . .	$15.00
40 Serge and Velour Dresses that were $25 . . .	$18.50
75 Satin & Charmeuse Dresses that were $25 . .	$18.50
65 Tailleur Satin Dresses that were $25	$15.00

Also—A Very Unusual Offering of

Women's Fashionable Afternoon Frocks at $25

Dressy frocks in three very charming models, fashioned of Georgette Crepe and Satin combined. Skirts are in new side-draped and straight-line effects. Waists are tastefully embellished with embroidery. To be had in light Grey, Wisteria, Beige, Copenhagen Blue, Navy Blue and Black. Sizes 34 to 42. *Fourth Floor.*

On the Sixth Floor Today, Saturday

Fur Scarfs and Muffs

Most remarkably priced

Only the newest models are here presented, fashioned of furs of the very highest quality. Represented are:

Wolf Scarfs in animal effect....	$19.50
Fox Scarfs in Taupe or Poiret; fine lustrous pelts.....	$42.50
Black Lynx Animal Scarfs of choice grade of skins.....	$45.00
Fine Skunk Scarfs.....	$32.50
Skunk Muffs to match.....	$25.00
Hudson Seal Scarfs.....	$18.50
Hudson Seal Muffs to match....	$12.50
Genuine Kolinsky Cape Collars..	$195.00
Kolinsky Muffs to match.....	$42.50
Natural Mink Muffs.....	$25.00
Genuine Mole Muffs.....	$22.50
Exquisite Raccoon Muffs.....	$12.50

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Fashionable Suits for Stout Figures

In sizes 42½ to 52½—Most Remarkably Priced

at $33.50 and $39.50

These suits have all the charm and originality of the best of regular sized suits shown for Winter. They are cut along youthful lines in belted, semi-belted, and straight effects. Short, medium, and three-quarter length coats are featured, showing close fitting shoulders and sleeves. The selection of materials is most inclusive at each price, and each suit is lined with Silk and warmly interlined.

Smart Suits for Women at $25.00 and $33.50

Values that will compare favorably with any in New York

Tailored, Dressy and Sport models in the season's most wanted materials and colorings. Some are beautifully trimmed with Furs, others are in cleverly tailored effects for wear with the new fur sets. Lined in self color or fancy patterned Silks, and warmly interlined. Sizes 34 to 44. *Fourth Floor.*

Women's Silk and Wool Union Suits at $1.75

Medium-weight union suits in knee and ankle length models with low neck and no sleeves. Also in ankle-length model with Dutch neck and elbow length sleeves.

Also to be had in Extra Sizes at $1.95

In the Saks Millinery Department Saturday

A Very Important Display of

$5.85 Wonder Hats

This is our most important showing of Wonder Hats for Winter, featuring

Small Draped Turbans; Small, Close-Brimmed Hats with fur trimming; Chin-Chin Sailors and Large Flare Brimmed Styles

fashioned of Lyons Velvet, Panne Velvet, Hatters' Plush and other materials, tastefully trimmed with fancy feather novelties, ornaments, Silver and Gold Lace, Furs and ostrich feathers. Three Illustrated.

We invite comparison with any other offering

Reasonably Priced Wavy Hair Switches

Made of exceptionally fine quality wavy hair, usually used in only the very highest priced switches. Sizes 18, 20 and 22 inches. Priced to-day, Saturday, at

$3.45 $6.45 and $11.45

The Safest Investment in the United States Today—

"Liberty Bonds"

¶ You can turn them into cash at will.

¶ You get 4% semi-annually on your investment.

¶ Every cent you pay for your bonds is backed by the entire resources of the country.

¶ You can start with as little as $1 and pay the balance in small instalments.

¶ And last—but not the least important—the more you invest the quicker our boys will return to our shores, victorious in their great fight for a permanent peace.

¶ Can you, with honor, refuse to stand behind your country at this crucial time? The answer is obvious.

Subscriptions received at Saks & Company's Bond Booth, Main Floor.

Women's Fall and Winter Coats

in exclusive Saks models, and reproductions and adaptations of costly imported creations, will be offered today at the following attractive prices:

$25.00 *$29.50*

At $29.50—Stunning coats of "Dobson's" Wool Velour, in an exclusive semi-belted model with large adjustable collar of "Seal" Nutria, Natural Raccoon, or Skunk-Opossum. Half lined with Silk and interlined. To be had in Brown, Taupe, Green, Navy Blue, or Black. *Illustrated.*

At $25—A very smart coat of "Dobson's" Wool Velour in striking full-belted model with buckle in front, large pockets at sides, and convertible collar of Black or Kit Coney. Half lined and warmly interlined. Colors: Taupe, Brown, Green, Navy Blue, Black. Sizes 34 to 46. *Illustrated.*

At $19.50

Several very attractive models in Cheviot, Eponge, Two-toned Velour, and Waterproof Tweeds. Half or fully lined with Silk and interlined. All fashionable colors.

At $35

Charming coats of Overplaid Mixtures in full-belted model with luxurious collar of Natural Raccoon. A very modish coat for all occasions. Half lined with Silk and interlined.

At $39.50—A varied collection of coats in which will be found the season's most favored models in full-belted, semi-belted and military effects, beautifully tailored in Kersey, Pom-Pom, Wool Velour or Broadcloth, trimmed with the most fashionable Furs or Self material. Every wanted color.

At $50—A splendid assortment of Street Coats in Bolivia Cloth, Wool Velour, and "Doe Skin." The models are the most exclusive shown for Winter, lavishly trimmed with the best of furs, or self fabric. All beautifully Silk lined and warmly interlined. *Fourth Floor.*

Values of Marked Importance in

Women's Separate Skirts at $9.50

In models for Sports and Dress wear, fashioned of Velveteen, Wool Poplin, Taffeta, Serge, Novelty Striped, and Plain materials. We have yet to offer better values in smart skirts at $9.50.

At $5.75—Cleverly styled Skirts in Serge and Wool Poplin, in the much wanted shirred back models with detachable belts and new pockets. Trimmed with Braid and Buttons. Colors: Navy Blue and Black. Waistbands to 36.

At $7.75—Smart Sport and Dress Skirts in the very latest models, developed in Wool Velour, Fancy Striped materials, Serges and Wool Poplins, displaying novel ideas in pockets and waistbands. Sizes to 36. *Fourth Floor.*

A Special Feature on the Main Floor

Fashionable Chiffon Velvet Bags

in a Remarkable Special Sale

Today, at $2.50

Chiffon Velvet Bags are now meeting with much favor, and are to be seen at the most fashionable gatherings. The model in this particular offering has oval covered frame, full pouch, centre compartment and silk tassel. Obtainable in all the modish colorings to match the new suits, coats and gowns. See these bags—they are most unusual.

Saks Clothes for Boys

are as individual as they are practical. They are tailored by America's foremost specialists in clothing for boys, in the most exclusive and serviceable fabrics. Today we shall feature

Boys' Suits with extra "Knickers" at $10

A new and very attractive model in Norfolk effect, excellently tailored in a wide range of Fancy Mixtures. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Junior Overcoats at $9

Dressy, yet practical coats in smart Military, Trench and Storm models. Tailored in plain color overcoatings, and superior quality mixtures. Sizes 2½ to 10 years.

Boys' Winter Overcoats, $10.50

Warm, serviceable coats in the very newest "Trench" model, exceptionally well tailored in a wide range of plain and fancy mixture overcoatings. Sizes 10 to 18 years.

Boys' Mackinaw Sport Coats at $9

Ideal for active boys who want plenty of knee room. Made with shawl or convertible collar, and with slash or patch pockets. Obtainable in a wide range of new mackinaw Plaid effects. Sizes 7 to 18.

Saks' Suits for Young Men at $20

The young man in his 'teens will find plenty of room in the Saks' selections for Fall to express his individuality both as to models and materials. Our Norfolk and single-breasted sack suits just teem with the vivacity of youth, and may be had in an assortment of fabrics as individual as they are varied. Sizes 32 to 36. *Fifth Floor.*

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Make Today A Family Shopping Day

Phone home to your wife and arrange to spend the afternoon in selecting serviceable merchandise and saving money. You can do both in this store where "Lowest-in-the-City" prices prevail.

Smart Cravats of Imported Silks, $1.89

A collection of flowing open-end Cravats, made of the elite of neckwear fabrics, of imported French, Swiss and Italian silks.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Buy a Bond For Liberty's Sake

It means 4% interest and the respect of all America for you—Democracy for all the World. Representatives of the Women's Liberty Loan Committee will take your subscription in the Liberty Loan Booth on the Main Floor. If you want the actual bonds, a limited quantity is ready for immediate delivery at the Depositors' Account Department, Main Floor, Balcony.

Men's Sweaters at Savings

All Worsted Heavy Weight Sweaters, V-neck, coat style, full fashioned with two pockets. Colors include light gray, Oxford, Navy and maroon; also black and white. $7.39. Other Sweaters, same as above but lighter weight. $7.39

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre.

Warm Gloves For Cold Weather

Men's Tan Cape Pull-on Gloves, with straps and gussets at the wrists. Lined with angora fleece. Prixseam sewn, gusseted fingers. Double draw backs with two rows of stitching around. $2.44

Macy's—Main Floor, B'way, 35th St.

Correct Shoes For Evening Wear

We have them in a number of styles at interesting prices, for instance: Patent leather plain vamps with cloth tops, button style, $5.94; with tip vamps, $6.49. Others with kid tops, $5.94 to $7.89. And pumps in patent leather or gunmetal, $5.94.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 35th St., Rear.

Shop On a Blue Transfer

That's the efficient way—the time saving way. Ask any sales person for a blue transfer. Then go from section to section. After your last purchase call at the superintendent's desk, Main Floor. Pay for all your purchases at one time and receive all of them in one package. Try it the next time you shop here.

The HAT

KNOX

Fifth Avenue at Fortieth Street
One Sixty One Broadway
One Ninety Six Fifth Avenue

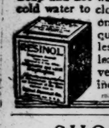
Don't *wish* for a good complexion—

Resinol

will help give it to you

If your skin is not fresh, smooth and glowing, or has suffered from an unwise use of cosmetics, here is an easy, inexpensive way to clear it:

Spread on a little Resinol Ointment, letting it remain for ten minutes. Then wash off with Resinol Soap and hot water. Finish with a dash of clear, cold water to close the pores. Do this regularly, once a day, and see if it does not quickly soothe and cleanse the pores, lessen the tendency to pimples, and leave the complexion clear, fresh and velvety. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap are sold by all druggists.



SHORTTYPING

enables high-speed dictation to be recorded direct on a typewriter as rapidly as the words are spoken. When written with a pen it is valuable as a time saver for employers and executives, because founded on the long-hand alphabet. Enlarged and improved course of graded lessons (Second Edition), cloth bound, sent postpaid on receipt of $1.50. Descriptive circular free upon request.

Shorttyping has gone through the acid test, and its use is advancing steadily.

Blue Star Pub. Co., 261 Broadway, New York

DAY ADDS $60,000,000 TO LOAN SALES HERE

Continued from Page 1.

Bank of New York showed a total of $470,033,000 last night.

The largest single application announced yesterday was that of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. for $10,000,000, distributed among the National City, the Central Trust, the National Bank of Commerce, and the United States Mortgage and Trust Company.

According to members of the Liberty Loan Committee, persons of moderate wealth and large mercantile concerns have not yet responded to the appeals for subscriptions to the extent that is expected of them. It was pointed out yesterday that persons who could well afford to buy $100,000 of bonds have applied for only $1,000 or $5,000, and that rich wholesale mercantile establishments had subscribed to $50,000 and $100,000 when they could very well have put in applications from $200,000 to $1,000,000.

Special attention was directed to the fact that individuals and business concerns of large means should not limit their bond subscriptions to the ready cash which they have in bank, but htat they should commit themselves to much larger amounts and finance the operation by borrowing from their banks.

All the banks and trust companies are offering a special rate of 4 per cent. for loans on Liberty bonds, and fifty institutions have agreed to ask only a 10 per cent. margin. In the case of some borrowers of high credit standing no margin whatever is being required. It is urged that the facilities offered by the banks be utilized freely, and in this connection it is pointed out that for the good of the general business and monetary situation it is desirable that banks should carry the bonds for their customers, rather than that the banks should be obliged to make heavy investments in the securities for their own account.

Governor Strong of the Federal Reserve Bank, Chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee, sent the following telegram yesterday to the various local committee Chairmen in the district outside of this city:

"The Liberty Loan Committee of New York attaches the greatest importance to the campaign started here today to reach the investor of moderate means. These men are living up to their incomes in many cases and cannot buy bonds in substantial amounts without borrowing. Fifty big banks of New York City are publishing full-page ads three times in every New York newspaper, pledging themselves to lend money at the rate paid by the Government on 10 per cent. margin and urging customers to borrow. We suggest that you get your banks to place such an advertisement."

Following are the subscriptions announced here yesterday:

Kuhn, Loeb & Co.	$10,000,000
Louisville & Nashville R. R., (total subscription $3,000,000)..	3,000,000
Union Trust Co. of New York...	3,000,000
Prudential Insurance Co. of America — additional—(through Union National Bank of Newark)	2,500,000
Consolidated Gas Co., (through National City Bank)	2,500,000
Bonbright & Co.	2,000,000
Central and South American Telegraph Co.	1,500,000
New Jersey Zinc Co., (through National City Bank)	1,000,000
Public National Bank	1,000,000
Empire Trust Co.	1,000,000
Charles H. Sanford	1,000,000
Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank (additional)	1,000,000
William B. Joyce, (through National City Bank)	1,000,000
Capt. J. R. De Lamar	1,000,000
Cities Service Co., H. L. Doherty, jointly	1,000,000
Shearson, Hammill & Co.	1,000,000
Fidelity-Phenix Fire Insurance..	1,000,000
Continental Insurance Co., (through Central Trust Co.)...	1,000,000
Johnson & Higgins	750,000
Mexican Telegraph Co.	600,000
Lincoln Trust Co., (itself and clients)	570,000
W. R. Grace & Co.'s Bank	500,000
Spencer Trask & Co., (additional)	500,000
Miller & Co.	500,000
West Virginia Pulp & Paper Co..	500,000
Union Dime Savings Bank	500,000
J. S. Bache & Co.	500,000
Simon Borg & Co.	500,000
General Chemical Co.	400,000
The B. V. D. Co.	400,000
Tennessee Copper Co.	800,000
Brooklyn Trust Co., (additional)..	287,100
Franklin Trust Co., (additional)..	270,000
Electric Storage Battery Co.	250,000
Union Stock Yards Bank, Buffalo.	250,000
Abraham & Straus	250,000
Pittsburgh & West Virginia Railroad, (through Sutro Bros. & Co.)	250
Bank of Cuba	200,000
Hudson Trust Co.	200,000
Fifth National Bank	200,000
Estate of David Gunsburg, Buffalo	200,000
Sun Oil Co.	200,000
American Dyewood Co., (additional)	200,000
American Beet Sugar Co.	200
Simpson, Spence & Young, (additional)	100,000
Aetna Explosives Co.	150,000
Frank V. Storrs	150,000
William J. Conners, Buffalo	140,000
James H. Oliphant & Co.	125,000
Great Lake Transportation Co...	100,000
Cannon Mills	100,000
Deering, Milliken & Co., (additional)	100,000
William Skinner & Co.	100,000
C. M. Keys	100,000
New Bedford Cordage Co.	100,000
H. Days & Co.	100,000
New York Cotton Exchange	100,000
Nassau National Bank of Brooklyn, (additional)	100,000
Goadby & Co., (additional)	100,000
Hocking Valley Products Co.	100,000
David Mahany	100,000
Oelrichs & Co.	100,000
Carbona Products Co.	100,000
Fifth Avenue Bank, (additional)..	90,000
Township of Goshen, N. Y.	87,000
Air Reduction Co.	80,000
American Merchant Marine Insurance Co.	50,000
American Gem and Pearl Co.	50,000
Charles L. Huisking	50,000
Bear Mill Manufacturing Co.	50,000
Hubbs & Howe Co., Buffalo	50,000
J. Bert Ross, Buffalo	50,000
G. J. Whelan	50,000
Edward Wise	50,000
Porto Rican-American Tobacco Co.	50,000
Maximillian Stern	50,000
Fred L. Lavenburg Co.	50,000
N. Gelats & Co., Havana	50,000
Siegfried Gruner & Co., (additional,) through Corn Exchange Bank	50,000
Charles Straus	40,000
Herbert J. Pratt	30,000
Charles D. Barney & Co.	28,000
Charles H. Jones & Co.	25,000
Herbert S. Collins	25,000
R. L. Lloyd	25,000
J. Aron & Co., Inc.	25,000
Harry F. Guggenheim	25,000
S. M. Goldsmith	25,000
S. W. Eccles	25,000
Morris Dworetzky	25,000
William C. Lauer	25,000
Degraw, Aymar & Co.	25,000

The first announcement of a corporation paying dividends in bonds of the second Liberty Loan was made yesterday by the Union Bag and Paper Corporation. An extra 2 per cent. disbursement, amounting to $320,000, will be made in Liberty bonds on Nov. 15. A number of companies have paid dividends in the first Liberty Loan bonds.

Ex-President William Howard Taft will address a second Liberty Loan rally to be held on the floor of the New York Stock Exchange on Monday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. H. G. S. Noble, the President of the Exchange, in advising the members of the meeting, said: "Impelled by the grave import of this critical hour, I urge upon all members and partners that they and others of their selection be present to hear the message of our distinguished speaker."

Liberty Loan bondholders of German birth or descent will meet tomorrow afternoon at the Carl Schurz statue on Riverside Drive for the purpose of demonstrating that Americans of German lineage are not only loyal but are among the substantial investors of Liberty bonds. Among the speakers will be Franz Siegel, Ludwig Nissen, Carl Schurz, William Forster, and Herman A. Metz.

A fleet of airplanes from Mineola will fly over the metropolitan area this afternoon to spread Liberty Loan literature. The flight will cover a wide section of New York and New Jersey and will end at Trenton. A bomb will be dropped on the City Hall containing a message to the Mayor.

The Boy Scouts of America will take their places today as workers in the nation's campaign on behalf of the second Liberty Loan. The day will mark the beginning of their subscription efforts, which will not end until next Thursday night. The announced ambition of these 288,380 boys and their 70,000 leaders is to obtain pledges which will assure the sale of nearly $50,000,000 worth of bonds, or approximately twice the amount realized in 139,645 homes during the four-day campaign which the Boy Scouts conducted in connection with the first Liberty Loan.

United States Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., in compliance with a request of the Liberty Loan Committee, issued the following statement:

"If we did not know it before, we know now, as a result of the revelations of the last few weeks, that the German Government conspired cynically and deliberately to undermine the political and industrial institutions of the United States; that Germany carried on this conspiracy for months while we were at peace with her. We know now beyond all question that, in the event of a German victory in the great European war, America was to be the next victim of German aggression.

"In ever increasing numbers our soldiers are taking their place by the side of our allies, and it is the purpose of America to throw her entire weight into the scales in order that the future of this great Republic as well as that of civilization the world over shall be secure.

"We must provide the sinews of war; our men cannot be clothed or fed, nor can shells and bullets speed from their cannon and rifles unless the dollars of America are mobilized. The people are asked to lend three billions of dollars to their Government. Aside from the financial return at the rate of 4 per cent., what better investment can a patriotic American make than such a one, which will enable his country to bring this war to an end and secure himself and his descendants from a repetition of such a threat as the German Government is now leveling against the world's civilization."

Goadby & Co. gave yesterday a second subscription of $100,000 to the Women's Liberty Loan Committee and the Hotel McAlpin took a $100,000 subscription. Ten thousand dollars in Liberty bonds were sold at a Liberty Loan luncheon at the Women's City Club in its rooms at the Hotel Vanderbilt. Mrs. Irene Osborne Andrews, Executive Secretary, presided and Mrs. Jacob A. Riis was a speaker.

S. Stanwood Menken, President of the National Security League, was the speaker at the "Liberty Bank," in Madison Square, yesterday. A meeting of the Dixie Club, composed of prominent Southern women, voted to give up all social entertainments this Winter and put the money into Liberty bonds.

For many months past we have utilized this space of 680 agate lines in nearly 400 newspapers of the United States to give reasons why thoughtful people should buy and read The Literary Digest. This week we are devoting this space to a purpose infinitely more important—the sale of the Government Liberty Loan Bonds.

Fathers and Mothers

IF YOU BELIEVE THAT YOUR SON — YOUR NEIGHBOR'S SON — THE MILLION FIGHTING SONS OF AMERICA — SHOULD HAVE AN EVEN CHANCE FOR LIFE IN THIS WORLD-WAR, AND WOULD BE SURE THAT HE GETS IT —

Buy a Liberty Bond NOW

The wars of to-day are won by the combatants with the greatest resources. Food, ammunition, clothing, supplies of every sort, count as much as men, and often more. Napoleon declared that an army fights upon its stomach. All these necessaries come down, in the last analysis, to money, and *more* money—yours and that of every other real American—the Government must have and have at once.

We are in a life and death struggle between autocracy and democracy and *democracy can not win without our help.* Understand this clearly. Let it sink into you, become a part of you, and then live it every hour of every day.

Hundreds of thousands of our best and bravest, clean-cut, splendid young Americans, are being trained for immediate service in the trenches. Every dollar we withhold *strikes directly at the lives* of these boys who are doing their bit for us. They are giving their all to the cause. If we can not fight beside them we owe it to them and to ourselves to back them with our last dollar. It can mean no more than a temporary pinch to *us.* Think for one moment what it means to *them.*

The fight to which they go is our fight. Every one of them who falls is a sacrifice for US. He dies far away from home that WE may keep our home, live the life we have chosen, pursue the paths of peace in security and shelter.

These young fellows who are about to risk everything that makes existence worth while in our defense are *our own flesh and blood.* Every one of them is YOUR son, YOUR brother, YOUR nearest and dearest. Let every one of us get this fixed firmly in his mind (for it is literally true in a deeper sense than ever before in the world's history), and he can not choose but give, just as he would strip himself of his last penny if his wife were dying or his child had to be operated upon to save its life.

You personally and the nation at large have never been in such dire, such imminent peril as that which threatens you at this moment. This is no figure of speech, indeed there are no words in the language that can adequately bring your danger home to you. Think of ruined Belgium, devastated Poland, and remember that every Liberty Bond you buy is a barrier between your loved ones and such horrors as these.

It is the safest investment on earth. Nowhere can earnings, savings, trust funds, or income investments be placed so securely—and you can sell your Liberty Bonds at any time you need the money. Think of getting FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST on such an investment! And remember that the day the war ends, these bonds will command a large premium—4% Government bonds before we entered the war were selling at $116 on the stock exchange. There never was such a profitable bargain as the Liberty Bond, and money never did such glorious service.

Go to a Local Bank and Buy a Bond *TO-DAY*

'Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest

The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

Gidding

PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK

"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

feature— to-day

a Special Group of Fashionable

Tailored Suits

in soft velours, silvertones, glove cloth, Oxford suitings and smart men's wear weaves—plain tailored or fur trimmed—at $75.

Young Women's Suits, with and without fur—$50.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service. R. H. Macy & Co.

Macy's

Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Shall Women Vote?

In a few weeks the men of this State will be called upon to decide this very important question. It is their duty to inform themselves on the subject—to know all the arguments pro and con—so that they may vote intelligently. These books treat of suffrage from both sides:

YES!

What Women Want—*Beatrice Forbes-Robertson Hale*	$1.17
Woman and Labor—*Olive Schreiner*	$1.17
Woman Suffrage by Federal Constitutional Amendment—Compiled by *Carrie Chapman Catt*	$1.12
Common Sense Applied to Woman Suffrage—*Mary Putnam Jacobi*	89c
Story of a Pioneer—*Anna Howard Shaw, D. D., M. D.*	$1.79
Principles of Suffrage—*Nathaniel C. Fowler, Jr.*	23c
Subjection of Women—*John Stuart Mill*	54c
Why Women Are So—*Mary R. Coolidge*	$1.34

NO!

Feminism—*Mr. and Mrs. John Martin*	$1.34
Unrest of Women—*Edward S. Martin*	$1.08
Unexpurgated Case Against Woman Suffrage—*Almroth Edward Wright*	89c
The Nature of Woman—*J. Lionel Taylor*	$1.08
Woman Adrift—*Harold Owen*	$1.34

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co.

Stern Brothers

West 42nd and 43rd Street

Books in Standard Sets

by Favorite Authors

At Decided Savings

Lamb, 5 volumes,	pub.	price	$11.25,	$5.75
Poe, 6 volumes,	"	"	$13.50,	$6.95
Smollett, 6 volumes,	"	"	$13.50,	$7.50
Fielding, 7 volumes,	"	"	$15.75,	$8.75
Hugo, 10 volumes,	"	"	$25.00,	12.00
Thackeray, 10 volumes,	"	"	$25.00,	12.00
Carlyle, 10 volumes,	"	"	$25.00,	12.50
Reade, 12 volumes,	"	"	$27.00,	13.75
Scott, 12 volumes,	"	"	$27.00,	14.50
Tolstoy, 12 volumes,	"	"	$27.00,	15.50
Dickens, 15 volumes,	"	"	$33.75,	18.00
Bulwer, 15 volumes,	"	"	$33.75,	18.00
Dumas, 15 volumes,	"	"	$33.75,	18.00
Balzac, 18 volumes,	"	"	$40.50,	20.50

Persian Morocco backs and corners.

Odd Volumes at 50c each

Broken Sets of standard authors in cloth bindings, including Scott, Cooper, Reade, Balzac, Bulwer, Fielding, Carlyle, Marryat, Ruskin, Eliot, Hugo and Dumas.

Gimbel Brothers

33rd St.-BROADWAY-33rd St.

Store Hours: 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

A BIRTHDAY SALE OF

BOOKS

If you love Good Reading you should visit the Gimbel Book Shop during these days of the great October Birthday Sales. If you have friends who love good books this is your opportunity to buy a Birthday present of books for them.

40 Volumes of Shakespeare for $12.50
The Aldus Edition, bound in half leather. Few sets left.

Sets of Dickens—15 Volumes, $12.95
Fine library edition, superbly printed, and bound in ¾ leather.

Adventures in Contentment
Adventures in Friendship
The Friendly Road
3 volumes, $1.50 set
By David Grayson. Illustrated by Thomas Fogarty. Neatly boxed.

Smollett—6 Volumes, $4.50
The complete novels. Red flexible leather; gold tops.

The Works of Guy de Maupassant
8 volumes, $3.75 set
Bound in ¾ leather.

Fielding—6 Volumes, $4.50
Complete works. In red flexible leather; gold tops.

The Life of Abraham Lincoln
2 volumes, $1.10 set
By Ida M. Tarbell.

Odd Volumes—Open Sets of Standard Authors' Works at 50c per Volume
While the sets are not complete, they include a great many of these authors' works:
Hugo Marryatt Carlyle
Balzac Thackeray Bulwer
Eliot, and many others.

America, the Land We Love, 75c
A timely narrative Record of Achievements of the American People: Their Government, Wars, Inventions, Discoveries, Records of Great Men and Famous Women of Industry, Commerce, and the essential Elements that have entered into the Building of a Republic. Wonderful stories founded on the Journal of American History. 300 Historic Engravings, Famous Paintings and Photographs.

The Chimes, by Dickens, 50c
Holiday edition, with colored illustrations. In box.

Memoirs of Napoleon Bonaparte
3 volumes, $1 set
The Court of the First Empire. What histories omit these memoirs furnish. In green cloth binding, with gold stamping. Half-tone illustrations. Large, clear type, desired for comfortable reading.

The U Book Selling One's Self from $10 a Week to $100,000 Per Year
By N. O. Shively, $1.

Masterpieces of the World's Best History
Special, 50c per volume.
Library editions, bound in a heavy cloth binding. Included are the Histories of Russia, China, Mexico, Spain, Norway, Sweden, Italy, and Palestine.
50c per volume.

Standard Sets at $2.95 Each
Handsomely bound. Printed in extra large type, and bound in cloth.

Kipling—9 Volumes, Only $2.95
Everybody wants a set of Kipling's works.

Stevenson—9 Volumes, $2.95
Bound in cloth.

Balzac—7 Volumes, $2.95
28 illustrations. A collection of what are considered the most popular volumes.

Washington Irving—7 Volumes, $2.95
28 illustrations. The best and most popular of his works.

The Works of Edgar Allan Poe
5 volumes, $2.95 set.
Cloth binding, with illustrated frontispiece.

The Tercentenary History of Canada
By FRANK BASIL TRACEY
Revised to the present time.
3 volumes, $1.50 per set.

The World's Greatest Events
An indexed History of the World by Esther Singleton; sixteen full-page illustrations.
5 volumes, $2.75

Standard Sets

Burton's Arabian Nights, 17 vols., cloth,	$37.50
Arabian Nights, 4 vols., ¾ leather,	$6
Balzac, 18 vols., cloth,	$9
De Kock, 4 vols., cloth,	$2.75
Dumas, 15 vols., buck,	$15
Dickens, 15 vols., cloth,	$9.50
Eliot, 12 vols., cloth,	$6.75
Moliere, 6 vols., cloth,	$6.00
Scott, 5 vols., ¾ leather,	$5.50
Shakespeare, 10 vols., full leather,	$12.50
Tennyson, 6 vols., ¾ leather,	$5
Smollett, 6 vols., buck,	$3
Garnett & Gosse, History of English Literature, 4 vols., cloth,	$7.50

GIMBELS—Main Floor, Rear.

Teachers

Cash Your Pay Warrants at Best's

Fifth Avenue and 35th Street

On the main floor of Best & Co., a new service feature has been inaugurated. It consists of cashing your city pay warrant, without charge of any kind.

If you desire, you may open a charge account on presentation of a few details. You will find that this involves no "Red Tape" whatever.

The same fine courtesy that exists throughout our selling departments will be apparent in our credit department.

Those who have little time to shop will appreciate the convenience which the store of Best & Co. *affords, as it is located in the heart of the fine shopping district, corner of Fifth Avenue and 35th Street.*

Have you bought your Liberty Bonds? We have them to deliver.

Sully and Kleinteich—NEW BOOKS

Publishers New York 1917

APRON STRINGS—*Second Large Printing*
By Eleanor Gates, *Author of "The Poor Little Rich Girl."* 12mo. Cloth. Illustrated. Net $1.35.

BELINDA OF THE RED CROSS—*Second Large Printing*
By Robert W. Hamilton. 12mo. Cloth. Colored jacket and frontispiece by A. O. Scott. Net $1.25.

CAP'N ABE, STOREKEEPER—*Third Large Printing*
A Story of Cape Cod.
By James A. Cooper. 12mo. Cloth. Illustrated, and with colored jacket. Net $1.25.

THE STUDY AND ENJOYMENT OF PICTURES
By Gertrude Richardson Bingham, A. M., Ph. D., *Instructor in Art, George Washington University.* 12mo. Cloth. Fully illustrated. Net $1.25.

THE OPERA BOOK—*New Edition*
8vo. Cloth. Fully illustrated. Boxed. Net $2.50. The same bound in three-quarter Morocco. Gilt top. Boxed. Net $5.00.
Printed on India paper, bound in full Turkey Limp Morocco, red under gold edges, size 4¾x7, 562 pages and 32 illustrations. Boxed. Net $4.00.

THE MAGIC STONE
By Blanche Elizabeth Wade, *Author of "Anne, Princess of Everything."* Fully illustrated, with seven colored plates. Quarto. Cloth. Net $2.00.

TOBYTOWN
By Chandler A. Oaker. 12mo. Cloth. Illustrated, with four full-page illustrations in colors and sixteen illustrations in the text. Net $1.00.

ONE THOUSAND LITERARY QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS
By Mary E. Kramer. 12mo. Cloth. Net $1.00.

GARFIELD PUTS BAN ON COAL HOARDING

May Order Search of Coal Bins in Large Apartment Houses and Factories Here.

THINKS CRISIS HAS PASSED

Situation Will Improve from Now On, He Says—Illinois Mine Chief Warns Unions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—In connection with a statement issued today, in which he said that the coal situation throughout the country was improving, Dr. H. A. Garfield, the Fuel Administrator, let it be known that drastic action will be taken against hoarders of supplies. Dr. Garfield said that he had conferred with Attorney General Gregory regarding his powers under the Food Control law, and the action which he was authorized to take in any emergency. He would not discuss that phase of the matter in detail, but it is said that he was told his powers were adequate and unquestioned.

The situation in New York City, where a shortage has been reported, may be one of the first taken in hand. Dr. Garfield said today that New York had received 13,912,384 tons of coal this year, as compared to 12,666,650 in 1916, and that if any one was hoarding coal there he was determined to find out about it and distribute the surplus among needy consumers.

This means that the fuel administration may search the storage bins of big apartment houses, light, power, and manufacturing plants in the metropolitan field. Large dealers also may come under the inspection, if there is any reason to believe that hoarding is going on. If 1,000,000 tons or more of surplus coal is hidden in New York or in any other great centre of population there is every likelihood that the Government will seize it should conditions warrant.

Conservation also may be ordered in New York and other cities, although there has been no ruling as yet as to the fate of the great electric light signs that have made the "White Way" famous. It is possible that these may be ordered discontinued for a time, but the advisability of such a course is still debatable.

In discussing the coal situation today Dr. Garfield referred to it as "unbalanced" rather than critical. Production has not fallen off to an extent thought alarming and the indications seemed to point to an increase from this time rather than a decrease. His statement reads:

"Reports today from the Middle West, although not full and complete, indicate an improvement in the strike situation. Michigan miners on strike returned to work this morning. In Peoria and Fulton Counties, Ill., men who had threatened to strike, have decided to remain at work.

"Officers of the United Mine Workers in Indiana, Illinois, and elsewhere are doing everything in their power to induce men who are striking to return to work, and indications are that they will be successful."

Complaints that there was a serious shortage in several large cities, New York included, were heard at the offices of the Fuel Administration today. Dr. Garfield stated that complaints about a shortage in New York City should be made to Albert H. Wiggin, the State Fuel Administrator, and that in all legitimate cases immediate relief would be given.

To facilitate the movement of coal for emergency orders, Dr. Garfield directed that mines supplying the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad see to it that a sufficient supply was provided to prevent congestion. A similar order is in effect in connection with the Pennsylvania lines and other roads will soon be considered.

Dr. Garfield spent practically all of his time today considering the question of granting an increase over the schedule of President Wilson for coal at the mines, in order to make possible the payment of higher wages to the miners. His decision will be reached not later than the first of next week.

MINERS WARNED BY CHIEF.

Illinois Unions Will Lose Charters if Men Continue Strike.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 19.—In telegrams sent today to local unions in Illinois, now on strike, Frank Farrington, State President of the miners' organization, stated that in mines where the men are not back to work by Monday, Oct. 22, local charters would be revoked. In a statement, Mr. Farrington said that his action was prompted by a desire to save the miners from industrial conscription, which, he said, would follow if paralysis of the coal mining industry continued.

Mr. Farrington's statement read:

"Reports coming to my office are encouraging and indicate that the men who have been idle have decided that their best interests will be served by their return to work, and they are gradually doing so. I have every reason to believe that Dr. Garfield is doing everything in his power to make prospective wage increases effective as early as possible, although he has made it clear to me that he does not propose to surrender to pressure brought to bear on him by the men discontinuing work, and I am satisfied that he will not allow wage increases to become effective until all of the men are back at work.

"I have hudreds of telegrams from local unions pledging fidelity to the organization and to the Government which indicate that the overwhelming majority of the members of the Illinois Miners' Union are opposed to those who have suspended work.

"The serious feature about the whole matter is the fact that unless that part of our membership now idle should decide to return to work they will in all likelihood force the Government to resort to industrial conscription. I propose to do everything in my power to protect our membership against this being done."

Despite the action of Mr. Farrington, it was predicted today in operators' circles that the strike would not be settled until the Fuel Administration permitted a higher price schedule, so that the operators might meet the miners' demands. D. W. Buchanan, an official of the Illinois Coal Operators' Association, said that reports from Southern Illinois said the miners were on the verge of rebellion against Garfield, Farrington, and John P. White, International President of the mine workers.

While Federal administrators and mine officials are trying to get the men back into the mines, hospitals and charitable institutions of this city are facing a serious shortage.

Camp Grant, at Rockford, this morning had only enough coal on hand to last twenty-four hours. Officers and men went out with wagons sweeping up the last particles of coal left on the ground by steam shovels or road rollers. The coal shortage halted the road building and other activities of the camp.

Only a few of the miners who walked out early this week to force a wage increase returned to work today. Meetings have been called for tomorrow at various places throughout the State when the miners will decide whether work shall be resumed before wage increases are allowed.

WIGGIN NAMES ADVISERS.

Clark Williams and V. P. Snyder Among Aids of Fuel Administrator.

Following the opening of an office as State Fuel Administrator in Room 2316, at 61 Broadway, on Thursday, Albert H. Wiggin, President of the Chase National Bank, announced yesterday the names of the Advisory Committee that is to assist him in investigating fuel conditions throughout New York State.

This committee consists of S. R. Flynn, formerly President of the Live Stock Exchange National Bank of Chicago, who is now a resident of this city; Valentine P. Snyder, former President of the National Bank of Commerce of New York; Clark Williams, President of the Industrial Finance Corporation; Charles E. Robertson, President of the Brooklyn Lumber Company, and G. M. Dahl, Vice-President of the Chase National Bank.

"Complaints have come to the State Fuel Administrator with reference to inability to obtain coal and also some complaints as to price, but it has been impossible to dispose of these complaints satisfactorily because of lack of organization, due to the fact that I have only recently been appointed," Mr. Wiggin said yesterday. "The organization, however, is being perfected as rapidly as possible. Fuel Administrators are being appointed for each of the counties in the State, and the county administrator will deal with the problems arising in his county. Each county administrator will have power to associate with him a committee and such assistance as he deems advisable."

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages.
Keep Horlick's Always on Hand
Quick Lunch; Home or Office.

B. Altman & Co.

A Sale of
Young Men's Winter Suits
at $24.50 & $28.50

is a special feature on the Sixth Floor to-day (Saturday).

These Suits are smart, up-to-date models, made of selected woolen fabrics which are now worth much more in the market than at the time the order was placed.

This Sale affords, therefore, an extraordinary purchasing opportunity.

The Boys' Clothing Department
is featuring
SAM BROWN JUNIOR BELTS

These can be worn over a sweater or mackinaw and add a decidedly military air to the boy's outfit.

The leather bag, brass saber hook and rings with which they are equipped, can conveniently be used for carrying books, skates, etc.

Sizes 30 to 34 at $5.00 & $8.50.

(Sixth Floor)

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Announce a most remarkable offering of

Men's Silk Cravats at 75c

¶ These scarfs are remarkable both as to variety and quality. They comprise the pick of America's neckwear selections for Fall and Winter. Only by carefully choosing from almost every collection of neckwear presented to us during the past few months have we been able to assemble such a wonderful assortment of scarfs, the quality of which is most remarkable throughout. Even if you are in the habit of paying more you should not overlook this offering, for these cravats cannot be judged by the price at which they are offered.

Satin Brocades in tri-colorings that were run four times through the loom to secure their wonderful colorings; Printed warps that are different, yet not extreme; Basket weaves that will not fray; Persian and Paisley patterns; Stripings that strike a new note in color blendings in Repps and Mogadors, and a host of Plain Weaves in the richest Autumn Hues

are represented. From first to last, this is an assortment of cravats that should tempt the most critical. At 75c they are without a parallel.

Men's Fine Silk Shirts Reduced to $2.95, $3.95

Formerly $3.95, $4.15, $4.95, $6.15

Only a limited quantity, consisting chiefly of shirts that have been lightly "mussed" from handling. The values are so remarkable that none will be sent C. O. D. on approval or exchanged.

Mme. RAY BAKER In Her Novel

French Wax Figure Poses

Will Appear At Greenhut's Beginning Today

Mme. Baker by the beauty and novelty of her inanimate wax figure-like poses has won the first prize at the Panama-Pacific Exposition and has created a furore wherever she has appeared from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Her appearance in England was greeted with the highest acclaim. Mme. Baker will pose from 2 to 4 o'clock tomorrow in the Women's Apparel Dept. 2nd Floor

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE" Meet me at the Fountain
SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

Sale Today!

WINTER SUITS and OVERCOATS FOR MEN and YOUTHS at $15

Our Men's Main Floor $15 Clothing Section Has Established Itself as the Centre for Biggest Clothing Values in All Manhattan

Let it be granted, as everyone does, that a fashionable, well-tailored, perfect-fitting, excellently trimmed Suit or Overcoat is very difficult to obtain today for $15.

And even at Greenhut's it would be out of the question were it not for our far-sightedness in establishing this important branch of our Clothing Store.

Now, unlike other competing stores, we have strictly declined to increase one iota the price which we have made famous.

Fifteen dollars it was; fifteen dollars it remains; and at this price you have a big choice:

The Winter Suits at $15

In Worsteds, Cheviots, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Blue Serges, Black Thibets

Everybody may be perfectly suited in a two or three button model. There are belt backs, belted all around, with the newest lapels, military pockets and all those delicate fashion touches to please the most exacting.

And as For **The Overcoats at $15**

There are Black and Grey Mixtures. Most of them are silk lined throughout. Scores of the newest fancy mixtures are included. They can be bought elsewhere, of course, but you'll find that they are priced considerably more than $15.

Suits and Overcoats at $20 and $25

These are low prices for garments such as we offer. To appreciate this fact you must take into consideration the present situation existing in the tailoring world—the cost of materials, trimmings and labor. Measured by every fair standard, these suits and overcoats are mighty big values at the prices quoted.

The leading manufacturers of fine ready-to-wear garments for men have contributed their best to the showing.

Suits are single or double breasted, belted or trench styles, also plain and conservative models for those who want them.

The Overcoats, chiefly in blacks and Oxfords; lined throughout with satin. Others in fancy overcoatings and mixtures—trench models, single or double breasted shape fitting.

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the 24K Office on the Fifth Floor. We give 24K Green Trading Stamps as Usual. Ask for Them. Double 24K Stamps Till 12 o'Clock. Single 24K Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Men's Fine Overcoats
Of Substance and Style

$25.00 $35.00 $50.00

Conventional in cut and thoroughbred in quality. Conservative, straight-fitting coats of finest melton, vicuna and cheviot cloths in black and blue and Oxford greys, with velvet collars. Some slightly form-fitting for those who prefer it; all with that mark of well-tailored quality that tops off the appearance of the correctly-groomed man.

Also more spirited styles that feature the dash and distinction of the best custom-made models. Raglan topcoats with the London swagger; English Regent overcoats of unusual smartness; roomy ulsters, generous in drape and sweep. In tweeds, cheviots, homespuns, shetlands and other fabrics in a splendid range of colorings and patterns.

Exceptional Showing of Men's Fur Coats

For Street and Dress wear, black and Oxford Kersey and Buberry cloths in several mixtures; body and sleeves lined with Mink, Nutria, Hudson Seal, Muskrat or Marmot; collars trimmed with Mink, Otter, Beaver, Hudson Seal and Persian Lamb.

For motoring, outside Fur Coats of heavy Raccoon, Muskrat, Wombat and Dogskin.

$57.50 to $500.00

Men's Daylight Clothing Shop, Fourth Floor

Open Until 6 P. M.

Fine Shoes for Men

The Smartest Fall Styles at Most Attractive Prices

Dress or Walking Boots

Dull kid, dark gray or brown cloth tops, with patent leather or gun metal vamps.....$10.00

Newark Made Shoes "The Best Made"

Dark Tan Calfskin, Gun Metal, Tan Russia Calfskin, English lasts...$9.00

Special for Today, Saturday

800 Pairs of Tan or Black Calfskin Boots; English lasts..... $5.85

Ground Floor

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Direct Elevators on 35th Street Side

Macy's

Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Fifth Floor Broadway Front

Clothes the Season Calls For

Men's and Young Men's

SUITS, $19.75

English Soft Roll Sacks.
Double Breasted Models.
Sack Coats with All Around Belts.
Three-Button Conservative Styles.

All well tailored of cassimeres, fancy mixed worsteds, unfinished worsteds, cheviots, serges and other desirable all-wool fabrics.

Men's Fall OVERCOATS

$16.50 to $34.75

Many Rainproof Fabrics

Chesterfield models of Dark Oxford fabrics, silk lined throughout.

Loose Belted Coats of Gabardine, fancy Cheviots, unfinished Worsteds and Homespuns, with satin yoke and sleeve linings. Raglan models.

Other Styles, Well Tailored, of Imported and Domestic Coatings.

If You Can't Shoulder a Gun—Take Up a Bond

It takes more than brawn and brain to win a war. It takes bullets, bread—and blankets—and it takes money to buy them. Buy your bond today. We have cheerfully given space for a Liberty Loan Booth on the main floor, where representatives of the Women's Liberty Loan Committee will take your subscription.

If you want the actual bonds a limited quantity is ready for immediate delivery.
At the Depositors' Account Dept., Main Floor Balcony.

Brentano's
BOOK SELLERS TO THE WORLD

New Publications
SEASON 1917-18

History and Biography

Memoirs of the Private Life of Marie Antoinette.
By Madame Campan, First Lady-in-Waiting to the Queen. With a Memoir of Madame Campan by F. Barriere. A new Edition, revised by F. M. Graves, with Introduction and Notes by J. Holland Rose, author of "Napoleon I," etc., and Reader in Modern History at the University of Cambridge. Illustrated with thirty full-page photogravures of Portraits and views. 2 vols. 8vo. Decorative cloth, boxed. $7.50 net. (Ready Nov. 1st.)
A beautiful edition printed and bound by Mr. D. B. Updike at the Merrymount Press, uniform with the publishers' famous edition of Cellini's "Autobiography."

Autobiography of Benvenuto Cellini.
Translated by John Addington Symonds, with Introduction by Mr. Royal Cortissoz. Illustrated with forty full-page photogravure plates. 2 vols. 8vo. Decorative cloth, gilt tops, boxed. Price, $7.50 net.
Owing to the increased cost in the manufacture of books, the price of this new edition has been raised to $7.50 net.

New Novels

The Man Who Killed.
By Claude Farrere. Translated by Magdalen C. Schuyler. 12mo. Cloth. Price, $1.50 net.
A remarkable novel of life in Constantinople, written with a brilliance of style and power of construction rarely attained by modern novelists. A far finer achievement than Pierre Loti's.

Moscow in Flames.
By G. P. Denilevski. Translated from the Russian by Dr. A. S. Rappaport. 12mo. Cloth. $1.40 net.

The Neapolitan Lovers.
By Alexandre Dumas. 12mo. Cloth. Price $1.40 net.
A novel by the famous French romancer, now first published in English. Translated by Mr. R. S. Garrett. Founded on a true story—one of the most moving and tragic in history.

Love and Liberty; or, Nelson at Naples.
By Alexandre Dumas. 12mo. Cloth. Price $1.40 net. (Ready Nov. 15th.)
Another romance by this famous novelist, now first published in English.

A Nest of Spies.
Being the fourth of the famous series of Fantomas Detective Tales. By Pierre Souvestre and Marcel Allain. 12mo. Cloth. $1.35 net. (Ready Dec. 1st.)

George Moore's Novels. (New and Uniform Editions.)
Post 8vo. Cloth, green tops. Price, $1.50 net per volume.
A Mummer's Wife. (Revised.)
Lewis Seymour and Some Women. Entirely rewritten from Moore's "A Modern Lover."
Esther Waters.

Miscellaneous

A Little Book of Napoleon Wisdom.
Collected and Edited by F. B. Wheeler. 12mo. Red ooze leather. Price, $1.50 net.

Tristan and Iseult.
By Arthur Symons. 12mo. Cloth. Price, $1.25 net.

Aucassin and Nicolete.
A Play in Four Acts. Newly translated by Michael West, author of "Claire de Lune." Illustrated with Twelve Drawings in Color by M. Main R. Bocher and numerous Drawings in Line by Miss Evelyn Paul. Issued in two styles of binding. Cloth, $3.50 net; Antique Leather, $6.50 net.
Unquestionably this is the handsomest edition issued of this famous and beautiful story.
A charming Christmas gift.

Military Terms

Plumon's Vade-Mecum.
A Phrase-book of French terms for the use of Officers and Soldiers in the present campaign in France. 12mo. Limp cloth. Price, 75 cents net.

For Sale at All Bookstores.
Postage Extra.

FIFTH AVE. NEW YORK

SCHOOLS ARE STONED AS RIOTING SPREADS

Demonstrations Against Gary System Continue in Brooklyn and Bronx Districts.

AUTO PATROL TIRES CUT

Brownsville Children Resort to Vandalism—Others Demand the Right of Free Speech.

Riots and demonstrations against the Gary schools by parents and children continued yesterday. Riots occurred in the Bronx and Brooklyn, the most disorderly taking place in the Williamsburg and Brownsville sections of Brooklyn, where the inhabitants are mainly foreigners. Schoolhouses were stoned. Nine arrests were made, three in the Bronx and six in Brooklyn. Three policemen and one woman were injured in Brownsville, where the children slashed the tires of an automobile patrol wagon, drove nails into the tires and tore away the battery wires. No outbreaks occurred in Manhattan.

Many children were taken to police stations but allowed to go home after their parents promised to take stern measures to see that they did not again join in disorderly demonstrations. Investigation by probation officers disclosed that the parents and many of the children opposed to the Gary schools had only a slight conception of the purpose of the duplicate school plan.

William G. Willcox, President of the Board of Education, who said he had no desire to minimize the seriousness of the situation, ordered Commissioner Walter Gilpatric, a member of the board, and Associate Superintendents John Dwyer, Joseph Taylor, and John H. Nicholson to conduct investigations to determine the cause of the trouble. Mr. Gilpatric reported that he found the semblance of an organization in the Bronx and interviewed a committee of three boys, members of the Junior Anti-Gary League of the Bronx. Mr. Gilpatric denied that he had said Tammany Hall was behind the strikes, but admitted he thought "political influences" must have started the thing."

President Willcox last night received reports from the Principals of thirty-two schools under the duplicate plan. Nineteen Principals reported that there had been no trouble in their schools during the day. The Principal of Public School 2, the Bronx, reported that there was a poor attendance due to the strike.

"The situation is terrible," said the head of Public School 42, the Bronx, who reported that 5,000 children had stoned the building. In Public Schools 178 and 66, East New York, the Principals dismissed the schools for the day after the morning session.

Reports from other schools were as follows:

Public School 43, Bronx.—A decrease of 20 per cent. in attendance in the lower grades due to the fright of the parents who kept their children at home.

Public School 50.—One half of the pupils remained away, due to fright.

Public School 55.—A few in attendance.

Public School 72, Brooklyn.—Rioting; big boys prevented the others from entering and threw stones at them and at the windows of the school.

Public School 110, Brooklyn.—Big riots; teachers waned away from the school.

Public School 125, Brooklyn.—Rioting outside the building; only twelve children in school.

The Principal of Public School 148 in Brooklyn reported at 4 o'clock, "No trouble thus far." Half of the pupils from Public School 165, Lott and Hopkinson Avenues, Brooklyn, walked out. The Principal, Alexander Fichhandler, said that the demonstration was a peaceful one. The children attending P. S. 174 in Brooklyn, went on strike in the morning, but returned in the afternoon. Miss Kate McKee, Principal of P. S. 175, who dismissed her pupils for the afternoon session, reported that it is her opinion the riots were caused by the parents of the children.

Hopes for End of Trouble.

Acting Superintendent of Schools Gustave Straubenmuller said last night that he expected the trouble to quiet down by Monday, as he believed the "wave of hysteria" would subside within forty-eight hours. Asked whether it was his opinion that politicians instigated the riots, he replied that such a thing was difficult to prove. He added, however, that the name of a boy in Brownsville, who was ostensibly the leader of the rioters in that section, had been obtained by Superintendent Nicholason, and stern measures would be taken if it could be learned who prompted him to assume the leadership.

It was said that some of the school principals are threatening to withhold diplomas from the older pupils who are to be graduated this term if they join the ranks of the strikers.

The outbreak in the Bronx yesterday started at Public School 42, Claremont Parkway and Washington Avenue, where several hundred pupils smashed panes of glass before they were dispersed by the police. The children paraded in the vicinity of the school, shouting, "We won't go back until the Gary system is taken out." Captain Kinsler of the Bathgate Avenue station, with the reserves, swept the crowd away, but the strikers went to Crotona Park, two blocks away, and reformed ranks. Crotona Park was the centre of the Bronx demonstration, for, after the police dispersed the children from in front of the schools, they hurried to the park and again formed in line.

Public School 55, St. Paul's Place and Claremont Parkway, was the scene of a demonstration that included some girls. Three boys were the leaders. About 400 children in front of Public School 55, Findley and Teller Avenues, shouted, hooted, jeered, and dared the pupils in the school to join them. Principal William Henwood called the police and Captain Lantry and the reserves of the Morrisania station quelled the disturbance.

Reforming their lines in Crotona Park the battalion of strikers again marched to Public School 42, and in the disturbance that followed, Patrolman Buckley of the Bathgate Avenue Station arrested Mrs. Ida Turke of 1,531 Fulton Avenue. Charged with disorderly conduct in the Morrisania Court, where she was arraigned, Mrs. Turke said she went to the school with her daughter and had taken no part in the trouble. She was discharged by Magistrate Groehl.

Three Children Arrested.

Disorders continued in the Bronx last night, and all over the borough children started street corner demonstrations. When ordered to move on because they had no permits to speak they invoked the rights of "free speech." Three arrests were made. Otto Korting, 15 years old, of 3,803 Third Avenue, was accused of attempting to throw a stone at Public School 40 by Mrs. H. Keenan, a teacher in the school; Frank Stern, 9 years old, of 425 East 126th Street, was said to have refused to move on at the request of the police; and Samuel Kopex, 15 years old, of 1,255 Longfellow Avenue, was charged with calling the police "a lot of jokes." Jennie Baumgartner, 9 years old, of 860 East 170th street, was said to have run after the policeman who was arresting Kopex, and abused him. The policeman carried her to her home.

Fifteen boys were taken to the Simpson Street Station after they had taken part in disturbances, but were paroled in the custody of their parents, who promised to keep them in better control.

Captain Isaac Frank, Inspector McElroy, and the reserves went to the Betsy Head Playground, in front of Public School 175, at Blake Avenue and Bristol Street, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, where the most serious trouble of the day occurred. Boys and girls numbering about 1,000 were said to be shouting and throwing stones at the school building when the police arrived. A stone crashed through the windshield of the motor patrol wagon, driven by George H. Hinds, and as the chauffeur jumped off to catch the boy who threw the missile a stone struck him on the knee. He was taken to St. Mary's Hospital. Women took part in this demonstration.

The police received orders not to use their clubs, and it was with difficulty that the crowd was dispersed. Mrs. Yetta Katz of 334 Bristol Street is said to have fought Patrolman Armet, scratching him about the face and hands. She was taken to St. Mary's Hospital, after she fainted several times, charged with disorderly conduct. Patrolman Frank J. Springer was struck with a brick. His knee was also wrenched and he was taken to the hospital. Patrolman Thomas Ward was struck by an iron bolt thrown by a boy. Not only did the strikers slash the tires of the patrol wagon, but they hammered nails and small pieces of iron scraps into the tires. The police made the following arrests: Isidore Helsen, 12 years old, 420 Williams Avenue; Fanny Golub, 14 years old, 493 Hegeman Avenue; Morris Levine, 12 years old, 434 Chester Street; John Fallaro, 13 years old, 2,127 Atlantic Avenue; Tony Devito, 11 years old, 13 Pleasant Avenue. Golub was lectured by Captain McElroy and sent home.

Abandons Gary Time System.

ORANGE, N. J., Oct. 19.—Dissatisfaction over the Gary time system expressed by parents of pupils attending the Fairmount School, West Orange, where it had been under trial for more than a month because of crowded conditions, has resulted in the one session plan being resumed by Solomon C. Strong, Principal. The objections expressed caused the principal to send circular letters requesting the views of the parents. The replies were overwhelmingly in favor of the one session plan. Under the one session plan one group attends school in the morning and the other in the afternoon, while under the Gary time system one group attended from 8:30 until 10:30 and from 12:45 to 2:45 while the other was in session from 10:30 until 12:30 and from 2:45 until 4:45 o'clock.

Injured Conductor Gets $20,000.

Peter J. Pierson, an Interborough conductor, who was seriously burned in a collision at 149th Street and Third Avenue on June 6, 1916, when he was riding in the subway as a passenger, recovered a verdict for $20,000 against the company yesterday from a jury before Supreme Court Justice Brown. He sued for $30,000.

(ALREADY IN THE SECOND EDITION)

Winston Churchill's New Novel

The DWELLING PLACE of LIGHT

"One of the most absorbing and fascinating romances, and one of the most finished masterpieces of serious literary art which have appeared in this year or in this century."
—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The DWELLING PLACE of LIGHT

By Winston Churchill

Second Edition. Now at all Bookstores, $1.60

THE MACMILLAN COMPANY Publishers NEW YORK

Fall Fiction Worth Your While

By the author of "The Broad Highway"

The Definite Object

By JEFFERY FARNOL

The New York Tribune says: — We do not hesitate to say that Mr. Farnol has here produced not merely his own best work, but also one of the best works of fiction that any one has put forward this season.

The Boston Transcript says:—Mr. Farnol's purpose is to tell an entertaining story in his own familiar way, and he has succeeded no less than in "The Broad Highway."

The Chicago Herald says:—A vivid and enthralling romance of New York.

$1.50 net

THE INDIAN DRUM
By WILLIAM MACHARG and EDWIN BALMER
An engrossing story, of which Colonel Roosevelt says: "The book has appealed to me particularly as one of those exceedingly strong bits of work peculiarly American in type which we ought to greet as a lasting contribution to the best American work." More fascinating even than "The Blind Man's Eyes," by the same authors.
Frontispiece. $1.40 net

SCANDAL
By COSMO HAMILTON
The author of "The Blindness of Virtue" writes a thoroughly entertaining story of how Beatrix Vanderdyke, self-willed, ran her head into the noose of a most hazardous situation and, in getting extricated, was taught a lesson.
Illustrated. $1.50 net

THE MASK
By FLORENCE IRWIN
Behind a mask we all hide our thoughts and feelings from the world. Alison Terry wore one, though she never realized it until she faced a crisis in her married life. A story of disillusionment, tragedy, and at last mutual understanding and encouragement. This story has not appeared serially.
Frontispiece. $1.40 net

THE LITTLE GODS LAUGH
By LOUISE MAUNSELL FIELD
To Nita Wynne life was one long period of disillusion from the time she discerned the real character of her idealized lover until the years had brought her understanding and taught her the lesson of tolerance. A story of New York social and professional circles. *$1.40 net*

FOUR DAYS
By HETTY HEMENWAY
This tale of how England's manhood went to the ordeal contains in its half a hundred pages more soul-moving emotion than one often finds in a long novel. *50 cents net*

AT ALL BOOKSELLERS

Publishers LITTLE, BROWN & CO. Boston

Master Books from Three Great Nations
What the Gallant French are suffering
Under Fire (Le Feu) The Story of a Squad
By HENRI BARBUSSE, *Net, $1.50.*
Translated from the French by Fitzwater Wray
Over 300,000 copies of the French edition already sold.
An epic description of life and battle in the trenches that in grip and calm, remorseless presentation of facts reminds strongly of Zola's best work.
James Douglas in *The London Observer* says: "Some unknown man of genius who calls himself 'Fitzwater Wray' has translated the *supreme novel of the war*, and here it is in its divine simplicity of truth, undraped and unbedizened. There are some translations which are themselves originals, and this is one of them. I do not hesitate to put it on the shelf beside Urquhart's Rabelais or FitzGerald's Omar, for it is in my mind already a classic. Vainly I grope for a clue to the identity of this creative translator who is at once a man of letters, a master of prose, a specialist in French and English slang, a poet and a prophet more terrible than Tolstoy. Truth of course is the summit of satire, the apex of irony, and this journal of a platoon is the nude truth of war as it is seen by a common soldier who is also an artist and philosopher. But it is a story which is steeped in the beauty of comradeship and it is told with the most flawlessly delicate art. *To read this book is to understand. If any book could kill war, this is the book.*

The Inspiration of the German People when they awake from their present nightmare
The Coming Democracy
By HERMANN FERNAU *Net, $2.00.*
An examination, searching and merciless, of Germany's medieval, dynastic, and political system by the author of "Because I am a German," and a demand for reforms which all civilized countries of the world have enjoyed for decades.
The Spectator says:—"The book is one of the most important which the war has produced."
N. Y. Times says:—"'The Coming Democracy' is an astounding book, so unexpected is it to find such clear, keen insight into German conditions, such fearless presentation of facts, such merciless sardonic biting humor in statements coming from a German source. It is a masterly presentation of the world wide indictment of Germany from the mouth of one of her own sons."

The fighting soul of England finding a Voice
A Student in Arms
By DONALD HANKEY *Net, $1.50.*
Killed in action at the Battle of the Somme, October 26th, 1916
This book has a special message for every American man or woman who has a loved one, a relative, or a friend who has gone or expects to go across the Atlantic to fight in France.
Hundreds of war books tell what happens to the bodies of men in the trenches and behind the front. This book tells what happens to their souls and minds and is as reassuring as the others are appalling.
The New York Churchman says:—"This book deserves a place beside Rupert Brooke's sonnets and 'Mr. Britling Sees It Through.' It is one of the few documents that reveal the spirit of England in a terrible crisis."
A STUDENT IN ARMS *Second Series* *Net, $1.50*
With a delightful sketch of Donald Hankey, and notes and explanations by the author's sister.
North American says:—"By a fine scholar and brave soldier who has gone to join the men of Agincourt. There has been no more characteristic manifestation in literature of the vital spirit gleaming and glowing at the front of the battle in Flanders."
POSTAGE EXTRA. AT ALL BOOKSTORES.
E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY, 681 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

AT LAST!
Liebknecht's suppressed book
MILITARISM
SECOND PRINTING BEFORE PUBLICATION
THIS is the book whose appearance in Germany made armed autocracy shrink and pale. They promptly put Liebknecht in prison and destroyed his book. This translation was made from a copy Liebknecht borrowed from his brother—the only copy obtainable.
To know the mind of the boldest man in Europe—now in prison again because of his passion to make the world safe for democracy—
You will read, at once,
THIS MARK ON GOOD BOOKS
MILITARISM
by
Dr. Karl Liebknecht
ONE DOLLAR
WHEREVER BOOKSELLERS ATTEND TO PUBLIC WANTS
B. W. HUEBSCH, *Publisher*, 225 Fifth avenue, *New York*

Read More Books—
They Build Backgrounds
They Refresh the Spirit

THE SECOND FIDDLE
By Phyllis Bottome
A thing of joy in the fiction world—a new story by that born story-teller, the author of "The Dark Tower."
Frances Hodgson Burnett says: "A certain spell which no one can resist, Phyllis Bottome was born with the power to weave. What quality her work has, and what loving warmth of reality!" *Illustrated.* $1.35.

CALVARY ALLEY
By Alice Hegan Rice
This new novel by the author of "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" tells of the growing up and falling in love of Nance Molloy of Calvary Alley and of her trials and triumphs, with a great deal about many other interesting people who had the luck to live in Nance's neighborhood. *Illustrated.* $1.35.

LADIES MUST LIVE
By Alice Duer Miller
A sort of pirate story of New York's fashionable world, the pirates being two beautiful women whose chief joy in life is the pursuit of men. Their incredibly clever manoeuvring the author reports with dramatic intensity and an amazing brilliance of wit. *The Boston Herald* says: "The author knows society, and is the mistress of a sparkling style." *Illustrated.* $1.25.

MRS. HOPE'S HUSBAND
By Gelett Burgess
The liveliest comedy story an American author has produced in a long time—gay, witty, brilliant, swiftly moving, bright in dialogue. Did you ever hear of a "husband of a celebrity" who was a romantic figure himself? Mr. Hope recovered his lost personality in a surprising way, as every reader will admit. *The Philadelphia Press* says: "A deft and sparkling comedy." *Illustrated.* $1.00.

A COUNTRY CHILD
By Grant Showerman
An astonishing piece of invigorating and wholesome fiction giving the very feel of old-fashioned Middle Western country life forty years ago. The little boy of "A Country Chronicle" now tells his own story in his own inimitable small-boy style. *Pen-and-ink drawings by George Wright.* $1.75.

VAGABONDING DOWN THE ANDES
By Harry A. Franck
The record of a four years' tramp through South America, during which the author of "A Vagabond Journey Around the World" followed his usual vigorous and unconventional fashion of traveling, living, observing, and note-taking. A book of color, adventure, and incident as entertaining as the Arabian Nights. 612 *pages*, 176 *illustrations and a map.* $4.00.

THE REBUILDING OF EUROPE
By David Jayne Hill
The most important and illuminating contribution of the year to the literature of the war. At once a scholarly presentation of past faiths and a brilliant forecast of the internationalism which may develop in the future. Reveals the deeply-lying causes of this war, and presents a method for preventing future wars. $1.50.

RODIN: THE MAN AND HIS WORK
With Leaves from His Note Books
By Judith Cladel
A critical and biographical study of the greatest of modern sculptors, with seven chapters written by himself. Mlle. Cladel's interpretation of Rodin's life and work, based on personal data, has been authorized by the master himself, whose own contributions make this unquestionably the most important art publication of the year. *Fully illustrated. Quarto, boxed,* $5.00.

RAEMAEKERS' CARTOONS
By Louis Raemaekers
Over 100 drawings, in two colors, by the Dutch artist of whom a famous German publicist has said: "He is worth at least two Army Corps to the cause of the Allies." *The London Times* calls him "the only great genius brought out by the war." The Century Co. are now the exclusive American publishers of his books. Explanatory text by Chesterton, Kipling, etc. *Quarto, boxed,* $5.00.

MRS. FISKE
Her Views on Acting, Actors and the Problems of Production
By Alexander Woollcott
Conversations with the most interesting woman on the American stage, revealing her extraordinary "theatre wisdom" as actress, director, and producer, by the former dramatic critic of *The New York Times.* A book for playwright, player, and playgoer alike,—delightful, inspiring, witty, suggestive, and amazingly intelligent. *Illustrated.* $2.00.

At All Bookstores Published by THE CENTURY CO. 353 Fourth Avenue New York City
(The new illustrated holiday catalogue of Century books sent on request)

LEADING JUDGES OF LITERATURE ARE ALL AGREED THAT THE GREAT AMERICAN NOVEL HAS COME AT LAST.
IT HAS BEEN WRITTEN BY A NORTH AMERICAN ABOUT SOUTH AMERICA
EL SUPREMO
Edward Lucas White's
Romantic Historical Novel About Dr. Francia, the Famous Dictator of Paraguay, Weaves a New Bond of Interest Between North and South America.
Its graphic, charming pictures of life in sunlit Asuncion 100 years ago—exactly true in all their colorful details—transport the reader to
A New and Fascinating Land of Romance
different from anything he has ever read before, fresh, picturesque, delightful. Its story, full of plots and counterplots, political intrigues, revolutionary scheming, social entanglements, romantic episodes holds him absorbed from first page to last.
The New England adventurer, William Hawthorne, who goes to Paraguay ostensibly to promote the export of mate, or Paraguayan tea, but secretly for the purpose of overthrowing the iron-handed El Supremo, is at once swept into plots and mysteries and dramatic events, into the gay social life of the aristocracy and the miseries of the poor, even into intimate friendship with the Dictator himself.
The novel has been compared by leading literary critics with George Eliot's "Romola," with Conrad's "Nostromo," with Winston Churchill's "Richard Carvel," with Kipling's "Kim," with Conan Doyle's "The White Company," with Blackmore's "Lorna Doone." Here are in brief some of their judgments upon it:
"It Comes Alive Under Our Eyes." "The Big Book of the Year."
"It Enriches Our Literature." "Pages of Enchantment."
"A Rare Kind of Novel." "A Fine and Splendid Picture."
Rare and fortunate is the novel that wins from critics such unanimous approval and such varied praise as the critical journals of America have given to "El Supremo."
Price $1.90 net. Postage extra. At all bookstores.
E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY, 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

SOME WONDERFUL REPRINTS
By SAMUEL BUTLER
THE WAY OF ALL FLESH
Arnold Bennett says: "It is one of the greatest novels of the world." Net, $1.50.
THE NOTE BOOKS OF SAMUEL BUTLER
North American Review says: "To discover Butler in his notebooks is like discovering Montaigne in his essays. It is an experience one would have been sorry to miss." *Net, $2.00.*
EREWHON
Baltimore American says: "The best satire on the fads and foolishness of the English-speaking world since Swift's "Gulliver's Travels." *Net, $1.50.*
By W. H. HUDSON
IDLE DAYS IN PATAGONIA
N. Y. Herald says: "From first page to last the author's vivid mode of writing makes the volume one of the most charming that has appeared in a long time." *Net, $1.50.*
THE PURPLE LAND
James M. Barrie says: "It is one of the choicest things of our latter-day literature." *Net, $1.50.*
A CRYSTAL AGE
N. Y. Evening Post says: "It has the zeal of the open air, kinship with beauty of all sorts and a relieving glint of humor." *Net, $1.50.*
Postage Extra. At All Bookstores.
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

SEND A COPY TO YOUR PAL IN KHAKI
EVERYMAN'S LIBRARY
734 Volumes to Choose From.
The World's Greatest Books Made in a Size to Fit the Pack of a Soldier.
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE
Write for a complete catalogue of 734 volumes.
Cloth, 50c. net. Beautiful limp red leather, $1.00 net.
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue

Which?
The gay, young Society Leader *or* The fascinating giant Minister
should rule the town? Both were dominant characters. Both were charming. The town loved them both and their adventures and clashes make *"The Heart's Kingdom"* one of the finest books of the year.
The Heart's Kingdom
By Maria Thompson Daviess
A story of serious purpose told in a delightfully human way. The humorous little incidents which also distinguished Miss Daviess' "The Melting of Molly" give enough fun to *"The Heart's Kingdom"* to make you happy and it contains enough philosophy to make you think. Just the gift for a friend or pupil. Illustrated
THE REILLY & BRITTON CO. $1.35

The Greatest of all War Books
UNDER FIRE
By Henri Barbusse (Le Feu)
Over 300,000 copies of the French edition already sold.
A MARVELOUS TRANSLATION
$1.50 Net. Postage Extra. All Bookstores
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., N.Y.

Rare Books
SALE
October 13 to November 3
Shipments just received from Europe
Not yet catalogued
Unusual opportunity for collectors
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave.

GO TO
Malkan's
A COMPLETE LINE OF
MILITARY BOOKS
NEW YORK'S LARGEST BOOKSTORE
42 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 3900 Broad

The Argonaut says:—"The best the war has produced."
A STUDENT IN ARMS
By DONALD HANKEY
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE
$1.50 Net. Postage Extra. All Bookstores
E. P. DUTTON & Co., 681 Fifth Av., N.Y.

CUT DOWN ON SUGAR, HOOVER AGAIN URGES

Food Administrator Pleads for More Saving in Order to Help Our Allies.

STORES HERE DEPLETED

Great Rush by Householders to Lay In Supplies Finds Little to be Had.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Another appeal to the American people to reduce the consumption of sugar so that France and other allied countries might not suffer more severely was made today by Herbert C. Hoover. The present shortage, he said, was brought about by the great increase in exports over normal times.

In urging Americans to conserve the supply Mr. Hoover presented this picture of what the allies of America had accomplished:

"England before the war had the largest per capita consumption of sugar of any nation. This amounted to 93 1-3 pounds per person per year. This has now been reduced to 26 pounds per year, or about one ounce per day per person.

"The United States consumption of sugar averages about ninety pounds per year per person. The Food Administration has asked the saving of seven ounces per week per person, and if this were done it would still leave us a per capita consumption of sugar of sixty-seven pounds per annum, as compared with twenty-six pounds in England, eighteen pounds in France, and twelve pounds in Italy."

In connection with increased exports these figures were given:

"The western allies, which in 1914 received but 5,195,873 pounds, received in 1916 1,325,242,883 pounds, and in 1917 a total of 766,007,128 pounds.

"The northern neutrals—Sweden, Norway, Denmark, and Holland—which prior to the war were purchasing no sugar from the United States, last year bought 140,044,415 pounds."

Mr. Hoover has taken at their word the representatives of thousands of retailers who adopted resolutions here this week promising to help lower prices to the consumer. He sent a telegram to the Federal Food Administrator in each State today, stating that publicity must control the unlicensed retailers and asking that the widest publicity be given to the resolutions adopted by the retailers. The telegram read:

"Representatives of every branch retail grocery trade met with the United States Food Administration Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday. They unanimously passed resolutions indorsing action of President of Food Administration, licensing of dealers in certain food commodities to be put under license and expressed themselves as willing to comply with rules and regulations of Food Administration whether licensed or unlicensed, when dealing in staple foods mentioned in President's proclamation.

"They also passed vigorous resolutions relative to economical methods that should be inaugurated in handling retail grocery business.

"Mailing copies of the resolutions. Give them statewide publicity, remembering that only retailers doing a business $100,000 annually subject to license. Publicity must control the unlicensed retailers."

GREAT RUSH FOR SUGAR HERE.

Householders Warned That This Will Benefit Dishonest Dealers.

The widespread publicity given to the temporary shortage of sugar in this city and in the country, started a rush yesterday into the retail grocery stores, many of which had not a pound left. Others who still had a supply limited sales to three and a half pounds to each customer.

Shortage of the raw material and not the question of price is said to be responsible for present market conditions, and James E. Post, Chairman of the American Refiners' Committee of the Federal Food Administration, pointed this out yesterday at a conference with Henry Moskowitz, Commissioner of Markets. Mr. Post said that householders ought to cut in half their consumption of sugar.

The refineries about New York are closed now, except the American Sugar Refinery in Jersey City and the National refineries in Yonkers and Long Island City. The situation will be improved in three or four weeks, Mr. Post said, when the sugar from Louisiana, California, Colorado and Michigan begins to arrive. Just now the bakers and the food manufacturers are receiving the preference from the refiners, who seek to avoid the disruption of business that would follow the shutting down of some of these places.

Commissioner Moskowitz interviewed, besides Mr. Post, Sylvian L. Stix of Seeman Brothers, President of the Wholesale Grocers' Association, Charles H. Haslop of 537 West Forty-sixth Street, President of the Retail Grocers' Association, and Peter Alnor, Vice President of that organization.

Mr. Moskowitz would not discuss the conferences except to impress upon interviewers the necessity for economy. He probably will send a report to Mayor Mitchel today. He thought that all that can be done at this time will be along the lines of equitable distribution.

President Haslop said that he has been running on a small supply of sugar for the last two or three weeks. On Wednesday, he said, he was selling three and a half pounds of sugar for 22 cents. There was a regular run on the store, and he ordered that no sugar be sold except to regular customers. The price went up to 57 cents. He said this was done not for profit but to discourage unnecessary buying. The same story was told by Mr. Alnor, who has a store at 677 Columbus Avenue.

Both are of the opinion that there is not a retail store in the city with more than ten barrels of sugar on hand. Inquiry at one of the largest grocery stores showed that there was practically a four days' supply on hand. One of the men said that this was selling at 10 cents a pound. He explained that prices have not been changed.

As a move to conserve the sugar supply Copeland Townsend of the Hotel Majestic has had this announcement placed on the hotel's menus:

Sugar (two lumps)—Five cents.
Powdered sugar—Ten cents a portion.

Sugar from now until the end of the war will be served at the Majestic in individual portions and, in order that there may be no charge of price boosting, the management also announces that the price of coffee and tea will be reduced. Maple sugar and tiny pitchers of maple syrup will be served free, when desired.

"Very few people," said Mr. Townsend, "realize the sweetening value of maple sugar in coffee. It accomplishes the same results as sugar and is much cheaper. We have ordered 500 gallons of maple syrup from Vermont, and hope to see it come into universal use until the sugar shortage is abated."

One of the reasons for the shortage of sugar, it is said, is the lack of transportation facilities, which is hampering distribution. Facts About Sugar, a trade journal, will point this out in its issue today, and will assign to this the delay in the opening of the beet sugar manufacturing season, which ordinarily begins Oct. 1.

The amount of sugar in the hands of refiners and wholesale distributers is known to the Food Administration, and the problem of its distribution is now engaging the attention of those having that matter in charge.

Those who have studied conditions in the trade are of the opinion that there is no excuse for the charging of high prices by the retailers. The wholesale price of refined granulated sugar is being held at 8.35 cents a pound. Retailers can realize their usual profits by selling at an advance of one cent a pound above that figure.

Most of the retailers are not taking an undue advantage of the situation, but there are cases where, on the plea of shortage, as high as 20 cents a pound is being charged. One large grocer said that a customer had offered him 25 cents a pound for twenty-five pounds of sugar. He refused, he said, because he believed it would be more just to distribute that amount among a greater number of persons.

Consumers are asked by Commissioner Moskowitz to buy only enough sugar to meet present needs and to endeavor to make their purchases go as far as possible. They should also refuse to be mulcted for higher prices. It is pointed out that a public scramble to obtain sugar will increase the scarcity and will give the dishonest dealers a chance to reap undue profits through high prices.

The Board of Estimate compiled yesterday with the request of Mayor Mitchel, and has authorized him to request from State Food Commissioner Mitchell permission for the city to buy, store and sell foods for the benefit of the people.

The board also passed a resolution authorizing an investigation of the reports that food supplies were being speculated in to the disadvantage of the consumers.

Jamaica Bars Sugar Exports.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Oct. 19.—The Government has issued an order prohibiting the exportation of this year's sugar crop, owing to the shortage of sugar here. The prices have been advancing for some time. The factories will begin making sugar in December.

MAYO REPORTS TO WILSON.

Tells the President About the Recent Naval Conference in London.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Admiral Henry T. Mayo, Commander in Chief of the Atlantic fleet, made a personal report to President Wilson late this afternoon on the results of his participation in the recent naval conference at London. Secretary Daniels accompanied the Admiral to the White House and was present during the conference.

The Admiral's reports to the Navy Department and to the General Board of the Navy have been completed and go into every phase of the naval situation in European waters dealt with by Admiral Mayo in his London conference and tour of inspection.

B. R. T. HIRES WOMEN AS SUBWAY GUARDS

Ten Begin Training on Fourth Avenue Line—To Take Places of Men Called to War.

Ten women yesterday began to take instruction in the work of subway guards on the Fourth Avenue line of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit lines in Brooklyn, and will take the places of men during the rush hours soon. As more men leave to enter military service the women will be employed steadily and their numbers will be increased. They will receive the pay of the men, which is about 25 cents an hour.

Women are already employed as cashiers and ticket takers on all the lines of the B. R. T., and when the need for more guards was not filled from the applications sent in by men, ten women were selected from the cashiers' waiting list to begin work as guards. A special car was sent over the line several times yesterday so that the women could learn the stations. Some timidity was shown by the new guards at first when they had to shout the names of the stations loudly and keep repeating. "Watch your step."

All the doors of the cars to be given to the new guards are operated by air pressure, and it is necessary only to touch buttons to open and close them. The closing of the doors gives the signal to the motorman, and the women do not have to pull bell cords. John J. Dempsey, superintendent of transportation for the B. R. T., said that the new guards would be able to work after instruction of about a week. They will travel in the trains for several days, observing the work of the men guards. The uniforms of the new guards will be similar to those worn by the men. They will also wear caps with gold lettering on the front.

LAUDER STIRS DRAFT MEN.

Sings and Then Gives a Talk on His Trip to the Trenches.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, YAPHANK, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Harry Lauder appeared tonight before 2,000 recruits and officers, all that could be crowded into the Y. M. C. A. tent, singing many of his familiar songs, in which the men joined. At the end of his program a cry went for more.

"Just before I came on the stage tonight," said Lauder, "I was asked to sing the 'Wee Hoose 'Mang the Heather.' The last time I sang that was at the front, at Arras, where I had 15,000 Scottish troops grouped in a gigantic horseshoe around me. After this experience I have never looked upon the tune as a song. It is a hymn."

Then, without accompaniment, Lauder sang "The Wee Hoose 'Mang the Heather." It was a new side to the Scotch comedian, rarely seen by most of his audiences, as Lauder, wearing a black band around his sleeve in mourning for his son, who was killed in France, sang the simple tune.

ADVERTISEMENT.

5% INCOME CLEAR

Our Tax Exempt First Mortgage Participation Certificates are the best investment for those who cannot afford to lose their money.

Just now you can invest any sum from $200 up and receive 5% interest.

These Certificates are part of a specific Guaranteed First Mortgage.

No investor has ever lost a dollar

Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co.

Capital & Surplus, $10,000,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

ADVERTISEMENT.

"We Are Opposed to War"

Morris Hillquit, Socialist candidate for Mayor, in his speech at Madison Square Garden, October 14th.

This means—if it means anything—that "we are against the present war."

On Sunday night, October 14th, at Madison Square Garden, 15,000 disloyal Socialists shouted themselves hoarse against the war policy of the United States.

This is Sedition!

This is Intolerable!

It threatens the safety of the Republic. It encourages Germany. It invites failure for the second Liberty Loan.

We stopped soap-box sedition by the force of public opinion. We can stop Socialist sedition in the same way. WE MUST STOP IT!

The American Defense Society calls upon all loyal New Yorkers to join its Vigilance Corps and HELP STAMP OUT SEDITION.

Fill out the coupon and mail today—there is no time like now for action.

Every member receives the Society's button and Certificate of Membership.

THE AMERICAN DEFENSE SOCIETY

ADVISORY BOARD

HON. DAVID JAYNE HILL, Pres. Ex-Ambassador to Germany
HON. ROBERT BACON, Ex-Ambassador to France
HON. PERRY BELMONT, Vice-President, Navy League
HON. CHAS. J. BONAPARTE, Ex-Attorney General, U. S.
JOHN GRIER HIBBEN, President Princeton University
HENRY B. JOY, Pres., Lincoln Highway Assn.
HUDSON MAXIM, Member, Naval Advisory Bd.
HON. THEODORE ROOSEVELT, Ex-Pres. of the United States

AMERICAN DEFENSE SOCIETY, Inc., 303 Fifth Avenue, New York:
Please enrol me as a member of the American Defense Society. I enclose my check for $1.00—Annual Membership, $5.00—Sustaining Membership, $10.00—Subscribing Membership, $25.00—Contributing Membership.

Name.....
Street Address.....
City and State.....Date.....1917

Make checks payable to Robert Appleton, Treasurer

N. Y. Times.

What Does Your Blood Lack?

Across the conference table and in the shop; at the desk and on the platform—everywhere—iron-blooded health conquers. The world holds its richest rewards for the man whose bodily strength equals his soul's ambition. For the weak it has only pity and sympathy.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

Restores the vitality by recharging the source of vigor—the blood—with the elements that make for strength. If your endurance is below par, and you are frequently languid and listless; if you are pale and anemic and these symptoms are not indications of a serious organic disease, a course of Pepto-Mangan will prove highly beneficial.

Study this picture so you will know how the genuine Gude's Pepto-Mangan looks. It is never sold in bulk.

Pepto-Mangan invigorates the body by supplying the blood with liberal quantities of digestible iron—which adds to the blood millions of new, rich, red blood cells. Thin, sluggish blood becomes enriched, and the circulation improves. A stream of iron-rugged vitality flows through the system bringing rejuvenation to its overtired organs.

Pepto-Mangan is a desirable tonic for the anemic, the overworked, the aged, and the convalescent. Its taste is exceedingly agreeable, and it cannot injure the teeth nor disturb digestion.

Friendly Warning: Gude's is the only true Pepto-Mangan. It is sold only in bottles and packages as pictured here. It is never sold in bulk. Reject substitutes—there are many. Read circular around bottle. For sale by all druggists.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by
M. J. BREITENBACH CO., New York
Manufacturing Chemists

When the motion picture theatre has either of these two trade marks or names

TRADE MARK Paramount Pictures TRADE MARK ARTCRAFT PICTURES

in its announcements, or in its lobby you needn't look for the name of the play but pick up the folks and go.

It will be good!

FAMOUS PLAYERS-LASKY CORPORATION
ADOLPH ZUKOR Pres. JESSE L. LASKY Vice Pres. CECIL B. DE MILLE Director General
NEW YORK

ARTCRAFT PICTURES

One of the first to go was

"KELLY OF THE FOREIGN LEGION"

¶ Russell A. Kelly sailed for France November 3rd, 1914. He has been missing since June 16th, 1915. Read his letters home, and an historical sketch of the Foreign Legion, just published in book form.

"His adventurous spirit lives in these fascinating letters. The compiler throws out hints of greater romance yet to come by his references to information that Kelly succeeded in hiding himself while recovering from his wounds and getting himself treated as a prisoner by the Germans."—New York Sun.

MITCHELL KENNERLEY PUBLISHER NEW YORK

Children's Liberty Loan Day

TO-DAY a score of children will work for the war. Youthful celebrities, well known to followers of the stage and moving picture, will sell Liberty Bonds at booths under the auspices of the Women's Committee.

Among those who have volunteered are Edna Teer, at the Ritz; Miriam Schiller, at the Plaza; Marion Vittista, at the Astor; Dorothy Camden, from Maude Adams's "Peter Pan" company, at Arnold Constable's; Jane and Elizabeth Lee, at the St. Regis; Rosalie Hatting, at Bonwit Teller's; Elizabeth Kennedy, at the Biltmore; Dorothy S. James, at the Gotham; Archie Batiste, at the Brevoort; Willie Batiste, at the Lafayette; Sunshine Jarman, at the McAlpin, and Marjorie Sterret, at Macy's.

Buy Bonds From the Children—For the Children

Space contributed by a subscriber to the Liberty Loan.

Women's Liberty Loan Committee
Columbia Trust Company
34th Street and Fifth Avenue

COLLEGE FOOTBALL PROGRAM PROMISES STIRRING CLASHES TODAY

FEAST IS SET OUT ON GRIDIRON TODAY

Mid-November Flavor to List of Football Games Scheduled for the Colleges.

FORDHAM VS. HOLY CROSS

Columbia and N. Y. U. Will Also Play at Home—West Virginia to Meet Dartmouth.

A glance over today's football menu shows a list of gridiron attractions which has distinctly a mid-November flavor. Many of the contests to be played this afternoon are of exceptional interest and in spite of the absence of Harvard, Yale and Princeton, there is an unusual interest in the other elevens. The season is not going to be as barren of stirring football battles as it threatened to be before the colleges opened, and at the majority of the institutions there has really been more athletic activity, especially in regard to football, than there has been in former seasons.

With the Crimson, Ellis and the Tigers missing, the lesser colleges assume proportionately greater prominence, and it is certain that when the big three decides to return to regular schedule, it is going to find greater football power among the smaller teams than they have ever encountered in the past.

New Yorkers will have a chance to see some good football with Fordham, Columbia and New York University all in action. Fordham will meet its traditional rival Holy Cross at a much earlier date than in former seasons. Fordham ran up a big score against Norwich last week, which seems to indicate that Dr. McCaffery has a promising squad. Injuries will keep some of his players out of the game, but in spite of this the Maroon followers expect to win. The Worcester college has not appeared to have any unusual strength thus far this season, having lost several of last year's players. Fordham also has lost many of its strongest line men, but the Maroon nevertheless has a formidable eleven. This contest is sure to be a gruelling, hard-fought affair and will be well worth witnessing.

Union to Test Columbia.

Columbia will face its first real test against Union. Last year Union won by the narrow margin of a drop kick and the Blue and White expects another close game. Union played a fast game against Williams a couple of weeks ago, losing by a 13 to 6 score against the eleven which last week furnished the surprise of the week by defeating Cornell. The New York University-Wesleyan game will undoubtedly attract a good crowd to Ohio Field and this clash will furnish a good estimate of the worth of both elevens.

There is no little interest in the resuming of football relations between Cornell and Colgate. After the interval in four years these teams will play at Ithaca. Colgate last season was rated first among the Eastern elevens with a truly great team, and of this wonderful collection of athletes, Gillo, Spencer, Hubbell and Castellanos remain as a foundation for this year's eleven. Cornell's eleven has lost its best players and judging from the defeat by Williams last week, Colgate will probably have another surprise to give Dr. Sharpe's pupils.

The lightweight Dartmouth eleven is assuming a big job when it takes on the husky mountaineers from West Virginia this afternoon. This team stopped off in New York Thursday night on its way to Hanover and Coach Clifton had a collection of young giants who looked dangerous enough to strike fear into any team. West Virginia still has Rodgers at full back, who was regarded as one of the best players last season. They also have a new star at quarter back in Harris, and other veterans are Captain Bailey at centre and Ice and Harrick at the tackle positions. The Mountaineers were defeated this year by Pittsburgh by a score of 14 to 9 in a close game, while they defeated the Navy 6 to 0 and the midshipmen had the benefit of the coaching of Gilmour Dobie, who had a clean record as an undefeated coach for a period of two years before it was broken by the West Virginia giants.

Syracuse Seeks Revenge.

Another game of more than passing interest is the Pittsburgh-Syracuse contest. Last week Syracuse defeated Rutgers by a narrow margin of 14 to 10 and the Salt City collegians are anxious to wipe out last year's decisive defeat by Glen Warner's eleven. Pitt seems to have almost as fine an eleven as last season and promises to make another clean sweep this season.

Harvard's informal eleven will get into action today, playing the Maine Heavy Artillery eleven, a team of soldiers made up of former college players. Penn State and Washington and Jefferson give promise of a hard-fought battle, while there are a number of other games which will tend to dispel the general impression that there will be a scarcity of good football this fall.

The Yale Freshmen will play the first game that any Yale team has played since war was declared and at the Yale Bowl will have Exeter as a rival. Tad Jones, the 'Varsity coach, is handling the Eli youngsters, who are receiving more than usual attention this year. The freshman contest at Harvard, Yale and Princeton will be the only competition of an intercollegiate gridiron nature at these institutions this Fall.

Penn should have no trouble with Bucknell, but Rutgers will probably have another hard task on its hands when it lines up against Lafayette at Easton. The Army tackles Tufts, while the Navy will play the Carlisle Indians.

There has been no noticeable change in Western football and all the big contests will be played as usual. Today's program in the West includes several important contests, including Chicago and Purdue, Michigan and the Michigan Aggies, Minnesota and Indiana, Ohio, last year's Conference champions, will play Carnegie Tech at Pittsburgh.

RIVALS MEET AT FOOTBALL.

Fordham and Holy Cross to Clash in Annual Game.

Fordham and Holy Cross—ancient rivals on the gridiron—meet this afternoon on Fordham Field in their annual game. The Worcester team has played only one game this season, with Brown, but has improved considerably since this defeat. The elevens are evenly matched in weight and have a fast backfield. Holy Cross possesses a superior set of forwards.

Holy Cross was defeated in 1915 and 1916, but the Purple supporters believe this is their year. Christiansen, Fordham's 'Varsity tackle, is the only regular who will be unable to play. Gulick, the former Princeton Prep player, will take his place. Frisch limped in practice but will start the game.

Coach McCaffery gave the players a brisk drill yesterday afternoon. The first eleven ran through plays, while the scrubs all had a trial in the line-up. Brennan got off some long punts in the kicking drill. Frisch booted over a number of placement goals. A number of kick-offs was made to the team as it lined up for the opening of a game.

After the practice a Captain was elected to succeed "Bull" Lowe, who is "somewhere in France" with the Fordham ambulance unit. Joe Kendricks of Boston was chosen. Bill Erwig received a number of votes. The new Captain is playing his third season as guard on the Maroon eleven.

Coach McCaffery was undecided last night whether he would start Dempsey or Colletti at full back. Fordham will line up as follows: Left end, Fitzpatrick; left tackle, Gulick; left guard, Kendricks; centre, Crowley; right guard, Fogarty, right tackle, McGrath; right end, Dumol; quarter back, Brennan; left half back, Erwig; right half back, Frisch; full back, Dempsey or Colletti.

FOOTBALL GAMES TODAY.

EAST AND SOUTH.

Army vs. Tufts at West Point.
Navy vs. Carlisle at Annapolis.
New York University vs. Wesleyan at Ohio Field.
Columbia vs. Union at South Field.
Fordham vs. Holy Cross at Fordham Field.
Cornell vs. Colgate at Ithaca.
Dartmouth vs. West Virginia at Hanover.
Pennsylvania vs. Bucknell at Philadelphia.
Rutgers vs. Lafayette at Easton.
Washington and Jefferson vs. Penn State at Washington, Penn.
University of Pittsburgh vs. Syracuse at Pittsburgh.
Georgetown vs. Lehigh at South Bethlehem.
Brown vs. Boston College at Providence.
Amherst vs. Springfield Y. M. C. A. at Amherst.
Williams vs. Hamilton at Williamstown.
Swarthmore vs. Gettysburg at Swarthmore.
Stevens Tech vs. U. S. Naval Air Corps at Hoboken.
Rowdoin vs. Colby at Waterville.
Catholic University vs. Villanova at Washington.
Delaware vs. Western Maryland at Newark, Del.
Georgia Tech vs. University of Virginia at Atlanta.
Haverford vs. Ursinus at Haverford.
Hobart vs. St. Lawrence at Geneva.
Johns Hopkins vs. Dickinson at Baltimore.
Louisiana State vs. University of the South at New Orleans.
Middlebury vs. Massachusetts Aggies at Middlebury.
Muhlenberg vs. Franklin and Marshall at Allen.
Rhode Island State vs. New Hampshire State at Kingston.
Randolph-Macon vs. William and Mary at Williamsbridge.
Ohio University vs. Carnegie Institute at Pittsburgh.
Richmond vs. Hampton-Sydney at Richmond.
Susquehanna vs. Gallaudet at Sunbery.
Trinity vs. Connecticut Aggies at Hartford.
University of Alabama vs. Mississippi College at Tuscaloosa.
University of Florida vs. Georgia at Athens.
University of Kentucky vs. Vanderbilt at Lexington.
Maine vs. Bates at Orono.
University of North Carolina vs. University of South Carolina at Charleston.
Rochester vs. Buffalo at Rochester.
University of Tennessee vs. Mississippi Aggies at Knoxville.
Virginia Military Institute vs. Maryland State at Lexington.
West Virginia Wesleyan vs. Westminster at Buckhannon.
Worcester Poly vs. Rensselaer Poly at Worcester.
Fisk University vs. Atlanta University at Nashville.
Harvard Formal vs. Maine Heavy Artillery at Cambridge.
Phillips-Andover vs. Dartmouth Freshmen at Andover.
Phillips-Exeter vs. Yale Freshmen at Exeter.

WEST.

University of Michigan vs. Michigan Aggies at Ann Arbor.
University of Chicago vs. Purdue at Chicago.
Illinois vs. Wisconsin at Urbana.
Iowa vs. Grinnell at Iowa City.
Minnesota vs. Indiana at Minneapolis.
Notre Dame vs. Nebraska at Lincoln.
Oberlin vs. Ohio Wesleyan at Delaware, Ohio.
Beloit vs. Ripon at Beloit.
De Pauw vs. University of Louisville at Greencastle.
De Paul vs. Kansas City University at Chicago.
Wabash vs. Rose Poly at Terre Haute.
Washington State vs. Oregon at Pullman.
Western Reserve vs. Kenyon at Cleveland.
Detroit vs. Kalamazoo at Detroit.
Marietta vs. Davis and Elkins at Marietta.
Oregon Aggies vs. University of Washington at Corvallis.

SCHOOL GAMES.

H. S. of Commerce vs. Stuyvesant H. S. at C. C. N. Y. Stadium.
Commercial H. S. vs. Poly Prep at Commercial Field, Brooklyn.
Boys' H. S. vs. Rutgers Prep at New Brunswick, N. J.
Manual Training H. S. vs. New York Military Academy at Cornwall, N. Y.
Flushing H. S. vs. St. Paul's School at Garden City, Long Island.
St. John's Prep vs. New Utrecht at Ulmer Park, Long Island.
Brooklyn Prep vs. Marquand School at Hawthorne Field, Brooklyn.

N. Y. U. FIT FOR WESLEYAN.

Violet Has Final Hard Drill for First Home Game.

A light signal drill completed the preparation of both the New York University elevens for the games today. The freshmen who meet Erasmus Hall in a preliminary game on the home grounds had a thorough rehearsal of all the plays taught them by Coach Wall. The 'Varsity, which faces Wesleyan, besides using all plays and formations, paid special attention to the forward pass. The game with Wesleyan will be the first home contest of the season and the Violet warriors, who have had considerable drill all week in breaking up the formations Wesleyan is expected to use, are hopeful of a favorable outcome.

An announcement yesterday that Finley was again declared ineligible resulted in a slight change in the lineup. Ebenfeld, who has been primed for a backfield position, will probably be put back to his old post at end. This will give Fiedelbaum, who has been playing eyeful of late, a chance to start as fullback. According to a decision of the athletic authorities, all men in service uniforms will gain admission to the games free. The probable Violet lineup will be Ebenfeld, l. e.; Sokolower, l. t.; Sulzer, l. g.; Brin, c.; Goldberg, r. g.; Fernandez, r. t.; Gardiner, r. e.; Christopher, q. b.; Egan, l. h. b.; Gilloon, r. h. b.; Fiedelbaum, f. b.

WESLEYAN IS CONFIDENT.

Coach Fauver Lets Eleven Rest for Game with N. Y. U. Today.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Oct. 19.—Owing to the military training work, Coach Fauver held no practice for the Wesleyan football team this afternoon. The team is all ready for its game with New York University in that city tomorrow, however. The only 'Varsity man who will not be in the lineup is Froidevaux at right guard, who has a bad knee. Seeley will be substituted for him. Captain Woolley, who has been out of the game at left end with a lame ankle, will be in the lineup, as will K. Y. Dixon at full back.

Hahn will start the game at quarter back, although Keeler will probably be used there before the game is over. The last practice was held Thursday afternoon and the 'Varsity played snappily and scored three times on the scrub, each touchdown resulting from an end run by Keeler.

STEVENS TO MEET AVIATORS

Naval Team to Face Engineers at Hoboken Today.

Football fans are expecting a hard game in Hoboken today when Stevens and United States Naval aviators meet. Last Saturday's victory over Wesleyan filled the Stevens players with confidence, but as many of the Tars are old college stars the Naval players are prepared to put up a stiff fight. One-third of the proceeds are to go to the soldiers' tobacco fund.

The aviators' eleven is composed of former college and prep school players. In the backfield Sears, a former Michigan star, is at full back; Copwell, from the University of Pittsburgh; Barr, a Cornell freshman; Gould, a St. Paul's School player and Yale hockey star; Harris, of Cornell, and Maxwell, of Poly Prep. On the line is Taylor of Princeton, Noble of Columbia, Corbin of Michigan and Briggs, Carlton and Crosby, all good men, but without college experience.

In a two-hour scrimmage yesterday the Stevens scrubs were unable to gain on the 'Varsity, while Goodale and Bloss averaged more than fifty yards in a punting contest. Stevens will average about 180 pounds in the line Saturday, while the backfield will weigh about 175 pounds.

The Stevens line-up probably will be: Carlson, left end; Brune, left tackle; Breth, left guard; Johnsen, centre; Moeller, right guard; Fiockhart, right tackle; Swenson, right end; Bloss, quarter back; Deghme, left half; Ford, right half; Goodale, full back.

COLUMBIA COLTS BEAT SCHOOLBOYS

Freshmen Defeat De Witt Clinton at Football by the Score of 7 to 0.

The Columbia Freshman eleven displayed a scrappy brand of football against De Witt Clinton yesterday and won by the score of 7 to 0. Laskey, half back from the high school of Bronxville, N. Y., was the individual star, his work on end runs and tackling being excellent. In the third period he made a sixty-yard run that made possible the lone score of the afternoon. De Witt Clinton relied on end runs and short and long forward passes for the greater part of her gains. Guldowski, Friedlander, and De Stephano were the best players for the high school boys. Garragus, tackle on the yearling team, received a sprained ankle on the kick-off, which will put him on the shelf for at least a week. Kininger, who served as acting Captain, bolstered up the Columbia line and made a greater number of tackles than any other player.

From the start the Freshmen outfought the visitors, gaining three first downs. Then Clinton held for downs and carried the ball up the field in a desperate attempt to score. It was fourth down on Columbia's twelve-yard line, and Silverman called for a forward pass. It sailed over the yearlings' goal line, but was knocked to the ground by two of the Columbia backs. Later, in the second quarter, the Freshmen had the ball on their own thirty-yard line and carried it to Clinton's twenty-five before the half ended.

After Columbia had kicked off, De Stephano and Eisenbrun carried the ball to Columbia's thirty-five-yard line. Silverman called for a forward pass, and the ball sailed into the hands of Laskey, who took it sixty yards before he was tackled over the side line. On the next play Stewart went over for the touchdown. Stewart also kicked the goal. In the last three minutes of play Clinton tried eight forwards—with only one success.

The line-up:

Columbia. (7.)	Position.	De Witt C.. (0.)
Johnson	L. E.	Galbraith
Korn	L. T.	Guldowski
Weiss	L. G.	Herman
Kininger	C.	Wacker
Backrack	R. G.	Mitchell
Garragus	R. T.	Watson
Eccles	R. E.	Friedlander
Stewart	Q. B.	Silverman
Laskey	L. H. B.	Lake
Mills	R. H. B.	Guldowski
De Fronzo	F. B.	De Stephano

Touchdown—Stewart. Goal from touchdown, Stewart. Substitutions—Columbia: Kalensky for Johnson, Kernau for Garragus, Mulinoke for Laskey, Johnson for Kernau, Relyea for Kernau, Kernau for Relyea, Relyea for Korn. De Witt Clinton: Canter for Lake, Elsenbern for Welchsler. Referee—Ed Thorpe, De La Salle.

COLUMBIA TRIES SIGNALS.

Coach Metcalf Optimistic Over Prospects Against Union.

Columbia's 'Varsity eleven watched the freshmen defeat DeWitt Clinton yesterday and afterward had a sharp signal drill for three-quarters of an hour. Coaches Metcalf and Thorp expect Union to show just how good the Blue and White will be this season, for the visitors have a heavy, though inexperienced team and are reported to have improved since last Saturday's defeat by Amherst. The game is scheduled to start at 3:30 on South Field.

Both Metcalf and Thorp appeared to be quite optimistic over the prospect for a Columbia victory over Union. The lineup will not be announced until just before the game, but it is believed that it will be as follows: Ends, Captain Cochran, Kennedy; tackles, Farrar, Farrell; guards, Rosen, Kindleberger; centre, Garvan; quarter, Miller; left half, Canapary; right half, Shaw; full back, Houlahan. Houlahan will do the punting, while Howard Miller will do the drop and goal kicking, and Cochran the placements.

HARVARD TEAM IN SHAPE.

Despite Loss of Three Veterans Line Is Strong for Game Today.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 19.—The Harvard 'Varsity football team will play its third game of the season tomorrow, meeting the First Maine Heavy Artillery eleven from Camp Bartlett, Westfield, Mass. The game will be played for the benefit of the American Red Cross.

On the Maine eleven are several well-known college players, among whom are Gardner, an old 'Varsity tackle at Harvard; Curtis, one of the best kickers on recent Dartmouth teams; Lee of Tufts and Holy Cross, the New England intercollegiate runner, and Fraser, an all-star back at Colby for several years. Harvard will be without the services of Captain Snow, Stone, and Church, but this week the line has been helped out by the placing of Flynn at centre and Higgins at end.

HEAVY RAIN AT CORNELL.

Field a Sea of Mud on Eve of Game with Colgate.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 19.—With mud inches deep on the field following a day of rain, the Cornell-Colgate football teams will meet here tomorrow afternoon at Schoellkopf Field to battle in the biggest home game of the Red and White season. The Colgate team arrived in Ithaca this afternoon, but on account of the rain and muddy condition of the field did not get in any practice, but remained idle, as did Cornell.

Coach Sharpe fears the Colgate back field, but he has hopes that the Cornell offensive can solve the defensive play of the visitors sufficiently to give Cornell a score. Eisenbrant will probably start the game at right end in place of Harris, while Carey will be back at his job at quarter back.

RENSSELAER SHOWS FORM.

Strenuous Practice Has Marked Preparations for Worcester.

TROY, N. Y., Oct. 19.—In preparation for tomorrow's game against the Worcester Tech team at Worcester, Coach Jack Reed has driven the Rensselaer Polytechnic eleven hard and on the eve of the game the team is confident.

Although most of the likely 'Varsity players are new to the team this season, there have been many more candidates than usual from which to select, with the result that the men have been kept on their mettle to hold coveted positions. The defeat of New York University gave the unseasoned team confidence, while the success of their rapid-fire open play in that contest has led to further development in that more skillful department of football. Captain Robertson, who is one of the best all-round athletes at the institute, has not been entirely restored to condition yet, but in Foster has been found a quarterback that is a quick and accurate leader, while Kwan, the Chinese quarterback, has been an energizing force in practice. Poll Parrott, who scored the points in the last game, and Lawes, who made the record long run last season, are exceptionally speedy backs. Voorhies, a Brooklyn boy and a sophomore, is a recruit who has come forward rapidly in the last two weeks and promises to make good on the line.

The probable lineup of the Rensselaer Poly team for its game at Worcester is: Sweet and Frank, ends; McClelland and Armstrong, tackles; Voorhies, Alvarez, or Bartz, guards; Richards, centre; Foster or Kwan, quarterback; Parrott, Lawes, or Walsh, halfbacks; Piloff, fullback.

FULL POWER TO TENER.

National League Gives Authority to Him to Act in Baltimore Suit.

At a special meeting of the National League yesterday President John K. Tener received full power to act for the league in the matter of the suit of the Baltimore Club of the former Federal League. He will represent his organization in consultation with legal advisers looking toward any action which may be undertaken either in defense of the suit or otherwise. The meeting was attended by the Presidents of all the National League clubs with the exception of St. Louis, Branch Rickey being unable to be present.

UBELACKER LEADS CADDIES.

Captures Match Play Title on Siwanoy Country Club Links.

After Douglas Doyle had distanced his opponents in the qualifying round of the annual caddy tournament at the Siwanoy Country Club and was prepared to carry away all the laurels, Henry Ubelacker surprised Doyle with a brand of golf which carried him through the early rounds and brought him the match play title. Charles Nordone reached the final round, but was defeated by Ubelacker. Richard McKeon was the winner of the beaten eight, defeating August Nordone for that honor.

Allen Helliker took down the top prize in the beaten four. Raymond Daley won the thirty-six hole medal play affair with a gross of 172, with Allen Helliker second, with 174. In class B, William Fisher had the best medal score for thirty-six holes, with 191, and George Fussaro was second, with 194.

Several useful prizes were donated by Siwanoy members. Herbert L. Phillips gave a $2.50 gold piece, C. Schaefer presented a gold watch, Tom Kerrigan gave a golf bag, A. B. Gilkes donated two clubs, Oscar Carlson, T. H. Weaver, J. P. McKenna, and F. J. Lennon each gave a club, and Mrs. Breck gave a sweater.

ROSE TREE MEET TODAY.

Good Sport Expected at Hunt Meet Near Philadelphia.

Activities of the hunting set will be transferred today to the Philadelphia district, where the first day's program of the Rose Tree Hunt will be run off over the course at Media. There is a fine list of entries, including many of the best performers in the metropolitan circuit, and good sport is expected this afternoon and on Wednesday and Saturday, when the meeting will be continued.

F. Ambrose Clark, Samuel Willets, and Miss Frayling are among the local owners who will send steeplechasers to compete against the best that can be put in the field by J. E. Widener, Samuel D. Riddle, Mrs. G. H. Stetson, and other Quaker owners.

Four races will be run through the field this afternoon and two on the flat. Good entries have been received for all the events, no less than fifteen two-year-olds having been named for the Edgemont Plate, including Major E. B. Cassatt's Perigourdine and Trite, both recent winners on the regular tracks.

RUTGERS ELEVEN IS READY.

Football Relations with Lafayette to be Resumed Today.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Oct. 19.—The Rutgers football squad will leave here tomorrow morning for Easton for the first game of football which has been played between Rutgers and Lafayette for a number of years. The New Brunswick eleven will be minus the services of Feitner, tackle, who has a bad wrist, and Rumel, end. Newschaffer, who has been shifted from guard to replace Feitner, has shown marked improvement this week, and promises to fill his berth successfully.

Coach Foster Sanford has announced the following lineup: Robeson, left end; Newschaffer, left tackle; Franke, left guard; Gray, centre; K. Rollins, right guard; Randall, right tackle; Sutton, right end; Baker, quarter back; Gargan, left half back; Kelly, right half back, and Whitehill, full back. A big crowd of students will accompany the team to Easton.

DEER PLENTIFUL IN MAINE.

New York Hunters Also Report Ducks Numerous in Aroostock.

Reports from hunters who went to Maine camps with the opening of the season on both birds and game on Oct. 1, which have been received in this city, say that deer are more plentiful than they were a year ago, when New York hunters secured their limit with but little trouble.

A letter received recently from a yachtsman who is a regular visitor to Maine camps says:

"Although I am here in the wilds of the upper Piscataquis County, in the heart of the lake region and miles from any railroad station, I seem to see about as many fellows I know as I would in a day on the Nassau links or at a Meadowbrook hunt meet. We are all having a rattling good time and getting plenty of deer to shoot at, though it is getting harder each year to bring them down. Their smellers are more acute and they seem to scent a guide who gets within rifle shot. A bunch of Wall Street sharps who came here the last days of September and were at work on Monday when the law went off, left here tonight for civilization, having shot all the law allows. They were over on the edge of Somerset County and say they saw a few moose, which are very wild, owing to the fact that the lumbermen have been shooting them in spite of the fact that they are protected until 1921. Beef is so hard to get that the lumber camps yell for moose meat and get it, too, according to the guides, who are dead sore at them and would like nothing better than to catch the Canucks in the act and then turn them over to the game protectors. We had a flying glimpse at a big caribou with a wonderful spread of horn. He was headed for the Aroostook country and we could not get a shot at him as they are under a five years' protection. He was the first one I had seen here in four years."

Ducks are flying in large numbers about all the lakes and the guides say are more numerous than they have been of late years. The movement to the southward does not seem to have begun, so the chances are there will be good shooting at them during the whole of this month and into early November.

Partridge, on the other hand, are scarce, the cold, wet Spring having killed off lots of the hatch this year. The few that are shot are plump, with full breasts, and fine eating whether roasted on spits, broiled or baked in mud covers. There is a fair flight of woodcock and some quail, but on the whole the reports are that aside from ducks the bird shooting is away below par.

New Head for State College Team.

STATE COLLEGE, Penn., Oct. 19.—Larry Shields, holder of the Pennsylvania State track record in the 880-yard run and mile run, has been elected Captain of the Blue and White Track Team. He succeeds Harold Barron, who left college for war service. Shields entered State College from Westchester High School and he is registered with the Junior Class, representing the Meadowbrook Club of Philadelphia. He won the Junior mile championship in the A. A. U. meet in St. Louis in August. C. K. Denny of Harrisburg was elected Track Manager, with Marshall B. Clark of Washington as his assistant.

Boxing Bouts Tonight.

Fairmount A. C.—Vic Moran vs. Pete Hartley. Ten rounds.

Broadway S. C., Brooklyn.—Jimmy Duffy vs. Larry Hansen, Sailor Joe Kelly vs. Sailor Johnny Moran, Red McDonald vs. Hughie Breslin. Three ten-round bouts.

Clermont S. C., Brooklyn.—Mike McTigue vs. Jeff Smith. Ten rounds.

CRIMPER FINISHES IN VAN AT LAUREL

Withstands Rush of Miller's Ticket and Captures the Sammies Handicap.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 19.—There was comparative quietness at the race track today, following the exciting scenes attending the race between Hourless and Omar Khayyam yesterday, but the crowd, which was above the average, had the satisfaction of seeing some excellent racing. There were only four starters in the Sammies Handicap at a mile and a sixteenth, which was the feature of the card. It resulted in a victory for Ral Parr's Crimper, one of the hard luck horses of the season.

Butwell, who was deprived of the honor of riding the winner in the big event yesterday, had the mount on Crimper, and handled the imported son of Maintenon in masterly style. There was little early pace, and Crimper had no difficulty in keeping well up in the running. When let down in the stretch Crimper managed to stave off the rush of Andrew Miller's Ticket, and won with a little in hand.

James Butler's Top Coat, a colt that has a victory over Sun Briar to his credit, was overlooked in the speculation for the Autumn Junior Purse, an event that brought out a good field of two-year-olds. It was the general impression that Top Coat would not be at his best except on a heavy track. The son of Star Shoot disproved this theory by keeping in close touch with the pace all the way, and beating out J. Sanford's Valerious in a close finish. Top Coat showed a smart performance by running the six furlongs in 1:12 4-5.

J. W. Corrigan sprang a surprise in the fifth race when he started the three-year-old filly, Mida, for the Admiral Purse. It was Mida's first appearance in the East this season, and although she had been running against good horses in Kentucky, she was better than 6 to 1 in the betting. McAtee hustled Mida along at a good pace, and at the finish she just beat the rank outsider, Holiday, with the favorites all finishing outside the money.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-old fillies; purse $700; six furlongs. Time—1:14. Babette, F. R. Doctor's b. f., 115 pounds, by Heno-La Primera, $15, $5.80, and $3.80, (R. Troxler).....1
Poor Butterfly, Nassau Stable's ch. f., 115, by Celt-Aurine, $51.20 and $21.80, (J. Harrington).....2
The Party, F. F. Flanagan, Jr.'s b. f., 115, by Watervale-Toggery, $3.60 third, (L. Lyke).....3
Traverse, Lindsey, Supermaid, Golding, Kokoshi, Alderberry, Visitation, and Jane Mary also ran. So Long Letty, Lady Gertrude, and Ideal scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Time—1:13 3-5.

May W., F. D. Weir's br. f., 3 years, 101 pounds, by Ben Trovato-Belle of Mayfield, $5.90, $3.10, and $2.80, (R. Troise)..1
Swift Fox, W. Durnan's b. m., 5, 109, by Tony Bonero-Tallahassee, $2.20 and $2.90, (L. Lyke).....2
Lohengrin, F. Musante's ch. g., 7, 113, by Goldcrest-Legend, $5.20, third, (R. McDermott).....3
Montresor, Mico Girl, Rosemary, Scarpia II., Varda B., Ahara, and Hickory Nut also ran. Tinkle Bell, True as Steel, Bulger, and Borax scratched.

THIRD RACE.—Autumn Junior Purse; two-year-olds; purse, $700; six furlongs. Time—1:12 4-5.

Top Coat, J. Butler's blk. c., 114 pounds, by Star Shoot-Raglan, $24.50, $8.70, and $5.30, (L. Lyke).....1
Valerius, J. Sanford's b. c., 111, by Tracery-Louli, $4.40 and $4, (M. Buxton).....2
Kewpie O'Neil, J. O'Neil's ch. g., 111, by Golden Maxim-Nettie Landon, $13.20, third, (W. Obert.).....3
Wyoming, Trophy, Fragonard, Highest Appeal, Elmendorf, Bill McCoy, Man o' War, Hour, Dragoon, and Dryer also ran. Blazony scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Sammie's Liberty Bond Handicap; for all ages; $800 added; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:46 3-5.

Crimper, Ral Parr's ch. c., 4 years, 119 pounds, by Maintenon-Frizette, $9.50, $4.20, and out, (J. Butwell).....1
Ticket, Andrew Miller's b. c., 3, 117, by Ballot-Princess Anna, $4.40 and out, (A. Suttinger).....2
Hauberk, J. F. Sweeney's b. g., 5, 115, by Martinet-Druid, out for third, (F. Robinson).....3
Flittergold also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Admiral Purse; for all ages; purse $700; one mile. Time—1:42 1-5.

Mida, J. H. Corrigan's b. f., 3 years, 97 pounds, by Voter-Midge, $15.90, $8.60, and $5.30, (L. McAtee).....1
Holiday, A. Barkle's b. g., 6, 111, by Broomstick-Leisure, $40.60 and $18.90, (E. Ambrose).....2
Celto, J. S. Tyree's blk. m., 5, 108, by Celt-Toots, $4.80 third, (E. Haynes).....3
Gex, Ed Roche, Manister Toi, Venetia, Poiroma, Whimsy, and The Belgian II. also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:51.

Starter, M. A. Warner's ch. c., 3 years, 112 pounds, by Hamilton-Alondra, $6.50, $3.50, and $2.70, (L. Lyke).....1
Amplon, W. Bennett's b. g., 6, 110, by Inferno-Court Maid II., $12.10 and $5.80, (F. Robinson).....2
Yodeling, H. J. Morris's ch. g., 6, 114, by Rochampton-Yodler, $2.90 third, (E. Ambrose).....3
Petlar, Brooklyn, Hastena, Margaret L., Lord Fitz-Herbert, and Muckross also ran. Alston, Broom Corn, Silver Sandals, Dartworth, Spectre, G. M. Muller, and Hesse scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; fillies and mares; selling; purse, $700; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:47 3-5.

Graphic, Thorncliffe Stable's b. f., 3 years, 96 pounds, by Glorio-Picturesque; $7.70, $4, and $3.30, (L. Ensor).....1
Baby Lynch, G. H. Abbott's br. m., 6, 105, by Leonid-Queen Lithe; $3.70 and $3.10, (L. Lyke).....2
Ask Ma, J. K. L. Ross's b. m., 7, 112, by Marchmont II.-Don't Ask Me; $3.70 third, (C. Mergler).....3
Miss Kruter, Cheer, Greetings, and The Dean also ran. Silver Sandals, Felucca, and Souvenir scratched.

Weather clear; track fast.

LAUREL ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For all ages, selling; six furlongs. Bringhurst, 128 pounds; Kama, 122; Uncle Hart, 108, Tarquin, (imp.,) 104; *Peep Sight, 104; Night Stick, 117; Zouave, 109; Top o' the Wave, 103; C. A. Comiskey, 101; *Incog, 96; Heather Moon, (imp.,) 113; Emden, 106; Meliora, 104; *Thornbloom, (imp.,) 104.

SECOND RACE.—The Royal Blue Steeplechase, handicap, $1,500 added, for three-year-olds and upward; about two miles. The Brook, (imp.,) 130 pounds; Welsh King, 139; Russian Pinion, 132; †Shannon River, 148; Old Salt, 136; Crack o' Day, 150; †Captain Parr, 134; Ojala, 133. †Ral Parr entry.

THIRD RACE.—The Laurel Junior Liberty Bond Handicap, for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Jack Hare, Jr., 130 pounds; *†Gold Tassel, 111; Matinee Idol, 108; Rosmont, 102; Garonne, 93; Paddy, (imp.,) 117; †Salvestra, 108; Memories Second, (imp.,) 106; First Troop, 95; Cumsah, 115; Payment, 109; Belvale, 105; Game Cock, 93. †H. C. Hallenbeck entry.

FOURTH RACE.—The Prince George Handicap, $1,500 added, for all ages; one mile. †Roamer, 126 pounds; Leochares, 120; Julaleon, 112; Tea Caddy, 103; King Neptune, 99; †Ticket, 107; ‡Chiclet, (imp.,) 118; Flittergold, 112; Jack Hare, Jr., 107; *Runes, 98; Westy Hogan, 122; ‡Naturalist, (imp.,) 108; Capra, 110; Priscilla Mullens, 105. †Andrew Miller entry, JJ. E. Widener entry.

FIFTH RACE.—The Liberty Bond Purse, for all ages; one mile. Leochares, 115 pounds; Straight Forward, 101; Belloe, 103; Dammrosch, 110; Firing Line, 104; Highland Lad, 101; Gloomy Gus, 104; Shooting Star, 103.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Alston, 110 pounds; No Manager, 110; Harry Lauder, 107; Maxim's Choice, 107; Euterpe, 104; *Silver Sandals, 94; Malheur, 110; Cardome, 109; Petlar, (imp.,) 107; Mr. Mack, 107; Swift Fox, 109; Obelus, 110; Silk Bird, 107; Scorpii, 107; Ella Ryan, 105; *Cuddle Up, 99.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; one mile and seventy yards. Little Nemo, 116 pounds; Star Finch, 107; Orderly, 104; Langdon, 101; *†Harvest King, 96; Gillies, 110; Waukeag, 106; Judge Wingfield, 102; *Douglass' S., 99; Queen of the Sea, 108; Monomoy, 105; Amalgamator, 101; *†Eagle, 104. †C. P. Winfrey entry.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Grand Circuit Races Postponed.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 19.—Grand Circuit races were postponed here today because of rain. Efforts will be made to complete today's card tomorrow, when the first heat will be started at 12:30 o'clock.

NEW CRAWL FOR SWIMMERS.

Chicago Coach Advocates Double Leg Work in Trudgeon.

Leading American swimming authorities have often discussed the relative merits of the single and double varieties of trudgeon-crawl stroke, but, although most of them were ready to concede the theoretical superiority of the latter, they felt that until practical results were achieved it would be unwise to pronounce definitely on the subject.

Comes now William Bachrach of Chicago, coach of the champion Illinois A. C. swimming team, with the announcement that he is convinced of the greater efficiency of the double-rhythm stroke and that he intends to advocate and teach it hereafter.

The fact is particularly interesting, not only because of Bachrach's prominence in the field of water sports, but also because he has attended to the question at issue and made a close study of the foremost exponents of this style of swimming. His decision should influence others.

The difference between the two styles is slight. Both call for the identical double over arm stroke and the distinguishing feature is the leg drive. In the single variety the swimmer performs a comparatively wide scissors kick at the end of the top arm pull, then follows with one, three, or five smaller scissoring motions; in the double he executes two of the wider kicks, one at the end of each arm pull, and introduces one or two narrow thrashes in between.

In theory the double action is best, for it distributes the effort evenly on both legs, enables one to take full advantage of the natural supply of strength, besides establishing a perfect balance of propelling power to develop a maximum of driving force.

Some competent judges still believe that the single wider kick, followed by a light thrash, uses up less energy and yields better results, particularly over the longer distances. As George Hodgson of Canada, the world's open water record holder at one mile, is a single trudgeon-crawler, their opinion cannot be disregarded for the time being.

ATHLETICS FOR SOLDIERS.

K. of C. Committee Selects Instructors for Training Camps.

With the intention of making athletic competitions an important part in the daily life of the soldiers at various cantonments throughout the country, the Knights of Columbus Committee on War Activities will erect recreation buildings in which to provide for social and athletic activities, as well as religious instruction.

The committee has a list of 2,000 qualified applicants for positions of secretaries. From this number 150 have been selected, nearly all of them college men who participated actively in some branches of sport during their student life. In addition a large number of assistants will also be required who will be chosen from the original applicants for office of Secretary.

One of the most prominent of the athletic secretaries selected is Charles Dorias, who for three years gained prominence as a football player through his ability as quarter back on the Notre Dame University football team. Dorias is at present director of athletics at Dubuque College, Dubuque, Iowa, and will shortly receive his appointment to a Knights of Columbus recreation center. Another is Clarence Mahion, a post graduate student at the Catholic University of America, and formerly

RAGS FILL TIRES WHICH BERLIN USES

Kaiser William Has Only Pneumatic Equipment in Germany, American Dealer Reports.

TELLS OF RUBBER FAMINE

Rode in Germany's Capital in Taxi with Wheels Bound with Rope —Gasoline Prices Leap.

Kaiser William is the only person in Germany who now rides in an automobile equipped with pneumatic rubber tires, according to Victor Van der Linde, technical representative of the Goodrich Rubber Company, who has just returned from Europe, where he was sent to make an investigation of rubber and gasoline conditions. The Crown Prince, von Hindenburg, Ludendorf, and von Mackensen, Mr. Van der Linde says, have to bump along on tires filled with rags, compressed cork, and paper on account of the scarcity of rubber. In Berlin Mr. Van der Linde rode in a taxicab with wheels bound with rope in the place of tires, and taxicabs of any kind, he says, are scarce in the streets of Germany's capital.

"The situation in both Germany and Austria as regards tires is deplorable from their standpoint," said Mr. Van der Linde, "and countries bounding the Central Empires, with the exception of those at war with them, are in nearly as bad a plight. In neither Germany nor Austria are any tires to be had. In Sweden the price for a tire is $550, and this must be accompanied with a permit from the Royal Automobile Club. In Norway I found the price to be $460 for a tire, and permit necessary. In Denmark the price was $320, and the purchaser must give written assurance to the Government that it will not go to Germany. The cost in Holland is $350 a tire, with a similar guarantee to the Government. Other prices in European countries for a single tire are as follows: Russia, $100; Spain, $125; Italy, $100; Great Britain, $90, and France, $90.

"The German scientists have tried to meet the situation by making synthetic rubber, but they have been unsuccessful. There is not an ounce of crude in it, and therefor it is devoid of fibre. Most automobile casings are stuffed with compressed champagne corks, paper, rags, and sausages made of ground cork. Some even have been filled with rags and dirt. This only refers to those cars that have some rags of casings left. Most automobiles have ground away their shoes and move about on rims bound with rope.

"There is not a bicycle tire left in Germany outside of those used for military purposes. Raids by the wholesale were conducted on shops and residences and all bicycle tires were seized. The cargo of the Deutschland on its last trip was almost exclusively rubber, but so pressing was the demand for rubber for dirigibles that none of it, with the possible exception of enough for the tires for the royal family, was permitted to go into automobile equipment. Germany had little crude rubber in stock at the beginning of the war. Since then she has been depending on what she could buy from Sweden and smuggle through the mails.

"Single sheets of rubber were sent in letters from the United States until Great Britain opened them and confiscated the contents. After this channel had been closed she purchased large numbers of machines in this country and had them shipped to Sweden. There she stripped the automobiles of the tires and abandoned brand-new machines to the Swedes.

"In Sweden there are 10,000 automobiles. There are about 1,000 in operation on tires from which has disappeared all semblance of the original casing. Sweden has been placed in this predicament because of the number of tires that went to Germany from its ports earlier in the war. England having denied it rubber supplies, tires are scarcer there now than diamonds.

"Gasoline is nearly as big a problem as tires in the Central Empires. In Germany and Austria the price is $6 a gallon, and it cannot be obtained without a Government permit. All the European countries now have a permit system in force for the purchase of gasoline. I found the price of gasoline per gallon in other countries to be: Sweden, $1.75; Holland, $1.50; Denmark, $1.35; Italy, $1; Spain, $1.10; Greece, $1.60; France, $1.25, and Great Britain, 95 cents."

Forbes-Robertson in American Film.

Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson, the English actor, will arrive in New York shortly for the purpose of appearing in a film version of "The Passing of the Third Floor Back." Sir Johnston returned to England last season after a farewell tour of this country, and will not be seen on the legitimate stage during his present trip. It will be his first appearance in an American film, but he has acted for the camera in England.

Mrs. Castle Pays First Theatre Tax.

The first payment of a theatre tax in this city, so far as is known, was made yesterday by Mrs. Vernon Castle, who purchased eight seats for the "Midnight Frolic" for the night of Nov. 1, the date that the tax becomes effective. The tax of 10 per cent. amounted to $1.60.

RUSSIAN VIOLINIST HEARD.

Mme. Kalova Makes Her Debut—Lillian Ammalee's Recital.

Mme. Elizaveta Kalova is a Russian violinist who has pursued her studies for some years in this country. She had not been heard here publicly till yesterday afternoon, when she gave a recital devoted entirely to Slavic music in Aeolian Hall. There was a sonata by Nedbal, a member of the once famous Bohemian Quartet, as well as a prolific composer, and shorter pieces by other Slavs, both Russians and Bohemians. Mme. Kalova's style is more notable for dash and vigor than for scrupulous observance of many of the nicetics and finer requisites of violin playing, including beauty and purity of tone and even correct intonation. Nedbal's sonata, which has traits of the Bohemian national music, she played in an al fresco manner that probably did not do justice to all it contains. James Ecker played the accompaniments dextrously.

Miss Lillian Ammalee, a pianist from Los Angeles and a Leschetitzky pupil, took honors of the day for America in an Aeolian recital last evening, when she performed a sonata, simple and melodious, by Charles Cadman, composer of a forthcoming Metropolitan opera. This she prefaced with an "English" suite of Bach, and followed with many agreeable trifles, an Arensky [illegible] study and Rosenthal's "Butterfly" among the less known. All were [illegible] a brightness, a graceful technique, elegance and humor that [illegible] the surface even of a Weber rondo, to the evident pleasure of a considerable audience. There was not as yet all the depth of feeling for a Schumann-Liszt "Dedication" or Amani's "Elegy," nor quite the full-bodied swing for a certain triple rhythm, from Chopin to Strauss.

Miss Marie Caslova, violinist, and Miss Elizabeth Wood, contralto, will today and tonight end a new season's first busy week at Aeolian Hall.

DANCERS BACK FROM FRANCE

Maurice, Who Was in Red Cross, Says Paris Food Prices Are High.

Maurice, the dancer, returned yesterday to an Atlantic port with his wife, Florence Walton, after spending five months in France, chiefly in the American Red Cross service. He said that his wife went to the front with him twice and assisted in caring for the wounded.

M. Maurice said the spirit of the French soldiers was wonderful, and they were confident of beating the Germans and ending the war in the Summer of 1918. Paris was full of American officers and soldiers when he left, and General Pershing had issued strict orders curtailing all leave from camp to prevent the troops wasting their money in luxurious living. He said that there was plenty of food in Paris, but the prices were very high. The restaurant proprietors and shop keepers had exploited the Americans by having two prices. One was for the natives and foreign residents and the other list, almost double, was made out solely for Americans.

Maurice brought back two new dances which he intends to introduce into New York before returning to France. One is called "The Chasseurs Fox" and the other "La Valse du Front" or "Valse Marmite." The latter dance, he says, resembles a battle with the charge of cavalry, roar of artillery, and the blowing up of fortifications, with the introduction of parts of the French and American national anthems.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The opening of "The Torches" at the Bijou, originally announced for next Monday, has been postponed until Wednesday to avoid conflict with "Chu Chin Chow."

Clarence H. Mackay, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, and Frederic R. Coudert have been added to the Board of Directors of Jacques Copeau's Theatre du Vieux Colombier.

The leading role in "The Melting of Molly," to be played on tour last season by Irene Franklin, will be in the hands of Alma Tell when the piece is produced in New York.

Ray Conlin, a vaudeville comedian, has been added to the cast of the Forty-fourth Street Roof revue, "Over the Top."

Russ Whytal, at present in "A Scrap of Paper," will be in the cast of "The Old Country," when that piece is seen at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre on Oct. 29. The play has already opened on the road.

The box office of the Century Theatre will open next Thursday for the sale of seats for the first eight weeks of "Miss 1917."

Two new box offices are being built in the foyer of the Hippodrome, and twelve ticket sellers will be engaged at that playhouse upon their completion.

"With the Stars and Stripes in France," the first official pictures of American troops abroad, will be shown at the Strand tomorrow and for the remainder of the week.

St. Nicholas Ice Skating Rink, in Sixty-sixth Street, began its twenty-third season as an ice rink last night, when about 3,000 skaters were the guests of the management at a private opening. It will be opened to the public this morning. As in previous years, there will be three skating sessions daily.

GRISMER, LAMBS SHEPHERD.

Manager Defeats De Wolf Hopper in Election—Nat Goodwin Withdraws.

The annual election of officers by the Lambs was held Thursday afternoon and evening, and the results were made public yesterday. Joseph R. Grismer, a prominent manager, was elected Shepherd, an office which he occupied three or four years ago. For the first time in years there was a sharp division of sentiment among the members, and three tickets, headed by Mr. Grismer, De Wolf Hopper and Nat Goodwin, entered the field. Mr. Goodwin withdrew on the eve of election.

Other officers elected were as follows: Boy, Fred Niblo; Corresponding Secretary, George V. Hobart; Recording Secretary, R. H. Burnside; Treasurer, Henry Smith; Librarian, Grant Stewart. A. O. Brown, Arthur Hurley, Joseph H. Buhler, Albert J. Simmons and Malcolm Williams were added to the Board of Directors. William Courtleigh is the outgoing Shepherd.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. MAT. TODAY. ALL SEATS 50c. TO $2. All That's Best in Musical Comedy! Klaw & Erlanger's Superb Production. The Riviera Girl. Music, Kalman; Book & Lyrics, Bolton & Wodehouse. AFTER THE PERFORMANCE MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20. "A DISTINCT HIT."—Alan Dale. JULIA SANDERSON JOSEPH CAWTHORN in the new Musical Comedy RAMBLER ROSE

GEO. COHAN THEA., B'way, 43 St. Evs. 8:25. M. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:25. THE IRRESISTIBLE SCREAM Here Comes the Bride

KNICKERBOCKER Theatre, B'way at 38th St. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:25. GEORGE ARLISS in his new play 'HAMILTON' "FAR FINER, NOBLER AND TRUER THAN 'DISRAELI.'"—Times.

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20. BOOTH TARKINGTON and JULIAN STREET'S GREAT COMEDY The Country Cousin With ALEXANDRA CARLISLE

LIBERTY WEST 42D ST. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20. Laurette Taylor in J. Hartley Manners' Play "OUT THERE" 2d YEAR

The Land of Joy

HUDSON West 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20. Miss BILLIE BURKE in CLARE KUMMER'S NEW PLAY "The Rescuing Angel."

FULTON West 46th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20. The Claim A Robert Service Story Come to Life.

The Land of Joy

HARRIS West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. MAT. TODAY, 2:30. "No one who has any acquaintance with Greenwich Village should miss seeing that funny second episode."—Eve. Sun. "Romance and Arabella" With LAURA HOPE CREWS "The text scintillates with wit and delicious bits of satire."—Eve. Telegram.

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:25. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:25. John BARRYMORE Constance COLLIER Lionel BARRYMORE in PETER IBBETSON

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Today & Wed. Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years. A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents Tiger Rose

CRITERION B'way, 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Last Mats Today & Wed. Week Robert Hilliard THE SCRAP OF PAPER TUES., HENRY MILLER SEATS Oct. 23 NOW

BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. Polly With a Past

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. Business Before Pleasure With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN GLOBE B'way 46 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20

The Land of Joy

ELECTRICAL EXPOSITION and Motor Show GRAND CENTRAL PALACE Lex Ave & 46 St 11 a m to 11 p m OCT 10 to 20 Admission 50c

"Cheer Up" "Bring the Kiddies—Hear 'Em Laugh." MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2:15. Evs. at 8:15. At the HIPPODROME

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, West 34th St. SEATS NOW. Positive Opening Next Mon., Oct. 22 Tickets Dated Oct. 15 Good that Night. Chu Chin Chow Now in its Second Year in London.

Aeolian Hall, This Evening, Oct. 20, at 8:30. A NEW SINGER Elizabeth WOOD CONTRALTO, SONG RECITAL Tickets 50c to $1.50. Mgt. Foster & David.

IRVING PLACE IRVING PLACE & 15TH STREET Today Mat. 2:15 'Das Dreimaederlhaus' & Tonight 8:15 Musical Comedy by Franz Schubert.

Yorkville THEA., 86 St. nr. Lex. Av. Evg. 8:15. Today Mat. 2:15. MIZI GIZI. ADOLF PHILIPP "NEW YORK" IN HIS LATEST MUSICAL COMEDY-DRAMA

Aeolian Hall, This Afternoon at 2. Violin Recital by MARIE CASLOVA Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47 ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1. Dolly Sisters, Vanderbilt & Moore, McKay & Ardine, "The Notorious Delphine," and Conroy & Lemaire.

Loew's American Roof 45d St., W. B'way Every Eve. at 8:15 Bruce Duffett & Co., Thos. J. Foster Dunn, 3 Peronees, Leonard & Dempsey, others. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

ICELAND ICE SKATING B'way at 52d St. Morn.—Aft.—Eve.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Evgs. at 8. FIRST MATINEE TODAY AT 2. Annual Fall Production. DOING OUR BIT Sunday Night Concert BIG BILL OF ALL STARS.

COMEDY 41st St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:20. A. E. Anson in The Barton Mystery

PLAYHOUSE West 48th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15. Grace George & Her Playhouse Company in EVE'S DAUGHTER "'Eve's Daughter' is likely to be an Adam's delight."—Herald.

CASINO 39th & Broadway. Evs. 8:25. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:15. Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Farce Furs & Frills "A Real Casino Hit."—Eve. World.

48TH ST. THEA. Tel. 178 Bryant. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Today & Thurs. 2:20. The Land of the Free With FLORENCE NASH Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform Half Price.

PLYMOUTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20. ONLY THREE WEEKS MORE. Mr. William Gillette "A Successful Calamity," By Clare Kummer.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8. Matinees Today & Wed. 2. LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION. MAYTIME Music That Tingles—Scenes That Charm—Cast That Acts & Sings. Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Tel. 430 Bryant. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20. "SMART" "MERRY" "CHARMING" "DIFFERENT" Saturday to Monday Beginning Wednesday, Oct. 24 SEATS NOW Henry Bataille's Latest Play The TORCHES with Lester Lonergan.

39TH ST. THEA., Near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:30. A Thrilling Mystery Drama "DE LUXE ANNIE" With Jane Grey and Vincent Serrano.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Tel. 64 Bryant Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Tues. 2:20. BERNARD SHAW'S SUCCESS Mr. Faversham presents the Comedy Hit Misalliance With Maclyn Arbuckle & Katharine Kaelred.

MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20. Oliver Morosco's Laughing Sensation LOMBARDI, LTD. BIGGEST COMEDY HIT IN YEARS. SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15. DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY LEAVE IT TO JANE "In all probability will equal the popularity record now being established by 'Oh, Boy.' Several kinds of a hit—a deserved success."—Burns Mantle, Eve. Mail. "'Leave It to Jane' is good entertainment—a decidedly clever cast—a jolly success. You will surely like it."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World.

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:25. GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:30. The Very Idea!! Ernest TRUEX Richard BENNETT "Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.

PRINCESS 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15. "OH, BOY" "Smartest of musical comedies."—Ev. Sun.

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44TH ST. THEATRE TONIGHT 8:15 Matinees Today & Wednesday, 2:15. HITCHY-KOO An intimate Revue, with Raymond Hitchcock, Grace La Rue, William Rock and Frances White, Leon Errol, Irene Bordoni. Tomorrow Night—All Star Benefit. N. Y. STATE PRISON COUNCIL The following Artists will appear: Raymond Hitchcock, Grace La Rue, Leon Errol, Irene Bordoni, William Rock, Frances White, Clifton Crawford, Ames & Winthrop, The Three Dooleys, and others.

CORT 48th St., E. of Broadway. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:25. Kate Douglas Wiggin & Rachel Crothers' Comedy MOTHER CAREY'S CHICKENS with EDITH TALIAFERRO

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. ANDREW MACK in Mat. Today, 25 to 75c. "MOLLY DEAR." Next Week—Jane Cowl in "Lilac Time."

LOEW'S 7th AVE. At 124 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25 to 75c. "THE KNIFE" Next Week—"THE 13TH CHAIR."

Paintings ANCIENT and MODERN at the Scott & Fowles Galleries 590 FIFTH AVENUE Between 47th and 48th Streets

CHARITY.

SEAT SALE TO-DAY AT 9 A. M. METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE 39th Street and Broadway. THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, OCT. 25—8:30—OCT. 26

Authorized by the American Red Cross. NATIONAL RED CROSS PAGEANT AND DRAMA

THE GREATEST EVENT OF ITS KIND EVER STAGED. A CONTRIBUTION BY THE AMERICAN STAGE TO THE RED CROSS

Stage Direction E. H. SOTHERN, DANIEL FROHMAN, BEN ALI HAGGIN, JAMES WOOD STEVENS.

These Artists Will Positively Appear

Ethel Barrymore	E. H. Sothern
David Bispham	Burton Holmes
Irvin Cobb	Annette Kellermann
Emmett Corrigan	Maggie Kennedy
William H. Crane	David Mannes
Hazel Dawn	Piere Monteux
Maxine Elliott	Noyes Dancers
Elsie Ferguson	James T. Powers
Alice Fisher	Marjorie Rambeau
Margaret Moreland	Frances Starr
Nat Goodwin	Helen Ware
Kitty Gordon	H. B. Warner
Michio Itow	Francis Wilson
Rita Jolivet	Herbert Witherspoon
Eva Le Gallienne	Douglas J. Wood
Frederick Warde	Alma Tell
Ernest Glendenning	Olive Tell
Sheldon Lewis	Christine Norman
Ray Cox	Albert E. Sterner
Lenore Harris	Walter Hampden
Ernest Lawford	Ivy Troutman
Mrs. Ben Ali Haggin	John Rice

AND 400 OTHERS.

TICKETS 50c. TO $5.00. At Opera House, Hotels and Agencies.

SYMPHONY Society of New York WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r EIGHT THURSDAY AFTERNOONS EIGHT SATURDAY EVENINGS AT CARNEGIE HALL. SIXTEEN SUNDAY AFTERNOONS AT AEOLIAN HALL FIRST CONCERTS Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Oct. 25 Carnegie Hall, Sat. Eve., Oct. 27 Soloist Harold BAUER BEETHOVEN'S FIFTH SYMPHONY Bach, Rimsky-Korsakoff, R. Strauss. Seats at Room 1202, Aeolian Bldg., and Box Office, Carnegie Hall. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Oct. 27, at 2:30. American Debut JASCHA HEIFETZ RUSSIAN VIOLINIST. Seats at Box Office. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

EVAN WILLIAMS Aeolian Hall, Tom'w Aft., Oct. 21, at 3—Song Recital. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau. Seats at Box Office.

AEOLIAN HALL, WED., OCT. 24, AT 3. SONG RECITAL. REINALD WERRENRATH —CHICKERING PIANO USED— Tonight at 8:15. TRIO de LUTECE G. Barrere, Flute; C. Salzedo, Harp; Paul Kefer, Cello. In the first of a series of 6 chamber music concerts by the most noted organizations at Washington Irving High School, incl. Flonzaley, Mannes, Margulies, American and Kaufman Quartets. Subscription to six concerts, $1. Tickets at Wanamaker's and Macy's.

Carnegie Hall, Tomorrow Aft. at 3. VIOLIN RECITAL by MISCHA Elman Prices 75c to $2. Boxes $15 & $18. TICKETS AT BOX OFFICE. Mgt. Metropolitan Mus. Bur., 33 W. 42d. STEINWAY PIANO USED.

CARNEGIE HALL, TUES., OCT. 23, 8:30. Lecture by CAPT. A. RADCLYFFE DUGMORE of the King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry ON OUR FIGHT FOR FREEDOM. FIGHTING IT OUT. Illustrated with British official Motion Pictures. BRIG. GEN. W. A. WHITE, Presiding. $2 to 50c. Benefit British-Amer. War Relief and Y. M. C. A. Mgt. J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Aft., Oct. 23, at 3:30. SONG RECITAL Gertrude Auld Seats 50c to $2. Boxes $15. Mason & Hamlin Piano. Direction John W. Frothingham, Inc.

CARNEGIE HALL, This Afternoon at 3. Only New York Recital (Knabe Piano.) GODOWSKY Seats 50 cts. to $2. M'g'ment Haensel & Jones.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Oct. 23, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL CHRISTINE MILLER Tickets 50c. to $2. Mgment. Haensel & Jones.

MOTION PICTURES.

PARK THEATRE, 59TH STREET AND COLUMBUS CIRCLE. ALICE BRADY THE MAID OF BELGIUM WORLD PICTURE—BRADY MADE. TOMORROW NOON MADGE EVANS "The World's Kiddie Star" ADVENTURES OF CAROL WORLD-PICTURE BRADY-MADE 12 to 11 P. M. 25 & 50 cents.

ALTHOUGH THE SCENES ARE LAID IN EGYPT, THERE ARE NO HIERO-GLYPHICS IN WILLIAM FOX'S THEDA BARA IN CLEOPATRA. LYRIC Theatre, 42d St., W. of B'y. 2:30 & 8:30. 25c to $1. (All Reserved).

MOUNT MORRIS THEATRE 116 St. & 5th Av. NOW PLAYING JACK AND THE BEAN STALK Matinee, 10 Cents. Evenings, 10 & 15 Cents.

BROADWAY THEATRE AT 41 ST. Continuous—Noon to 11:30—15-25-50. Elaine Hammerstein in "THE CO-RESPONDENT" Next Attraction—Ruth Clifford in "The Savage." Charlie Chaplin in "The Adventurer."

RIALTO B'way, 42d 15-25-50c. CHARLES RAY in "The Son of His Father." Soloists, Comedy, Incomparable Rialto Orchestra.

81 st. St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980. Madge Kennedy in "BABY MINE." Mat. Today, 15, 25, 50c. Eve. 25, 35, 50c. Also GREATER VAUDEVILLE.

STRAND B'way & 47th St. BILLIE BURKE in "Arms and the Girl." Soloists. STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. 10, 15, 25c. ETHEL CLAYTON, "The Dormant Power." All cars and bus lines to the door.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

Brooklyn Academy of Music. GRAND OPERA WEEK. Benefit Italian War Sufferers. MONDAY, OCT. 22, AT 8:15 P. M. LA BOHEME With Bianca Saroya, Vegliotti, Aineto and Martino. Tues.: LUCIA; Wed.: RIGOLETTO; Thurs.: Double bill, CAVALLERIA and PAGLIACCI; Fri.: BARBER OF SEVILLE; Sat. matinee: double bill, CAVALLERIA and PAGLIACCI; Sat. eve.: RIGOLETTO. Orchestra of 50. Agide Jacchia, Cond. Chorus of 60. Popular Prices. Tickets at Box Office and 265 B'way, Room 701. Cortland 9832.

THE JOLLY SCOT'S GOOD-BYE HARRY LAUDER BEGINS HIS FAREWELL TOUR at the LEXINGTON 51st & Lex. Ave. NEXT MON. NIGHT 6 nights, 4 matinees Mats. Wed., Thurs., Friday and Sat. SEATS NOW Evs. 50c to $2. Mats. 50c to $1.50

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15. Pop. Prices Sam Howe and His Big Show

Opens To-Day ST. NICHOLAS RINK 69 WEST 66TH STREET. N. Y.'s Great Winter Resort! ICE SKATING Marvelous New Ice Plane Makes Perfect Surface in 5 Minutes! Band Concert, Tea Room, Skates to Rent 3 Sessions Daily ADM. 50c. Sunday Morning $1 Largest Rink in the State!

SPECIAL TABLE D'HOTE DINNER SERVED DAILY 6 TO 9 IN THE MAIN RESTAURANT $1.50 AMPLE A LA CARTE PORTIONS COOKED TO YOUR ORDER GENUINE OLD-FASHIONED BEEFSTEAK DINNER Served 6 to 9 P. M. $1.50 WITH ELABORATE ENTERTAINMENT

TABLE D'HOTE DINNER, $1.50 MENU:—Canape Norvergienne, Cantaloupe or Blue Point Cocktail, Celery, Olives, Gherkins, Consomme Farina or Clam Chowder, Manhattan Style, Boiled Codfish, Egg Sauce, Pomme Parisienne, Half Chicken, Sauté aux Curry with Rice, or Roast Leg of Spring Lamb, Mint Sauce, New Lima Beans in Butter, Pomme Croquette, Lettuce and Tomatoes, Apple Pie or Neapolitan Ice Cream, Coffee.

Afternoon Dances Daily, 4 to 6 P. M., Direction of Betty Scott, (Mrs. Earle Foxe,) with the Original Dixieland "Jazz" Band Nightly, beginning at 9.

BEGINNING TUESDAY, OCT. 23. "NEW 1917 REVUE" A most stupendous production brimful of melodious tunes. REISENWEBER'S Columbus Circle & 58th Street. Phone Columbus—9410.

MURRAY'S 42d ST., JUST WEST OF BROADWAY. TEL. 4535 BRYANT. Revolving Dance Floor Beautiful Roman Garden Delightful Music SURPASSING DINNER $1.50 (Served from 5 to 9 P. M.) SERVICE A LA CARTE. Old Dominion Beefsteak Dinner $1.50 (Every Evening from 5 to 9 on the Balcony.) LUNCHEON UNEXCELLED 70c. Cuisine and Service ALMOST PERFECT PATRICK V. KYNE, Manager.

EXCELLENT SOUTHERN CHICKEN DINNER, $1.50 MILK FED CHICKEN WITH WAFFLES, MAPLE SYRUP, CORN FRITTERS SWEET POTATOES "THE FAMOUS HOFBRAU" Jansen wants to see you 30th STREET & BROADWAY EXCELLENT TABLE D'HOTE FROM 5:30 TO 9 P. M. HIGH CLASS ENTERTAINMENT—DANCING

THE NEW Robert Treat Hotel Facing Beautiful Military Park Newark, N. J. At the Western Terminus of the Hudson Tubes—only 25 minutes from New York's Downtown Office District—more accessible to Wall Street than Central Park—only 5 minutes' riding underground. More than a Hotel—A Real Home With superb modern apartments and appointments. RESTAURANTS, Excellent yet not expensive Here you can have the luxury of a fine home, with all its comforts, at rates by month or year that will lessen your living expenses. Management Charles A. Carrigan. Phone "Market 1000."

Hotel Bretton Hall Broadway, 85th to 86th St. Subway station at 86th St. corner. NEW YORK Largest and Most Attractive Transient Midtown Hotel Convenient to All Shops and Theatres. TRANSIENT RATES For Either One or Two Persons. Room & Private Bath, $3 to $4 Per Day Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $4 to $7.50 Per Day. Special Rates, Week, Season or Year. RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

Motorists will find the Pelham Heath Inn ON PELHAM PARKWAY 25 Minutes from Columbus Circle Delightful for Luncheon The decorations and appointments in this the newest and smartest of restaurants are considered the equal of any in New York. Superior Cuisine & Service. Spacious Dance Floor & Dining Room. Under Same Management as Blossom Heath Inn, Lynbrook, L. I.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL Newly and unusually furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views, three exposures in each suite. Rates, $80 monthly and up per suite of two rooms and bath; also weekly, $20 per suite and up. Restaurant a la carte. Breakfast and dinner $9 weekly (both optional). The comforts of home with every city advantage. Hotel Nobleton, 126 W. 73d St. CHARLES MORTON BELLAK, Pres. Block from subway express & elevated sta. All cars and bus lines to the door.

Select Restaurant Popular Prices ROMA Table d'Hote 6th Ave., bet. 49-50 Sts. Tel. Circle 3995

Luchow's 14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

HOTEL LaSALLE 30 East 60th Street Now Open Apartments of 1, 2, 3, or more rooms on yearly or season lease. M. E. SNIFFEN, Proprietor Telephone Plaza 9900

The Lorraine Fifth Ave. at 45th St. Apartments and Rooms with Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished, Transiently or by the Year. Also EQUINOX HOUSE Manchester, Vermont.

HOTEL Schuyler Arms 305 West 98th, Near B'way. Two Minutes from Subway Express Station. One-half Block from 'Bus. Telephone Riverside 6100. Newly furnished suites of from 2 to 5 rooms and bath, with or without kitchens, from $60 to $150 monthly, depending upon the location and size of apartments. No leases required. Attractive restaurant. Table d'hote and a la carte. Best of food at one-half usual charge. Hotel service complete and equal to service of best hotels. Schuyler Arms is situated between Riverside Drive and West End Avenue, affording immediate access to Riverside and Central Parks.

An ideal home for persons of quiet taste seeking surroundings, in keeping therewith. HOTEL IRVING GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH. DAVID AND WILLIAM J. KNOTT, PROPRIETORS. Use of private park fronting hotel. Most exclusive residential neighborhood. AMERICAN PLAN Entire building now being renovated and refurnished. C. E. McGINN, Manager. 26 Gramercy Park, South, adjoining Friends Meeting House.

Hotel Webster Forty-fifth Street by Fifth Avenue. 40 West Forty-fifth Street. Just off Fifth Avenue, on one of the city's quietest streets, and within five minutes' walk of 40 theatres and all the principal shops. Newly Decorated and Completely Refurnished. Apartments of any number of rooms with one to three baths. For permanent or transient occupancy. W. Johnson Quinn, Proprietor.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE Exclusively for Women HOMELIKE, beautiful, accessible, modern. All rooms large outside windows, unobstructed view. Superior cuisine INCLUDED in the following rates: Cosy rooms with use of bath, $13 weekly up; with running water, $15 weekly and up; with private bath, $19 weekly; large parlor, bedroom and bath, $25 weekly and up. Extra person, including meals, $8 weekly. European plan, very desirable rooms, $1 per day up. Immediate investigation will insure choice. LEXINGTON AVE. at 30TH ST. Charles Morton Bellak, Managing Director.

HOTEL SAN REMO 74th-75th Sts., Central Park West. HOME HOTEL OF NEW YORK. UNSURPASSED LOCATION OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK. Convenient to "L" and subway stations; quiet and homelike Suites and Rooms with bath, unfurnished or furnished, by the year or transiently; restaurant a la carte; also club breakfasts, table d'hote luncheon, dinner; inspection of model sanitary kitchen is cordially invited.

Columbia Records

New November Records On Sale Now

Maria Barrientos Sings Coloratura Gem

Voci di Primavera. (Voices of Spring.) Strauss. 49171, 12-inch, $3.00

How the heart of Strauss would swell with joy could he hear Maria Barrientos—the most sensational of all the Metropolitan coloratura sopranos—trill her bird-like way through his immortal Spring Song! More marvelous than the singing of a bird because it comes from a human throat, her voice surpasses the crystal purity of the flute. At the close is a wonderful climax—Barrientos and the flute in wonderful interplay.

Stracciari in Brilliant Soldier Farewell Song

Faust. (Gounod.) Dio Possente (Even Bravest Heart). 49214, 12-inch, $1.50

Fifty years backward Stracciari turns the opera scores to find a song of warrior bold that gives his vigorous baritone voice full range and dramatic scope. The farewell song of the soldier Valentine as he goes to war seems as though it were expressly written for these present days. "Even bravest heart may swell in the moment of farewell"—Stracciari, leading baritone of the Chicago Opera, enriches these poignantly touching lines with grandeur and magnificence.

Popular Songs, New Dances—and Others

The November list of Columbia Records—which you can hear at any Columbia dealer's now—is one of the best-balanced lists ever offered by the Columbia Graphophone Company. It includes twenty song hits. Among these are "Send Me Away With a Smile" (A2355) 75c; "Sailin' Away on the Henry Clay" (A2364) 75c; "Your Country Needs You Now" (A2361) 75c; "I've Got the Nicest Little Home in D-i-x-i-e" (A2356) 75c. Among the ten carefully selected double disc dance records are arrangements of "Hello, My Dearie!" (A5986) 12-inch, $1.25; "Send Me Away With a Smile" (A5990) 12-inch, $1.25; "Everybody's Jazzin' It" (fox trot) (A2347) 75c.

Columbia Records

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Times Annex...43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....7 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....203 West 125th Street
Bronx.....2,066 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn....Room 605, 367 Fulton Street
Staten Island..93 Stuyv. Pl., N. Brighton
Queens...317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth.....250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....89 Montgomery Street
Paterson.....13 Park Avenue
WASHINGTON.....Riggs Building
CHICAGO.....1202 Tribune Building
St. Louis.....409 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....403 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....Marconi House, Strand, W. C.
PARIS...Chez Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonniere

ONE CENT, New York City. Two Cents, within commuting distance. Three Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents, City; Seven Cents, elsewhere.

Terms, including Canada, postage paid:

	1 Yr.	6 Mos.	1 Mo.
DAILY AND SUNDAY....(One week, 35c.)	$10.00	$5.50	$1.00
DAILY, without Sunday... (One week, 30c.)	8.00	4.25	.75
SUNDAY.....	3.00	1.75	.30
Canada, Sunday only....	6.00	3.25	.55
Other countries, postpaid: Daily and Sunday.....	26.00	13.30	2.40
Daily, without Sunday.	17.40	8.90	1.45
Sunday only.	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5. Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.,) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 yr., $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.
All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCT. 20, 1917.

WILHELM STATES HIS TERMS.

After all, it is not necessary for Germany to state those peace terms which MICHAELIS is imperturbably concealing from hungry Austria and the bamboozled Socialists. The Kaiser has stated them in full. He stated them to KARL ROSNER, war correspondent of the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger, who traveled with him in the Balkans:

> So M. PAINLEVE wants Alsace-Lorraine, does he? Good. But he must come and take it.

These are, indeed, the peace terms of Germany, not only in relation to Alsace-Lorraine but in relation to Belgium, to Poland, and to everything else. They have been concealed behind a finely spun mask of meaningless words. The Socialists and the Austrians, imagining that there really were certain reasonable peace terms behind that mask, have been imploring the Government to remove it and show them. There were none. The German game was to get the Allies into a conference on the pretense that there were peace terms to offer, which for some strange reason Germany could not reveal as long as the fighting went on, and then to say: "We want what we have taken. If you want it, you will have to take it. What are you going to do about it?"

The Kaiser ignores the question of right and wrong; it is with him merely a question of strength. This is the whole German position. There is nothing to debate about Alsace-Lorraine, to his mind, and there is nothing to debate about Belgium, except the question of the relative physical power of Germany and the Allies to take and hold them. If it can be shown to the Kaiser and his accomplices that he cannot hold Alsace, or Belgium, or Istria, or Serbia, then he can see the logic of giving them up; but to tell him that he must give them up because he has no right to them is to waste words the meaning of which he does not understand.

The peace terms of Germany are: "We shall hold what we have got, unless you can take it away from us." The mask could not be lifted that was supposed to conceal the German terms, because there are no German terms but German victory. Germany means to hold on to what she has got, by whatever means she got it, unless it is proved to her that she cannot. Under pressure, she might consent to restore a nominal independence to Belgium and some of the other stolen territories, but this independence would be only nominal; she would not part with her rule over them unless it was forced out of her hand. The Allies are willing to meet Germany on this ground. They have from the first shown a clear comprehension of the fact that if they wish to release the stolen peoples they will be obliged, as the Kaiser says, to come and take them. That is their intention.

THE CHURCHES SAVING FOOD.

When Mr. HOOVER undertook to organize the religious denominations, and the 55,000,000 of people in some way connected with them, for conservation of food and elimination of waste, he gave proof of his fitness for the office he holds. The preliminary work has been done under the direction of Mr. CULLEN, who told the story in last Sunday's TIMES, and the first weekly reports from families will be received on the 28th. All the denominations responded promptly to the invitation. Many conferences attended by representatives of the churches from all parts of the country were held in Washington, where twenty volunteers, clergymen and others, remain to assist the Food Administration until the coming of peace. In his recent appeal for universal cooperation, Mr. HOOVER said:

> To win the war we must save food in every household, and at every meal, and in this work the housewives are as an army with banners.

There will be a record of their service in the weekly card reports gathered by the churches, showing reduction of wheat and meat consumed, and the number of "wasteless" meals. Wheat will be saved for our allies, with other food for their armies and our own.

The scope of this church work might be broadened now to include reports about preservation of vegetables, our supply of which has almost been doubled. And the organization should survive after the end of the war. Abnormal demand in Europe for our food products will persist for a long time. The economy which will be shown by the weekly food cards should not end with the coming of peace. There will always be need of effective teaching for elimination of waste. In the field of chemical industries we have been forced by the war to save and utilize much that was formerly thrown away, in coke ovens, smelting mills, and elsewhere. Waste of food should be prevented. It will be reduced by the church cards, and the work of saving what ought not to be lost may well be carried on by the same organization for a long time to come.

HOW HE ENFORCED THE LAW.

In 1908 State Senator PAGE, now a Justice of the Supreme Court, was Chairman of a commission appointed by the Legislature to inquire into the inferior criminal courts. The disposition of excise cases by City Magistrates was one of the subjects of inquiry. The World has reprinted from the commission report the testimony of Judge HYLAN, then a Brooklyn City Magistrate, in January, 1909. Of the intellectual content of the witness his own mouth gives ample evidence. For example: "I understand that whisky is made out of vegetable substances and also mineral substances." Of his capacity to interpret and zeal to enforce law, the whole examination is a fatal illustration. The excise law containing the phrase "distilled or rectified spirits, wine, fermented and malt liquors," he made it a practice in cases of arrest for violation of that law to require policemen to testify in effect, as experts, whether the liquor they bought was "distilled or rectified spirits, wine, fermented and malt liquors." But his method speaks for itself. The questioner in this instance was the present United States District Judge MEYER:

> Q.—Then you have required experts to show that the spirits were either rectified, distilled, fermented, or malted? A.—I have required practically that the liquor sold, given away, or delivered to the complainant, I have required the prosecution to show that it is one of the liquors prohibited by the statute.
>
> Q.—Well, now, what have you required in that regard, for instance? A.—I require the prosecution to show that the liquors—for instance, they testify that they have purchased beer or whisky, and when they are asked if they know whether the liquor that was served to them, that they called for, was distilled or rectified spirits, wine, fermented and malted liquors, and they say no, I dismiss the case.
>
> Q.—Well, now, suppose a man says, "I went into this barroom. I saw a man behind the bar in a white jacket, a bartender. I asked him for a glass of whisky. I drank it and it was whisky. I paid him 10 cents." Do you hold on that evidence? A.—No, Sir, I do not, because the liquor law doesn't mention whisky. I do not know whether whisky is distilled or rectified spirits, wine, fermented and malted liquors.

On this theory of the law the City Magistrate dismissed a number of cases. In 1910 he put up an obstacle to the enforcement of the excise law. He dismissed five Sunday liquor cases on the astonishing ground that the liquor tax certificates of the saloon keepers had not been brought into court.

It would be superfluous to comment on these rulings and practices. Justice PAGE made the sufficient comment: "It seems to me you are making the excise law a farce."

Shall a Magistrate who made the law a farce, who went out of his way to bedevil honest policemen and prevent the enforcement of the excise law, a Magistrate, in Mayor GAYNOR'S phrase, "of disorderly rulings" administer the laws of New York? Is the Magistrate who disregarded and thwarted the law to be made the executive to maintain the laws?

PROGRESS OF THE LIBERTY LOAN.

It is idle to commend the Liberty Loan to those who know investment values. They are taking it in multiples of millions. The reason that the loan lags among the people is that the example of the rich seems to those of moderate means something to be avoided rather than imitated. People who shop either for cash or on the installment plan do not see their advantage in buying income, or gold value, in the same way that they buy anything else. Buying bonds seems to them something like intrusion into higher circles. The feeling is a natural inheritance from the time when national banks practically monopolized ownership of Government bonds.

The fact is that ownership of Government bonds ought to be, and soon will be, proof of patriotism and financial common sense on the part of millions, ten millions for a minimum, and not improbably twenty or thirty millions. They ought to take the bonds for the same reason that the rich take them, because the operation is safe, simple, and, above all, sure. Those who pay dollars for a promise to repay them with interest will get them back again as promised, because they are underwritten by a hundred millions of people, and by all that they possess or hope to possess for a future which makes the term of the bonds seem short. Besides the promise, there is the certainty that the promise will be worth a premium when peace comes. No bonds of a living nation sold in war time ever failed to sell higher in peace.

The subscription of $32,000,000 in the cantonments is a marvel in which all have an honorable share, but it is on the record that the bonds are bought by "Russians, Hungarians, "Slavs, Lithuanians, and others, some "of whom cannot speak intelligible "English," to use the words of one officer. The same report is made from a Massachusetts factory. Sixty-seven per cent. of the workers were represented among the subscribers, and

> large numbers of Poles, Greeks, and Russians are included on the factory payroll, and enthusiastic support has been given by them, many paying spot cash for bonds of large denominations.

How Americans can be backward when the domestic rich and foreign poor set such an example is a mystery. On yesterday's returns New York heads the list, both in total and in percentage of minimum allotment. Minneapolis has improved its position, and yesterday had officially reported subscriptions of 15 per cent. of its allotment. New York reached 39 per cent. Among the twelve districts, five reported percentages ranging from 10 downward. Let Germany read these figures with pleasure while it can. There remains a week within which it is sure that the loan will be oversubscribed, and it may be predicted by numbers of subscribers larger than there is now any sign of. There was a grand finish to the first loan, and there will be another to this one.

A PAN AMERICAN UNDERSTANDING

In his address before the Southern Commercial Congress, which has already evoked favorable comment in Latin America, where it was widely published, Director General BARRETT of the Pan American Union was not unduly optimistic, nor did he really indulge in venturesome prophecy when he said that with the end of the war we shall realize

> that it has done more than any other international influence since the declaration of the Monroe Doctrine in 1823 to develop ideal and permanent Pan American solidarity, that it has accomplished more than all the diplomatic notes of a century to make the Monroe Doctrine an unquestioned principle in the relationship of nations.

Now the truth is that previous to the great war the United States never succeeded in convincing all, or in fact any considerable part, of Latin America that the Monroe Doctrine would always be maintained for the common welfare of the American republics. It was not difficult for opponents of the doctrine to misrepresent the purpose of intervention by the United States in the affairs of the lesser republics and to give wings to a suspicion that the policy proclaimed by President MONROE and broadly interpreted, if not extended, by his successors contemplated overlordship by the Colossus of the North.

How much this perversion of the truth was due to German propaganda the nations to the south of us are now beginning to find out. Certainly it deepened the suspicion of native statesmen who believed that the United States was more concerned about its own interests than about Pan American security; that the principle of solidarity was a convenient fiction to cloak sinister designs. But the professions of the United States in entering the war to save democracy were so transparently sincere that any remaining doubts of our devotion to the Monroe Doctrine for the common welfare vanished. And it was seen that the triumph of the United States and her allies in the great war must result in worldwide extension of the basic principle of what had been a policy confined to the Americas. That is to say, there will be no more domination of the weaker nations anywhere, and no interference with their rights and prerogatives by any Power whatsoever. That is what the United States is fighting for, and all Latin America now knows it.

Mr. JOHN BARRETT'S appeal to the Latin American republics to "align "themselves with the United States "and the Allies" will not go unheeded. What else can they do if they are true to themselves?

SOLIDIFYING THE BANKING SYSTEM.

The President of the New York Association of State Banks appeals to the banks to turn their gold over to the Federal Reserve system, regardless of their membership in it. He remarks that gold is no better than other money, except for use as reserves, and as reserves it is most useful within the Reserve system. Banks which support the system have special claim to support by the system, even if not within it. The Governor of the Federal system in this district also calls the attention of the New York trust companies to President WILSON'S appeal for the mobilization of the entire banking reserves of the nation. Reports from throughout the country that scattered State institutions are responding to the President's counsel are gratifying, and may well forecast something like unanimous action.

That is particularly to be hoped of New York, and this city in particular. Our local trust companies hold more gold than the Federal Reserve itself, and but a little less than the Federal members and the State banks together. That is true not only of the greatest trust companies, ranking with the greatest banks, and which already have adhered to the Federal system, but also of the trust companies which are leaders of the second rank, and inferior to none in their solidity and the ability of their management. They hold from five to twelve millions of gold each, and are closely followed by others having gold by the single million, more or less. These are recruits worthy of welcome, and it is good news that one of the largest and strongest of all is on the point of yielding the position which it took on conviction, but which it revises for reasons of public policy.

The larger the membership in the Federal system, the more untenable becomes the position of nonmembers. So long as the nonmembers were many and strong, they could form a combination of their own for mutual support in any crisis which might be experienced. But if the nonmembers are few and relatively weak, however respectable their management or sound their position, they could face the future only with disquiet in proportion that their company dwindled. This is undesirable for reasons connected with the general situation. There are thousands of institutions outside the Federal system which would be more comfortable within it, and which would strengthen the system as much as the system would strengthen them. The announced and expected new memberships here will strengthen the movement everywhere, and already it is irresistible. The Federal system was long ago at its weakest. Its strength is now that of the United States. Abstention from membership is no longer a sign of independence or strength, but rather exposes to comment for oddity, and even inquiry as to reasons. Doubtless there always will be room for one more in the Federal system, but the earliest guests will have the warmest welcome and the prestige of precedence.

OUR SUPPLY OF SHIPS.

If the German newspapers had agreed upon a policy of misrepresentation and falsehood, the people who read them might have been deceived about our supply of ships for war service. But while one of them was publishing, two or three days ago, the assertion of Major GOFFE, an officer of the German General Staff, that it would not be possible to carry any considerable number of our soldiers across the Atlantic before next Summer, because ships for the work could not be found, another was showing, by a review of our recent legislation, contracts, and seizure of vessels, that the supply of ocean carriers is rapidly increasing, and was predicting that by the end of next year it will amount to 10,000,000 tons. The harmonious action of our two great political parties, that newspaper said, had "led to a shipping "program whose magnitude leaves "nothing to be desired. What appeared to be impossible has become "a reality."

We shall have the ships. The demand for carriers at the present time is satisfied by those which the Government has taken from coast service and the lakes, by the 117 German vessels that were seized, and by those which are coming from the private yards where they were commandeered. The Shipping Board expects that 1,000,000 tons of new ships will be at work by March 1. This estimate was made, however, before it was decided that construction must be hastened at the yards by work in three shifts, or throughout the entire day of twenty-four hours. At one yard, which has Government contracts for eighteen vessels, this is to be the rule at once, and others are soon to have a work-day of at least sixteen hours. This pressure will so increase the output that more than 1,000,000 tons will be available at the end of February. Afterward there will be additions every week, and some foresee a total of more than 5,000,000 tons within eighteen months. In the near future some help will be given by Japan. The waiting Dutch ships should not be idle, but the work can be done without their assistance. It is reported that the use of a majority of them along the coast or in the Pacific has been offered in return for release of their cargoes of foodstuffs. But what they have on board will not be carried to Holland. The supply of ships will be sufficient for the transportation of troops, all that must go with them, and the foodstuffs which our allies need.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

His Case Really Too Good.

It is the misfortune of Judge HYLAN that, after making the effort required for accepting his explanation of the transactions which resulted in the transfer to him of money which had belonged to that particularly thrifty financier whose particularly incongruous name was GOSLIN, even the most kindly disposed student of the matter is compelled to conclude that the Judge is not the sort of man New York wants for Mayor. For if, as he says, he was as a child in the hands of this little king of swindling promoters, what would be his chance of resisting the influences that would be brought to bear on him by such an experienced manipulator and exploiter of politics as the variously eminent CHARLES F. MURPHY?

It is only too evident from Judge HYLAN'S own narrative that he is not a good judge of what is going on around him, and that, though his intentions may be of the best, it is lamentably probable that in the years to come he would have a lot more of explaining to do and a lot more of regret to express because of his inability to prevent the abusing of his confidence by those whom he had trusted. Of course Mr. MURPHY'S methods are not those of the dead-and-gone, but well-remembered, GOSLIN, but there is a very widespread impression, amounting to little less than a general conviction outside of the innermost Tammany circle, that New York's best interests would not be served by a Mayor who called Mr. MURPHY "the Chief."

It is well for a Mayor to be without guile, but it is requisite that he should know a good deal about that quality, and be able to recognize it in action. Innocence, too, is a fine quality, especially for a man under accusation, but to be "an innocent" has its disadvantages in a world that has approached the millennium no closer than has the one in which we live.

Preparation Should Be Timely.

A problem to which public attention has not yet been turned is one which will confront the country as soon as it has a great army actively engaged on the western front in Europe. Such service, though we do not like to think about any of its consequences except the ultimate victory over Germany for which with such good reason we confidently hope, will mean that a large number of wounded men will have to be brought home for treatment. To care here for all except the very worst cases will be a necessity as well as our duty, and to care for them effectively—effectively from the standpoint of the country not less than from their own—will need elaborate planning.

The sort of preparation required for the proper performance of this task is admirably described in an article contributed to Mental Hygiene by Dr. PEARCE BAILEY, Chairman of the Mental Hygiene War Work Committee of the National Committee for Mental Hygiene. Canada has already had to deal with this problem, and Dr. BAILEY, after a careful study of its solution by our northern neighbor, has prepared a detailed adaptation to American conditions of the plan evolved from Canadian experience.

A point emphasized by him is the importance of dividing the wounded men as they arrive into groups, each of which shall contain only sufferers from injuries or maladies of the same or a similar sort. To put the unlike cases together in one hospital, no matter how good it may be, in most instances delays and often prevents recovery, increases pain, and—not a slight consideration—increases expenditures, immediate and future.

In the course of his article Dr. BAILEY gives a warning, not against allotting to the wounded soldier all the sympathy he deserves and has earned, but against forgetting the lesson of long experience, which is that "the best comfort and the truest compensation are more surely attained by a discipline which makes men help cure themselves than by an emotional and solicitous care." They must be taught "to use such energies as they have left for their own reconstruction."

Some Prices Are Far Too High.

Again Mr. HOOVER calls the attention of the public to the fact that his power as a regulator of food prices does not extend to the producers and can be exerted directly on only a small number of retail dealers—those whose business amounts to over $100,000 a year. In consequence of these restrictions, he more than intimates, there is now to be seen and felt not a little of ruthless exploitation of the consumer.

In other words, though war has made prices high, it has not compelled and does not justify many of the prices now demanded. The only thing, or at any rate the chief thing, he can now do is to give to consumers clear and definite knowledge of what the various foods cost at wholesale and so enable them to bring pressure of one sort or another on dealers who are making wholly legitimate profits, regardless of whether scarcity or abundance of supply exists. This he is doing. Whether or not it is enough to remedy the evils and abuses noted by Mr. HOOVER remains to be seen. If it is not, the profiteers are inviting action by the Government that they will have reason long to remember.

"The Rumor as a Weapon."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos of your editorial article in today's TIMES entitled "The Rumor as a Weapon," allow me to cite the following case, which will show how some Teutonic enemies residing among us are spreading the blackest and most alarming news among the mothers of American soldiers.

I know a Spanish mother whose youngest son, her baby, (for he is hardly eighteen years old,) enlisted in the United States Army several months before the Draft act became a law. Now, this mother, although still clinging to the customs and traditions of old Spain, did not object to her boy's courageously joining the forces of this, the country of his birth. But the poor woman has an Austrian neighbor who is making her life miserable by telling her the most diabolic stories affecting the United States Army in general.

According to this Austrian woman, five American transports have been sunk by German submarines with the loss of all on board. Of course "American papers won't tell this," but "she knows positively." American soldiers are starving in their posts and are being shot wholesale by their officers for trivial offenses.

The boy-soldier in question is doing his bit in the Panama Canal Zone and you can very well imagine the anguish this poor mother, who has two big sons subject to the draft, must be experiencing.

LEALTAD.

New York, Oct. 18, 1917.

WAR WEARINESS.

If on through weeks and months and years
The spectacle of war must last;
If on our way the blight that sears
Must yet a weary space be cast;
If each uprising of the sun
But marks another wretched span
Wherein grim duty must be done,
What is the hope, the aim of man?

Peace comes at last, when on the dead
The rain has fallen, and the snow—
Peace, to the bowed, care-whitened head
That can no further pleasures know.
If all our hopes and hearts must lie
In some unmarked, lone soldier grave,
What matter that, at last, on high
The banners of our victory wave?

Make haste! In mercy's name, make haste!
Strong, furious haste, O shot and shell!
Spread devastation, horror, waste—
Work swiftly! Make each effort tell!
If peace shall come, pray let us see
Its light a-shine ere heartstrings break!
If righteous conquest is to be,
Full soon, O war, your tribute take!

Peace for the world—a world made drear
With haunting memory and grief!
Spare us, at least, our loved ones here,
Else victory brings us no relief!
Take toll, O war! and precious toll!
The young and strong today we give,
But soon let victory's thunders roll,
That these, our last, for us may live!

LURANA SHELDON.

LLOYD GEORGE'S NEW HOME.

Chequers, the Gift of Sir Arthur Lee, Dates Back to Henry II.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—In accepting the Chequers Estate as an official country residence for the Prime Ministers of England, David Lloyd-George wrote the following letter to the donor, Sir Arthur Lee:

10 Downing Street, Whitehall, S. W.,
Aug. 29, 1917.

My dear Lee: Your offer in regard to the Chequers Estate is most generous and beneficent, and one for which Prime Ministers of England in the future will have much to thank you. The gift which you are now bequeathing in advance to the nation is in its very essence an indication of the practical thoughtfulness which is characteristic of you, and the public spirit which the scheme displays is worthy of that which its originator has shown in all my dealings with him. Future generations of Prime Ministers will think with gratitude of the impulse which has thus prompted you so generously to place this beautiful mansion at their disposal. I have no doubt that such a retreat will do much to alleviate the cares of State which they will inherit along with it, and you will earn the grateful thanks of those whose privilege it is to enjoy it.

You have my full authority to go ahead with the scheme, to approach the other Trustees, and to take whatever steps may be necessary to bring the trust into effective existence.

As soon as these preliminaries are completed I shall be glad to attend and preside over the first meeting of the Trustees.

Yours sincerely,
D. LLOYD GEORGE.

Colonel Sir Arthur Lee, K. C. B., M. P.

The contents of the house go with it. They comprise the well-known collection of Cromwellian portraits and relics; a handsome library of valuable books, chiefly of the sixteenth, seventeenth, and eighteenth centuries, and mostly in their original bindings; a collection of pictures by various masters, and a number of papers and manuscripts of historical interest, British and foreign.

Chequers has a long and unbroken history and many Parliamentary associations. It derives its name from the title of the Keeper of the King's Exchequer under Henry II., and the mansion, which has been carefully restored by the donors, is partly of Tudor and partly of Elizabethan origin. It was for years the home of descendants in the female line of Oliver Cromwell. It lies high, its situation is salubrious, and it is less than forty miles from Downing Street.

VERDUN AIR VICTOR HERE.

Lieut. Rheno Describes Fights in Which He Downed German Planes.

Lieutenant Walter Rheno of the French air service arrived at an Atlantic port yesterday for a visit with his family in Martha's Vineyard. He wore the War Cross with two palms, gained by bringing down three German airplanes in the Verdun sector in August and September.

"There is no stipulated method of procedure," he said, "in attacking an enemy machine by which a young aviator can be guided. You cannot judge what metal your antagonist is made of until you meet him up above the clouds in a little world of your own. When he charges then you have got to make up your mind to get him, or the Boche will get you.

"My biggest air fight took place on Aug. 18. It was with a two-seater Albatross at an altitude of 17,000 feet, and in the course of it I went up to 20,000 feet. Two of the German's shots hit my car, but did no damage to speak of, and finally I got in position over the German plane and did a 500-foot nose dive, firing as I came. One of the shots from my machine took effect. There was a puff of smoke, and then the Albatross, with its two black crosses at the front end, plunged straight to the earth at lightning speed, and the two German occupants were crushed in the débris beyond all recognition."

HONORS FOR 4 AMERICANS.

They Are Cited for Gallantry in Lafayette Squadron Work.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—Four members of the Lafayette Squadron were cited in the latest French Army orders. The citations follow:

Dudley L. Hill of Peekskill, N. Y., "for high courage in the recent attacks at Verdun, especially on Aug. 18, when his airplane was seriously damaged as he was protecting bombardment machines."

Edwin Parsons of Springfield, Mass., "for splendid courage shown on all missions intrusted to him. He brought down an enemy on Sept. 8."

Sergeant Kenneth Marr of San Francisco, "a valiant pilot who aided in bringing down an enemy on Sept. 19 and engaged several enemy machines on Sept. 22. By his coolness and daring he brought his own damaged machine back."

Lieutenant Raoul Lufbery of Wallingford, Conn., cited for "sixteen flights in a fortnight in which he brought down or disabled six enemies, scoring his eleventh victory on Sept. 4. His own machine was damaged five times during these flights."

TO GUARD ALIEN PROPERTY.

A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania Appointed Federal Custodian.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—A. Mitchell Palmer of Stroudsburg, Penn., former Representative in Congress, was today appointed Alien Property Custodian, under the trading with the enemy law.

He will act as trustee for all enemy property within the United States and issue licenses exempting enemy concerns from his supervision. He may require the transfer to himself of any property held for or any debt owed to an enemy or an enemy ally and any person holding such property or owing such money may transfer the property or pay the money to the custodian with his consent. The Alien Property Custodian will hold such property or money until the end of the war, and then deal with it as Congress may direct. All funds or ready money taken by the custodian may be invested in Liberty Bonds and held in that form.

BAKER DRIVES NEW TRUCK.

President Also Inspects One of the First Two New Machines.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Secretary Baker accepted today on behalf of the War Department the first two heavy-duty war trucks to be completed under designs prepared by the Quartermaster Department, the automotive products section of the Council of National Defense, and the Society of Automotive Engineers.

Secretary Baker drove one of the trucks along Pennsylvania Avenue in front of the White House today and President Wilson inspected the machine. The trucks reached here from their factories, making the cross-country drive in good shape. One came from Rochester, N. Y., the other from Lima, Ohio. At the wheel of the Lima truck Secretary Baker made a short run to observe the handling of the machine. Demonstrations also were made for army officers.

POLES ASK FOR TARNOW.

Want Austrian as Premier, Though Germans Oppose Him.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 19.—A Lemberg dispatch says that Count Tarnowski von Tarnow, former Austro-Hungarian Ambassador Designate to the United States, has been proposed by the Poles as their sole candidate for the premiership of the new Polish Kingdom, which office is to be filled by the recently appointed Council of Regency. Count Tarnowski's candidacy has been opposed steadily by the Germans.

The Count is now visiting Przemysl as emissary of the Polish Regency to the Polish Legion in an effort to induce the soldiers of the legion to return to duty.

GERMANY'S BALTIC VICTORY.

Attempted Probably for Moral Effect on Her Own Fleet and People and Aided by Lessons Learned from the Dardanelles—Removal of Russian Capital May Change Russian Spirit.

By ARTHUR POLLEN,
Foremost British Writer on Naval Affairs.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

When the news first reached us on Oct. 10 that there had, six weeks before, been something like a mutiny in the German fleet, I suggested in the columns of THE NEW YORK TIMES that the Higher Command would have no difficulty in restoring the morale of the German Navy, and, to make assurance doubly sure, would probably send the fleet out to fight without delay. On Friday, the 12th, the attack on the Island of Oesel began. By the following Tuesday night the entire island was in German hands, as well as the neighboring Island of Dagö. By Wednesday the Dirben Channel had been swept clear of mines, and at least two German dreadnoughts had entered the gulf, and on Thursday evening we heard the news that the Slava had been sunk, that all the Russian naval forces had been driven into Moon Sound, and that the northern and western exits from the sound were blocked by superior forces. In less than a week, then, the Germans have won complete naval mastery of the Gulf of Finland, and can now establish bases for an advance on Reval and Petrograd at Hapsal and Pernau, as well as at Riga.

These are events literally of a portentous character. They reveal a state of things partly entirely unsuspected, partly only feared, but not known for certain. They promise consequences of a very grave order indeed. They prove the German Higher Command to possess a far better understanding of the tactics of combined operations than we had any reason to suspect. In spite of the gallantry of the Russian defenses and of the splendid fight put up by the Slava, they confirm our worst fears as to the confusion into which the Higher Naval Command has fallen in Russia, and afford a solid basis for supposing that the Baltic fleet is very far from having recovered from the events of last March and the continuous revolutionary interference with the sailors that has persisted since. The victory puts Germany into position for a successful drive on Reval and Petrograd next Spring, if, when next Spring comes, she has the forces necessary for this very considerable operation. Finally, as in 1915 and 1916, the German Government is able to hearten its people to endure the hardships of the Winter by the news of great success. Let us take these points in order and deal with them briefly.

The events of last week afford us the second example, since August, 1914, of what are not very happily called "amphibious" operations. They afford the first example of completely successful amphibious operations. The other, of course, was the British attempt to send a predreadnought fleet into the Sea of Marmora through the Dardanelles. A comparison of the two operations is instructive. The war council, over which Mr. Asquith presided, was persuaded to initiate the Dardanelles attack on the assurance of the British Admiralty, represented by Mr. Churchill and Lord Fisher, that the operation could be carried through successfully by the employment of naval force alone. Lord Kitchener gave a reluctant consent to it on this understanding. The objective was to get the British fleet of predreadnought ships from the Mediterranean into the Sea of Marmora through fifty miles of narrow channel, in one place little more than half a mile, and for the most part from two to five miles wide. This channel was defended by two or three almost negligible forts at its mouth, and by a very formidable group of forts extending for three or four miles on each side of that portion of the channel which ended in the gut opposite Chanak. It is at this point that the width is less than one thousand yards. All the area leading up to it was heavily mined, and the actual narrows were fortified by torpedo tubes placed, like those in a ship, below the surface of the water, and therefore not exposed to the artillery of any vessels attempting to pass them. The ships, therefore, had three obstacles to overcome: mine fields—which must be swept before the ships could advance, but completely covered by the heavy guns of fortresses and by field and howitzer batteries especially constructed for their defense; the forts themselves—which were in many cases built for indirect fire and so were out of sight of the ships that had to engage them; and torpedo attack directed from positions that could not be destroyed by gun fire. The attack was very gallantly made and pressed on many occasions for over a month. The outer forts, where observation at right angles to the line of fire was possible, fell after a very brief bombardment. But the complicated problem of dealing with the mine fields and the forts was found to be insoluble.

The naval attempt having failed, an army was landed two months after the first attack by ships had been made. But this attack had put the Turks and their German leaders on their guard, and every possible landing place on the peninsula was defended, not by the kind of fortifications which the experience of six months of war had shown to be obsolete, but by a skilful combination of trenches, machine-gun employment, barbed wire and field guns, that promised to make any sort of landing at all an absolute impossibility. It will always remain one of the glories of the British arms that these obstacles were triumphantly overcome. But if sheer fighting ability had made the landing possible, an advance to the conquest of the peninsula was impossible. Two months of defensive preparation had done their work, and the naval failure was followed by the military disaster which that failure had made inevitable.

The origin of the blunder, as well as its character, had been made obvious before the commission appointed to inquire into these events made their report. In every warlike undertaking singleness of purpose and unity of command of all the means necessary for obtaining it are of the essence of the matter. Both of these were lacking in our enterprise against the Turks in 1915. What could only succeed as an amphibious or combined operation was not perceived to be an amphibious operation at all. First came the naval effort, then, when too late, the military attempt to redeem it.

The Germans have proceeded very differently. Just as the British objective was to get an enormously powerful naval force into the Sea of Marmora, the German objective was to get a dreadnought force into the Gulf of Finland. Dreadnoughts can enter this gulf only by the Dirben Channel, which, for the greater part of its length, is under the fire of the guns situated at the end of the southern promontory of the Island of Oesel. The whole of this channel, a week ago, was heavily mined, and sweeping them up was clearly a mighty perilous proceeding until the guns commanding the mine field were silenced. The task set to the Germans was, obviously enough, a far simpler one than that propounded by Mr. Churchill two and one-half years ago. But mark how they have set about it. First, they proceeded to drive all Russian light craft which were outside the islands to the cover of their forts and mine fields. They then opened bombardments on Oesel at several points, and landed not only very large forces, but highly mobile forces. We hear of whole regiments mounted on motor bicycles. In three days Oesel was overrun, and, no doubt, advanced observation stations were established to direct the fire of the ships' guns on to the Russian positions. Nothing has been said of artillery having been landed, and it is quite possible that it was unnecessary, once the ships' artillery had, in this manner, been made efficient for its purely military purpose of enabling the infantry to rush and take the forts after they were destroyed. The first attempt on the Island of Dagö seems to have been a failure. But the taking of Oesel seems to have gone through without a setback, and now Dagö and Moon have fallen, too. With the destruction of the last forts, the position with regard to sweeping the mine fields was reversed. What the German Navy could not do under the threat of Russian land fire, Russian naval forces could not interfere with when under the menace of these same guns in German hands.

The Germans, in short, realized that possession of the mine field followed possession of the forts. The tactics of the Dardanelles were reversed. A purely naval objective was won by the employment of almost purely military means. Instead of the fleet making the army's task impossible, it was the army that made the fleet's task easy. So much for the general character of the operation.

Now it is a pertinent question to ask why this operation was not attempted long ago. In August, 1915, the Germans tried to deal with the Gulf of Riga just as, in fact, we tried to deal with the Dardanelles. They attempted, that is to say, to get naval command by means of naval force only. After two attempts to clear the mine fields had failed, a third and successful effort was made during a fog. So long as visibility was good, the old battleship Slava—which has now fought her last fight and has sunk gloriously—could keep the German mine sweepers under fire while herself out of range of the German battleships beyond the channel. But in the fog her guns were useless, and the German light craft entered. But they had not time to sweep a channel wide enough for the predreadnought battleships, and the enemy committed the folly of attempting to engage the Russians without battleship support. The result was disastrous; the barges towed in laden with infantry for an attack at Pernau were sunk wholesale, and the German forces were driven out discomfited and defeated by the Russians. The Germans may be fairly slow-witted, but it is probable that even in August, 1915, the lesson of the Dardanelles had gone home. Why, then, was the seizure of Oesel by a combined operation from the Baltic side not attempted then? The Germans forbore out of deference to the well-known naval doctrine of the "Fleet in Being." The doctrine is roughly as follows: No naval oversea operation which can be brought to ruin by the attack of a hostile fleet can be entered upon while the hostile fleet is still undefeated and integral. It is a doctrine that in fact, as well as in theory, can be shown to have only a limited, and, indeed, a very limited, application. But it possesses validity in certain cases, and this was one of them. The situation was as follows:

In 1915 the Russian Baltic fleet could bring a broadside fire of between fifty and sixty twelve-inch guns into action. It was known to possess possibly the highest standard of gunnery of any fleet in the world, was full of enthusiasm and under the control of a generation of naval officers on whose minds the humiliations and lessons of the war with Japan had set their imprint. Just as the first British Army—that fought from Mons to Melun and back again to the Aisne, and then in the enemy's great drive for Calais, with an incredible tenuity of line, held back German forces reasonably supposed to be overwhelming—was a force disproportionately strong for its numbers and owed its strength to what had been learned in the Boer war, so, too, the Russian pre-revolutionary fleet was rightly estimated as the most perfect naval force of its numbers then in existence, owing to its being the only European navy with war experience. It was doubtless a force greatly inferior in numbers and material to that at the disposal of the German Higher Command. But no superiority of numbers could have made its defeat a cheap victory for the Germans. Now, had the Germans in 1915 attempted to master the Gulf of Riga by way of the amphibious operations just carried out, it was a virtual certainty that the Russian fleet would have forced a battle in the Baltic, and this would have put Germany into a dilemma. The predreadnoughts would not have engaged the Russians at all. She must either, therefore, refuse battle and leave her forces on Oesel to the mercy of the enemy, or give battle with the High Seas fleet and risk the destruction of perhaps a third of her dreadnoughts before the Russian fleet could be brought under. The latter was a risk that certainly could not be faced. In 1915 the Germans had not abandoned all hope of lowering the strength of the British fleet, by mines and submarine attrition, to a point at which a victory at sea might be possible. And she still had to keep her f

PAY LAST TRIBUTE TO E. A. DITHMAR

The Rev. Dr. C. J. Smith Reviews the More Than Forty Years of Editor's Activities.

PRAISES HIS PATRIOTISM

Funeral Attended by Members of The Times Staff, Actors, and Literary Folk.

Many friends and former colleagues of the late Edward A. Dithmar, who was for forty years associated with the editorial staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES, attended his funeral services yesterday at the Lutheran Evangelical Church at Sixty-fifth Street and Central Park West. The gathering at the church included members of THE TIMES staff, intimate friends of Mr. Dithmar's family, and representative writers, critics, and actors whose friendship and admiration Mr. Dithmar had won during his long journalistic career.

The Rev. Dr. Charles J. Smith, who officiated at the service, delivered a eulogy upon Mr. Dithmar's life and work. Reviewing his career as an editorial writer on THE TIMES, the preacher described him as a man to whom it was given to possess so "close an approximation to the universal mind." He said:

"Edward A. Dithmar was born May 22, 1854, and fell asleep Oct. 16, 1917, at the age of 63 years. Entering eagerly upon journalistic work when only a youth of 17 years, he at once found the sphere for which God and nature endowed him, and having found it he never forsook it. For forty years he had been part and parcel of THE NEW YORK TIMES, giving to this influential paper the best of his thought, and through its columns radiating the wholesomeness of spirit which was ever the mark of the man.

"To very few men is it given to possess so close an approximation to the universal mind. Whether dealing with the troubled waters of European politics, with the tangled skein of Latin-American relations, with the appraisal of some new development of dramatic art, or with some phase of New York's civic life, Mr. Dithmar could ever be depended upon to exhibit that poise of thought and utterance which made his words always sane and his thought not trivial, but fundamental, in his estimate of persons he was ever generous. His praise was never flattery, nor was the censure ever born of bitterness.

"Because of this broadly sympathetic and ecumenical spirit Mr. Dithmar wove himself into the fabric of a great metropolitan daily. Through it his voice was heard veritably to the uttermost parts of the earth. Its editorial page, so strikingly impersonal, was lighted up by the fire of his radiant personality. Many of us who read his work felt our spiritual kinship with the author, even though we had never heard his name.

"His capacity for friendship was profound. Faithfulness and loyalty marked his relationship with his fellow-men. One of his chief associates in the office has said, 'We could always be ill without anxiety, for we knew that Dithmar would be on hand to see the work through.' Today, and through the to-morrow he shall be sadly missed by men and women everywhere. From the office, from the stage, from social and civic centres, from many quiet homes they come who took him at his face value and loved him for the worth that was in him.

"It is particularly to be regretted that Mr. Dithmar has left us just when we needed him so much. His pen was the pen of the patriot. His voice was not uncertain in this day of his nation's supreme duty. Personally he had counted the cost and was willing to pay it as the price of human liberty. The spirit of his fathers laid hold upon him; in him Americanism was incarnate. It is hard to spare him in the present day of emergency. He rests from his labors; we who remain have entered into his labors. Shall we not believe that 'he, being dead, yet speaketh'? His work must be carried on by us. Let the realization by Americans of the things for which he longed be his best monument, a monument which shall be built of our prayers and service."

As an expression of Mr. Dithmar's life the pastor cited the following lines written by Frederic W. Pangborn as a eulogy to "An American Soldier Somewhere in France":

Dead at his post of duty. 'Tis enough.
What finer eulogy? All the boast
Of pomp and glory seems but idle breath
Beside the quiet dignity of death.
Where death and duty blend—solution most
Complete of all life's problems. 'Tis enough.
Dead—and at his post.

Among those at the services were Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Griswold Deane, Mrs. Richard Mansfield, Winfield Scott Moody, Charles Henry Meltzer, Will J. Guard, Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Drake, William Collier, Arthur W. Watson, Francis W. Halsey, J. I. C. Clarke, Daniel F. Kellogg, William K. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Busly, Willis Holly, Bliss Carman, and Rutger Jewett.

The pallbearers were Adolph S. Ochs, Charles R. Miller, Edwin Isham, William D. Lawrence, Samuel Strauss, Walter S. Sullivan, Charles E. O'Hara, and Charles J. Rosebault.

Following the services the body was buried in Greenwood Cemetery.

Woman's War Fund Gains.

Mrs. Herbert Lee Pratt, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the War Work Council of the National Board of the Young Women's Christian Association, gave a luncheon to sixteen at the Colony Club yesterday, at which reports were read showing the work done in the raising of the $4,000,000 budget to carry on the work of the council. Mrs. Pratt announced that at fifty meetings held in Summer homes this year, $729,000 of the $1,000,000, which was the first budget of the council when it laid out plans for its war service among women, was raised.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
"Prices less than Elsewhere"

Bates Street Shirts
$1.50
Short Stiff Bosom
Ideal for Comfort.

Negligee Shirts
at $1.15
(Fine Samples)
$2.00 Value
Nearly all sizes
with soft cuffs.

Fall Neckwear, 49c & 98c
Best Value, Largest Variety of Weaves
Underwear, Gloves, Pajamas, Socks, Etc.
"Correct"—Most Unusual Values

HATS—No advance in prices.
$1.90 and $2.90
The last word
in Styles

Swagger Soft Hats
and Smart Derbys
For the Week-End
Smart Cloth Hats, 65c, $1.90
For Motor, Sports and Outing.

The Greatest of all War Books
UNDER FIRE
By Henri Barbusse (Le Feu)
Over 800,000 copies of the French edition already sold.
A MARVELOUS TRANSLATION
$1.50 Net. Postage Extra. All Bookstores
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Av., N.Y.

PRESIDENT EXPLAINS DRAFT TO FARMERS

Believes Temporary Exemptions at Harvest Time a Fair Consideration.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—The editor of The Farm Journal wrote to President Wilson some time ago informing him that farmers were complaining because they had not been dealt with more liberally in the matter of draft exemptions. The Farm Journal will publish tomorrow the following reply from Mr. Wilson:

The White House,
Washington, Sept. 27, 1917.

My dear Mr. Jenkins:

In reply to your letter of Sept. 17, whose importance I fully appreciate, I beg to say that the claims of agriculture in connection with exemption from the draft have been very carefully and anxiously considered by the Secretary of War and myself, and a method has been devised which we believe will enable all claims to be allowed which justify exemption and will in other cases leave the farmer and his help at home to gather the crops before joining the colors.

Exclusive original jurisdiction with regard to the decision of all claims for discharge on the ground of being engaged in an agricultural enterprise has been vested by Congress in what are known as the District Boards, for each Federal Judicial District. Inasmuch as members of these boards must reside in the district for which they are appointed, a plan has been followed by which at least one member of each board should be in close touch with the agricultural situation in his district. These boards have been directed to make a survey of the industrial and agricultural conditions in the district under their control, ascertaining as near as may be the labor supply available throughout the necessary industries and for agriculture outside of the men called for military service, and to take into consideration all such facts in determining claims for exemption.

Wherever, in the opinion of the District Board, the direct and substantial material loss to any industrial or agricultural enterprise necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment or to the effective operation of the military forces or the national interest during the war outweighs the loss that would result from the failure to obtain the military service of any person engaged in such enterprise, the Board will issue a certificate of exemption.

It has not been thought feasible to go beyond this general authorization and make wholesale discharges of farmers as a class upon the mere showing that a claimant for discharge has some color of right to be called a farmer. To do so would be to let down the bars and bring down upon a central office the insistent demands of thousands of industries which would have an equal right for consideration.

A method has been devised, however, whereby farmers and farm hands are to be granted special consideration consistent with the letter of the act and in accordance with its spirit. By this method it is intended that the local board shall receive from the District Board a list of the men who have presented claims for temporary discharge on the ground of the necessity of gathering the crops. Certificates of discharge will not issue in such cases, but the local board, on examining such claims, will be enabled, if it deems it necessary, to designate such individuals for the contingents to be summoned to report at the mobilization camp at later dates, to be fixed by the Adjutant General. Thus the need of leaving the men temporarily at the work of gathering the crops may be satisfied without complicating or diminishing the quotas.

It is to be borne in mind that all branches of industry, and indeed all activities of life, are affected by the draft, and we must in many cases rely upon the services of those above and below the draft age. It may in many cases be inconvenient, but the nation as well as the individual must be considered. There will be no hardship in the many cases where agricultural claims have been allowed, and in those cases where the claims have been disallowed the young men who are serving the country must and can be replaced by those younger or older who cannot serve in the Army.

Sincerely yours,
WOODROW WILSON.

Mr. Charles F. Jenkins, Secretary,
The Farm Journal.

PLATTSBURG GUARDS ALERT

Attempts to Pass Them While in Trenches Prove Futile.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Oct. 19.—The New York students in the training camp here are in the trenches tonight and will remain there until after breakfast in the morning. A hot supper was distributed by carrying squads, when it began to rain.

Several attempts have been made to pass the guards, and a number of prisoners have been taken. Captain Boschen of the regulars tried to get through and encountered such a vigorous sentinel that he was glad to escape minus a part of his clothing.

The Liberty Loan campaign here is approaching the $600,000 mark, with $1,000,000 as the objective.

The discharge from camp of R. W. Gaynor has been rescinded.

WELCOME US IN COUNCIL.

Jules Cambon Says Our Participation Is "Absolutely Necessary."

PARIS, Oct. 19.—Commenting today on the announcement from Washington as to the possibility of the United States being represented in the next allied conference, Jules Cambon, General Secretary to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, said:

"We are not merely desirous of seeing the United States participate, but such participation is absolutely necessary, given the essential importance of the rôle the United States will play not only in the war but in the settlement that will follow."

SUFFRAGE RALLY TONIGHT.

Attacks on Women Campaigners Will Be Answered at Carnegie Hall.

Answers to recent anti-suffrage attacks will be made tonight at the patriotic suffrage rally to be given at Carnegie Hall under the auspices of the Woman Suffrage Party of the City of New York. Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, has requested that anti-suffragists throughout the city send her written questions and statements, which will be taken up at the meeting. These communications must be forwarded to Mrs. Catt at the city headquarters at 3 East Thirty-eighth Street, or to Carnegie Hall, and must reach the hall before 8 o'clock. Speeches will be made at the rally by Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Mrs. Willard Straight, Dr. Caroline S. Finley, Mrs. Schuyler Warren and Mrs. Courtlandt D. Barnes. Mrs. John Humphreys Watkins will preside.

Trowbridge-Murray Engagement.

Mrs. Frank Dean Trowbridge of New Haven, Conn., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Mary Brewster Trowbridge, to Lieutenant Lawrence N. Murray, son of Dr. and Mrs. Francis Wisner Murray of 32 West Thirty-ninth Street. Lieutenant Murray received his commission at Plattsburg, and is now stationed at Ayer, Mass. No date has been set for the wedding.

ALL BOOKS MENTIONED
in this issue
CAN BE HAD AT
Malkan'S
NEW YORK'S LARGEST BOOKSTORE
42 Broadway, N.Y. Phone 3900 Bread

MRS. BLUMENTHAL TO MARRY A DUKE

Widow of New York Leather Merchant Engaged to Member of Montmorency Family.

CAPTAIN IN FRENCH ARMY

Bride to be, a Resident of Paris for 20 Years, Is a Sister of Joseph S. and J. Stevens Ulman.

A cable received yesterday from Paris told of the engagement of Mrs. Ferdinand Blumenthal, whose husband died about three years ago, to the Duke of Montmorency, who is now a Captain on the General Staff of the French Army.

The present Duke, who is 48 years old, came into his title a couple of years ago at the death of his father. Prior to that he was known as Count de Perigord. He has been a leading factor in Paris society, and the Perigord-Montmorency families are among the oldest and best nobility of France.

The Duke has been a widower for several years. His first wife, whom he married in 1891, was the daughter of the Duke and Duchess de Rohan.

Mrs. Blumenthal has made her home abroad for the last twenty years, and her residence at 34 Avenue de Bois de Boulogne is one of the show places of Paris.

Her husband was one of the oldest members of the leather business in New York. He died in October, 1914, on board the steamship Patria, while on his way from Naples to New York. After his retirement, several years ago, he lived in Paris, where his collection of the Barbizon school was famous, containing the choicest specimens in the world, including a number of Corots. He was made a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor on account of his interest in French artists and his contributions to art.

Mrs. Blumenthal has a sister, also residing in Paris, the wife of Milenko R. Vesnitch, Minister from Serbia to France and Belgium. She has two brothers, Joseph S. Ulman and J. Stevens Ulman of this city. Her two sons are William Blumenthal, who was in the diplomatic service of this country for eight years, now living abroad, and Cecil Blumenthal, who resides with his mother in Paris and is at present visiting in New York.

No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

HEAR ROOSEVELT IS ILL

But Oyster Bay Says There Is No Cause for Alarm.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 19.—Considerable alarm regarding the health of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt was created here by the announcement today that the Colonel would be unable to keep a tentative engagement to speak here on Sunday night at the meeting of the Board of Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church at the New Nixon Theatre.

The Rev. Dr. A. H. Lucas of St. Paul's Methodist Church here said that Colonel Roosevelt's physicians had ordered him to cancel all speaking engagements and to take a complete rest. Dr. Lucas said he had received a letter from the Colonel describing his condition of health.

It was learned last night at Oyster Bay that there was no real cause for alarm over the health of Colonel Roosevelt. When he left for a course of rigorous training at Stamford, Conn., the ex-President weighed 240 pounds. He was also at work on a book on the war, which had been interrupted by many demands on him. He decided, therefore, to go into retirement for two weeks to take off forty pounds and resume work on his book.

WED TO GASTON PLANTIFF.

Miss Ellen Kaae of Copenhagen, the Bride of Ford Peace Leader.

Gaston Plantiff, manager of the Eastern branch of the Ford Motor Company, who succeeded to the command of Henry Ford's peace expedition after Mr. Ford left it in Norway in December, 1915, was married on Thursday morning to Miss Ellen Kaae of Copenhagen, Denmark, who has been studying music in New York for the last year.

The ceremony took place in the Central Presbyterian Church and was performed by the Rev. Dr. Wilton Merle-Smith, the pastor. Those present were Captain Wilhelm Hempel of the Scandinavian-American liner Oskar II., W. Benton Crisp, Robert S. C. Neely, and Robert Bulow, who is in charge of the Ford interests at Copenhagen.

After a wedding breakfast at Mr. Crisp's home at 410 Park Avenue Mr. and Mrs. Plantiff left for a honeymoon in the West.

GEN. JOS. E. KUHN MARRIES.

Commander at Camp Meade Weds Miss Helen Squire.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The marriage of Miss Helen Squire of this city to Major Gen. Joseph E. Kuhn, U. S. A., of the Seventy-ninth Army Division, at Camp Meade, Md., took place this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the residence of the bride's cousin, George Bond Cochran, 1215 Nineteenth Street.

MISS TOWNSEND BETROTHED

Her Fiance, Spencer O. Shotter, to Enter Princeton Aviation Corps.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Marion Townsend, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Allen Townsend of Ardsley-on-Hudson and this city, to Spencer Owens Shotter, son of Mr. and Mrs. Spencer P. Shotter of 1,000 Park Avenue, New York, and The Poplars, Lenox.

Mr. Shotter is a Princeton graduate, class of 1914, and spent last Summer at the Plattsburg Camp. He left yesterday for Princeton to enter the Aviation Corps there. The Shotters formerly owned Shadow Brook, the famous Anson Phelps Stokes country estate at Lenox, but sold it to Andrew Carnegie.

No date has been announced for the wedding.

Miss Stoner to Wed Dr. A. J. Huey.

George W. Stoner, senior surgeon of the United States Public Health Service, and Mrs. Stoner, of 84 Norwood Avenue, Clifton, S. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marian Stoner, to Dr. Arthur J. Huey of 304 West Eighty-third Street, New York. The wedding will take place in November.

Geiger-Rolland.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Geiger of 602 West 157th Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Minna Geiger, to Albert M. Rolland, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Jules Rolland of 220 West Ninety-eighth Street and Paris. Mr. Rolland was graduated from Columbia and is in business with his father's firm, Rolland Frères.

Bob Fitzsimmons Still Low.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Bob Fitzsimmons, former champion heavyweight pugilist, who has been dangerously ill of lobar pneumonia at a hospital here for several days, was reported tonight as "in the condition he has been since arrival at the hospital."

Mrs. Fitzsimmons, who had been at her husband's bedside constantly, was ordered to bed by physicians today, as she was on the verge of collapse. Tonight it was reported she had returned to her vigil at Fitzsimmons's bedside.

CONSTANTINE OPERATED ON.

King's Condition Grave Owing to Reopening of Old Wound.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—A Zurich dispatch to the Matin says the old wound of former King Constantine of Greece has reopened and that an operation was performed at the Sauerbruch clinic in Zurich yesterday. His condition is said to be most grave.

Empress of Germany's Aunt Dead.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 19.—Princess Henriette Elizabeth of Schleswig-Holstein, aunt of the Empress of Germany, is dead at Kiel. She was 84 years old. Princess Henriette of Holstein was married in 1872 to Dr. J. F. A. d'Esmarch, who died in 1908.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. HENRY JULIUS COHEN, a Brooklyn physician and surgeon, died in the Methodist Episcopal Hospital on Thursday after an operation for appendicitis. Dr. Cohen was born in this city thirty years ago, and was in charge of the Eye Clinics of the Jewish and Samaritan Hospitals in Brooklyn. He was a member of the Kings County Medical Society, and left a widow and a daughter. His home was at 138 Seventeenth Street, Brooklyn.

PATRICK MOONEY, a retired policeman of the old town of Gravesend and for many years in the employ of the Park Department at Prospect Park, died on Wednesday at his home, Chestnut Avenue and East Seventeenth Street, Gravesend.

JOSHUA A. LONG, retired shipbuilder of Chester, Penn., died at his home, 439 Macon Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday. Mr. Long was born in Chester seventy-eight years ago, and was a former member of the Board of Councilmen of that city and active in Republican politics. He is survived by three daughters, Miss Sarah A. Long, Assistant Principal of Public School, 123 Brooklyn; Miss E. Estelle Long, and Mrs. Jessie Valentine.

PHILIP MacDERMOTT, 52 years old, a coffee merchant and a resident of Brooklyn for more than thirty years, died on Thursday at his home, 520A Macon Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. LOUISE LAUBER died from pneumonia yesterday at her home, 107 Somers Street, Brooklyn, in her fifty-eighth year. Mrs. Lauber was a Past Matron of Brooklyn Chapter 221, Order of the Eastern Star; Past President of the Ladies' Relief of Victoria Lodge 4, D. O. H., and was an active member of the German Evangelical Church.

JAMES A. BOYLAN, a resident of Brooklyn and a member of the Second Engineer Train, U. S. A., died in the military hospital at Fort Monroe on Tuesday. Mr. Boylan was born in Brooklyn, and until recently had been stationed with the troops at El Paso, Texas. His father was a veteran of the civil war.

Dr. HARRIET SCUDDER MASON, for many years a practicing physician in Brooklyn and for sixteen years house physician of the Little Mothers' Aid Association in Manhattan, died at her home in West Brighton, near Rochester, N. Y., recently. Dr. Mason was a graduate of the Normal College, the Eclectic Medical College, and was a member of the Kings County Medical Society. She was the widow of Frank Abel Mason.

WILLIAM C. THOMPSON, 67 years old, for twenty years connected with Sargent & Co., hardware dealers of New York and New Haven, and former advertising manager of the National Casket Company, died yesterday at his home, 153 West Seventy-third Street. At the time of his death he was the New York representative of the Corning Glass Company of Corning, N. Y.

ROBERT MANSFIELD HARDING, general manager of the New York office of the Bradstreet Company, died on Thursday at his home, 1 Stonebridge Road, Montclair, N. J., in his fifty-first year.

RUDOLPH CHRISTIAN MEHRTENS, who was helmsman on the flagship Olympia during the battle of Manila Bay, died on Thursday of apoplexy at Charleston, S. C. He enlisted in the navy at 14, and rose to be Chief Boatswain, retiring four years ago. Mr. Mehrtens had been decorated three times for valiant service.

ANTONIO P. RASINES, former President of the Fort Lee Ferry Company, once President of the Canal Street Bank, and a school Trustee for fourteen years, died on Oct. 14 at his home, 3,009 Broadway, in his seventieth year.

HOWARD A. POPE, 72 years old, Secretary and Treasurer of the Plainfield Savings Institution since 1894, died at his home in Plainfield, N. J., yesterday.

Mrs. CORA WHITE TOWNE, wife of Henry R. Towne, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company of Stamford, Conn., died on Thursday at her home, 420 Park Avenue. Mrs. Towne was a member of an old American family, one of her ancestors, Colonel Benjamin Talmadge, having been a member of the staff of General George Washington.

Mrs. SARAH EMILY HURLBUT, 80 years old, died on Thursday at the home of her son, Horace Hurlbut, 327 Orange Road, Montclair, N. J.

EDWIN JANDORF, President of the Jandorf-Ostberg Company, manufacturers of leggings, died suddenly yesterday of pneumonia at his home, 49 St. Nicholas Terrace, in his forty-second year. Mr. Jandorf was a member of the Knights of Pythias.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

NEWLAND.—Oct. 18, 45 West 110th St., to Mr. and Mrs. I. Newland, a daughter.

Married.

PLANTIFF—KAAE.—On Thursday, Oct. 18, at the Central Presbyterian Church, 57th St. and Madison Av., by the Rev. Wilton Merle-Smith, Miss Ellen Kaae of Copenhagen, Denmark, to Mr. Gaston Plantiff, New York City.

Long Island.

SCHERFF—MARSHALL.—Oct. 16, Hempstead, Ellen I. Marshall to Edward W. Scherff.

Died.

BARTHOLOMAE.—On Friday, Oct. 19, 1917, at his late residence, the Sherman Square Hotel, Hugo Bartholomae, in his 73d year. Funeral private.

BOND.—At Montclair, N. J., Friday evening, Oct. 19, 1917, Benjamin Williams Bond, in his 81st year. Funeral services will be held at his home, 10 Wilde Place, Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Interment in Greenwood Cemetery Monday. Will friends kindly omit flowers.

BOSWORTH.—On Thursday, Oct. 18, 1917, Rev. Enos J. Bosworth. Funeral services at Salem Baptist Church, New Rochelle, N. Y., Saturday at 3 P. M.

CAPEN.—At Bloomfield, N. J., on Friday, Oct. 19, 1917, Bernard Simpkins Capen, son of the late Frederic W. and Martha L. Capen, in his 48th year. Services will be held at his late home, 376 Franklin St., Bloomfield, on Monday, Oct. 22, at 3:15 P. M.

COCHRAU.—Theodore Cochrau, Jr., after a brief illness, at his home, Mountain Lakes, N. J., Oct. 19, in his 53d year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

COHEN.—On Thursday, Oct. 18, 1917, Dr. Henry J. Cohen, aged 29, beloved husband of Anna, (nee Meshel.) Funeral services at his late home, 188 17th St., Brooklyn, Sunday, Oct. 21, at 2 P. M. Interment Washington Cemetery.

COURTNEY.—In this city, Oct. 18, George L., husband of Anna Gaylord and son of Elizabeth and the late Peter Courtney. Funeral will take place from the family residence, 601 West 168th St., Saturday morning at 9:30 and from St. Rose of Lima's Church at 10 o'clock. Buffalo, Albany, Philadelphia and Bridgeport papers please copy.

CROSS.—On Thursday morning, Oct. 18, 1917, Rose Cross, (nee Vandenberg,) wife of Abraham Cross and mother of Ephraim Cross. Funeral from Meyers, 2228 Lenox Av., between 121st and 122d Sts., at 10 A. M., Oct. 21, 1917. Boston and Philadelphia papers please copy.

DANA.—In Portsmouth, N. H., Oct. 17, Colonel George Hazen Dana, aged 80 years.

DARRACH.—James W., at Middletown, N. Y., after a long illness. Interment Fairmont Cemetery, Newark, N. J., Oct. 20.

DAVID.—Samuel, 250 West 103d St., beloved husband of the late Jessie M. David and beloved father of Alfred and Pearl David and Gladys Mendelson. Funeral services Sunday, Oct. 21, 10 A. M., at 10 East 22d St. Please omit flowers. Funeral private.

FAULHABER.—On Oct. 17, 1917, Bert G. Faulhaber, husband of Emma Lawrence Faulhaber. Funeral Saturday, Oct. 20, 1917, from R. J. Draddy's parlors, 715 3d Av., at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Agnes's Church, East 43d St., where a requiem mass will be offered at 10 A. M. Interment private. Cleveland papers please copy.

FOSTER.—Suddenly, Thursday, Oct. 18, at her Summer residence, Babylon, L. I., Carrie Oakley, widow of John S. Foster. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

FURBISH.—Helen L., devoted wife of Frank R. Furbish, at her late residence, 44 West 10th St., on Friday, Oct. 19. Funeral private.

GODFREY.—Tuesday, Oct. 16, Mary Alice Godfrey, daughter of the late William Macaulay and Mary Underhill Macaulay. Funeral at Friends Meeting House, Purchase, N. Y., Saturday, Oct. 20, at 11 o'clock.

GOLL.—Oct. 19, Harry Goll. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Sunday, 8 P. M.

HALL.—On Friday, Oct. 19, 1917, at his home, 160 West 59th St., Augustus Hitchcock, eldest son of William Henry and Martha M. Hall. Funeral services on Monday, Oct. 22, at Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, 5th Av. and 55th St., at 1:30 P. M.

HARDING.—At Montclair, N. J., on Thursday, Oct. 18, 1917, Robert Mansfield Harding, husband of Clara Hefford, age 50 years. Services at his late residence, 1 Stonebridge Road, Montclair, on Saturday afternoon, Oct. 20, at 4 o'clock. (3:05 D., L. & W. from Hoboken.) Interment at Buffalo, N. Y. Flowers gratefully declined.

HARRISON.—Oct. 19, at Ansonia Hotel, N. Y. City, Eliza, beloved wife of H. B. Harrison. Services Ansonia Hotel Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Omit flowers by request. Interment private.

Died.

HITCHCOCK.—On Wednesday, Oct. 17, at Ithaca, N. Y., Harry Alton Hitchcock, beloved husband of Alice Miller Hitchcock. Funeral Saturday at Ithaca.

HURLBUT.—At Montclair, N. J., on Thursday evening, Oct. 18, 1917, Sarah Emily Hurlbut, in her 80th year. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 327 Orange Road, Montclair, Sunday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

ILER.—On Oct. 18, 1917, William T. Iler, Jr., aged 25 years. Funeral service Saturday afternoon, 3 o'clock, at his late residence, 940 West 164th St., between Woodycrest and Ogden Aves., Highbridge. Interment strictly private.

JANDORF.—Edwin. Wendell Phillips Lodge No. 365, K. of P.: Brethren are requested to pay last tribute of respect by attending the funeral of our late brother, Edwin Jandorf, from his late residence, 49 St. Nicholas Terrace, Sunday, Oct. 21, at 12:30 noon.

LOUIS CLEVELAND LEVY,
Chancellor Commander.
ROBERT M. ROBINSON,
Keeper of Records and Seal.

JANDORF.—Edwin, 51 St. Nicholas Terrace, aged 41 years 10 months, late beloved husband of Bertha, (nee Green,) and loving father of Natalie and Albert Jandorf. Funeral private. Sunday, 12:30.

JANDORF.—Members of Mount Neboh Sisterhood are hereby notified of the death of Edwin Jandorf, husband of our esteemed member, Bertha Jandorf. Funeral will take place Sunday, Oct. 21, at 12:30 P. M., from his residence, 49 St. Nicholas Terrace.

ULANCHE GOLDFARB, President.

LANGWORTHY.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Thursday, Oct. 18, 1917, Frances Adelaide, wife of Charles R. Langworthy. Services at the residence of her nephew, Mr. Thomas S. Wheeler, 1,023 Park Av., Plainfield, N. J., on Saturday, Oct. 20, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

LIGHTOWLER.—On Thursday, Oct. 18, Joseph Lightowler. Funeral services at his late home, 56 Stratford Road, Brooklyn, on Saturday, at 1 o'clock.

McCONAGHY.—Thursday, Oct. 18, 1917, James H. McConaghy, beloved husband of Ellen S. McConaghy, (nee Carlson,) in his 45th year. Funeral from 2,662 Decatur Av., Bronx, Sunday, at 1 P. M.

McKENNA.—At Ridgewood, N. J., Oct. 18, 1917, Mary Lyons, widow of James H. McKenna, aged 65 years. Requiem mass will be held on Saturday, Oct. 20, at Mount Carmel Church, Ridgewood, N. J., at 10:30 A. M.

McKINNY.—On Friday, Oct. 19, Mary, widow of William C. McKinny, in her 83d year. Funeral services at the residence of her son, 1,407 Dean St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Oct. 21, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

MINNERLY.—On Oct. 19, 1917, at Englewood Cliffs, N. J., Delisaque Nelson, the beloved wife of Ferris A. Minnerly. Funeral notice later.

MOFFITT.—George, on Friday morning, Oct. 19, at his home, 44 Wayne Place, Nutley, N. J. Funeral services Sunday afternoon, Oct. 21, at 3 o'clock. Interment private.

MOUNT.—Wednesday, Oct. 17, 1917, Maria Louise Mount. Funeral services at her late home, 330 West End Av., Saturday afternoon, Oct. 20, 1917, 2:30 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

MURRAY.—On Wednesday, Oct. 17, at Chappagua, N. Y., Phebe Anna Cock, wife of the late Robert I. Murray, in her 80th year. Funeral services from her late residence, Saturday, Oct. 20, at 2:10 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Station at 12:50. Philadelphia and Boston papers please copy.

NEILL.—On Wednesday, Oct. 17, 1917, at Bernardsville, N. J., Catherine Neill, beloved wife of David Neill. Funeral services will be held at the Presbyterian Church at Basking Ridge, N. J., on Saturday, Oct. 20, 1917, at 2:30 P. M.

READ.—On Oct. 19, Harriet Read, daughter of the late George and Catherine Read of Philadelphia, Penn. Funeral services at the residence of her nephew, J. E. Ellison, 543 West 123d, Sunday, 4 P. M. Interment Laurel Hill Cemetery, Monday, 11 A. M. Philadelphia Ledger please copy.

RISSO.—On Oct. 19, after a long illness, Frank Risso, in his 63d year. Funeral from his late residence, 74 Garden St., Hoboken, N. J., on Oct. 22, 1917, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Francis Church, Jefferson and 3d Sts., Hoboken, where a requiem high mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Holy Name Cemetery.

RUSSELL.—At Westport, Conn., Thursday, Oct. 18, 1917, Talcott Huntington Russell of New Haven, Conn. Funeral service will be held at 430 Temple St., New Haven, Monday afternoon at 2:30.

LARKIN.—Mary, 146 East 44th St., Oct. 18. Funeral today, 8:45 A. M.

McKENNA.—Mary, 221 Lexington Av., Oct. 17.

PURCELL.—Honora, 125 East 108th St., Oct. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

RYAN.—Martin, Oct. 18. Funeral 206 West 132d St.

SALZER.—Herman, Oct. 17. Funeral 368 West 50th St.

RYER.—On Thursday, Oct. 18, 1917, at her residence, Pinecrest, Hastings-on-Hudson, Leila A., widow of William W. Ryer, in the 69th year of her age. Funeral service at St. Denis's Church, Lowerre, Yonkers, Saturday, Oct. 20, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

SCHLESINGER.—On Thursday, Oct. 18, Elizabeth Schlesinger, wife of Moritz Schlesinger, deceased. Funeral from late residence, 14 West 117th St., Sunday morning, 10 o'clock sharp.

SERVICES.—"THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Frank Campbell's.) Wood, Addison H., Saturday, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—On Wednesday, Oct. 17, at his home, 48 Murray Av., Ridgewood, N. J., peacefully, after long illness, Alonzo D. Smith, in his 82d year. Funeral services private, Saturday afternoon.

THOMPSON.—Suddenly, Oct. 19, 1917, William C. Thompson, beloved husband of Marion Thompson. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 158 West 73d St., Sunday, Oct. 21, at 5 P. M. Interment Belfast, Me. Boston papers please copy.

TOWNE.—Suddenly, on Friday, Oct. 19, at her residence, 420 Park Av., Cora White, wife of Henry R. Towne. Funeral services will be held at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 22d St., on Sunday, Oct. 21, at 2:30 P. M.

VERNON.—Suddenly, Oct. 19, 1917, Charles W. Vernon, Sr., of 1 Ridgedale Av., Morristown, N. J., in his 75th year. Notice of funeral later.

WALKER.—Mary T. E. L., Friday, Oct. 19, wife of Richard L. Walker, Jr., daughter of Henry C. and the late Julia B. Litchfield. Services at her late home, 201 Alexander Av., Upper Montclair, Sunday, Oct. 21, at 2:30 P. M. Train leaves Erie Terminal, Jersey City, 1:15, arrives Mountain Av. Station 2 o'clock. Interment private.

WIDEMAN.—Mary, 334 John St., East Newark, Oct. 18.

Long Island.

BEECHER.—John, 182 Wilbur Av., Long Island City, Oct. 17.

CANNIZZA.—Antonio, Woodhaven, Oct. 16, aged 32.

CASCARDI.—Mary, Woodhaven, Oct. 16, aged 24.

COOK.—Adam, Ramblersville, Oct. 17, aged 73.

DI MEGLIO.—Albert, Corona, Oct. 16, aged 8 months.

DONAHUE.—Thomas F., Corona, Oct. 17, aged 42.

HAEFFELY.—John A., Ridgewood, Oct. 17, aged 58.

HICKS.—Sarah E., Douglaston, Oct. 16, aged 73.

HOULAHAN.—John J., Flushing, Oct. 18, aged 39.

KELLY.—Patrick, Corona, Oct. 16, aged 66.

KRESSER.—Margaret, Ridgewood, Oct. 16, aged 67.

McVAY.—Jean, Elmhurst, Oct. 16, aged 2.

MARTUCCI.—Anna, 105 Trowbridge St., Astoria, Oct. 16, aged 1.

NEPPACH.—Carl, Elmhurst, Oct. 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCHUMACHER.—Matilda C., Woodhaven, Oct. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

WOODS.—May F., Morris Park, Oct. 17.

In Memoriam.

METH.—The unveiling of the monument in memory of Mary Meth, devoted wife of David and dearly beloved mother of Sidney, Leon, and Tessie, on Sunday, Oct. 21, 2 P. M., at Mount Hebron Cemetery, Cedar Grove, Flushing, L. I. Friends and relatives invited, also members of Dirigo Lodge No. 20, F. and A. M.

JACHES.—In memory of my dearly beloved husband and our dear father, Joseph J. Jaches, who departed this life Oct. 20, 1912. May his soul rest in peace.

RASINES.—Entered into rest on Sunday evening, 10:30, Oct. 14, 1917, Antonio P. Rasines, beloved son of Antonio and Amelia Ferris Rasines, in the 70th year of his age. "Through suffering are ye made perfect." "Requiescat in pace."

BRANNAGAN.—Andrew, in memory of, died Oct. 20, 1916.

WHALEN.—Ellen, mass St. Catherine's Church, today, 8 A. M.

John W. Lyon Oldest Established. Economical. 69 E. 125th St. Phone 1333 Harlem

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233 St. By Harlem Train and by Trolleys
Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.
Lots of small size for sale.

ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT.

Being moderate in every phase of daily life is the aim of Americans today;

—such moderation as is displayed by those discriminating, self-controlled Americans who are paying slightly more and selecting that mild, mellow Whiskey—Wilson—Real Wilson—That's All!

Decidedly the desirable Whiskey

The Liberty Loan

"The Liberty Loan" invites the immediate response of the American people. Every dollar subscribed will speed the work of both Army and Navy.

This Company offers you its services free in handling all details of your subscription.

Act Now
The Time Is Limited

The Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.
Nos. 16-22 William Street
New York
Branch Office
475 Fifth Avenue
at 41st Street

When The War Ends

Long term financing, now almost at a standstill, will unquestionably be resumed in bigger volume with the arrival of peace.

Investors in the meantime can avail themselves of excellent security, stability and high yield in well secured short term notes.

Let us send you Circular T. on our latest offering, yielding

6½%

A.H.Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

MUNICIPAL BONDS
Established 1898.
Devitt, Tremble & Co. (Inc.)
Established 1898.
27 Pine Street, New York
Chicago Philadelphia Detroit

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

Glenrock Oil
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Orders executed on New York Curb at the Market.
H. G. Einstein & Co.
Tel. Broad 4515. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Wanted Offerings
Holland-America S. S. Stock
J.K.Rice,Jr.&Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Carefully Selected Bonds For Investment
LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.,
Boston NEW YORK Chicago

Liberty Loan Bonds
E.F. Combs & Co
The Hundred Dollar Bond House.
120 Broadway New York

SHORT TIME INVESTMENTS
Bankers and other investors should familiarize themselves with the facts about the Collateral Trust Securities issued by this Corporation. $30,214,000 issued, $25,196,000 *matured and paid.* New booklet, "Collateral Trust Securities" giving full data, will be sent promptly on mail or telephone request. GUARANTY SECURITIES CORPORATION, 120 Broadway, New York City.

The Trust Company Way
Name the Guaranty Trust Company of New York your executor and your estate will receive the careful, impartial, and conscientious attention of an experienced organization, authorized by law to perform just that kind of work. 140 Broadway and 5th Avenue and 43rd Street.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Move to New High Levels, Easily Absorbing New Liquidation.

The recovery in the market, having survived the critical period during which it had to meet a fresh volume of selling induced by the thought that the advance was nothing more than a rally, gained additional momentum yesterday and thereby created a much more confident spirit in banking circles. The list was very active at the higher quotations, and although there were some reactions in the late afternoon on profit taking, the close left most issues well above the previous high prices.

The upward swing has been led by Bethlehem shares, just as they featured the severe slump on last Monday. To some extent the new levels which these issues have attained is due to the placing of orders for about 150 destroyers with the company and to the assurance this action carries in the minds of most people that the Government must now see to it that the company is amply supplied with all of the working capital it may need to handle this huge order. On unusually heavy dealings the B shares rose yesterday to 87¾, 16 points above the low two days earlier, and the close was made at 84½, with a net advance of 4¾ for the session. The old stock sold at 89, up 8¼, while the new preferred certificates recovered 1½. Steel common touched 106⅝ at the height of the rise, but profited by a net gain of only ⅛ at the close.

The Street derived a great deal of encouragement from the nine months' report issued by the Republic Iron and Steel Company. After setting aside $8,636,000, for the excess profits tax, this company reported net earnings for the nine months equivalent to more than $40 per share. The nine months' report does not furnish a fair basis for estimated future earnings, since the company obtained much higher prices than are now being paid under the Government's policy of price fixing. Republic's shares sold up to 80 on publication of the statement, closing at 78¼, up 1¼. The equipment stocks continued to new high levels, and some of the rails showed substantial advances, although on relatively small dealings.

Traders do not know whether to credit the rise in stocks to the much better success which the Liberty Loan is meeting, or the increased sales of bonds to the recovery in stocks, but the two movements are proceeding hand in hand. While the committees have not relaxed their efforts to make this loan a striking success the feeling of gloom that was so much in evidence a few days ago has been dissipated by the much better response made yesterday and as a result the early estimate of a very small oversubscription to the $3,000,000,000 offerings are being revised in the right direction.

LONDON MARKET CHEERFUL.

Business Not Affected by the Latest Russian War News.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Money was in better supply today. Discounts were quiet. The latest Russian news, although it has weakened Russian securities and caused a further depreciation in ruble exchange to 352, has not affected the general tone of the stock market, which is cheerful. There was a fair business in gold mines, oils, and rubbers, at hardening prices. Gilt-edged securities, Argentine rails, and industrials were maintained firmly. There was a moderate investment inquiry.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 62 francs 25 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 88 francs 55 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	Last 3%
Low	3 Renewals 3

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATL		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5¼@5¾	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5¼@5¾	Ninety days	5¾
Four months	5¼@5¾	Four months	5¾
Five months	5¼	Five months	5¾@6
Six months	5¼	Six months	5¾@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	3¼@3⅜
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	3½@3⅝
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	4½@5

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days	5¼
4 to 6 months	5¼@6
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Rates of Change.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge
Demand	$4.7520	$4.7515	$4.7520	+.005
Cables	4.76⅞	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.79⅜	5.79⅜	5.79⅜	..
Cables	5.77⅜	5.77⅜	5.77⅜	..
Rubles—				
Demand	14.00	13.75	13.75	—.45
Cables	14.25	14.00	14.00	—.45

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.	—Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$4.7520	$4.76⅛
5.1828 Paris	5.79⅜	5.77⅜
China—		
Hongkong	63.50	63.75
Peking	99.00	99.25
Shanghai	99.00	99.25
19.295 Greece	22.00	22¼
49.19 Holland	39.75	39.85
32.44 India—	43.25	43.35
Bombay	35.00	35.25
Calcutta	35.00	35.25
5.1826 Italy	7.85	7.85
49.84 Japan—	7.78	7.77
Kobe	51.25	51.87½
Yokohama	51.25	51.87½
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.12½	50.25
51.50 Russia	13.75	14.00
26.70 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	37.00	37.25
Copenhagen	31.40	31.75
Christiania	31.30	31.60
19.295 Spain	23.35	23.45
South America—		
32.41 Rio	25.28	25.38
42.44 Buenos Aires	43.36	43.36
5.1826 Switzerland	4.64	4.62

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.69¾	$4.70½	$4.68⅛

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $719,575,878; balance, $120,068,514; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $1,898,126; Federal Reserve credit balance, $98,907,689.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 15@6c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $3.4375.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 42⅝d, off ⅛d; in New York, 83½c, off ½c; Mexican dollars, 63½c.

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$7,789,290	$54,698,064
Ord. internal rev	27,494,516	163,518,468
Income tax	5,165,803	24,919,251
Miscellaneous	7,454,033	37,816,436
Total receipts	$47,823,643	$280,952,220
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	216,306,607	617,928,367
Excess of total rects. over total disburse.	184,000,398	481,169,763
Expenditures	$317,789,804	1,649,185,963

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	61.00	62.00	61.00	61.50
Spelter	8.15	8.25	8.15	8.25
Antimony	14.50	15.00	14.50	15.00
Quicksilver	$100.00	.....	$100.00	.....
Aluminium	*37.00	38.00	*37.00	38.00
Iron, No. 2 Xfdy	.....	33.75	.....	33.75

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c per pound bid.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	249	0	0	249	0	0
Tin, futures	248	0	0	249	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, OCT. 19, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	952,856	1,276,887	1,050,025
Year to date	150,936,964	158,873,683	134,788,247

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
3½	3¾	100	Alaska Gold Mines	3½	3¾	3½	3½	+⅛
3	3¼	1,900	Alaska Juneau	3	3	3	3	..
22¼	23	2,900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	21	23¼	21	23¼	+2⅛
74½	75½	700	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	75½	75½	75	75	+1
74½	75	900	Am. Beet Sugar	74	75½	74	74½	+2½
40¾	41	7,700	Am. Can	40¾	41¾	40¾	40¾	+⅞
94	96	200	Am. Can pf	95¾	95¾	93¾	93¾	+⅞
29⅝	30	2,000	Am. Car & Fdry	67¾	68	67¼	67½	+⅞
11½	12	100	Am. Cotton Oil	30	30	30	30	+1
51½	52	800	Am. H. & Leather	10⅞	12	10⅞	12	+1⅝
57¾	58¼	200	Am. H. & Leath. pf	52	52	52	52	+2½
23⅞	24	3,400	Am. International	56¼	57⅝	56½	57⅜	+1⅝
59⅝	60¼	3,700	Am. Linseed	23⅝	24½	23	24	+1⅝
58	58½	1,300	Am. Linseed pf	59	60¾	59	60¼	+1¼
14¾	15¼	3,500	Am. Locomotive	67¾	68½	67¼	68	+¼
64	64¾	800	Am. Malting	15⅞	16	15	15½	−⅜
86½	86¾	6,400	Am. Malting 1st pf	63¾	65	63¾	64¾	+1⅝
103	105	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	87	87¾	86¼	86¾	+⅛
62	63½	400	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	−¾
105¾	106	1,000	Am. Steel Fdries	62	63	62	63	+¾
58½	58¾	9,800	Am. Sugar Ref	106	106¼	105¼	105¼	+2
115	115¾	900	Am. Sumatra Tob	58	61¼	57	58½	−⅜
183	187	100	Am. Tel. & Tel	115¾	115¾	114¾	114¾	+⅜
42½	43	300	Am. Tobacco	185	185	185	185	+4¾
25	..	100	Am. Woolen	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾	+1⅝
15½	16⅝	200	Am. Writing P. pf	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	−¼
38½	39½	300	Am. Zinc, L. & S	15	15	15	15	..
65	70	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	63¼	63½	50	50½	+⅛
27¼	28¾	24,600	Anaconda Cop. x d	93¼	94¼	93¾	94	+⅛
88¾	89	100	Associated Oil	58	58	58	58	+1
90	92	1,600	Atch., Top. & S. F	94¼	94¼	93¾	93¾	+⅛
4¼	11¾	100	Atch. T. & S. F. pf	90½	90½	90½	90½	+½
101½	102¼	9,400	At., Birm. & At	11	11	11	11	+⅛
56⅝	58	12,300	At., Gulf & West I	98¾	102¾	98¼	101¼	+3¼
97	100	100	Baldwin Loco	55	58⅞	55	56⅝	+1⅝
57½	57⅝	1,700	Baldwin Loco. pf	90¾	90¾	90¼	90¼	+⅛
60½	62½	2,000	Baltimore & Ohio	57⅞	58	57¾	58	+⅛
..	1	100	Bank of Commerce	60½	61¼	60½	61¼	+1¼
..	..	100	Barrett Co	162	162	162	162	..
..	..	100	Barrett Co. pf	95	95	95	95	..
84¾	85	1,100	Bethlehem Steel	102	102	102	102	+2⅜
93	100	171,300	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c.	84¾	89	84	89	+1¾
90½	95	400	Beth. Steel pf	81	87¾	80½	84¾	+4¼
100	100	10,000	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.f.p.	92	93	92	93	+1¼
50¼	57½	500	Bklyn Rapid Tran	98	101	98	100	..
90	95	100	Bklyn Union Gas	57	57	56¾	56¾	+1½
96	99	400	Burns Brothers	93	93	91	91	−1
19	19¾	100	Butte & Superior	98½	99	98½	99	+⅛
14¾	15½	200	California Petrol	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	..
37½	38½	400	California Pet. pf	14	14⅜	14	14⅜	+1⅛
65¾	67	100	Calumet & Arizona	37	38½	37	38½	+1½
149½	150⅝	2,500	Canadian Pacific	65	65	65	65	..
29½	30	100	Central Foundry	149½	150½	149½	149¾	..
44	46	100	Central Fdry pf	30¾	30¾	30	30	..
76⅜	76⅝	24,800	Central Leather Co	44	44	44	44	−¼
31½	32	120	Cerro de Pasco	78	78	76	76⅝	+⅜
71⅝	73	500	Chandler Motor	32	32	32	32	..
51½	52	800	Chesapeake & Ohio	72⅜	72⅝	72	72	..
7⅞	8	1,400	Chi. Great Western	51½	51¾	51½	51½	−⅜
23⅝	23½	60	Chi. Great W. pf	8	8	8	8	..
48¼	48½	3,400	Chi., Mil. & St. P	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	..
91	95	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	48¾	49½	47⅝	48½	+⅝
100	101	900	Chi. & Northwest	93½	95¼	93¼	95¼	+6¼
142	145	200	Chi. & Northw'n pf	100	100	100	100	+⅜
22½	29¾	3,330	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c.	145	145	145	145	+1½
58¼	59	300	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	23	23	22	22¼	−¼
48¾	50	300	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	58¼	58½	58	58½	+1½
16	16½	1,900	Chile Copper	49¾	49¾	49¼	49¼	−⅛
43	43½	500	Chino Copper	16	16⅛	16	16⅛	+⅜
38¼	38¾	1,700	Col. Fuel & Iron	43	43¼	42½	42½	+½
23	23⅜	300	Col. & Southern	38	38⅝	37⅞	38⅝	+½
34½	34⅞	900	Columbia Gas & El	23	23¼	23	23	−1
90½	91	4,400	Consolidated Gas	34½	34⅞	34	34½	+⅝
95	98	300	Continental Can	92	92	91½	91½	+⅝
91	96	16,100	Corn Products Ref	92	94	94	94	..
91	100	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	29½	30¼	28¾	29¾	+⅛
67⅜	67¾	32,500	Crucible Steel	90½	90¼	90½	90½	+1
28	28½	4,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	67	69¼	67	67½	+1
79½	81	700	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	28	29¼	27¾	28½	+1
158	170	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	80	80½	80	80	..
100¼	107¾	1,400	Del. & Hudson	155	155	155	155	+10
39½	39¾	35,800	Distillers' Secur	99⅞	101	99⅞	101	+1½
8	8¼	700	Dome Mines	39½	41⅝	37⅝	39⅝	+½
24	26	100	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	8½	8½	8½	8½	..
19¼	19½	4,000	Elk Horn Coal	5½	5½	5½	5½	+¼
27½	28	500	Erie	24	24	24	24	+¼
21½	22	200	Erie 1st pf	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅝	+⅝
34	34½	600	Erie 2d pf	27¾	28	27¾	28	+⅝
138¾	139¼	700	Gaston, W. & W	21¼	21½	21½	21½	+⅛
95½	95¾	5,300	General Electric	32½	33	33	33	+1¼
77½	79	200	General Motors	140	140	138	139¼	−½
42	43	100	General Motors pf	94¼	96¾	93½	95¾	+½
71	73	900	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	78	78	78	78	+2
100	100¾	100	Granby Consol x d	42¼	42¼	42¼	42¼	+1¼
20¼	20¾	4,000	Great Northern pf	72	72	72	72	+1½
35	38½	500	G. N. Ctfs. for o. p.	100¾	100¾	100¾	100	−¾
98	100½	200	Greene-Cananea	20¼	20¾	20	20¼	+¼
45¼	45½	6,800	Illinois Central	37¾	38	37½	38	+¼
50¼	50⅝	800	Inspiration Copper	100¼	100½	100	100	..
11½	12¾	100	Interboro Consol. pf	44½	45½	43⅝	45¼	+1
38½	39½	300	Int. Agricultural	51	51	50¼	50¼	−⅛
65	70	100	Int. Agricultural pf	12	12	12	12	..
26¾	28¾	13,800	Int. Harvester Corp	39¼	39½	39½	39½	+1½
85	85½	45,200	Int. Mer. Marine	65⅝	67¾	65⅝	67¾	+1⅝
7	8	2,700	Int. Mer. Marine pf	25½	27⅞	24⅝	26½	+1
85	85½	1,900	Int. Nickel	85¾	89½	85¾	88¾	+3½
65	95	200	Int. Paper	31	31½	30¾	31¼	+⅜
17½	18	200	Int. Paper pf. sta	20⅞	23⅞	20⅞	23½	+2½
43¼	44½	700	Kansas City South	55½	56	55½	56	+1
33	33½	5,600	Kelly Spring. Tire	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	+⅜
81	81⅝	2,000	Kennecott Copper	43⅞	43⅞	43¼	43¼	+½
58¾	59¾	100	Lackawanna Steel	33¼	33½	32¾	33¼	..
100	102½	100	Lehigh Valley	80	81½	80	81½	−2
100	103	100	Liggett & Myers pf	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	+¼
103	103	100	Louis. & Nash	103	103	103	103	..
118¼	119	100	Mackay Cos	56¼	56¼	53¾	54⅞	+1¼
75	75	200	Manhattan Elev	75	75	75	75	−1
105½	106	11,100	Mexican Petroleum	105½	106	105	106	+2
84⅝	86¾	100	Mex. Petroleum pf	84⅝	86¾	84½	86	+1⅛
91	91	2,300	Miami Copper	91	91	91	91	..
30¼	31	3,600	Midvale Steel & O	30¼	31	30	30⅝	+⅛
43½	46¼	1,000	Minn. & St. L. new	12	12	12	12	+1
12	12¼	475	M., St. P. & S. S. M	94	95	94	95	+3
94	95	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	..
5¾	5¾	2,500	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs	27⅞	28	27½	27¾	−⅛
27⅞	28	200	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	49	49½	49	49½	+1⅛
49	49½	200	Nat. Acme	30¼	30½	30¼	30⅜	+⅛
30¼	30½	2,300	Nat. Cloak & Suit	65	65	65	65	−3
65	65	3,200	Nat. Cond. & Cable	24	24¾	24	24½	+⅜
24	24¾	300	Nat. Enam. & St	43⅞	44⅞	43⅝	44⅜	+¾
43⅞	44⅜	1,200	Nat. Lead	47½	47½	47	47	..
47	47	200	Nevada Con. Cop	17⅞	18	17⅞	18	+⅛
17⅞	18	1,000	N. Y. Air Brake	120	122½	120	122½	+2½
120	122¼	1,000	N. Y. Central	73⅜	73⅝	73¼	73⅝	−⅜
73⅜	73⅝	1,100	N. Y., N. H. & H	29	29	28	28	+⅛
29	29	700	N. Y. Ont. & West	21	21	20¾	20¾	−⅜
20¾	21	1,100	Norfolk & Western	106	107½	106	107½	+1½
96¾	96¾	14,600	Northern Pacific	96¾	96	96¼	96¼	+¼
40¾	40¾	200	Ohio Cities Gas	40¾	40¾	39½	39½	+¾
4¾	4¾	200	Ontario Mining	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	+⅛
25	25	2,200	Pacific Mail	25	25	25	25	+⅛
50½	51	1,600	Penn. R. R	50½	51	50½	51	+⅛
42¼	42¾	100	People's Gas, Chi	42¼	42¼	40	41	−1½
31½	31½	100	Philadelphia Co	31½	31½	31½	31½	+1½
45½	45½	100	Pitts. Coal	45½	45½	45½	45½	+1½
83	83	70	Pitts. Coal pf	83	83	83	83	..
97	97	200	Pitts. Steel pf	97	97	97	97	+⅜
26¼	26¾	400	Pitts. & West Va	26¼	26¼	26	26	..
56	57	2,200	Pressed Steel Car	56	57	56	57	+1¼
139½	140	1,200	Pullman Co	139½	140	139½	140	+1¼
42	42	1,400	Railway Steel Sp	42	42	42	42	+2
95¼	95¼	9,200	Railway Steel S. pf	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	−2⅝
22¼	22¼	100	Reading	75¼	76¾	75¼	76¾	+⅛
76¾	76¾	100	Reading 1st pf	38¼	38¾	38¼	38¾	+⅛
38¾	38¾	18,700	Reading 2d pf	37	37	37	37	..
37	37	100	Rep. Iron & Steel	76¼	80¼	76¼	78¼	+1½
76¼	80¼	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	98¼	98¾	98¼	98¾	+¼
98¼	98¾	1,200	St. Louis-San Fran	17	17½	17	17½	+1
17	17½	100	Savage Arms	65	65	64½	65	+1
64½	65	400	Saxon Motor	10¼	10¼	10	10	+⅛
10	10¼	700	Seaboard Air Line	10	10⅜	10	10⅜	+⅛
10	10⅜	100	Seab. Air Line pf	21½	21½	21½	21½	+⅛
21½	21½	300	Sears, Roeb. & Co	155	155½	155	155½	+1½
155	155½	2,700	Shattuck-Arizona	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	+⅛
19¾	19¾	100	Sinclair Oil & Ref	34⅜	35¼	34⅜	35¼	+⅝
34⅜	35¼	400	Sloss-S. Steel & I	32¾	33¾	32¾	33¾	+1
32¾	33¾	1,900	Southern Pacific	89¼	90¼	89¼	90	+⅛
89¼	90	7,800	Southern Railway	40	40¼	40	40¼	+⅛
40	40¼	800	Southern Ry. pf	88¾	89¾	88¾	89	−⅜
88¾	89¾	2,400	Studebaker Co	28¼	28¾	27¾	27¾	−⅜
28¼	28¾	1,700	Superior Steel	62	62	61½	62	+½
62	62	100	Super. Steel 1st pf	40	40¼	39½	39¾	−⅜
40	40¼	100	Texas Co	37	37¾	37	37½	+½
37	37¾	2,700	Third Avenue	100	100	100	100	..
100	100	11,600	Tobacco Products	145	146	143¼	144¾	+¾
144	146	6,800	Tobacco Prod. pf	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	..
19¼	19¼	800	Interboro Consol. pf	54¾	56¼	53¾	54⅞	+1¼
54¾	56¼	5,200	Union Pacific	93¼	93½	93½	93½	+½
93¼	93½	200	Union Pacific pf	123¼	123¾	122⅝	123¾	−⅛
123¼	123¾	7,000	United Alloy Steel	76	76¼	76	76¼	..
76	76¼	100	United Cigar Stores	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾	−⅜
41¾	41¾	45,200	United Drug	94½	96¾	94½	95¾	+1⅝
94½	96¾	2,700	United Fruit	68	68	68	68	..
68	68	1,900	United Fruit pf	124½	124½	124½	124½	+2½
124½	124½	300	United Rys. Invest	7⅝	8	7⅝	8	+⅛
7⅝	8	400	U. S. C. I. P. & F	16	16½	16	16	+⅛
16	16½	3,900	U. S. Ind. Al. x d	14	14	13½	13½	+½
14	14	1,300	U. S. Rubber	116	116¼	114¾	115½	−¾
116	116¼	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	59	59	58½	58½	..
59	59	400	U. S. Sm., R. & M	101	101	101	101	+3
101	101	225,700	U. S. Steel	52½	52¾	52¼	52¾	+1
52¼	52¾	1,010	U. S. Steel pf	104⅞	106⅝	104⅝	106	+1⅝
104⅞	106	40,000	Utah Copper	114	114¾	113⅝	114¼	+⅛
113⅝	114¼	300	Va.-Car. Chemical	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	+¼
31¾	32	2,100	Wabash	32	32¼	32	32	+2
4¾	5	1,800	Wabash pf. A	4¾	5	4¾	4¾	..
44	44¼	200	Wabash pf. B	43⅞	44¼	43⅞	43⅞	+¼
22¼	23	2,500	Wells Fargo Exp	22¼	23	22¼	23	+¾
87⅝	87¾	700	Western Union Tel	87⅝	87¾	87¼	87¼	−1
89	89¼	4,800	Westingh. E. & M	89¼	89¼	89	89¼	+⅛
42½	43⅛	100	Wheeling & L. E	42½	43⅛	42¼	42¾	+⅜
11	11	500	Wheel. & L. E. pf	11	11	11	11	+⅛
22	22	1,200	White Motors	21¾	22	21¾	21¾	+⅛
38¾	40	1,400	Wilson & Co	40	40	38¾	40	+1
56	57¾	5,400	Willys-Overland	56	57¾	56	57	+2¼
23¾	23¾	100	Willys-Overland pf	23	23¾	23	23¾	+1¼
85¾	85¾	300	Wisconsin Central	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	+1¼
40¼	41	100	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	+1¼
118	120	200	Worthington Pump	118¾	118¾	118¾	118¾	+¾
28	31	200	Worth. Pump pf. B	31	31	31	31	..
51	54	100		53	53	53	53	+2

Roads Name Joint Embargo Board.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford and the Pennsylvania Railroad companies have appointed a joint embargo committee,

THE COTTON MARKET

Prices Make New High Records for Season, but Lose Much of Ground Gained.

One of the liveliest cotton markets of the current season, with strong trade and speculative buying alternating with an unusually strong movement to realize profits made on the earlier rise of the week, carried prices forward yesterday to several new high records, but finally closed very steady, and close to the opening figures. January contracts, for instance, sold at one time up to 27.35c, and December to 27.82c, but January fell back to 26.90c, and closed at 27.14c, with the general list closing net 9 points higher to 5 points lower.

The market opened irregular at an advance of 11 to 31 points on the unfavorable showing of the weather map. The fresh buying inspired by the apprehension of a further reduction in crop estimates, was not sufficient to absorb the profit taking, however, and prices soon turned easier. There was Southern selling as well as heavy Wall Street and local realizing on the reaction, which carried the active months about 45 points under the high level of the morning and some 15 to 20 points under Thursday's closing figures. On the whole, however, the bulk of the pressure was attributed to profit taking, other selling being held in check by the bullish weather news, and early afternoon rallies of 30 to 35 points were encouraged by the bullish average of Southern spot news. Realizing seemed to increase on each bulge, with the market nervous and unsettled in the late trading.

The detailed weather reports showed freezing weather at all stations in Oklahoma, also at several points in Texas. General rains were reported over the Eastern Belt, with both private and official predictions indicating a drop in temperatures, with light to killing frosts. Freezing weather so soon after the rains would be considered particularly unfavorable, and late advices reported that temperatures were falling rapidly in East Gulf and South Atlantic States. The situation in this respect was the sustaining factor late in the afternoon, although reactionary sentiment was a good deal in evidence in regard to Carolina crops.

According to Eastern Belt men, few people in the North can appreciate just how serious a matter freezing temperatures at this time would be, particularly in the Carolinas, where the crop is unusually late. Crop estimates have already been reduced on figures very much under last year's estimated consumption, but nervousness over the prospect of further damage seemed to be partly offset by the extent of recent advances and the increasing movement into sight. Exports for the day were 11,141 bales, making 1,157,256 so far this season, against 1,338,285 last year. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to 25 points higher.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs-day.
Oct	28.25	28.28	28.00	28.14@28.25	28.05
Nov	....	....	....	27.85@	27.80
Dec	27.75	27.82	27.33	27.54@27.55	27.51
Jan	27.35	27.35	26.90	27.14@27.15	27.10
Feb	....	....	....	27.00@	27.00
March	27.15	27.15	26.70	26.90@26.91	26.90
April	....	....	....	26.84@	26.85
May	27.00	27.00	26.62	26.84@26.85	26.79
June	26.96	26.96	26.96	26.72@	26.72
July	26.59	26.68	26.59	26.72@26.75	26.75
Aug	26.12	26.12	26.05	26.15@	26.20

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 28.65 for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 27.60; New Orleans, 27.25; Savannah, 27¾; Augusta, 27.60; Memphis, 28.50; Houston, 27.35.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Friday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	46,709	29,449	52,981
Exports	11,141	Holiday	5,479
Exports season	1,157,526	Holiday	1,338,285
Port stocks	725,199	Holiday	1,174,848
N. Y. arrivals	4,514	Holiday	7,812
N. Y. stocks	88,916	Holiday	89,459

The week-end figures of the New York Cotton Exchange follow: Into sight for the week, 460,502, against 585,403 last year; for the season, 2,608,280, against 3,779,350 last year. Visible supply, all kinds, 3,204,050, against 4,231,716 last year; visible American, 2,155,055, against 3,470,716 last year; visible increase, all kinds, 202,185, against 329,987 last year; visible American, 177,185 increase against 282,987 increase last year. Spinners' takings for the week, 283,407, against 304,049 last year, and for the season, 1,983,046, against 2,544,268 last year.

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet; middling 18 points higher, at 20.60d; good middling 2 points higher, at 21.02d. Sales, 3,000 bales, including 2,000 American. Imports, 9,000, all American. The market for new contracts opened quiet, unchanged to 1 point higher, and closed quiet, 6 higher to 6 points net lower.

German Newspaper Costs Soar.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 30.—The difficult times through which the German daily newspaper is passing may be judged from the following increases in production costs, as given by the Berlin Tägliche Rundschau: Wages, 25 per cent; paper, 100 to 300 per cent.; power and light, 150 to 200 per cent.; metal for type, stereotype, &c., over 300 per cent.; printing rollers, over 200 per cent.; printing ink, 100 to 250 per cent.; lubricating oil, 400 to 600 per cent.; glue, 300 to 500 per cent.; stitching thread, and wire, &c., 200 to 500 per cent., and packing material, 200 to 500 per cent. Prices are still mounting.

Exchange Seats Rise in Price.

The week's upturn in the stock market has brought an advance in the price of Stock Exchange memberships. The memberships of the late James M. Leopold and Lewis G. Morris commanded $50,000 each when posted for transfer yesterday to Alfred M. Leopold and Charles Morgan, respectively. Earlier in the week a seat changed hands at $45,000, the lowest price of the year.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Directors of the Trenton Potteries Company have declared the usual quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. and an extra dividend of one-half of 1 per cent. on the non-cumulative preferred stock, payable Oct. 25 to stock of record Oct. 18.

Frederick T. Walker has been appointed manager of the New York agency of the Royal Bank of Canada.

The Cotton and Coffee Exchanges and the New York Curb Market will close at noon Oct. 24, Liberty Day.

The Exchange Bank of Kaptucky has decided to make application for membership in the Federal Reserve system.

The Utica Trust and Deposit Company has applied for membership in the New York Federal Reserve Bank.

Applications have been made to the Stock Exchange to list the following securities: American Shipbuilding Company, $7,900,000 7 per cent. non-cumulative preferred stock and $7,600,000 common stock; Bethlehem Steel Company, $60,000,000 purchase money and improvement mortgage 5 per cent. twenty-year sinking fund bonds dated July 1, 1916; Burns Brothers, $70,200 additional common stock, and Lexington & Eastern Railway Company $150,000 additional first mortgage fifty-year guaranteed coupon bonds.

The Bankers Trust Company announces that definitive three-year 6 per cent. gold notes of the General Electric Company, dated July 2, 1917, are now ready for delivery in exchange for the outstanding temporary notes.

George H. Burritt, manager of the bond department of Brown Brothers & Co., has resigned.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	5.70
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	7.00
Can. Northern	1917-'28	4½@5	6.40
Can. Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.00
Chesa. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.30
Chi. & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	6.50
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	6.00
Colo. & So.	1918-'24	5	6.75
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	5.70
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	6.00
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.75
General Trunk	1917-'24	4½	5.50
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.40
Louis. & Nash	1917-'23	5	5.50
Mich. Central	1917-'30	5	6.50
K., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'28	5	6.50
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.75
Nashv. & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.10
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	5.30
Nor. & Western	1917-'24	4½	6.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'23	5	5.30
Penn. Gen. Frgt.	1917-'23	4 @4½	6.20
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50
Seaboard Air Line	1917-'26	5	6.50
Southern Pacific	1917-'34	4½	6.10
Southern Railway	1917-'24	4½	6.30
Texas Pacific	1916-'26	5	6.50

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	97½	98½	4s, registered, 1925	105¼	106½
2s, coupon, 1930	97½	98½	4s, coupon, 1925	105¾	106½
3s, registered, 1918	98¾	99¾	2s, coupon, '38, reg	97¼	98½
3s, coupon, 1918	98¾	99¾	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	97	98½
3s, registered, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg	83	86
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '31, coupon	83	87
4s, conversion, 1947	85	90			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Thurs-day. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	101¼	101¾	101¾
4½s June, 1965	101¾	102	101¾
4½s Mar., 1965	101¾	102	101¾
4½s Nov., 1957	101¾	102	101¾
4½s May, 1957	101¾	102	101¼
4½s Nov., 1917	97⅞	....	97¾
4½s April, 1966	97¾	98¾	98
4½s Mar., 1960-30	98	98¾	97¾
4½s Mar., 1959	97¾	98¾	98
4½s Mar., 1962	97¾	98¾	98
4½s Sept., 1960	97¾	98¾	98
4s May, 1959	93¾	94¼	94
4s Nov., 1958	93⅞	....	94⅛
4s May, 1957	93⅞	94¼	94
4s Nov., 1956	92¾	93¼	92
4s Nov., 1955	92	93½	92¾
4s Nov., 1936	94	96	94
4s May, 1919	99½	..	99⅛
4s Nov., 1918	99½	..	99⅛

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Thurs-day. Bid.
4½s Nov., 1954	82	85½	83
4½s May, 1954	82	85	82½
4½s Nov., 1955	81½	..	82

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1918-1923	4.40	4.20	4.35
4½s 1924-1931	4.45	4.30	4.40
4½s 1921-1923	4.40	4.20	4.35
4½s April, 1920	4.50	..	4.50
4½s 1918-1919	4.50	..	4.50
4½s 1940-1953	4.50	4.35	4.50
4½s 1933-1938	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s 1922-1929	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s 1919-1921	4.40	4.10	4.40
4½s 1917-1918	4.40	4.10	4.40
4½s 1940-1953	4.50	4.20	4.50
4½s 1926-1930	4.50	4.20	4.50
4½s 1918-1925	4.50	4.00	4.40

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sale.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
12 Am. Light & Traction	235	230	233	236

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power pf	10	12½
Adiron. Elec. Power pf	65	69
Am. Cities pf	19	20½
Am. Gas & Electric	102	105
Am. Gas & Elec. pf	45	46
Am. Light & Trac. pf	100	103
Am. Power & Light pf	55	60
Am. Power & Lt. pf	78	81
Am. Public Utilities	30	35
Am. Pub. Utilities pf	62	66
Am. Water W. & El	4½	6
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	13	17
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf	63	67
Carolina Power & Lt	92	95
Carolina P. & L. pf	93	95
Colorado Power	24	26
Colorado Power pf	97	100
Commonwealth P. & C.	40	42
Com'wealth P. & L. pf	72	74
Conn. Power pf	89	92
Consumers' Power pf	90	95
Dayton Power & Lt. pf	80	85
Duluth Edison	68	75
Eastern Texas Electric	53	59
Eastern Texas Elec. pf	80	85
El Paso Electric	100	104
El Paso Electric pf	91	95
Electric B. & S. pf	95	97
Electric Properties	52	58
Empire Dist. El. pf	84	89
Empire Gas & Fuel	90	95
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s	87½	90
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s	90	93
Gt. West. Pow. 5s	76	81
Gt. West. Pow. 6s '25	94	98
Irter-Mt. Ry., L. & P. 6s	97	100
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	93	96
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	91
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, '41	86	93
Mich. Light 5s, 1945	97½	99
Middle West U. 6s, '25	95	99
Miss. River Power	10	12½
Miss. River Power pf	34	38
Northern Ohio Electric	30	35
Northern Ohio Elec. pf	70	75
Nor. Ont. L. & P.	11	14
Nor. Ont. L. & P. pf	56	59
Northern States Power	70	74
Northern States P. pf	94	97
Northern Texas Electric	53½	57½
Northern Tex. Elec. pf	75	80
Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Pacific Gas & Electric	38½	39
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf	85¾	86¼
Pine Bluff 7 P. c. pf	96	98
Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	16	18
Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P. pf	54½	58½
Republic Ry. & Light	27½	30
Republic Ry. & Lt. pf	63	65
Southern Cal. Edison	85	87
South. Cal. Edison pf	96	100
Standard Gas & Elec	7	8
Standard Gas & El. pf	29	31
Tampa Electric	..	110
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow.	3	4
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf	25	28
Texas Power & Lt. pf	97	100
Tri-City R. & L. pf	84	87
United Gas & E. 1st pf	50	60
United Gas Improve	80	80½
United Light & Rys	35	36
United Lt. & Rys. pf	66	67
Wash. I. W. L. & P. pf	81½	84
West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf	60	65
West. Penn. P. pf	100	106
Western Power	10	12
Western Power pf	50	51
Wisconsin Edison	38	43
Yadkin River P. 7% pf	98	100

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	97	98½	100
Am. Pub. W. 1st col. 5s	69	71	73½
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	78	82	86
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	92	96
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95½	98	98
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	98	98
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	..	99	101
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	76	82	86
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	100
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	101
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	..	96	96½
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	101½
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	92½	96	96
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	90	95	95
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	96	100	100
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	90	90
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	100
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s	87½	90	90
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s	90	93	93
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	76	81	84
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	94	98	98
Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	95	98	98
Western Power 1st 5s	96	98	98
West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½	93½
West. P. P. 1st 5s, '46	90	94	94
Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	91	95	96

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
70 Alabama Co.	47	47	47
25 Do pf	60	60	60
75 Ball. Tube	85	85	85
150 Con. Power	103	103	103
2,605 Cosden	8½	8¼	8¾
450 Do pf	4	4	4
232 Davison Ch.	29	29	29¼
310 Houston Oil	18½	14	18½
75 Do pf	55½	55	55½

Bonds.

$1,000 City 4s, '51	95½	95½	95½
4,000 City 4s Sub.	5s. 100	100	100
4,000 Con. C. ref.	5s 82½	82½	82½
3,000 Con. Coal	103	103	103
16,000 Con. Pow.	5s notes	95½	95½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
75 Am. Zinc	15½	15	15½
20 Do pf	50	50	50
23 Arcadian	1¼	1¼	1¼
336 Allouez	56	54⅝	56
75 Anaconda	63¼	62⅝	63
250 Butte & Bal.	45c	45c	45c
62 Cal. & Ariz.	67	65	67
14 Cal. & H.	480	480	485
655 Cop. Range	49½	48	49
850 Davis-Daly	4½	4¼	4¼
75 East Butte	11	10	10
50 Franklin	5	5	5
40 Isle Royale	26	26	26
110 Kerr Lake	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝
50 Keweenaw	2	2	2
60 Lake	7¼	7¼	7½
50 Mass Con	7¼	7¼	7¼
50 May.-Old C	1¼	1¼	1¼
5 Miami	30	30	30
250 Michigan	2	2	2
86 Mohawk	71	70	71
70 New Arcad'n	2	2	2

Railroads.

87 Boston Elev.	46	45	45½
10 Boston & L.	90	90	90
27 Boston & Me.	23	22	22½
15 Do pf	28¼	28	28
15 Boston & P.	162	162	162

Miscellaneous.

12 Am. A. C. pf	95	95	95
25 Am. Sugar	106	106¼	106
264 Am. T. & T.	115¼	115	115¼
82 Am. Wool. pf	94	92¾	93⅞
1 Amoskeag	94	94	94
1,185 A. W. W. L.	102¼	98¼	102
10 Do pf	60	60	60
3 Edison Elec.	178	177	177
10 Int. Port. C.	9	9	9
9 McElw. 1st pf	97¼	97¼	97¼
15 Mass. Gas	84	84	84
81 Do pf	70	70	70
10 Nova S. S'l	82	82	82

Bonds.

$1,000 Am. T. & T. 4½s	94	94	94
1,000 Do Con. 4s	96½	96½	96½
4,000 A. G. & W. I. 5s	77¼	77¼	77¼

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
500 Booth Fish	22¾	22	22
400 C.C. & C. Ry	1½	1½	1½
90 Chi. Cs	56	56	56½
150 Ch. Rys., Ser. 2	11	10½	10½
100 Cudahy	115	115	115
249 Com. Edison	112	111⅝	112
30 Deere pf	100¼	100	100¼
110 Nat. Carbon	59½	59	59
112 Prest-O-Lite	119	117	118

Bonds.

$2,000 Chi. Cy. Ry. 1st 5s	92	92	92
2,000 Chi. Rys. 4s, Ser. B	89	89	89
7,000 Chi. Tel. 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
5 Am. Rys. pf	88	88	88
120 Baldwin	57⅞	55¼	57⅞
100 Crucible Steel	69	69	69
195 Elec. Storage	52¼	51¼	52
250 Erie	19⅜	19	19⅜
300 Gen. Asphalt	17	17	17
295 Do pf	58	57½	58
715 L. Sup. Corp.	14⅜	13⅜	13⅜
135 Lehigh Nav.	60	60	60
2 Lehigh Val.	59¾	59¾	59¾
10 *Midvale	45¾	45¾	45¾
200 New Haven	28¾	28½	28½
250 Nevada Con.	18	17¾	17¾
10 North. Penn.	87¼	87¼	87¼

Bonds.

$1,000 Elec. & Peo. Trac. 4s	74½	74⅜	74¼
4,000 Leh. Nav. 4½s	97	97	97
28,800 Lib. Loan 3½s	99.70	99.60	99.60
$1,000 Penn. & Md. Steel 6s	102¼	102¼	102¼
9,700 Phila. Elec. 1st 5s	96¼	97¼	97½

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Thurs-day. Bid.
American Cigar	100	103	100
Do pf	200	225	190
Conley Foil	200	225	190
J. S. Young	130	150	150
Do pf	105	110	105

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Thurs-day. Bid.
MacAndrews & F.	190	210	200
Do pf	90	100	98
P. R.-Am. Tob.	180	200	190
Do scrip	120	130	115
R. J. Reynolds	500	550	525
Do pf	104	107	107

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

The various Steel issues were the feature of the trading on the Consolidated Exchange, and sharp advances occurred in the shares of the various companies in that group. For a time the market was almost buoyant, but toward the close the enthusiasm slightly waned under pressure of profit taking sales. Dealings were on a heavy scale, particularly in the period of greatest strength.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Allis-Chalm.	24½	23¾	23½
100 Am. B. Sug.	74½	74	74⅝
780 Am. Can	41½	40⅝	40⅝
10 Am. C. & F.	67¼	67¼	67¼
20 Am. H. & L.	11¼	11¼	11¼
100 Am. Loco	58¾	57	58¾
460 Am. S. & R.	86	86¾	87¼
670 Am. Su. Tob.	61¼	57⅛	58⅜
2,970 Amac. Cop	63¾	61¾	63
840 Bald. Loco	58¾	55½	57⅝
50 Balt. & Ohio	57⅝	57⅜	57⅝
8,990 Beth. St'l B.	87⅞	80⅜	85
50 Do pf	100	100	100
46 B'klyn R. T.	59⅝	56⅝	56⅝
10 Cal. Petrol.	13½	13½	13½
1,740 Cent. Leather	78	73½	77¼
20 Ches. & Ohio	51⅝	51⅜	51⅜
290 C., M. & St. P.	49¾	48¼	48½
180 C., R. I. & P.	22⅝	22¼	22¼
50 Chino Copper	43	43	43
200 Col. F. & I.	38⅝	38¼	38⅜
150 Con. Gas	139	138½	138½
400 Corn Prod	30¾	28⅞	29¼
2,530 Crucible St'l	69⅝	66⅝	67¼
340 Cuba Cane Su.	29	28	29
1,070 Dist. Secur.	41⅝	37¼	39⅞
450 Erie	14⅝	13⅝	13⅝
750 Gen. Motors	96	94⅜	95¾
180 Gt. Nor. Ore	29½	26	29⅝
450 Inspir. Cop	43½	43¼	43⅝
550 Int. Mer. M.	27⅜	24¾	26¼
1,450 Int. Nick	30¾	28¾	30¼
150 Int. Nickel	31⅜	31¼	31¼
340 Kenne. Cop	33⅜	32⅜	33
1,230 Mex. Petrol	86½	84⅛	86
50 Missouri Pac	9¾	9¾	9¾
670 Midvale Steel	46½	45½	45¾
460 Mo. Pacific	27¼	27⅛	27½
140 Nat. E. & S.	44½	44	44½
50 Nev. Con	18¼	18¼	18¼
10 Ohio C. Gas	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜
40 Pennsylvania	50¾	50¾	50¾
20 Pitts. Coal	45¼	45¼	45½
30 Ray Copper	22½	22¼	22½
780 Reading	76⅜	75	75⅝
350 Rep. I. & S.	79¾	77	78
10 Sinclair Oil	34½	34¼	34½
10 So. Pacific	89⅝	89¼	89¾
750 So. Railway	28	27⅞	27⅞
370 Studebaker	40¼	39¾	39¾
400 Tob. Prod	56½	54¼	54¼
70 Un. Bag new	66	66	66
670 Union Pac.	123¾	122⅝	123⅜
140 Un. Cig. St.	95¼	95¼	95¼
940 U. S. Ind. A.	116¼	114	115⅝
270 U. S. Rubber	59½	58⅝	58⅝
47,310 U. S. Steel	106¼	104¼	105¾
4,330 Utah Copper	80⅝	77⅜	80¼
120 Westing. El.	43	43	43
840 Willys-Over	23⅝	23¼	23½

BONDS.

$6,150 Liberty 3½s	99.74	99.70	99.72
1,000 B. R. T. 5s	98	97	97

MINING STOCKS.

800 Arcadian	.06¼	.06⅛	.06¼
600 Iron Blos	.65	.65	.65
800 Mon. Pitts	.09	.09	.09
300 Ophir	.17	.17	.17
300 Rochester	1.15	1.15	1.15
800 Silver Pick	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
500 Rochester	.39	.39	.39
50 Ton. Ext	2.07½	1.80	2.07½
800 Wh. Caps	1.00	1.00	1.00

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,000 ‡Aetna Expl	5⅝	5	5
200 ‡Air Reduc	82	84	
315 Carwen Steel	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
600 Chev. Motor	79	78	78
845 ‡Cit. Ser. old	219	217	218½
750 ‡ Do pf	78½	78¼	78¼
500 Curtiss Aero	34½	33¼	33⅝
100 Ev.-Hea., Inc	22½	22½	22½
1,400 Inter. Rub	11	10	11
2,200 ‡Int. Tube Ch	3⅝	3¼	3¼
750 ‡Man. Tran	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,000 Marc. of Am	3	2⅞	3
1,200 N. A. P. & P	3	2¾	3
800 ‡Prud. Pict	7¾	7¾	7¾
500 Smith M. T	1¾	1¾	1¾

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

200 Anglo-A. O.	18¾	18¼	18¼
200 Stand. O. Co. of N. J.	545	525	542
300 Stand. O. Co. of N. Y.	256	250	254

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

800 ‡Allen Oil	⅝	⅝	1½
3,500 ‡Bar. O. & G	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
700 ‡Beth. O. & G	10¾	10¼	10¾
60,000 ‡B.-Wyo. O.	36	34	35
5,000 Boston Oil	5⅛	5	5⅛
4,000 ‡‡Crosby P., (a pros)	.26	25	27
3,200 Cum. P. & R	1⅞	1½	1½
4,500 ‡Elk Ti. Pet	5⅝	5⅛	5⅜
3,700 ‡E. O. & R., (a pros)	1¼	1¼	1¼
3,500 ‡Esm. O. Cp	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,100 ‡Federal Oil	3¾	3½	3⅝
1,000 ‡Fenix	¼	¼	¼
3,500 ‡Glenrock O.	16⅝	16	16
150 ‡Houston Oil	17	15½	17
600 ‡H. G. Creek	..	..	..
Ind. O. & R	2¾	2½	2⅝
1,000 ‡Int. Pet	12⅜	12½	12½
2,700 ‡K. U. C. O	1¼	1	1¼
3,600 Ken'a Oil, (a pros)	⅞	⅞	⅞
800 ‡Kentucky	8¼	8¼	8¼
850 ‡Lost C. Oil	¾	¾	¾
12,500 ‡Mer. O. Cp	36¼	34	35¼
3,000 Met. Pet'm	1	⅞	1

MINING STOCKS.

3,100 Acme C. H	2½	1⅞	2
2,500 AL.-Brit. Col. Metals	..	½	½
2,500 ‡‡Atlanta	8½	8	8½
2,500 Big L. Cop	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
6,200 ‡Boa. & Mon	52	47	50
5,700 ‡Brad. C. M	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
2,400 ‡‡Brant Min	56	55	56
1,000 Butte C. & Z., v. t. ctfs	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
1,200 Butte Ex. Dev	6	6	6
1,700 ‡‡Caledonia	55	56	57
9,875 ‡‡Cal. & Jer	1¾	1⅝	1⅝
3,500 ‡Cashboy	5	4½	4½
2,800 ‡Coco R. M	5	4	5
1,500 Con. Ariz. Sm	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛
1,000 Con. Cp. M	8⅝	8½	8⅝
600 Con.-H'st'd	16	16	16
1,000 Cress. Con. G	5¼	5	5¼
35,000 Comma	1½	1	1
1,100 First

NATIONAL BANKS MAKE NEW RECORD

Total Resources $16,543,000,000, a Gain of $5,286,000,000 in Four Years.

BIG INCREASE SINCE MAY

Gain $154,000,000 in Deposits Notwithstanding the Sale of $3,000,000,000 Liberty Bonds.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The Controller of the Currency, in an analysis of the condition of the banks of the country, as shown by the last bank call, says that if the maximum quota of $5,000,000,000 of Liberty Loan bonds of the second issue should all be drawn from the national banks their deposits would still be $286,000,000 larger than they were in the corresponding period in 1913, a year before the war began.

Resources of the national banks, notwithstanding the Government's great program of war financing, again have exceeded their previous record of strength, and have reached the aggregate of $16,543,000,000.

Controller Williams also points out that notwithstanding the sale of the first issue of $3,000,000,000 Liberty bonds the national banks now have on deposit an increase of $154,000,000 over the total amount of their deposits, as shown by the bank call of May 1, before the first issue was sold.

Their resources have increased $392,600,000 since the call of June 20 this year, and $2,132,000,000 since Sept. 12, 1916.

The resources of the national banks today exceed by approximately a billion and a half dollars the total resources of all the banks of the country, national, State, savings banks, and trust companies as late as the year 1914. Deposits also exceed the deposits of June 20, 1917, by $462,000,000 and are $1,872,600,000 greater than on Sept. 12, 1916.

Loans and discounts amounted to $9,685,000,000, an increase over June 20, 1917, of $237,000,000, and an increase as compared with Sept. 12, 1916, of $1,195,000,000. United States bonds and certificates of indebtedness, including Liberty bonds held by national banks on Sept. 11, 1917, amounted to $1,159,000,000, an increase as compared with June 20, 1917, of $83,000,000, and are $429,000,000 over Sept. 12, 1916. Other bonds held amounted to $1,863,000,000, an increase of $20,574,000 over June 20, and an increase of $239,000,000 for the twelve months.

Cash in vaults and due from Federal Reserve Banks, including collection items, Sept. 11, 1917, amounted to $1,686,000,000, an increase over June 20, 1917, of $33,124,000, and an increase as compared with Sept. 12, 1916, of $250,206,000. Notwithstanding the large balances carried with the Federal Reserve Banks, the amount due to national banks from other banks and bankers amounted to $1,634,000,000. Bills payable and rediscounts on Sept. 11 amounted to $235,000,000, a reduction as compared with June 20, 1917, of $88,000,000, but an increase as compared with Sept. 12, 1916, of $193,000,000.

The deposits in the national banks four years ago, on Aug. 9, 1913, amounted to $7,048,000,000, an increase during these four years of $5,286,000,000, or 66 per cent.—a growth which is unprecedented.

The ten States showing the greatest increase in the deposits since the call of June 20, 1917, were, in the order named: Pennsylvania, $30,000,000; Ohio, $21,000,000; New Jersey, $19,000,000; California, $16,000,000; New York, $15,000,000; Virginia, $14,000,000; Texas, $12,000,000; Indiana, $11,000,000; Illinois, $9,000,000; Kansas, $9,000,000. The only States showing a reduction of as much as two million dollars in deposits were Florida and Connecticut.

Among Reserve and Central Reserve cities, those showing an increase in deposits of as much as six million dollars or more were: New York, $72,000,000; San Francisco, $25,000,000; Philadelphia, $24,000,000; Pittsburgh, $20,000,000; Cleveland, $15,000,000; Cincinnati $11,000,000; Washington, $10,000,000; Houston, $8,000,000; Baltimore, $7,000,000; Indianapolis, Boston, and Kansas City, $6,000,000 each.

HARDWARE MEN ON LABOR.

National Association Advocates Federal Compulsory Arbitration.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 19.—The American Hardware Manufacturers Association, which includes in its membership many of the big steel and iron men of the nation, will petition Congress for Federal compulsory arbitration of labor disputes. The action was urged at the closing of the annual convention here this afternoon. Such legislation was termed essential as a war measure and as equally as important as any of the emergency orders. The members seemed to think organized labor was "unreasonable" in the stress of war times.

Retiring President Fayette R. Plumb of Philadelphia did not spare Samuel Gompers in the discussion. Loyall A. Osborne, a member of two commissions of the Council of National Defense, and Vice President of the Westinghouse Company, declared that the commission with which he is affiliated has computed there will be 2,000 strikes and lockouts within the next eighteen months.

The hardware men also went on record today as favoring the "open shop." Delegates deplored labor disturbances, and labor "agitators" were charged with being unpatriotic.

Charles W. Asbury of Philadelphia was elected President this afternoon. Other officers chosen were: Vice President, Frederick H. Payne of Greenfield, Mass.; A. W. Stanley of New Britain, Conn.; and Frank Baaches of Pittsburgh; Secretary-Treasurer, F. D. Mitchell of New York.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Forecast:

No. Car.—Clearing and cooler Sat. Fair Sun.

S. Car.—Fair and colder Sat. Fair Sun.

Ga.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

Fla.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

Ind.—Fair and warmer Sat. Cloudy Sun.

Ohio—Fair Sat. and Sun.

Mich.—Cloudy and warmer Sat. and Sun.

La. and Ark.—Fair and warmer Sat. Fair Sun.

Okla. and E. Tex.—Fair and warmer Sat. Fair and colder Sun.

Ill.—Cloudy and warmer Sat. Rain and colder Sun.

Mo.—Cloudy and warmer Sat. Rain and colder Sun.

Wis.—Rain or snow Sat. Colder, with rain or snow, Sun.

Minn.—Snow Sat. Fair and colder Sun.

Ia.—Rain and warmer Sat. Cloudy and colder Sun.

N. Dak.—Fair Sat. and Sunday.

S. Dak.—Cloudy and colder Sat. Fair Sun.

Neb.—Rain or snow Sat. Fair and colder Sun.

Autumn Number

The New York Times Review of Books

Tomorrow, October 21st

Five hundred latest books classified and described to help buyers in choosing, and critical notices of new publications.

END OF THE FUR AUCTION.

The Various Offerings Brought a Total of Over $2,500,000.

The selling of wolf skins, which brought prices from 50 to 75 per cent. higher than those obtained at the Spring sale, was easily the feature of the closing day of the annual Fall sale of furs in the Masonic Hall here. These furs are especially in demand at the present time because of the scarcity of foxes, and the bidding for them was active. Nearly 17,000 were offered, and the best ones brought $16.50 each. Big buyers of wolf included Fox, Tolchin & Co., Milton Schreiber & Co., and Gottlieb Brothers.

Skunk, of which about 90,000 skins were sold, was another feature of the closing session. Bidding was active for them also, and the best No. 1 blacks and shorts brought $4.50. In this instance the biggest buyers included Milton Schrieber & Co., Joseph Steinert & Brothers, C. G. Gunther's Sons, John Hallam of Toronto, and E. R. Skinner of Sacramento, Cal.

The best price paid for chinchilla, which had been held over from Thursday, was $32. Prominent buyers of this fur were Eisenbach Brothers & Co., the Ganss Fur Company, Becker Brothers & Co., and G. I. Fuerth.

Manufacturing furriers were the best buyers of lynx, the finest of which sold for $22.75. According to D. J. Hoerner of Hoerner, Williamson & Co., of Montreal, one of the most interesting features of the last day of the sale was the prices brought by small lynx skins. Proportionately, he said, they sold much higher than the larger ones, due very largely to the ease with which a single small skin can be worked up into a muff, in sympathy with the rising market for fox and wolves. Mr. Hoerner asserted, still better prices for lynx furs can be looked for. Lynx buyers included Milton Schreiber & Co., the Ganss Fur Company, Julius Klugman's Sons, and Gottlieb Brothers.

Among the other furs that were under the hammer during the day by Auctioneer J. Gordon Noakes of the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation were more than 15,000 house cats. The best all-black skins brought 74 cents, which was said to be an unusually high price for this class of goods. Most of the house cats were bought by B. Bloseveren's Sons, makers of fur hats.

Additional subscriptions of about $150,000 to the second Liberty loan were obtained by the committee during the day. This brought the total subscriptions to $1,880,000.

At the finish of the sale it was announced that over $2,500,000 worth of furs had been sold, the increase over the total estimated previous to the sale being due to the unexpectedly high prices brought by several kinds of popular skins. It was pointed out that the only decline from March prices at the entire sale was in brown bear, for which the current demand is poor. The other furs sold showed advances ranging from 5 to 75 per cent. over the Spring figures.

When compared with the prices obtained at the March sale, this is the way yesterday's prices showed up: Lynx, 25 per cent. higher; squirrel, 10 per cent. higher; house cat, same; skunk, all sections, 15 per cent. higher; Northern wolf, 75 per cent. higher, and Southwestern wolf, 50 per cent. higher.

COMMODITIES PRICES.

The More Important Foodstuffs Were Quoted Lower This Week.

Prices on several of the more important foodstuffs went down this week, according to Dun's list. These declines, together with the advances recorded in hides and leather, were the most interesting revisions shown in all 79 of the 234 quotations varied from those of last week, 44 being advances. Last week showed 39 advances in a total of 72 changes.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on forty standard commodities this week at this city, unless otherwise specified. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Beans, mar., choice, 100 lbs.	$15.00	$14.50	$9.90
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb.	.08¾	.08¾	.09¾
Coffee, Santos, No. 4, lb.	.09½	.09½	.10¾
Std. brown sheetings, yd.	.16	.16	.11
Printcloths, 38½-in., 64x60	.10¼	.10½	.07½
Butter, creamery extra, lb.	.43½	.44½	.35¼
Cheese, new, fresh, specs., lb.	.24½	.25½	.21
Eggs, Western late, doz.	.40	.39½	.32
Apples, evap., choice, lb.	.16	.15¾	.07
Peaches, Cal., dried, lb.	.10¼	.10¼	.06⅝
Prunes, 30-40, Cal., lb.	.13⅜	.12¾	.10½
Raisins, lb.	.08	.08	.08
Flour, Spring patent, bbl.	10.85	10.90	8.75
Wheat, No. 2 red, bush.	2.22	2.25	1.76¾
Corn, No. 2 yellow, bush.	2.03	2.03	1.08
Oats, No. 2 white, bush.	.66	.66	.54
Hay, prime tim., 100 lbs.	1.30	1.30	1.00
Hides, Chi. Pack., No. 1, lb.	.34	.34	.28½
Hides, Chi., cows, nat., lb.	.32½	.32½	.27½
Leather, hemlock sole, lb.	.46	.46	.40
Leather, union backs, lb.	.65	.60	.67
Iron, pig, F.No.2, Phil., ton.	34.75	33.75	20.50
Steel billets, Pitts., ton.	47.50	55.00	45.00
Copper, Electro., N. Y., lb.	.23¼	.23½	.25½
Lead, New York, lb.	.06⅞	.08	.07
Tin, New York, lb.	.61¼	.60¾	.41
Petrol., ref., gal., in bbl.	.13	.13	.12
Beef, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	6.75	7.20	6.50
Hogs, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	16.00	18.00	9.70
Sheep, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	9.10	9.10	7.00
Lard, pr. st., Chi, 100 lbs.	23.87	23.65	15.75
Short ribs, loose, 100 lbs.	27.00	27.62	13.75
Mess pork, Chicago, bbl.	46.00	46.50	28.00
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.08¾	.08¾	.05
Rubber, up-river Para, lb.	.83½	.65	.73
Sugar, fine, gran., 100 lbs.	8.53	8.53	7.35
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.28	.28	.16½
Tea, Japan, low, lb.	.24	.24	.20
Potatoes, bbl.	6.00	5.00	4.00
Wool, av., 100, Phila., lb.	.783	.783	.379

A feature of the foodstuffs changes in this city during the week was the drop of 5 cents a barrel in the price of Spring patent flour. In the major provisions at Chicago the only advance was shown by prime lard. Live sheep did not change, but declines were registered by live beef and hogs, mess pork, and short ribs. Bacon was lower here. A rise of $1 a barrel in the cost of potatoes marked the week's trading in vegetables, as did a general rise in the price of beans. White turnips also were higher, but onions declined. Fresh apples fell off in price, while choice evaporated ones went up. Otherwise there was little feature to the fruits, either fresh or dried.

Further price weakness developed in butter and cheese during the week, largely as the result of increased receipts and only a moderate demand on the part of buyers. All grades of butter and the best cheese were "off." Nearby fancy eggs were steady at the last advance, but the best Westerns went up slightly.

No. 7 Rio coffee continued its decline of the last several weeks, but No. 4 Rio did not go down in this time. There were no changes in the sugar list, but spices were unsettled and higher for the most part.

About all kinds of leather, except hemlock sole and belting butts, were quoted higher this week. This is the first visible evidence of the strong undertone to the market, of which dealers spoke. There were no declines in leather, or in hides, either. The latter, on the other hand, showed advances in No. 1 Texas, Colorado, and branded slaughter stock. No advances were seen in the grains, but declines were registered by corn, rye, malt, and malting barley.

No. 2 foundry pig iron at Philadelphia was the only crude metal to advance during the week, with Bessemer billets at Pittsburgh supplying the only decline. In the minor metals tin advanced, but pig aluminium, spelter, and lead all went down. Thirteen of the twenty-one changes shown in the combined lists for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs, and oils were advances, the feature being the further rise in morphine. It is now quoted, in bulk, at $13.80 an ounce, compared with $5.50 last year.

In the miscellaneous changes were advances in tallow and turpentine, and declines in hops, crude rubber, and Chinese raw silk. Chip and news boards supplied the declines in the paper list.

In the textiles, burlap continued to mount to new levels, with little or no change in the amount of trading or of stocks on hand. Further strength was added to the price position of cotton goods by the week's gain in the staple, but the number of actual advances which took place was not so large as that of last week.

LARGE DRY GOODS SALES.

Shipments Are Running Far Ahead of Those a Year Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Marshall Field & Co. in their weekly review of the dry goods trade say:

"Current wholesale shipments for the week are largely ahead of the corresponding period of last year. Road sales for both immediate and future delivery are greater than the heavy volume in the same period of a year ago. The number of customers in the market during the week has not been quite as large as in the corresponding period of last year. Collections are strong."

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL.—Men's, women's, children's furs, cloth, silk, jewelry, entire stocks bought; quick cash buyers. Aarons, 742 6th Av.

APPAREL.—Spot cash for better grade coats, suits, dresses. Bargain Cloak Co., 1,170 Broadway. Madison Sq. 7974.

BELTS.—Patent leather, large quantity, spot cash. S. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st St.

BOLIVIAS and wool plushes at a price. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th St.

BROADCLOTH.—Will buy Burgundy and plum, in F. & H. or Botany, or will exchange for all other shades. Mr. Bobrick, Farragut 2368.

BROADCLOTHS.—Open for botany or F. & H. taupe and burgundy broadcloths for cash. Farragut 9030.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315, taupe, and Burgundy wanted. Sol Levine & Co., 12 West 27th St.

BROADCLOTH, botany, all colors; will pay cash. Strauss & Deren, 127 West 26th St. Farr. 9297.

BURELLA Burgundy, Buckley & Cohen, style 700. Farragut 3825.

BROADCLOTH.—American, of 19116. Phone 9832 Spring.

CHEVIOT.—Single or double width brown, green, and navy. J. J. Ludwig & Co., 138 West 25th.

COATS.—Big jobber wants large and small quantities high-grade children's flapper coats; cash. 15 East 26th St., Room 1808.

CORDUROY.—Boyd's, all colors, quantity no object, spot cash. S. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st St.

COTTON BEAVER.—Hind & Harrison timme, open for quantity for cash. 4630 Farragut.

COTTON SUITINGS, Skirtings, and Fancy Voiles.—Interested in large quantities. Reply H. W., care of The G. M. E., 11 West 19th St.

FURS.—Wanted 1,000 Kit Coney; also seal Nutria. Cohen & Edelman, 35 West 31st St.

FURS.—Will buy last year's stock for special sale; cash. R 53 Times.

KERSEY.—Wyandotte 422, 10 pieces each, black, navy, and Burgundy. Louis Hammer, 432 4th Av. Madison Square 7745.

MACKINAWS, any quantity, spot cash. Louis Friedman, 80 Bleecker.

MIXTURES.—588, colors 4 and 5, Stevens 7967, shade 23. Franklin 1775.

PANNETTE.—Chase's, all colors; Grant G. Kelly's velour, or similar, in Burgundy only; Raritan's beaver, all shades. 9220 Farragut.

POM-POM.—American 0816, any quantity, all colors, for cash. Farr. 2616.

SILKS.—Taffetas, peau de cygnes, plain and changeable; cash. Al. Warshauer, 432 4th Av.

SILK.—Open for striped silk linings. Cohen & Edelman, 35 West 31st St.

THIBET.—Stoney & Starkey black thibet. Madison Square 3121.

VELOURS wanted; lightweight burgundy and Pekin and heavyweight burgundy and green. Tel. Madison Square 2715.

VELOURS.—0359 Reindeer, taupe, and beetroot; also Reindeer, pompom. Rappaport & Gottlieb, 159 Madison Av.

VELOURS.—Open for burgundy and taupe, all weights. Bronson Bros., 48 West 25th St. Far. 6264.

VELOUR.—Burgundy, taupe, heavyweight. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St. Farr. 602.

VELOURS, 11050, 13046, 15002; any quantity; also pom-poms. Merit, Farragut 9812.

VELOURS, 11050, 13046, 13045, 544, 15020; spot cash. Madison Square 3121.

VELOUR.—U. S. 153, any quantity, all colors, for cash. Farr. 2616.

VELOURS.—Will buy 11050, 544, in all shades. Chelsea 9955.

WOOLENS.—An opportunity to sell your surplus woolens of all kinds; send us samples, quantities, and lowest prices for quick action. William Cerf & Co., 317 South Market St., Chicago, Ill.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BURELLAS.—0310, all shades; Whitman's 1210 cotton warp serge. Madison Square 2426.

CHINCHILLA, white, all wool Deering Millikens, 143; Andrews poplin, Russian green; American plaid 15024-36; Hydol's 2 inch; Furette plush; Blumenthal's 3 inch 3766 gray Chinchilla to close out. Madison Square 6375.

COATS.—Immediate delivery; velours pompom; all desirable shades; also plushes. Norwalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATS.—Guaranteed seal plush coats, fur trimmed, $11.50 up, for today's delivery. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATING.—Oxfords, ¾ goods, 15 pieces. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St. Farr. 602.

DRESSES.—Save money by buying direct from contractor; Botany serge dresses, $7.50 to $11.50; visit our show room and be convinced. H. Wolfenson, 39 East 20th.

DRESSES.—Serge, satin, and wool jersey, from $8.50 up; immediate delivery. Annetta Waist and Dress Co., 111 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Have 1,000 satin and serge dresses to close out; $5.75 up. E. M. Bellimm, 101 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—2,000, serges, satin, and velveteens, to close out. Congress Waist and Dress Co., 34 West 20th.

DRESSES.—Have 150 snappy dresses to close out. Pace, 1,182 Broadway.

FLOOR SHOWCASES.—Sell cheap; we need room. Guthman-Solomons, 100 West 31st St.

FURS.—Former buyer for America's greatest fur establishment will carefully buy what you need, fee 5 per cent.; can get excellent bargains; I can certainly save you money. R 54 Times.

FURS.—Have $80,000 worth of stock of all kinds; will close out at a sacrifice. 220 6th Av. Chelsea 7975.

FUR.—One-inch and ¾-inch prime skunk edging. Madison Square 6040.

PLUSHES.—Kerami, moltex, chiffon velvet, and velveteens at a price. Goldman Bros., 25 East 21st St.

KERAMI—Blumenthal's mole, $8. Republic Novelty Works, 230 5th Av. Madison Square 1504.

PLUSH.—Esquimette, peco; guaranteed sealette. Dobson's plush. Madison Square 3121.

POPLIN.—Andrews, Russian green; American plaid 15024-36; Hydol's 3-inch; Furette plush, Blumenthal's 3-inch 3766 gray Chinchilla to close out. Madison Square 6375.

SILK.—For sale, five pieces of Sydney Blumenthal's silk nutria, at the opening price. Farragut 5298.

SKIRTS — Silk plaids, browns, purple grounds, $2.12½; stripes and black satins, $2.75 up; serges, $1.75; pleated, $2.25. New York Silk Garment Co., 1,133 Broadway.

SNAP FASTENERS.—No. 1, 0, 00, 000, extra quality, lowest quotation, light paper for export, largest production. Snap Fastener Sales Co., 1,338 Broadway. Greely 2682.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Finest quality, carded or bulk; for export or dealers only. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Co., Inc., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1807 Williamsburg.

SUITS.—300 botany broadcloth suits, all shades, peau de cygne and interlined, to close out; a special price. A. Zimmerman, 55 East 11th.

SUITS AND COATS.—To close out at a price. Kessler & Gotthelf, 10 East 33d St.

VELOURS.—Taupe heavyweight, Dxfords, astrachans, Pearson's mercerized plush; very reasonable. Farragut 9811.

VELOURS.—Holden Leonard 600, $2.10; also F. & H., all colors, $2.20. Madison Square 9388.

VELOURS.—Harris & Stein, Style 21, 0359; Buckley & Cohen, Style 140. Mad. Sq. 3121.

VELVETEEN.—Imported, all widths, all colors, Worrall dye, immediate delivery. J. L. Sachs, 315 4th Av. Gramercy 3445-3446.

VELVETEENS.—All colors priced and widths; immediate delivery. Saltzman, Stahl & Berman, 29 East 22d St.

WAISTS.—Good style Georgette waists, sell out. 15 West 20th, sixth floor.

WOOLENS.—Bahmsen 50103, 50155, 50169; Wortumbo 991 and 977; F. & H. 7578, all shades. Telephone Madison Square 6295.

WOOL plushes, assorted colors, 20 pieces. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St. Farr. 602.

WOOL PLUSH, blue and black. Farragut 3647.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Experienced ladies' dresses, better kind; city trade; salary or commission. Star Dress Manufacturing Co., 123 West 26th.

Situations Wanted.

CONTRACTOR, with large plant, wishes to get in touch with Government manufacturers; anything in the needle industry. Call Gramercy 6158.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5½@6 per cent. for the best names
Thursday...5½@6 " " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Attractive New Suit Design.

An attractive new design has made its appearance in the local market for suits for women, and is said to be meeting with quite marked success. It is a modification of the much talked of, but little sold, bustle effect. The coat has long pointed ends in front in a somewhat cutaway effect. In the back it reaches but a few inches below the waist line and is a little puckered, thus giving the modified suggestion of the bustle. It is made up in a number of variations in serge, broadcloth and velvet models, and in colors that are just now in vogue.

***

Furniture Sales Pick Up.

The lull in the market for household furniture, which extended practically all through September, is said by local authorities in the trade to have been dispated to a considerable extent by a more or less active buying movement which set in a few weeks ago. Apparently, it is said, the large retailers of the country and some of the department stores are anticipating a very sizable holiday trade and preparing accordingly. Prices range from 10 to 40 per cent. over the figures of a year ago.

***

Quilts Practically Withdrawn.

The rise in the cotton market of the past week has had a very serious effect on prices of quilts for Spring delivery. It is said that many of the largest mills in the trade have practically refused to quote on future business until they are able to see just where they stand. The labor situation is said to be another very important factor, due to the likelihood of further wage increases being forced. Until there is more certainty as to what the future holds it seems to be the attitude of most of the mills that Spring prices must be held in abeyance.

***

Low-Priced Waists Big Sellers.

"There are unmistakable evidences," says an authority in the local waist trade who is a keen observer of underlying market conditions, "that we are going to have to depend more and more as the season progresses on our popular priced merchandise for volume. Though the season started off with a rush on the better grades, which made it seem as though nobody wanted popular priced waists any more, this demand has more or less played out. And in its place we now have a better market for garments at prices which are attractive to business women, whose numbers have been so greatly increased, than we have ever had before."

***

It's the Smile That Does It.

A slogan of a telephone company is that "the voice with the smile wins." A local retail silk buyer bears witness to the fact that the face with the smile comes in the same class. "A business friend of mine remarked the other day," said this buyer yesterday, "that he had never seen me without a smile on my face. I told him it was because he had never seen me outside of the store. But, seriously, I make it a point never to be grouchy during business hours. I found long ago that it did not pay. While learning this, whenever I felt like it went on the floor with a scowl and a harsh word for anybody, the spirits of the whole department went down. This situation carried through the whole day, and concrete proof that I was wrong showed in the figures of that day's sales. The man who catches me on the floor these days without a smile that won't come off, no matter what comes up, deserves a reward."

***

Active Market in Sweaters.

The market for women's sweaters is reported by local mill agents to be fairly active. Shetland wool coat sweaters are said to be playing the leading rôle. The designs most in favor have deep sailor collars, large belts and ample skirts hanging down almost to the knees. Purple, green, orange and light blue, in the order named, seem to be the prevailing colors. There is also quite a call for silk fibre sport coat sweaters for Southern wear in many brilliant color combinations. In the matter of deliveries, though they are still behind, the mills are reported to be catching up fairly well.

***

Their Ignorance Not a Blessing.

One of the reasons advanced for the need of trade discounts in the recent squabble between the retailers and the manufacturers was that the average buyer was not a good enough judge of merchandise to be able to tell the difference between a garment that is sold at, say, $25, with the full trade discount, and another that is sold at 2 per cent. off for payment in ten days. This, while true, according to a well-known local manufacturer, is not the unmixed blessing to producers that it would seem. The buyers, he said, not being able to judge the value of a garment closely, are generally suspicious that "something is being put over on them." The result is considerable haggling over selling prices, some of which results in bad feeling.

***

Would Like Better Deliveries.

Buyers of women's neckwear, according to reports current in this market, are not satisfied with the way they are getting deliveries of their Fall goods, and more than one threat to cancel has been heard. The makers of these goods, however, say that there is little hope for a change in the situation for two reasons. The first of these is the great paucity of workers, even of untrained beginners, and the second is the delays met with by merchandise in transit as a result of the rush movement of war materials, coal, &c. The present situation is considered especially unfortunate all the way around in view of the nice business that is being done by the retailers and that is being reflected in the orders placed with the manufacturers.

***

Gray Goods Buying Was Fair.

Trading showed a fair amount of snap yesterday in the local gray goods market. Business was done on 37-inch 48-square sheetings at 12¼ cents for nearby delivery, but few of the other sheeting sales were worthy of comment. Additional sales of sateens and twills for the clothing trade were put through, this time at virtually full market prices. Most of the day's activity was in print cloths. November-December sales of 39-inch 68-72s were recorded at 12 cents, while for shipment through the remainder of this year trading was done on these 38½-inch constructions at the prices given: 64-60s, 10½ cents; 60-52s, 9¼ cents, and 64-48s, 9⅛ cents. Spot printcloth prices at the close were:

39-inch, 80-80s	15c	38½-inch, 64-60s	10½c
39-inch, 72-76s	14c	38½-inch, 64-56s	10½c
39-inch, 68-72s	12c	38½-inch, 60-52s	9½c
39-inch, 56-44s	8½c	38½-inch, 60-48s	9½c
38½-inch, 64-64s	11c	27-inch, 64-60s	7⅝c

* Asked.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

ARCTIC STORES.—Harry Lane has been appointed receiver for the assets in the State of the Arctic Stores, a corporation conducting a chain of eighty-one grocery stores in New York and New Jersey. He was authorized to continue business for ten days. There are nine stores in New York City, located at 547 and 855 Ninth Avenue, 530, 682, and 775 Tenth Avenue, 2,195, 2,697, and 2,793 Eighth Avenue, and 1,463 Amsterdam Avenue. Liabilities are stated to be $160,000 and assets $40,000. The assets within city are $27,000.

ERICH LOHSEN, a clerk, formerly a grocer of 822 Third Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,727 and assets of $400 in accounts due.

AUGUSTUS SCHRODER of 1,238 Havemeyer Avenue, Bronx, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,089 and no assets.

MYRON M. MERRILL of Tarrytown, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,155, mostly for liquors, and no assets.

THEODORE F. COOPER of 13 West Ninth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $17,951 and assets of $3,842, in notes. The principal creditor is the Baron de Hirsch Fund.

COMMERCIAL ACETYLENE WELDING COMPANY of 80 Broadway, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $1,181,145 and assets of $1,114,793; consisting of real estate, $161,807; cash on hand, $1,673; cash in banks, $11,264; stock, $206,150; carriages, &c., $3,047; machinery, $87,047; personal property, $535,161, and accounts, $108,747. The real estate is at Mound Bayou, N. J.; Aurora, Ill.; Berkley, Cal.; Trenton, Atlanta, N. J.; East Deerfield, and Moberly, Mo. Among the creditors are the Louisa Company, $686,326; E. Benedict & Co., $317,568; Commercial Acetylene Company, $89,067, part secured, and Union Carbide Sales Company, $42,628.

A. & N. SILVERMAN, wholesale tobacco and cigars, of 600 Ninth Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $10,647, and assets of $3,505.

BERNARD DORF.—Judge Mayer has denied a discharge from bankruptcy to Bernard Dorf, manufacturer of cloaks and dresses, at 23 West 26th Street, with a branch in Chicago, on the ground of making a false statement and failure to keep proper books of account. A petition was filed against him on Sept. 20, 1915, and his liabilities were $40,359.

S. BENOWITZ & CO.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed against S. Benowitz & Co., wholesale dealer in butter and eggs, at 357 Greenwich Street, on a settlement with creditors at 42½ cents on the dollar, payable 35 cash, 5 per cent. in three months, and 2½ cents in eight months.

JULIUS TITLE.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition for bankruptcy filed by Julius Title, salesman, at 877 Stebbins Avenue, Bronx, on a settlement with his only creditor, the Nvelty Waist and Dress Co.

KAJ A. HANSEN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Kaj. A. Hansen of 6,021 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, by the following creditors: Carl Ahlers, $304; Samuel S. Beard & Co., $36; H. S. Chardavoyne, Inc., $37, and B. Westergaad & Co., $81.92.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreets's reports 254 business failures in the United States during the week, against 183 in the previous week, and 311, 325, 338, and 246 for the corresponding weeks of 1916 to 1913. The Middle States had 67, New England, 36; Southern, 49; Western, 64; Northwestern, 20, and Far Western, 18. Canada had 31, against 30 in this preceding week. About 90 per cent. of the failures had less than $5,000 capital, and 6 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Aelter, Marie T.—C. Chiantelli.....$185.54
Blarvelt, Frances E.—L. Shubert.....211.81
Bernstein, Lizzie and Samuel—Frank D. Creamer & Co.....1,641.15
Benenson, William and Louis—N. M. Hollg.....8,567.68
Berg, Anna, and Harry Katz—People, &c.....500.00
Bee Kay Amusement Co.—J. T. Leighton.....437.20
Brooks, Marion M.—A. Weintraub.....235.97
Baker, John F.—Coastwise Lumber and Supply Co.....1,103.37
Cappellino, Joseph—H. Dann.....227.63
Crone Leonard S.—American Lithographic Co.....230.60
Doell, Helen, and Henry Odell, Jr.—N. T. Sweezy & Son & Co.....526.18
Dowling, John J.—Olin J. Stephens, Inc.188.93
Douglas, Evelyn, and Wilson L. Cannon—People, &c.....100.00
Fleischman, Fannie—W. B. Reed.....100.00
F. & A. Realty Co., Inc., and Frederick A. Baker—Coastwise Lumber and Supply Co.....1,162.41
Farrell, Patrick—J. J. Power.....206.25
Feinberg, Benjamin D.—E. Altman.....903.25
Frank, Bernard E., Milton, and Henry —Newman & MacBain, Inc.....744.13
Fernandez, Alexandro—G. Saifi.....540.20
Gamser, Simon—F. Ayer.....1,246.22
Grant, James E.—Herald Square Hotel, Inc.....873.34
Ginsberg, Rose—A. Montag.....187.50
Healy, Joseph—United Electric Light and Power Co. et al., costs.....110.19
Haff, Charles F.—J. E. Gerrotte et al..321.20
Imperator Waist, Inc.—Chelsea Exchange Bank.....1,931.78
John Caggiano Co.—Standard Building Supply Co.....180.97
Kathodian Bronze Works—C. A. Furthman et al.....270.35
Kobre, Israel E.—Conomial Mantel and Refrigerator Co.....114.31
Kaufmann, Emil—I. Jacobs et al.....109.30
Livingston, Naomi—Ginbel Bros., N. Y.215.31
Lese, Louis—Harlem Savings Bank..1,005.81
Lanice, Simon—F. Levy.....128.30
Ligen, Frederick W.—Wilson & Co.....230.04
May, Goran—Kramer Organ Co.....403.86
Mattison, Anna—Hudson River Telephone Co. et al., costs.....109.56
Mitchell, William A.—A. L. Guidone, costs.....112.70
McKittrick, James—G. McKittrick, costs.....111.19
M. Zimmerman Co., Inc.—State Industrial Commission of State of N. Y....1,219.64
Mitchell, William A.—A. L. Guidone....112.70
McLay, Nelson—Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y.....131.70
Martin, Clinton S.—Same.....249.00
McKee, Frank P.—Gimbel Bros, N. Y..268.10
Mack, James and Winifred—People, &c.500.00
Mckenzie, James C.—Henry Kelly & Sons.....101.32
Nowak, Max—Olin J. Stephens, Inc.....118.45
Nevin, Sophie—J. S. Abrams.....331.43
New, Railways Co.—H. Wenderbaum...150.07
Same—H. Wertheimer.....750.00
Orzag, Alexander, (National Art Pub. Co.)—Manhattan Card and Paper Co..159.60
Picken, Clara—Harlem Savings Bank..3,665.61
Pulite, Sebastiano, adm.—H. H. Patterbaum et al., costs.....109.19
Peck & Mack Co.—N. Nanes.....3,148.67
Ryland, Robert M.—New York Theatre Co., costs in accounts due.....109.19
Rosiello, Mike—L. Turoff.....183.28
Starr, Henry, and Louis Lapin—People, &c.....100.00
Schuterman, Louis—M. S. Texticah Co.121.91
Schulman, Samuel—J. Fisher.....120.71
Seligman, Samuel—M. B. Hess.....1,131.36
Spark, Jacob—American Type Foundry Co.....111.77
Simonson, Carolina T.—Park & Tilford.438.79
Smith, E. Osborne—J. R. Ober.....1,319.20
Sterling Operating Co., Inc.—L. Ottinger.....131.31
Shmitzer, Stanley H.—N. I. Holtzott et al.....1,278.00
Tucker, Helena M.—Adirondack Trust Co.....1,659.41
Thatcher, Harry B.—Alexander Hamilton Inst.....104.89
Vogue, Inc.—F. O. Smith et al.....206.41
Twiss, C. Victor—R. N. Diabrow.....2,239.10
West, Frank E.—C. Weissmann.....1,960.10
William S. Sussman, Inc.—Olin J. Stephens.....324.54
Weingurten, Abraham C.—Germania Life Ins. Co.....8,983.05
Weiss, William A.—H. T. Dempster..340.80
Eodf, Frank—Wilson & Co.....247.35
Walsh, William M.—Kaufman Brown Co.....141.91
White, William C.—W. Maurer, costs..120

CHARGE RAILROADS DELAY RATE HEARING

Interstate Commerce Commission Said to be Ready to Hear Arguments.

ROADS DENY HOLDING BACK

Their Committee Prepares Letter Stating Why Increases Should Be Granted.

A chance to obtain increased railroad freight rates promptly, while the Interstate Commerce Commissioner appears to be favorably inclined, was being jeopardized by hesitation and differences of opinion on the part of railroad officials, it was charged yesterday by some railroad men who have been in touch with the new movement for a commodity rate increase.

It was asserted that, while the Interstate Commerce Commission had given the impression that it was eager to consider the question of allowing new increases, the railroad officials, through indecision and conflicting aims, had placed stumbling blocks in their own way.

Commissioner George F. Randolph of the Trunk Line Association and Clyde Brown of counsel for the New York Central Railroad are in charge of the preparation of a letter to the Interstate Commerce Commission on behalf of the railroads, setting forth the reasons why an application should be granted to permit the railroads to file a new tariff, increasing commodity rates. This letter, which was discussed at the hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission on Wednesday, will be sent next week.

Presidents of most of the large railroads held a conference yesterday afternoon at the Bankers' Club on the subject of the rate increases to be applied for, and Commissioner Randolph and Mr. Brown were in conference in the law offices of the New York Central. The report that the Interstate Commerce Commission was ready to give a hearing at any time on the new applications for increases, but that the railroads themselves were seeking more time, was denied yesterday. Commissioner Randolph said:

"That rumor was probably due to the fact that postponements of hearings on live stock and other rates in the West were asked for by the railroads, but this does not affect the main rate case. The railroads are not seeking any delay."

Other railroad men who commented yesterday on the meeting Wednesday expressed the belief that the commission was anxious to begin hearings on the new application for a freight rate increase at the earliest possible date. At least one railroad executive, whose interests are centred chiefly in Western properties, thought that the commission was in a position of greater readiness to reconsider the rate question than the railroad men themselves. He stated that, in his opinion, the railroads could have had the case under way within a few days if they had asked for an early start.

"I attended the hearing," he said, "with the supposition that the foundation for a general application for a freight rate increase of 15 per cent. in Eastern classification territory was to be applied for. Representatives of traffic departments along the line, however, expressed a desire to have numerous applications for rate advances put together before the commission was appealed to. The applications under discussion dealt only with special rates, those for the shipment of packing house products, grain and grain products, cement, stone, &c., and did not deal broadly with the rate problem.

"The shippers present notified the commission that they would require a third day to prepare their case, and as they will be heard after the railroads have finished, it would seem that the better part of three months must pass under this program before the commission can begin to digest the consolidated findings put before them by railroads and shippers. This would indicate a four months' period after the hearings are started before the result will be made known.

"This is unfortunate, especially as the Interstate Commerce Commission seemed ready to take up the task at once. The suggestion was made to the commission before the meeting came to an end that the old case be reopened, the date of costs, income, &c., being brought down to date, and the procedure start at once. The railroad representatives, however, did not fall in with the proposal."

Carnegie "Liberty Mill" Completed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The Carnegie Steel Company of Pittsburgh has built a big steel mill in record-breaking time and it has been named the "Liberty Mill." Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board received this telegram today from J. H. Farrell, President of the steel corporation:

"The Carnegie Steel Company put into successful operation today its new 110-inch plate mill, with a capacity of 150,000 tons per annum of such plates. This mill was built in exactly six months and is known as the Liberty Mill."

New Red Cross Director General.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—John D. Ryan, on behalf of the Red Cross War Council, announced today the appointment of Jesse H. Jones, a business man of Houston, Texas, as Director General of Military Relief of the American Red Cross. Mr. Jones succeeds to the place formerly held by Mr. Ryan before Mr. Ryan was appointed by President Wilson to membership on the War Council. Mr. Jones will give his services to the Red Cross for the duration of the war without compensation.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HENRY NOE CONGER, Alleged Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an order duly entered in the office of the Clerk of this Court, I, the undersigned Receiver hereby offers for sale the property described below, and will receive sealed bids therefor at his office, No. 55 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before Saturday, the 20th day of October, 1917, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place said bids will be opened by the Receiver, and creditors may attend and pass thereon. Separate bids or a combined bid may be made for any one or more of the parcels of property hereinafter set forth, and each bid must be accompanied with a certified check for 10 per cent. of the amount thereof, the balance of the purchase price to be paid to the Receiver within two days. The Receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids and the sale will be made subject to the approval of the Court.

The property to be sold consists of the following:

1. All the right, title and interest of the Receiver and the Bankrupt in and to the unexpired term of a certain lease of the restaurant located at No. 105 Duane Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, subject to all arrears of rent, taxes or water rates, and any and all charges now due or which may become due under the provisions of said lease, including the charges against the Receiver, if any, for the period during which the premises are occupied by him and also the good will of the business and sublease of cigar stand.

2. All the right, title and interest of the Receiver and of the Bankrupt in and to the furniture, fixtures, furnishings, utensils, chinaware, linens, silverware, glassware, and all the chattels and personal property aforementioned, exclusive of food supplies, subject to all mortgages and liens thereon.

3. The entire stock of wines, liquors, groceries and foodstuffs.

4. The right, title and interest of the Receiver in and to the liquor license pertaining to said business subject to any lien or claim thereon.

SPECIAL NOTICE. If the bids at private sale are rejected, all the property which remains unsold will, in the discretion of the Receiver, be offered for sale at public auction by United States Auctioneer, Charles W. Isongood, on Wednesday, October 24th, 1917, at the premises formerly occupied by the Alleged Bankrupt, at No. 105 Duane Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., in which case an additional notice of sale will be published in this paper on said date.

Dated New York, October 12, 1917.

LEON LAUTERSTEIN, Receiver.

ZINKEAUER AND DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York City.

SUES INSOLVENT BROKERS.

Delancey Nicoll Seeks $187,208 from Tower & Sherwood.

Delancey Nicoll, the lawyer, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday to recover $187,208 from the members of the insolvent Stock Exchange firm of Tower & Sherwood, which was composed of Arthur M. Sherwood and Frederick H. Tate when they made an assignment to Archibald R. Watson on May 7 last. Nicholas G. Rutgers, formerly a member of the firm, was joined as a defendant, on the ground that all the members of the firm are liable to the plaintiff because when the defendants bought stocks on the plaintiff's order, the firm was insolvent and never got possession of the stock ordered by Mr. Nicoll.

Mr. Nicoll's complaint states that he bought 10,000 shares British-American Tobacco Company, 100 Liggitt & Myers, 2,500 common and 1,000 preferred of the Interborough Metropolitan Company, and shares of the McAndrew & Forbes Co., which were all worth $363,242 at the time the firm assigned. He alleges that the firm pledged his stocks for sums largely in excess of what he owed, and says that the difference between his total indebtedness and the market value of the stocks was $187,208.

MRS. BURRIS COMPETENT.

Court Ignores Sister's Story of Substituted Twins.

Mrs. Kate C. Burris, 70 years old, widow of Dr. John C. Burris, who lived at 38 West Ninety-fourth Street, was wheeled in an invalid chair into the Queens County Supreme Court before Justice Van Siclen in Long Island City yesterday to have a jury pass upon her competency.

Her sister, Mrs. Georgianna Zelner of 706 Leonard Street, Brooklyn, testified that thirty-two years ago Mrs. Burris practiced a deception upon Dr. Burris by getting new-born twins from a midwife which she made the doctor believe were her own children.

When this testimony was given Mrs. Burris could hardly be restrained. She tried to get out of her invalid chair to reply to her sister. One of the twins, Mrs. Madeline Grace Witte, wife of William H. Witte of Corona, who was in court, was as indignant over the testimony as was her mother.

Justice Van Siclen granted the motion of Attorney Joseph J. Tuohy and directed the jury to render a verdict that Mrs. Burris was competent. She will continue to manage her estate worth $250,000 in this city, Flusning, Corona and Watertown, N. Y.

Until early in September Mrs. Burris lived in a fine home at 3000 Broadway, Flushing. Then she went to the Witte home to take care of Mrs. Witte, who was ill. While there she was stricken with apoplexy, and since then she has been unable to walk.

It is admitted that since she has been in the Witte home she has made a will. A nephew, Frederick W. Britton, on the theory that she had left all her property to Mrs. Witte, alleged that she was incompetent as a result of the stroke of apoplexy and got a court order for the test of her competency.

GILLENDER ESTATE $710,154

All Goes Finally to Philanthropy—Assets Mostly Realty.

The estate of Miss Jessie Gillender, whose will was unsuccessfully contested on the ground that she had been of unsound mind for eight years before her death in Los Angeles early in 1916, was appraised yesterday at $710,154.

The report shows that the Missionary Society of St. Paul, or the Paulist Fathers, which was the residuary legatee and largest beneficiary, received $27,000 in direct legacies, the residue of $246,021, and $50,000 additional after the death of life beneficiaries, making a total of $323,021. The Charity Organization Society got $100,000 outright and will receive $50,000 additional after the death of life beneficiaries, while Johns Hopkins University got $100,000 and $50,000 went to the Metropolitan Museum of Art. Trinity Church received $1,000 and the Servants of Relief for Incurable Cancer, $7,000.

The largest asset of Miss Gillender's estate was realty worth $342,000. Four parcels at from 944 to 954 Sixth Avenue were valued at $35,000 each, and 952 and 954 Sixth Avenue were valued at $42,000 and $65,000 respectively. The property at 54 West Fifty-fourth Street was valued at $50,000. Her entire personal effects were worth only $1,116. Her jewelry consisted of two watches worth $210. She had mortgages valued at $227,973, and stocks and bonds worth $86,292. The attorneys' fees in the will contest were $20,000 and the costs $6,968.

SHOWS NEW SHIP PAINTING.

Navy Illustrates Camouflage at Its Exhibit at Electric Show.

An illustration of camouflage painting of warships to reduce visibility to the enemy at sea was added to the Navy Exhibit at the Electrical show at the Grand Central Palace yesterday. There are two navy models, prepared by William Mackay, who has been making experiments in lessening visibility by color effects. One ship is painted flake gray, the conventional navy war paint. The other is painted with the new war paint. Back of the two ships is a scene representing sea and sky. At thirty feet away the difference in the visibility of the two ships is noticeable, the gray one standing out against the scene behind, while the other tends to fade into the background.

This effect is obtained by painting the hull in imitation of the background of the sea, dark blue and green, with white for the foam of the waves. In the superstructure ochre is used in addition to blue and green in seeking a sky effect. This style of painting ships has been adopted by the United States Shipping Board, a notice at the exhibit says. In the British Navy the name of the new war color is "eccentric painting."

THREE MAGISTRATES ILL.

Blau, Nolan, and House Unable to Preside in Court.

The illness of Magistrates Blau, Nolan, and House hampered the work of the Magistrates' Courts yesterday. Magistrate Blau became seriously ill yesterday, and no other Magistrate was available to fill his place in the West Farms and Domestic Relations Court. All cases were transferred to the Morrisania Court, where Magistrate Groehl was presiding.

Magistrate Nolan was stricken with severe throat trouble, court was delayed some time until Magistrate Breen consented to fill the vacancy. Magistrate House suffered a collapse from lumbago in the Traffic Court and Chief Magistrate McAdoo filled his place.

Police Captains Promoted.

Police Commissioner Woods yesterday promoted Police Captain Daniel E. Costigan, who has been in charge of the vice squad, to the grade of Inspector. He will remain in charge of the vice squad. Police Captain Richard O'Connor of the Seventh Inspection District in the Bronx has also been made Inspector, and will remain in charge of the Seventh Inspection District.

Enjoins Anita Stewart from Acting

Supreme Court Justice Whitaker granted a temporary injunction yesterday restraining Anita Stewart from acting for the Metro Pictures Corporation or any other corporation or individual pending the trial of a suit of the Vitagraph Company. The plaintiff contends that Miss Stewart is under contract until Jan. 31 next, at $1,000 a week and 10 per cent. royalty, guaranteed to bring her a total of $127,000 a year.

Sacky Suit Jury Disagrees.

The Jury in Justice Ford's court which heard Mrs. Lilien Suraz Sacky's suit against her husband, Aribert Sacky, to recover $32,300 she says he converted to his own use after receiving it for investment, disagreed yesterday, and another trial was ordered. Sacky's attorney started proceedings to have him released from Ludlow Street Jail, where he was sent pending the trial.

MAKES BIG SILVER DEAL WITH MEXICO

United States Buys 6,000,000 Pesos for Reminting and Gives Gold in Exchange.

HELP TO BOTH COUNTRIES

Silver Price Is Forced Down and Mexico Supplies Her Needs for Making Gold Coin.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Six million Mexican silver pesos have been bought by the Treasury Department at 88¼ cents an ounce, for minting into half dollars, dimes, and quarters. The Treasury acted when faced with the necessity of buying silver for coinage at steadily increasing prices, which at their height brought the value of the metal dangerously close to the minted value.

Now the price of silver in this country has dropped precipitately. The swift collapse, from $1.16 to 85 cents per ounce, a decline of 31 cents, within three weeks, has resulted in an investigation to determine whether the market had been manipulated. The high prices recently prevailing are regarded as wholly unwarranted by officials here.

The purchase of the great volume of Mexican dollars, the largest purchase by the Government of the minted silver coin of another ever recorded, places the United States in possession of a sufficient quantity of silver to run the mints for two or three months, and withdraws from the silver market here the largest silver buyer.

Negotiations have been proceeding between representatives of the Carranza Government and Director Baker of the mint for some time past for the big sale. It is understood that the Mexican dollars are to be delivered soon, and Federal Reserve Board officials, who have been in touch with the various phases of the negotiations, have indicated their willingness to permit the exportation to Mexico of approximately $5,000,000 in gold as payment.

Carranza to Lift Embargo.

In return, the Carranza Government is understood to have lifted its virtual embargo on the exportation to this country of silver and copper, and these and other commodities, needed here, soon will be crossing the international line freely.

Mexico needs the gold to increase its scanty store of minted gold coin. The importation by that country of $5,000,000 for this purpose, it is assumed, also will tend to relieve the difficulties of American operators in the oil fields there in paying their heavy burden of taxes, which, under the Mexican law, must be paid in Mexican minted gold.

The net result of the transaction, as viewed by officials here, is that the danger of par silver for mintage has been averted, that Mexico will be in a stronger position financially than before, that the somewhat strained financial relations between the two countries will be eased perceptibly and that Mexican copper and silver, needed here, will be available in the future.

The imposition by the American Government of a virtual embargo on the exportation of silver also contributed largely to the sudden lowering of silver prices in the domestic market. For some time the Government has been compelled to buy silver sparingly in the face of a soaring market to meet its immediate needs, as has been already known. From approximately 52 cents an ounce in 1914, silver quotations went steadily upward until they touched 90 cents about two months ago. Thereafter quotations began to assume symptoms of an utterly deranged market. Prices advanced spasmodically, sometimes as much as several cents a day, until the top was reached at $1.16.

Might Have Stopped Coinage.

At that time the market quotation was only 13⅜ cents below the minted value per ounce. The mints turned out $1.29⅛ in small coins for every ounce purchased. Had the minted value been reached it would have been without precedent and might have resulted in the cessation of silver coinage at a time when such coinage was imperatively needed. Efforts to meet the situation by changing the standard of silver bullion purchased, and throwing open the doors to the entry of low-grade silver bullion failed to check the upward movement, but a report that negotiations were under way for the governmental purchase of a large quantity of minted silver from a foreign Government brought an immediate response. Prices fell and have continued to fall.

SURGEONS' WEEK IN CHICAGO

National Congress to Discuss Latest Methods of War Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The sessions of the American Congress of Surgeons, beginning Monday, will bring to Chicago the greatest assemblage of world-famous physicians and surgeons this city has entertained. For the entire week the delegates will conduct a clearing house for all the medical and surgical ideas developed by the war, with the object of recommending to the Government the best methods for use in the army and navy.

Sir Berkeley Moynihan, senior consulting surgeon of the British Royal Army Medical Corps, will give an account of the latest methods in practical use in the army hospitals in France. Dr. Alexis Carrel of the Rockefeller Institute, Dr. George Crile of Cleveland, and Dr. Joseph Blake of Paris will be present.

Surgeon General William C. Gorgas of the United States Army, Admiral William Blaisted of the navy, and Dr. Rupert Blue of the Public Health Service will represent the Government officially at the congress.

Among the many remedies to be tested in clinics held while the congress is in session is the local anaesthetic nikalgin, originated by Dr. Gordon Edwards, and used, according to reports, with great success in the casualty clearing stations behind the lines in France. Surgeons are divided in their opinions upon its efficacy.

Meetings preliminary to the main congress began today, with delegates in attendance from nearly every State.

HELD IN ELECTION KILLING.

Alleged New York Gunman and Another Accused in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—At the close of the Coroner's inquest today into the death of George A. Eppley, a policeman who was killed in the political feud in the Fifth Ward here, Jacob Mascia, an alleged gunman from New York, was held without bail as the man who actually killed Eppley, and John Costello, also of New York, was committed as an accessory before the fact. They are two of the eighteen men alleged to have been brought to this city for election work.

As a result of the killing of Eppley, Mayor Thomas B. Smith, a number of politicians, and several policemen are under bail, charged with conspiracy to murder and violation of the election laws.

Besides Mascia and Costello, five other alleged gunmen captured in New York are in the county prison here.

SHORT $39,081 IN ACCOUNTS

Warrant Issued for Arrest of Missing Easton Bank Cashier.

EASTON, Penn., Oct. 19.—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of William P. Horn, Cashier of the First National Bank of this city, who is alleged to be short $39,081 in his accounts. He has not been seen here since last Tuesday.

It was said today the bank holds a surety company bond of $20,000 for Horn.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—60—The Northern Ohio Traction and Light Co. et al, plain., v. The State of Ohio on the Relation of H. C. Pontius, Prosecuting Attorney, &c.—Argument continued for defendant and concluded for the plaintiffs.

12—Cheney Bros. Co. et al, plain., v. The Commonwealth of Mass.

733—International Paper Co. v. The Commonwealth of Mass., and

734—The Locomobile Co. of America, plain., v. The Commonwealth of Mass.—Argued for the plaintiff and for the defendant.

Adjourned until Monday.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Criminal—10 A. M.

U S<P Kennedy.
Same<P Murphy.
Same<J Fewer.
Same<J Stetzer.

ADMIRALTY CALENDAR — For call today. Trials to commence Oct. 29, 1917.

DISTRICT COURT — Chatfield, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M. in Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Coast Transit Co< CNY.
Same<same.
Commercial Coal Co< same.
Tremley Trans Co< Gen McCallum.
Pearce<Cargo of Logwood.
In re Limitation of Pierpont.
Doty<Margaret M.
Bleakley<John D Dailey.
O'Dey<CNY.
Bouchard<Tijuca.
Lee<Str Dell.
Hundley<Warehouse Dock Co.
Moore<Hamburg-Am Line.
Talbot<SS Kathlamba.
Jordan Ship Co<Adriatic.
Wright & Cobb<CNY.
Paski & Co<SS Malesa.
Norton Crossing Co< Quevilla.
Wells, as receiver< Cricket.
Gardner-Lucas Co< Adda.
Starace<same.
Jones&Naudin<same.
Baer Marine Ins Co< same.
Peale, Peacock & Kerr <LIRR Co.
Standard Oil Co<Almorra.
Greenwood<A M Harris.
Greenwood, Jr<Greenwood Bros.
Same<Capt John Greenwood.
Penalillo<Dubreaux< Northaldn SS, Inc.
Dittmar<Williams.
Newtown Creek T Co <David P. Dearborn.
Habicht, Braun & Co <Adda.
G Lueders & Co<same.
Marine Ins Co<same.
London Assurance< same.
Providence-Washington<same.
St Paul F, Fire & M Ins Co<same.
Federal Insurance Co< same.
Harry Heide<same.
Whitten Co<same.
Jackson & Co<same.
Sea Insurance Co< same.
Pehlevan<Nat Steam Nav of Greece.
Zurich Gen Accident, &c<SS Memling.
Hubbell, Starr & Co< Segurance SS Corp, &c.
Felice Maroni<same.
De Villaclan<SS Virginia.
Dickson et al<Brisbane River, &c.
Jamison<Winchester.
Benham<Steamtug Same<A P Miehling.
Same<C Newell and J McMahon.
Same<Gus Hillis.

ADMIRALTY CALENDAR — For call today. Trials to commence Oct. 29, 1917.

DISTRICT COURT — Chatfield, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M. in Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mahoney.
Granger<SS Anglo-Saxon.
G Welton<SS Chepstow Castle, et al.
Hurley< Libbie.
Turquins< Tijuca.
Mulvaney et al<King Paint Mfg Co et al.
Huttula et al<SS Czar.
Grand Rapid< Vologda.
Mesick & Mesick< Noordam.
G M Morrell Co<same.
Testoff<Van Der Duyn.
Nordvick<Anglo-Mexican.
Standard Union M Ins Co<Pan Illos Izquierdo y Ca S en C.
Aetna Ins Co<same.
Commercial Union A Co<same.
Standard Marine Ins Co<same.
Sea Ins Co<same.
Standard Marine Ins Co<same.
Sea Ins Co<same, (2.)
Wright&Cobb<Steamtug Aurora.
Sandt<Fred W Thurlow.
Shewan<SS Seguranca.
Dailey's Towing Line <Frank A Baker.
Joao Dos Anjos<Venesia.
Dailey's Towing Line <E K Taylor.
M J Derby<S I R T.
Goodwin-Gallagher, &c<Commonwealth.
Greenwood<A M Harris.
Same<C Newell and J McMahon.
Same<Gus Hillis.

CALENDAR — For call today. Trials to commence Oct. 29, 1917.

DISTRICT COURT — Chatfield, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M. in Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Coast Transit Co< CNY.
Same<P Murphy.
Same<J Fewer.
Same<J Stetzer.

ADMIRALTY CALENDAR — For call today. Trials to commence Oct. 29, 1917.

DISTRICT COURT — Chatfield, J.—Court opens at 10. A. M. in Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Coast Transit Co< CNY.
Same<same.
Commercial Coal Co< same.
Tremley Trans Co< Gen McCallum.
Pearce<Cargo of Logwood.
In re Limitation of Pierpont.
Doty<Margaret M.
Bleakley<John D Dailey.
O'Dey<CNY.
Bouchard<Tijuca.
Lee<Str Dell.
Hundley<Warehouse Dock Co.
Moore<Hamburg-Am Line.
Talbot<SS Kathlamba.
Jordan Ship Co<Adriatic.
Wright & Cobb<CNY.
Paski & Co<SS Malesa.
Norton Crossing Co< Quevilla.
Wells, as receiver< Cricket.
Gardner-Lucas Co< Adda.
Starace<same.
Jones&Naudin<same.
Baer Marine Ins Co< same.
Peale, Peacock & Kerr <LIRR Co.
Standard Oil Co<Almorra.
Greenwood<A M Harris.
Greenwood, Jr<Greenwood Bros.
Same<Capt John Greenwood.
Penalillo<Dubreaux< Northaldn SS, Inc.
Dittmar<Williams.
Newtown Creek T Co <David P. Dearborn.
Habicht, Braun & Co <Adda.
G Lueders & Co<same.
Marine Ins Co<same.
London Assurance< same.
Providence-Washington<same.
St Paul F, Fire & M Ins Co<same.
Federal Insurance Co< same.
Harry Heide<same.
Whitten Co<same.
Jackson & Co<same.
Sea Insurance Co< same.
Pehlevan<Nat Steam Nav of Greece.
Zurich Gen Accident, &c<SS Memling.
Hubbell, Starr & Co< Segurance SS Corp, &c.
Felice Maroni<same.
De Villaclan<SS Virginia.
Dickson et al<Brisbane River, &c.
Jamison<Winchester.
Benham<Steamtug Same<A P Miehling.
Same<C Newell and J McMahon.
Same<Gus Hillis.
Same<same.
Granger<SS Anglo-Saxon.
G Welton<SS Chepstow Castle, et al.
Hurley< Libbie.
Turquins< Tijuca.
Mulvaney et al<King Paint Mfg Co et al.
Huttula et al<SS Czar.
Grand Rapid< Vologda.
Mesick & Mesick< Noordam.
G M Morrell Co<same.
Testoff<Van Der Duyn.
Nordvick<Anglo-Mexican.
Standard Union M Ins Co<Pan Illos Izquierdo y Ca S en C.
Aetna Ins Co<same.
Commercial Union A Co<same.
Standard Marine Ins Co<same.
Sea Ins Co<same.
Standard Marine Ins Co<same.
Sea Ins Co<same, (2.)
Wright&Cobb<Steamtug Aurora.
Sandt<Fred W Thurlow.
Shewan<SS Seguranca.
Dailey's Towing Line <Frank A Baker.
Joao Dos Anjos<Venesia.
Dailey's Towing Line <E K Taylor.
M J Derby<S I R T.
Goodwin-Gallagher, &c<Commonwealth.
Kennedy<John C Meyer.
W McAvoy<National.
T Tracy<Rudolph Bros.
E Schuyler et al< George Churchman.
Tietjan & Lang D D< Trifida.
Carroll Towing Line< Mary J.
Laurence Shirk<Atlanta.
John F Leach<North Shore Gravel Corp.
Reichert Towing Line <Jure Col.
McWilliams<Leonard J Busby.
Gokey<Schooner Margaret.
Commercial Coal Co< Canalboat J C Austin.
Stanwood Towing Co< John K Cowen.
Commercial Col Co< Randolph et al.
Degnon Cont Co< North Shore Gravel.
Ramberg Iron Wks< Maryanne.
C J Fuller<Capri.
H W Evans<same.
Jose Ledesma<American Line.
G Fliers, et al<Sttoebondo.
A O'Boyle<Habirshawe Elec Cable.

STATE.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

Amalgamated Illus. Inc., respt. v. Gaston, Williams & Wigmore, Inc., applt.—Order modified as stated in order and as so modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Guess, Jr., Cert, applt. v. U. S. Title Guaranty Co., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Alfred W. Church, respt., v. Commercial Trust Co., applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Valentine J. Spielmann, applt., v. The City of New York, respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to abide event, upon the authority of Williams v. City of N. Y., 214 N. Y., 259. (Scott, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Joseph Posgay, applt., v. Harry J. Loce, respt.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Paul M. Herzog, respt., v. Walter J. Salomon et al., applts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

James Longworth, as trustee, &c., applt., v. William Hughes, respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Benjamin L. Herman, applt. v. Walter S. Roberts, respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Smith, J., dissenting. Clarke, P. J., concurs in setting aside the verdict and dissents from dismissal of complaint on the dissenting opinion in Blyth v. Quimby, 148 App. Div. 871, and votes for a new trial.) Order filed.

Nathan Cohnman Co., respt., v. Compania Transatlantica, applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Metropolitan Flour Mill & Grain Company, respt., v. George F. Johnston et al., applts. —Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Same<Casualty Co. of America.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Max Hoffman, applt., v. H. S. Realty Co., respt.—Judgment reversed on the law and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, on the ground that a question of fact was presented both as to the negligence of the defendant and as to the contributory negligence of the plaintiff. Order filed.

Anselmo Belotti, respt., v. Andrew Bickhardt et al., as Exrs., &c., impleaded, &c., applts.—Judgment and order affirmed with costs, on the opinion of Mullan, J., at Special Term. (Smith, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Richard T. Wilson et al., respts., v. Bennett Goldberg, applt.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Edward W. Everett, respt., v. James A. Carey, applt.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Alden V. Meeks, applt., v. Henry Gravior, impld., &c., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Empire Trust Co., applt., v. The President and Directors of the Manhattan Co., respt.—Determination affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Moses Bros., applt., v. Royal Jewelry Manufacturing Co., respt. — Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Clarke, P. J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Max Yuditz, an infant, &c., respt., v. New York Railways Co., applt. Meyer Yuditz v. same.—Judgments and orders reversed and new trials ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, upon the ground that the verdict was against the weight of the evidence. Orders filed.

Annie Alkoff, respt., v. Annie Schacht, applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Giuseppi Lobosco, an infant, &c., applt., v. Jennie Gottlieb, respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellants to abide event, on the ground that there was some evidence to go to the jury upon the question of defendant's negligence and plaintiff's freedom from contributory negligence. (Clarke, P. J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Mary Barrett, respt., v. Third Avenue Railway Co., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Mathew Burke, respt., v. Paul Gross et al., applts.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulate to reduce verdict to the sum of $1,500, in which event the judgment as so reduced and the order appealed from are affirmed without costs. No opinion. (Clarke, P. J., and Scott, J., dissenting and voting for reversal.) Settle order on notice.

Bayard Products Co., applt., v. Paul Gross et al., respts.—Order reversed and motion granted upon plaintiff giving adequate security. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Anna K. Hatton, applt., v. Thoams M. Hatton, respt.—Order modified as stated in order and as so modified affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements to appellant. No opinion. Order filed.

Lincoln National Bank v. McClintic Marshall Co.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied. Order filed.

Greater New York Feather Co. v. Bessie Steinberg et al.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Harris Sternberg v. Samuel Floorsheimer, as President, &c.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Antonio Acione v. Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd.—Application granted. Order signed.

Lucian M. Zell v. G. A. Voeck, Inc.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Peter W. Building Co. v. Commonwealth Savings Bank. Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Albert J. Hirt v. Francis R. Maver et al.—Application granted. Order signed.

Samuel Auerbach v. Mayer Mahlner et al.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Lee & Annis v. Clifton Place Realty Co. et al.—Application granted. Order signed.

Annie Fagan v. Arthur J. Warrin.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Oliver S. Dykeman v. Ernest Fahnestock, as admr., &c.—Application granted. Order signed.

M. S. Brown Printing and Bonding Co. v. Bench & Bar Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Joseph Shames v. William M. Barrett as President, &c.—Application granted. Order signed.

Samuel S. Watson v. Jacob B. Ross.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Re of Charles A. Smythwick, an attorney. Reference ordered to Hon. Henry A. Gildersleeve, official referee. Settle order on notice.

Re Thomas J. O'Neill, an attorney.—Motion to appoint new referee denied. Settle order on notice.

Samuel C. Dalrymple v. Moses Schwartz.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, without costs. Order filed.

Bessie Cawley v. Valley Stream House & Home Co.—Motions denied, with $10 costs. Orders filed.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part II.—Whitaker, J. Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part II.—O'Dwyer, C. J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Quinlan< Levere—James M. Vincent. N. Y. Trust Co.—Kahn—Ward D. Williams.

SUPREME COURT—Donnalley, J.—Matter of Reilly (McArdle)—Geoffrey Konta.

SUPREME COURT—Delehanty, J.—Schmitt< Lowe—John J. O'Connell.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Leon Tuchmann<Aron Kramer—Alexander Richard. Henry D. Faber<Samuel Weinberg—Marcel Levy.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SPECIAL TERM — Mullan, J.—Harlem Savings Bank<Busse and another—Robert Lee Morrell. Sands<Bodine — Felix Muldoon. City Real Estate Co. <Mahoney et al.—Eugene L. Brisach. Helffenstein<Goetzel—Herman Hoffman. White Co. < White—William Weiss.

Receiver Appointed.

SPECIAL TERM—Mullan, J.—New York Investors Corp.<Wm. R. Hausstein et al.—Henry D. Patton.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department. DECISIONS.

M. B. Brokaw, respt., v. W. G. Brokaw, applt.—Motion denied.

R. J. Childs et al., applts., v. D. D. Tompkins et al., respts.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

O. H. Cutler, respt., v. M. R Winberry et al., applts.—Motion denied.

J. D. Dunlop, respt., v. W Sievers applt.—Motion granted.

Jacob and I. Henrici, applts., v. W. Heesler, individ. and as exec., &c., of W. Heesler, decd., respt.—Motion for a reargument denied and motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied.

In re application of J. M. Brown to lay out a highway in the town of Brookhaven and the assessment of damages therefor.—Motion will stand over until Nov. 5 so as to enable Town Superintendent to complete motion papers.

In re Charles P. Cossum, an attorney.—Motion granted and respondent's name stricken from the role of attorneys.

In re judicial settlement of the account of P. D. Elliott and others as testamentary trustees, &c., of J. G. Elliott, decd.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied.

In re R. L. Perry.—Compensation of referee fixed and order signed.

W. P. Marks et al., applts., v. James Bennett, individ., &c., et al., respts.—Motion denied.

G. H. Peck, respt., v. Haverstraw Water Supply Co., applt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted by default.

The People, &c., respts., v. A. Richardson, applt.—Motion granted as to the decision of May 4. Otherwise denied.

The People, &c., ex rel. M. P. Gleason, respt., v. Lawson Purdy et al., as Com., &c., applt.—Motion denied.

B. G. Shiverick, applt., v. S. F. Bonsall, deft.; Precious Woods Handling Co., respts.—Motion denied.

A. Abel, respt., v. City of New Rochelle, applt.—Judgment of the City Court of New Rochelle affirmed, with costs.

T. Augustine, respt., v. H. Flinn et al., applts., and E. C. Kendred et al., defts.—Order modified and as so modified affirmed.

R. P. Rabeuf, respt., v. Eagle Savings and Loan Co., applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

H. G. Fox, applt., v. Eagle Savings and Loan Co., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Jos. Hedges, respt., v. Pioneer Iron Works, applt.—Order and interlocutory judgment affirmed, with costs to abide the event.

In re application of Bronx Park Commission, respt., to acquire title to lands of the Garth estates, applt., and others, defts.—The appeal of the Garth estates is dismissed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

In re estate of Jas. Fox, decd.—Decree of Surrogate's Court of Putnam County reversed and new trial ordered. Costs to abide the final award of courts.

Jos. E. Miller, respts., v. Eagle Savings and Loan Co., applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

E. D. and H. Payne, respts., v. Eagle Savings and Loan Co., applts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

JACKSON HEIGHTS GARDEN APARTMENTS

THE MAXIMUM OF SUNLIGHT AND AIR AND A BEAUTIFUL OUTLOOK FROM EVERY WINDOW.

3 & 4 LARGE ROOMS & BATH, $30 to $50

6 & 7 LARGE ROOMS & 2 BATHS, $61 to $88

TAKE THE SUBWAY and transfer at Grand Central Subway Station to Queensboro Subway, direct to 25th St. Station (Free Transfers). Time, 20 Minutes.

Illustrated Descriptive Booklet, with Floor Plans, &c., upon request.

THE **QUEENSBORO CORPORATION**

Renting Office at Jackson Heights—Opposite 25th St. Subway Station.

Telephone Newtown 703.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

318 WEST 76TH STREET

Remodeled Private Residence.

Large rooms, four baths; hardwood floors; electric light; newly decorated.

BEST ARRANGED HOUSE IN BEST PRIVATE BLOCK ON WEST SIDE.

Inquire on premises. Not for rent.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SACRIFICE! MUST SELL.

Riverdale; about 2 acres; 12-room house, 3 baths; garage; beautiful trees, shrubbery, lawn. Sidewalks, sewers, electric light; on main thoroughfare. Unusual combination of country home and city conveniences. Near Broadway Subway and N. Y. Central. Further particulars from Herman & Ernst, Attorneys, 170 Broadway.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Mapleton Park

Brooklyn's New Home Centre

Sea Beach Subway

SEND FOR PHOTO OF

PRETTY BRICK HOUSE

READY TO OCCUPY.

Alco Building Company

217 Broadway Barclay 4585

Property Office, 22d Avenue Station of the Sea Beach Subway.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN

WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES.

INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave.

HE LEFT HIS WIFE

here to sell the house while he goes into business out West. She should be able to join him soon, for this is an attractive, modern stucco house, 8 rooms, large plot with trees, in a beautiful section of Mount Vernon.

Anderson Realty Co. Near New Haven Sta., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

$15,000

A TREMENDOUS BARGAIN at Southfield Point. English stucco house of 12 rooms and 3 baths, overlooking the Sound. Garage for 2 cars and chauffeur's quarters; 5 minutes to Stamford Station. Might rent.

F. L. FIELD, 18 EAST 41ST ST.

FARM BARGAIN

Within commuting distance, on Harlem Railroad, 200 acres, fine soil, ten-room house with fireplaces; dairy barn; outbuildings; with lake. $75 per acre. No exchange.

Phone 1516.

Clark, Lee, Tibbits Co., Inc. White Plains, N. Y.

"TOP OF THE WORLD."

120 acres, 38 miles from Grand Central, $12,500. Great bargain. Other lands nearby at three times the price.

EDWARD M. WEST, Inc.,

Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y. Phone 413.

$40 A MONTH

If taken Nov. 1st, attractive dwelling; real country location, yet all improvements and convenient to station. Don't delay.

EDWARD M. WEST, INC.,

Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y. Phone 413.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A GARDEN FARM in New York City.

Price $4,200; beautiful "garden farm" at Laurelton; house just completed; 5 rooms and bath; fruit trees, vegetable garden; thirty minutes from Manhattan or Brooklyn; electric trains—plenty of them; close to station, churches, schools, flat, and stores; environment for children unexcelled.

Exceptional opportunity to purchase this "garden farm" on easy terms. If interested, inquire or call, LAURELTON DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, Suite 509, 1 West 34th St., New York City (Phone Greeley 2741), or on the property (Phone Springfield 1984-R).

North Shore, L. I.

Owner offers his artistic 11 room, 3 bath English house, 1 acre beautiful laid-out grounds, at less than cost price; 1 minute from station; 30 minutes from N. Y.; electrical express service. Terms arranged. H. K., 78 Times.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forced Out By the Trust.

The owner of this charming home has been ordered West by his employers, one of the largest trusts. The house has 8 large rooms and bath, exterior finish stucco, brown trim. Every modern convenience. Near schools, churches and stores. Best street in town. Plot 50x100, with garage.

$6,500—for Immediate Sale

On your own terms. Act immediately. Geo. B. Hitchcock, Inc. Bogota, N. J.

Colonial Residence For Sale or Rent

Located at "Beautiful Montclair," in choice neighborhood, near high school. Residence contains 10 rooms and 4 baths, living room with fireplace, music room, sun porch, sleeping porch; lot 200 feet deep; garage. Price $22,000. Rental $1,500 per annum.

Frank Hughes-Taylor Company

33 Lackawanna Ter. Montclair, N. J.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NORMAN SACHS and ANNA C. DONEGAN, individually and as copartners, trading as SACHS & DONEGAN, bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Oct. 25, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 136 West 17th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of dresses, piece goods, trimmings, linings, machinery, power table, safe, fixtures, etc.

MAX E. SANDERS, Assignee.

MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Assignee, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ROTHENBERG BROS., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, Oct. 26, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 9 West 115th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries, canned goods, bottled goods, scales, counters, fixtures, etc.

WILLIAM SOLOMON, Receiver.

BERNARD BERNBAUM, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Adv.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GRANTWOOD.

Owner will sacrifice new brick and shingle, 8 rooms, bath, and sleeping porch, hardwood trim, parquet floors, steam heat, wide veranda; large plot; beautifully decorated.

BEIRNE & BOHM,

Lawton Avenue,

Grantwood.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

CROTON-ON-HUDSON For Rent, Furnished.

Very attractive dwelling. Parlor, dining room, sitting room, 7 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, butler's pantry, kitchen, laundry, &c. Adequate hot water heating, electric light, city water. Garage. Fine lawn, beautiful trees. Extensive view.

GEO. R. READ & CO.

30 Nassau Street.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

BUILDING TO LEASE,

630-632 HUDSON STREET,

between Jane and Horatio Sts., near Gansevoort Market; four-story-and-basement building, 88x45; suitable for wholesale grocery or liquor business.

Apply HUGH KING, 15 William St.

SKYLIGHT STUDIO, $35.00.

36 East 23d St.

Elevators. Steam Heat. Janitor.

GOODALE, PERRY & DWIGHT,

Gramercy 4410. 5 East 23d Street.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

NEARING COMPLETION

370 Central Park West

The Apartment House Unique.

S. W. Corner of 97th Street.

An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness.

Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.

Suites of 2 to 7 Rooms,

Rentals $700 to $1,800.

Special 3 room suites.

Several charming suites with huge Studio Room, high studded ceiling, open fireplace.

For booklet, floor plan, etc.

See Renting Agent on premises, or

FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORP.

299 Madison Ave., corner 41st St.

Phone Vanderbilt 3237.

30 W. 54th St.

(Restricted Street)

TO LEASE—2 and 3 rooms and bath apartments; new, modern in every detail; hotel service. Apply on premises, or Room 627, 30 East 42d. Phone Murray Hill 6438.

7 WEST 24TH ST. Two rooms and bath, all improvements second floor front, $50 month. One at $40 month. Call and see. Ring Enright bell.

Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Inc., Agents.

Gramercy 4410. 5 East 23rd St.

340 WEST 86TH ST.

7 ROOMS, 3 BATHS, $2,000.

M. H. Gaillard & Co.

2299 Broadway. 'Phone Schuyler 3979.

340 WEST 86th ST.

2 Rooms & Kitchenette

$900 TO $1,000.

M. H. GAILLARD & CO.,

2299 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 3979.

65 Central Park West.

A very desirable eight-room Apartment; large, light, airy rooms; overlooking park; high-class elevator house; rent $1,800. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

83D ST., 26 WEST ADJACENT TO CENTRAL PARK

16 Exceptionally well arranged rooms, baths, suitable furnished rooms, $2,000

Apply Caretaker on Premises, or

JOSEPH P. DAY 1133 EIGHTH AVE.

TEL. CIRCLE 10.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

THE WOOLSEY

141 East 44th Street

East of Lexington Avenue

2 Rooms, Bath Kitchenette

Unfurnished, $60.00 to $75.00

Furnished, $70.00 to $85.00

Satisfactory Reference Indispensable.

Apply to Superintendent on premises, or

BING & BING

119 West 40th St. Phone 6410 Bryant

BROOKLYN.

APARTMENTS

FLATBUSH SECTION

1775 to 1795 Bedford Ave.

All Modern Improvements

Electric Light, Hardwood Floors

5 and 6 Rooms

Rent $32 to $37.50

Cor. Apts. All Light Rooms

Open to Inspection at All Times

REALTY ASSOCIATES

162 Remsen St., or on Premises

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

SUBLET FURNISHED

10th floor, 8 rooms, 3 exposures.

THE OSBORNE

205 WEST 57TH.

Telephone or call.

Gainsborough Studios

222 West 59th Street

Lady will sublet Furnished Studio facing Central Park, North light, $2,500 per year.

James E. Ball, Mgr.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

UNIQUE STUDIO HOUSE.

Eight rooms, two baths; modern improvements; 40 feet from street; Irving Place neighborhood. Information Dr. Rounds, 40 West 72d St. Columbus 1242.

Furnished Houses Wanted.

WANTED—A HOUSE ON LONG ISLAND. Eight rooms, furnished or unfurnished, near school and station, from November to April. Address Mrs. Urquhart, Lawrence, L. I.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

Manhattan.

14th, 322 West.—A rare opportunity; furnished room house; now decorating; steam heated; containing 22 rooms; will be finished to suit tenant; can be seen any time.

For Rent.—A private dwelling, 106 West 97th St.; 10 rooms and bath; a bargain. Key at 164.

Brooklyn.

159 Pulaski St., 13 rooms, brown stone, all improvements, open plumbing, will decorate to suit. Rent $55. Owner, phone 138W Williamsburg.

Long Island.

Forest Hills Gardens, fifteen minutes Pennsylvania Station, new Colonial brick house, nine rooms, four baths. 152 Slocum Crescent.

Unfurnished Houses Wanted.

Newark business man wants small, high-class, unfurnished house; yearly lease; between Asbury Park and Long Branch or vicinity; full particulars by letter only. "Remitrom," Room 508 Ordway Bldg., Newark.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.—No. 580 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, a 2-story and attic brick and panel frame building; slate gable roof; 10 rooms and attic, 2 baths, laundry, sun parlor, and glass porch in rear; hot water heat; hardwood floors, oak panel trim. J. E. DUSSELDORF, M. D.

Queens.

Modern detached six and seven-room cottages; driveway; good neighborhood; one block south of Boyd Av. station, Fulton St. elevated. Seely, 4068 Dalrymple Av., Woodhaven, L. I.

Long Island.

Will sacrifice beautiful home; $500 down and $130 per month buys new hollow tile, stuccoed, tile roof house, with garage for two cars; plot 140x100 ft.; the house contains on the ground floor a porch 28x12 ft., with tiled floor, vestibule, and large hall through the house, opening on a pergola, 30x13 ft.; living room 27.4x14.3 ft., with hy-tex brick fireplace; dining room 19.11x14.3 ft., with Colonial fireplace; large butler's pantry, kitchen with combination coal and gas range; tin closets and vestibule for refrigerator on rear porch; in cellar steam heater and toilet; on second floor, four bedrooms, two tiled bathrooms with a shower over each tub and ample clothes closets; on the third floor, two maids' rooms, tiled bathroom, and storeroom; hardwood parquet floors, side and base lights throughout; city water, gas, and electricity are installed; purchaser may select paper and electric fixtures; water privileges for bathing and yachting included; churches, excellent schools, three yacht clubs, two golf courses, and tennis courts adjacent; 32 minutes from Pennsylvania Station. Telephone, call, or write immediately. C. E. Tuxill, 47 West 34th St., New York City. Tel. Greeley 563.

Handsome five-room bungalow, block from private bathing beach and harbor; great fishing and boating, club, &c.; large, airy rooms, modern improvements; open fireplace, bath, with bedrooms; will decorate to suit owner's taste; large plot; lawn, shrubs, hedge, &c.; makes dandy year-round home; near trolley, easy commute to New York; will sell reasonable on easy terms to quick, interested party. Bungalow Owner, Box 280 Times Downtown.

HANDSOME 7-ROOM HOME.

Large, airy rooms; heat, gas, electricity; modern kitchen and bath; porch; beautiful plot, all planted with variety of vegetables and flowers; near trolley, school, stores, and station; owner will sell reasonable to interested party for $200 cash and balance monthly. Park, 360 Times Downtown.

At Rockville Centre.—Beautiful country residence, 6u plot 150 by 175 ft.; 12 rooms, 2 baths, all modern conveniences; garage, chicken houses, garden, fruit trees; six minutes' walk from station; five miles from Long Beach; bargain; terms to suit. J. J. Burgess, 72 Lenox Road, Rockville Centre, L. I.

House, needing some small repairs, large plot for cultivation and poultry raising, in large town, near station and bay, $1,425; small amount down and $10 monthly. Call or write B. Welch, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Westchester.

For Sale, Mount Vernon, N. Y.—Centrally located on Chester Hill; plot 150x125; fine old trees; good, old-style house worth remodeling; stable and garden; price $22,000. Anderson Realty Company, Tel. 585.

BARGAIN.—New Colonial house, Clifford Av., Pelhamwood, Pelham; open for inspection. F. L. EGGER, Owner, Tel. Murray Hill 2326.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York. 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.

Greatest Opportunity Ever Offered.

Client unable to carry out his contract will sacrifice his interest in a beautiful residence in the very garden spot of Montclair; 10 rooms, 3 tiled baths, sunporch, sleeping porch, beautiful grounds. Murdoch, op. Lackawanna. (Phone 675 Montclair.)

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

New house, 8 rooms, 2 baths; large lot; Plainfield, H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York City.

REAL ESTATE.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

$59 buys a lot at "The Plaza." Other lots, $69 to $129; no higher prices, except corners; $5 cash, balance 50c per week. The property is high and beautiful; title guaranteed; you can build on the lots after making the first payment. How to go: In Jamaica, at Fulton and Washington Sts., take Far Rockaway trolley to corner of New York Av. and Rockaway Turnpike, walk west to the property. Mr. Wm. Walsh, Phone 1919 Springfield, Resident Agent. E. E. Meacham & Son, 13 Park Row, New York.

For Sale.—A picnic park; also suitable for a factory site; large, roomy building; must be sold on account of drafting; 75 ft. front, 200 ft. deep; Long Island City. Apply Frank Holub, 23 Steinway Av., Long Island City.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

PLAN HOME FOR NEXT MAY.

Restricted lots, Van Cortlandt Park and Jerome Av. (subway adjacent.); owner will build homes for approved parties on easy terms. Owner, 185 Lee Av., Yonkers.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Cozy small home, with 2 full acres of fine cultivating farm land, fruit and shade trees; makes an ideal home for small family wanting a place to raise vegetables, fruit, poultry, &c.; good locality; stores, schools, &c.; price, $1,350, on easy terms to right party. For details to visit write to Cozy Home, 277 Times Downtown.

Real Estate Wanted.

Prominent manufacturer will rent or buy large modern factory near New York; preferably with 20-ton crane; letter only. "Factrom," 508 Ordway Bldg., Newark, N. J.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Little farm and house, with large plot of ground, suitable for chickens and vegetable raising; ready market right in town to sell products; hour out; near trolley, boating, bathing and fishing, schools, stores, churches; will take $100 down, balance small monthly payments, from quick, interested buyer. Call or write E. Bryan, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$25 cash and $5 monthly will buy dandy 2-acre farm; fine fruit and shade trees; best soil; near lake. Farm, 233 Times Downtown.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Farm for sale in Ulster County, N. Y., near Ashokan reservoir; 85 acre farm, private lake and brook, 9-room homestead, and other buildings; all painted; excellent proposition for duck farm or country home; real bargain for party paying $2,000 cash. X 328 Times Annex.

Eighteen splendid productive acres, Niagara County; fairly good buildings; will pay for itself in couple years; price, $2,200 for quick sale. W. Mullett, Lockport, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

A little farm on hilltop; great view; commuting zone; 2 acres; 7 rooms; bath, steam; barn, chicken house, fruit, garden; clean-cut; attractive; $5,500; opportunity. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, 120 Broadway, New York, and Ridgewood, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Offices.—Will lease space and sell cheap for cash equipment moderate suite offices, three private and one general office, 1 storeroom; mahogany partitions and furniture, three office desks and five stenographer desks, five typewriters, tables, filing system, rugs, &c. Inquire on premises, Room 610, 220 5th Av., N. Y. C.

Very desirable light first loft to rent at 47 Warren St., size 25x60. Geo. W. Nichols & Co.

Use of roll-top desk, $5.50 monthly; mailing privileges, $3.00 monthly; includes telephone and towel service; no lease required. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Front and rear parlors, large, light, steam heated, electric light; excellent location. Apply Engraver, 81 West 50th St.

Space in beautiful showroom, 34th and Broadway, shirtwaists, skirts, &c. J 48 Times.

At 404 4th Av., (9th floor,) corner 28th St., private office, desk room, or mail privileges; excellent service.

Doctor's office for rent; completely furnished. Apply at 462 East 142d St., Bronx.

Private office, deskroom, service; newly furnished. Room 308, 51 East 42d.

46TH ST., 53 WEST.—Entire floor; very light loft; reasonable rent.

Loft, 75x96, light on four sides. 401-405 East 91st. Inquire on premises.

Brooklyn.

To Let or Lease.—Three floors, 40x80, Kent Av. and Rodney St., Brooklyn. Inquire G. F. Simpson, Flatiron Building, or engineer on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

22D, 39 EAST.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath; piano; off 5th Av.; conveniences.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $10 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

57TH, 18 EAST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette; Victrola, library; see, appreciate; piano for sale; splendid condition. Jackson

57TH, 24 EAST.—Apartments suitable for one or two gentlemen; well-furnished large rooms and bath.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished, two rooms and bath, full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Benton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 24 East 31st St.

EXCEPTIONAL apartment for bachelor in private house; two rooms and bath. Telephone Plaza 2200.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APTS., 6 to 12 rooms, Park Av. and vicinity, $300 to $1,000 month.

CLARK REALTY COMPANY,

30 East 42d. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

MADISON AV., 1,427.—Large front room and kitchen, telephone and elevator; $10.

PARK AV. SECTION. — Seven rooms, three baths; exquisitely furnished. Details, Columbus 3974.

SMARTLY FURNISHED APARTMENTS IN ALL MOST DESIRABLE LOCALITIES. HERBERT GLUCK CO., INC., AGENTS, 402 MADISON AV. AT 47TH ST.

Furnished—West Side.

26 WEST 27TH ST.

Two rooms and bath, with maid service.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths, single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

45TH, 341, (just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

50TH, 4 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished 3-room apartment; all conveniences. Foyer.

55TH ST., (1,730 Broadway.)—Big, sunny, attractive two rooms, bath; elevators, hall service. Hart.

56TH, 40 WEST.—Bachelor apartment, two rooms and bath, beautifully furnished, to lease.

56TH, 34 WEST.—Bachelor suite, two rooms and bath, 17 by 20 and 18 by 20.

57TH, 260 WEST.—NEWLY FURNISHED; BEDROOM AND KITCHENETTE; ELEVATOR; ELECTRIC LIGHT; 5TH FLOOR.

57TH, 106 WEST.—5 newly furnished rooms, bath; non-elevator; 2d floor. Afternoons.

58TH, 7TH AV., ALWYN COURT.

Magnificent, spacious, 12 rooms, 5 baths; corner, overlooking Park; artistically and luxuriously furnished; homelike. Railing, 4253 Columbus.

58TH.—6 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished. For details telephone Columbus 3974.

67TH, 1 WEST (Duplex apartment 315)—Three rooms, kitchenette; supt. owner, Johnston-Wood, Hector, N. Y.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $17 to $30 monthly; completely furnished; satisfactory references absolutely necessary; open evenings.

70TH STREET—2,030 BROADWAY.

Attractively furnished ten rooms; three baths; Ormonde Apartments. Johnson, Telephone 6314 Columbus.

72D ST., NEW BUILDING.

Best location in city, beautifully furnished, one, two rooms, bath, maid service, restaurant, $30-$100. For particulars inquire Mrs. Deane, 118 West 72d.

72D SUBWAY.—3 charmingly furnished rooms, 2 bedrooms, new building. Columbus 3974.

74TH ST. AND WEST END AV.

3 rooms, housekeeping, 12th floor; large, outside, sunny, elegantly furnished; restaurant, maid, valet service; $175. Phone John 392.

74TH, 134 WEST.—Attractively furnished two-room suite; all improvements; maid service; references.

84TH, 255 WEST, (Alameda.)—Apartment to rent, 10th floor, 5 rooms, 3 baths, 2 master bedrooms. Apply Superintendent.

85TH, 649 WEST.—Charmingly furnished 8 rooms; $225 apartment for $175. Supt.

86TH, 302 WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 4 rooms, bath; baby grand piano, &c.; special price yearly lease. Minford.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Unusually attractively furnished, high-class, 5-room front apartment. Fanning.

91ST, 53 WEST.—Newly furnished, two large rooms, parlor floor; bath, electricity; $90.

92D, 76 WEST.—Two to seven newly decorated, well furnished rooms; kitchen if desired; subway, "L." Davenport, Riverside 4477.

92D, 214 WEST.—Sunny apartment; 6 large rooms, facing Broadway; comfortably furnished.

94TH, (Near Riverside Drive.)—5 rooms and bath; can be seen by appointment. Phone M. H. 9379.

98TH, 202 WEST.—3-room apartment; high class; southern and northern exposure; very desirable. Apt. 1B.

101ST, 205 WEST.—THE JOSEPH HOTEL, 3 doors from B'way. Phone 9875 River.

High-class, nicely, completely furnished 6, 7 large, sunny rooms and bath; $125 and $150; electricity and maid service included. All-night telephone, elevator.

101ST, (near West End.)—Luxuriously furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths. Vanderbilt 1450.

107TH, 18 WEST.—Handsomely furnished elevator apartment, five rooms; linen, silver.

118TH, 535 WEST, (Broadway.)—4 clean, sunny rooms, elevator; view; private; year reduction.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Nicely furnished apartment, 3 rooms. Apt. 21. Morningside 2896.

116TH, Riverside.—5 rooms, new building, handsomely furnished. Particulars from Columbus 3974.

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Elevator, outside apartment; southern exposure; six rooms, bath, $65.

127TH, 601 WEST.—8 rooms and kitchenette, elegantly furnished. Apt. 52.

ALL APARTMENTS PERSONALLY INSPECTED. Town-Country Renting Agency, 200 West 72d. Col. 3085.

APARTMENTS PERSONALLY INSPECTED. Exclusive Renting. 176 West 72d. Col. 848.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.

E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1077.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.

Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates $80 monthly and up; weekly rates; breakfast and dinner, $3 weekly, (optional.)

HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST. One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus line. C. M. Bellak, Pres.

APARTMENTS BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED.

2 TO 5 ROOMS AND BATH.

Attractive restaurant, table d'hote and a la carte; best food, reasonable prices; complete hotel service; $60 monthly up; near Riverside Drive and Park; 2 blocks from 96th subway express station.

HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS,

305 West 98th St. Near Broadway.

APARTMENT, 11 ROOMS, 4 BATHS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, IN "THE BELNORD," 86TH ST. AND BROADWAY. APPLY RENTING AGENT, ON PREMISES.

BROADWAY, (91st.)—Perfectly appointed four-room home; elevator apartment; Orientale, Victrola, new, $200; handsome period furniture. Riverside 11.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS.

Choice localities; long, short leases.

Clark Realty, 30 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENT to sublet, season or longer. Call for list. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448, (116th.)—Handsomely furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths; superb view; piano, Victrola, linen, silver; immediate possession; sublet. Phone 6570 Morningside, Apartment 102.

RIVERSIDE, (341 West 77th St.)—Rooms and bath, furnished and unfurnished; highest type; $60 to $250 month; also room for studio or doctor.

SIX ROOMS, two baths, ninth floor; all outside windows, Astor Court; furnished apartment for rent, one year or six months, $400. Phone 3775 Riverside.

THORNDYKE APT. HOTEL, 208 West 56th. —Attractive suite, two rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

TO RENT, six rooms, beautifully furnished, grand piano; reasonable. Phone Morningside 8704.

TO careful tenant, four rooms, well furnished, $120 per month. F 250 Times.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES. — Furnished sublet apartments; long, short leases. WICKLIFFE GREY, Furnished Apartment Specialist, 260 West 72d St. Columbus 3974.

WEST END AV., 862, (103d.)—Two handsomely furnished rooms and bath, floor through; four rooms, bath; private home.

WEST END, 90's.—Exquisitely furnished 6 rooms, 2 baths, new building. Telephone Columbus 3974.

3-4 LARGE, light rooms; clean, quiet private house, to adults; electricity, gas, showers; convenient transportation; references; $36-$50. Call Audubon 3358.

Unfurnished—East Side.

107TH ST., 15 EAST, (The Mayfield.)—Desirable apartment to sublet, 8 rooms and bath, $1,500. Goodale, Perry & Dwight, 5 East 23d. (Gramercy 4410.)

28TH ST., 28 EAST.

Two rooms and bath, with maid service.

31ST ST., 136 EAST.—Apartment to let; seven rooms and bath.

130 EAST 31ST ST.

Corner, six rooms and bath; all outside.

48TH, 19 EAST.—To sublet, two rooms, suitable for office or apartment.

57TH, 18 EAST.—Large studio room; two bedrooms, bath, kitchen; $1,200. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St.

FINE apartment, four rooms, bath, fronting Washington Square; exceptional opportunity prompt action; $200. Telephone Mr. Dick, John 647.

Unfurnished—West Side.

56TH, 59 WEST.—Apartment of four rooms, bath, and kitchenette in private house; rent, $70.

72D, 121 WEST.—Parlor floor, exceptionally large rooms; private baths.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive 2-room suite, all improvements; maid service; owner's supervision.

84TH, 17 WEST.—7 large, light rooms, bath; one flight up; with electric light, $65.

159TH, 465 WEST.—High-class apartments, 7 rooms, $55; subway, "L."

CORNER APARTMENT. SOUTHERN EXPOSURE.

7 Rooms and Foyer—All Floors Parquet. Very Attractive, Large Rooms.

THE WESTMINSTER.

355 West 145th St., Corner St. Nicholas Av.

CORNER APARTMENT.

8 Rooms; Every One Outside. Very Attractive. HARTLEY HALL.

485 Central Park West, Corner 109th St.

MODERN 2-ROOM-&-BATH APARTMENTS, 50th St., 48 West.—New, modern, very light; tiled baths; electric lights free; gas logs, telephones, kitchenettes; service if desired; $60 to $75.

NEAR Washington Square.—Unfurnished 3-room apartments; Call Saturday or Sunday. Phone Stuyvesant 1237.

WADSWORTH AV., 86-88, Corner 177th St.—6 rooms, all conveniences, $29 to $40; Broadway subway, 181st St.; lowest rent Washington Heights.

WEST END AV., 949, Near 106th St.—San Domingo; very desirable apartment, 6 rooms, 3 baths; $1,600 per annum. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

WEST END AV., 708.—Single apartment; 8 large rooms, bath; improvements. Janitor.

8 Rooms and 2 Baths

THE ROSARIO, 41 W. 99TH ST.

$1400 and $1500.

M. H. GAILLARD & CO.,

2299 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 3979.

$45.—George Court; five-room apartment; worth $65; splendidly decorated; electric domes; phone in apartment; elevator service day and night; one block to subway, elevated, cars, and bus pass the door. 315 West 113th St. Superintendent.

Brooklyn.

187 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.

1, 2 rooms, bath, steam heat, light; new subway; 3 min. Wall St.; $16, $25, $33 monthly.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

EAST SIDE, for three or four months, wanted first-class apartment, completely furnished, linen and silver included, by elderly couple here from Paris; principals only. R 56 Times.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER desire housekeeping apartment, 2 or 3 rooms and kitchenette; west side; lease for 6 months, not exceeding $75 monthly. V 110 Times.

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT, completely furnished, wanted, having 3 or 4 bedrooms; own silver and linen, about or $100 monthly; from Nov. 1. V 105 Times.

RESPONSIBLE clients wanting high-class furnished apartments; immediate and future rentals. Clark Realty, 30 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

6 or 7 room apartment, comfortably furnished for west side, till May 1; small family. J 35 Times.

I can rent your apartment furnished. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Handsome rooms, all improvements; gentlemen; private residence; Washington Square.

22D, 41 EAST.—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished; all conveniences. Gramercy 1138.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $8 weekly up; including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

34TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room, electricity, bath, $6. Ansher, 25.

43D, 16 EAST.—All comforts, refined home, completely furnished, cheerful room; bath; references.

61ST, 27 EAST.—Two light rooms, bath; newly decorated; electricity; furnished; suitable for one, two gentlemen; reference. Plaza 2328.

68TH, 46 EAST.—Nicely furnished apartment and rooms; hot water and telephone.

76TH, 37 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room, with, without kitchenette; every convenience.

80TH, 158 EAST.—Small, clean, sunny room; bath; electric light; telephone; references.

86TH, 131 EAST, (Lexington.)—Outside room; all conveniences; telephone; private family. Ressler.

93D, 31 EAST.—Desirable room in private house in select neighborhood; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 220 (36th).—Musical studios; suitable for teaching; rented by the day or hour.

MADISON AV., 1,429.—Well furnished, elevator and telephone; only $3 and $4.

MADISON AV., 220.—Attractive room and bath; can be used for music studio.

PARK AV., 70, (38th St.)—Single room for gentleman; elevator; $3.

West Side.

23D ST., 369 WEST.—Exceptionally nice, sunny room for one or two people. Mrs. H. Bater.

24D, 258, WEST.—Large room, private bath, $7; single, $3.50; steam heat; gentlemen.

36TH ST., 72 WEST, Keen's Chop House. Single rooms, $1; bath and shower adjoining; special rates by the week. TELEPHONE IN EVERY ROOM. GENTLEMEN ONLY.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large, small rooms, overlooking Park; bachelors, references, high-class house.

44TH, 234 WEST.—Attractive medium room, running water, $4. 7th floor east.

51ST, 318 WEST.—Room in exclusive studio apartment, with full drawing room and kitchenette privileges, $8.25 a week; gentleman preferred. Col. 3817, Apartment 6A.

51ST, 215 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Three rooms, suitable for two or three business men; separate entrance; references. Apt. 9.

53D, 62 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room, also skylight room; all conveniences; reference.

57TH, 322 WEST.—Single, double rooms; electricity; lavatories; business couple; gentlemen; references. Thompson.

58TH, 124 WEST.—Large front room for one or two men; running water; bathroom adjoining; breakfast; telephone.

40 WEST 58TH ST.

Rooms and suites, attractively furnished.

69TH, 145 WEST. — Doctor's unfurnished suite; also other attractively furnished rooms; telephone. Buckley.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Large rear parlor, private bath, kitchenette; smaller room; maid service.

70TH, 219 WEST.—Excellent rooms, private bath; telephone; park studio room to rent, moderate; convenient to bus, cars, subway. Phone Columbus 2721.

70TH, 253 WEST.—Well-furnished room; running water; private house; references required.

Furnished Rooms

30 cents per agate line

West Side.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting; $6-$7; gentlemen, business couple, telephone; reference.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms for gentlemen; must be seen to appreciate.

71ST, 45 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; phone, electricity, and running water; desirable location.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Attractive rooms in exclusive house, for gentlemen; electricity; breakfast; references.

71ST ST., 271 WEST.—

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A COMPLETE LINE OF CARS.

CLOSED CARS, TOURINGS, ROADSTERS, Overlands, Willys-Knights and other makes. At prices that will tempt you.

CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway at 50th St. Open Evenings.
WRITE FOR USED CAR BULLETIN.

AN UNUSUAL USED CAR LIST.
1917 MERCER, SPORTING "4."
1917 STUTZ BULLDOG SPECIAL.
1917 STUTZ, 16 VALVE SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ H. C. S., BABY SPEEDSTER.
1917 HUDSON 4-PASSENGER SPEEDSTER.
1917 CADILLAC LANDAULET,
1917 CADILLAC VICTORIA,
1917 CADILLAC ROADSTER,
1916 CADILLAC LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING,
1917 LIBERTY TOURING,
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH; NEVER RUN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 OLDSMOBILE COUPE.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.
OPEN EVENINGS.

LIBERTY BONDS ACCEPTED AT 102.

AN OLDSMOBILE LIMOUSINE.
Beautiful 1916 model; looks like new; seats 5 inside; complete electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. 150 West 55th.

A SELECT 15 ED CAR LIST.
DE DION BOUTON, LATEST IMP.
BREWSTER COLLAPSIBLE BROUGHAM.
S. G. V. 1916 TOWN CAR.
RENAULT 1915 LOCKE LIMOUSINE.
PEERLESS 1916 BREWSTER TOWN CAR.
STUTZ 1917 16 VALVE SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
BURRELLE, 1,704 Broadway, corner 54th.

A SPORTY $2,600 SPEEDSTER, $850.
A fast, flashy 1916 Premier two-passenger special; like new; bear on hills, swift on get-away; wire wheels, side seat, snug little U-boat top; wins admiration everywhere. Phone Francis, 4770 Vanderbilt.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 STEARNS LIMOUSINE.
1917 HUDSON TOWN CAR.
1917 STUTZ 6-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
1917 HUDSON SPORT MODEL.
SERIES "18" STUDEBAKER ROADSTER.
1917 LEXINGTON TOURING.
1917 MITCHELL TOWN CAR.
1917 CHALMERS TOWN CAR.
1917 PAIGE SEDAN.
1917 STUDEBAKER CABRIOLET.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
SERIES "19" STUDEBAKER, $575.
1917 MITCHELL TOURING.
1916 WILLYS-KNIGHT COUPE.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 WHITE TOURING LANDAU.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND 6-CYLINDER.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 CASSEL KAR, Victoria Brougham.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
1,927 WEST 56TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings. Phone Circle 667-668.

BODY FOR LIMOUSINE.—Will fit a Stearns or any standard chassis. Elite, 136 West 52d St. Circle 6118.

B'KLYN BRANCH WILLYS-OVERLAND.
Special Offerings at Reduced Prices.

1917 Overland Touring, Model 85-6.
1917 Overland Touring, Model 85-4B.
1916 Overland "All-Year Car," "85-B."

OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
1,224 Bedford Av., corner Hancock St.

BUICK 1916 Little-Six Touring. Perfect.
BUICK 1916 Little-Six Roadster. Like new.
DODGE 1916 Touring. Condition guaranteed.
RAPID TRUCK, 1916 Two-Six Tour. Reasonable.
HARLEM EXCHANGE, 2,061 7th. Morn. 3361.

BUICKS, 1217-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,706 Broadway

BUICK 1916 runabout; like new; reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

CARRIOLET, three-passenger Studebaker, series 17, six-cylinder; worth looking up at $735. Telephone Elizabeth 3170.

CADILLAC "8" LIMOUSINE BROUGHAM; VERY EXCEPTIONAL.
One of the handsomest ever offered for sale; can be seen day, evening or Sunday; inspection invited; demonstration any time. On exhibition at BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC (1917) SEDAN CONVERTIBLE.
CADILLAC (1917) TOURING, LIKE NEW.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC, landaulet automobile, 1915 model, in first-class condition, with practically new tires, price $1,500. R 17 Times.

CADILLAC, 1916, touring car, driven 5,000 miles; equal new; very cheap. Owner, 216 State St., Brooklyn. Main 1391.

CADILLAC.—Must sell beautiful 14 Cadillac limousine. 1,930 Broadway.

CHALMERS TOWN CAR, 1916.
Beautiful limousine body; looks like new inside; looks like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect, guaranteed. 150 West 55th St.

CHALMERS, 1913, five passenger touring, perfect condition; any demonstration; $300. Photo Bemo, 1,931 Broadway.

CHALMERS 1916 five passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

CHALMERS 1917 five-passenger, six-cylinder; perfect shape. Levine, 65 Suffolk St.

CHALMERS Cabriolet, 1915.—Slightly used; in excellent condition. Standard, Col. 4618.

CHANDLER Used Cars and Others.
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED.
Chandler 17 and 16. Touring.
Chandler 17, Chummy Roadster.
Buick Light 6, 7-Touring, late 1916.
Willys-Knight Touring, late 1916.
CONCOURSE MOTOR CAR CO.,
2,400 Concourse. Phone Fordham 2388.

CHANDLER, Model 17, 7-passenger touring, in good condition; must sell to close estate. Phone 6105 John. Beardsley, 31 Liberty.

CHANDLER, latest model, 7-passenger touring, 4 wheels old, 6 new; Pilk tires, slip covers; bargain. Stad. Sq. 2462.

CHANDLER 1918 four-passenger Chummy Roadster; brand new; cannot take delivery; great saving from list. B. B., 177 Times.

CHANDLER "Model 17," with winter top. BELGACHE, 1789 BROADWAY.

CHEVROLET touring, late 1917; full equipment; first-class condition; price $450. G. L. Hobart, 121 Flushing Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

CHEVROLET roadster; "Royal Mail"; electric lights and starter; price $350. G. L. Hobart, 121 Flushing Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

CLEMENT BAYARD, foreign, late importation, small, 4-passenger touring, small seat on side, victoria top, with extra beautiful town body; self-starter, electric lights, one of the last cars shipped to this country; will sacrifice for $750; original price $10,000. Owner, Private Garage, 16 East 39th near 5th Av.

COLE 1916 Model 8-60 touring car; driven 5,500 miles; general appearance shows that car has had exceptionally good care; special paint job.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, INC.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

COUPE.—1916 gentleman's coupe, suitable doctor, collector; cost $1,250; abundance extras; practically new; sacrifice to quick buyer for $400. Garage, 512 West 161st, near Broadway.

DAVIS 1916 Touring.—Brand-new shoes, slip covers, new paint, Continental motor; just overhauled; must sell immediately. 575 Riverside Drive, Morningside 2780, Apartment 34.

DODGE BROTHERS runabout and touring cars; each car has been thoroughly gone over in our repair shop and is guaranteed to be as represented.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, INC.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

DODGE touring, 1916, excellent condition; many extras; will sacrifice; demonstration. Ebert, 401 Carlton Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Prospect 2509.

FORD.—For sale, 1917 Ford touring; first-class condition; equipped with demountable rims, full Grey and Davis starting and lighting system, shock absorbers, bumper, tire rack, and extra tire, besides many other extras; price $350. Bradhurst Garage Co., 458 West 146th St. Tel. 8051 Audubon.

FORD coupelet; no reasonable offer refused. 1,930 Broadway.

HUDSON super six touring; $800 if sold at once. 1,930 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE 1917 TOURING.
Seven-passenger Humpobile, two spares, perfect condition; driven by owner; will sell $1,000. Call Barclay 5216 or address Room 2514 Woolworth Bldg.

HUPMOBILE ROADSTER, Model H 32, in good condition; $400. Stevens-Duryea Shop, 16 West 61st St.

KISSEL KAR '18 Coupe, 4-pass., used 800 mi. Cadillac 8-cylinder limousine.
Pierce-Arrow Little 6 landaulet; town car.
Cadillac 8 cyl., 7-pass. landau-limousine.
Packard 6-48, 7-pass. Berlin limousine.
Cadillac 8-cyl., 5-pass. sedan.
Cadillac special speedster; attractive car.
Spot cash paid for high-grade used cars.
We also have closed Cadillac body.
Tel. 2887 Mkt. 588 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

LANCIA ROADSTER.
Most beautiful car in city; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect; guaranteed; will sacrifice for quick sale. 1,066 Broadway.

LEXINGTON, 1916, seven-passenger, wire wheels, slip covers, fine tires; run 7,000 miles; cost $2,100; elegant shape; cheap. Stimpson, Columbus 9390.

LIMOUSINE, 1914, MERCER.
HOLBROOK BODY.
Handsomest limousine ever offered for sale; cost over $5,000; has been refinished; looks like new; price $1,500; can be seen day, evening, or Sunday till P. M. On exhibition at THE BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

LOCOMOBILE for sale; run 5,000 miles; guaranteed mechanically perfect; landaulet, touring body. Phone (in mornings) Riverside 2108.

LOCOMOBILE 6-38 LIMOUSINE.
Gentlemen, will sacrifice at your own price; car has been used private two seasons; electric self-starter and lights. 150 West 55th St.

MACK truck, five ton, in excellent condition. G. L. Hobart, 121 Flushing Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

LOZIER LATE MODEL TOWN CAR.
Completely overhauled and painted, electric lights, self-starter; classy looking car; bargain.
LOZIER MOTOR COMPANY,
BROADWAY, AT 61ST ST.

MARMON Touring, for sale, run 11,000 miles; repainted and varnished at the factory this week, looks like new; guaranteed in perfect mechanical condition; 2 extra wheels; fully equipped; make offer, subject to my guarantee; wish to sell immediately; first offer $2,000, takes it; no dealers. J 49 Times.

MARMON.—Touring car, model 48, 1915; car newly painted and thoroughly overhauled, in perfect condition; cost $5,500; will sell for $1,100 cash; for demonstration phone Owner, Col. 8026.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger touring car guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1916 four passenger club roadster; like new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1917 five passenger brougham; like new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

MARMON Model 41 touring; like new; cost $3,250; take $1,000 cash. 1,930 Broadway.

MERCER 1917 Raceabout, also sport and touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MITCHELL Sedan; a beautiful Winter car, little used; will sell for $700; cost $2,250; perfect condition. Phone Columbus 8026 for demonstration.

NATIONAL NEWPORT convertible sedan; excellent appearance; mechanically guaranteed; sacrifice, $1,500 cash; right car for particular party. X 325 Times Annex.

OAKLAND "Sensible Six" roadster contract; sacrifice to quick purchaser. O 343 Times Downtown.

OAKLAND, 1917, Model 34, small mileage; 2,500 miles; recently overhauled. Gramercy 868.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 four passenger club roadster; like new; run 2,900 miles. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

OVERLAND; almost new; 5-passenger touring automobile, with Winter top; electric starting and lighting system; sacrifice $350. Private Garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d.

OVERLAND five-passenger 1917, $400; last word in equipment; extra shoes, tubes, robes. 512 West 161st, near Broadway.

OVERLAND 5-passenger touring, 1916, Model 85, in excellent condition; no dealers. P. A. N., 300 Times Downtown.

OVERLAND 1916 five passenger brougham. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

OWEN Magnetic 1917 Brougham Landaulet; like new. Karp, 1,790 B'way. Col. 5322.

PACKARD limousine body, 1916, seven-passenger, 1-35; almost new; make offer. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway, Room 610.

PACKARD landaulette, 1914, perfect mechanically; fine appearance. Acton Supply Co., 2,448 Broadway. Riverside 8453.

PACKARD 1914 48 h. p. seven passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

PACKARD 12-30 landaulette, fine condition. Bryant 6686. Schrader, 141 West 43d St.

PAIGE late model 7-passenger touring; excellent condition; driven only by owner; $650; five new Kelly-Springfield tires. R. C. Barsch, 103 Park Av. 6627 Murray Hill.

PAIGE Touring.—Late model; excellent mechanical condition; good paint and shoes; starter and lights; quick bargain. Bryant 2411.

PATHFINDER, 1918, 4-passenger touring roadster; never used; sacrifice, $500 off price; full factory guarantee; reason drafted. P 192 Times.

PEERLESS 1918.—Excellent shape; fully electrically equipped; rare bargain. Standard, Columbus 4648.

PIERCE-ARROW 48 B-3 suburban limousine; royal blue; like new; 9,000 miles only; owner has several cars; no dealers. V 102 Times.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 limousine, also touring car; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

REO 3-PASSENGER ROADSTER, WITHOUT A BLEMISH.
PRICE RIGHT.
The Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1916, 4-cyl.; A1 condition; good shoes; newly painted; bargain. 330 West 27th St. Chelsea 7557.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1916; wire wheels; mechanically perfect; two extra wire wheels, shoes, tubes; $445. Dugan, 210 West 50th St.

G. V. TOWN CAR.
Beautiful condition, electrical equipment, latest model. F. D. Homan, 211 West 58th.

SEVERAL beautiful broughams and limousines; sacrificed if sold at once. 1,930 Broadway.

SIMPLEX LIMOUSINE, 38 H. P., Holbrook Body; exceptional condition; like new; cost $8,000; sold at great sacrifice. Hygrade Auto Exchange, 1,662 Broadway, bet. 51st and 52d. Tel. Circle 1904.

STANDARD 1917.—Same as new; two extra tires and rims; front and rear bumper. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STANDARD 1916.—Used as demonstrator; perfect condition; good tires. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STEARNS-KNIGHT 1917 Limousine, "8-cylinder," painted Brewster green and black, imported upholstery; two extra seats facing forward, Circassian walnut paneling, bronze fixtures, &c.; recently overhauled; equal to new car. "Luxurious," 170 Times.

STUDEBAKER, SERIES "18" RUNABOUT, JULY 1917.
NOT A SCRATCH OR BLEMISH.
The Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

STUDEBAKER.—Three-passenger, 1917 roadster; fine condition; mechanically perfect. Phone Bayside 7696.

STUDEBAKER 1917 touring, $650; owner wants a Ford commercial. Main 3110.

STUTZ, 1916, delivered today, with new four-door, limousine body; most striking car in city; mahogany, Colonial windows; two tone gray color; special job throughout; must sacrifice immediately to answer Government call. Telephone Spring 827.

STUTZ Bearcat Speedster, 1915; sacrifice if sold immediately; would gladly demonstrate 100 miles. Garage, 512 West 161st St.

USED CARS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
AT BARGAIN PRICES.
LOBELL-ABORN, 239 West 55th St.
Three doors west of Broadway.
Time payments. Open evenings and Sundays.

"WHITE" Used Cars.
Rebuilt 5, 3, 2 Ton Trucks.
Rebuilt Touring Cars and Taxicabs.
Other Well-Known Makes Also.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept. 4 floor. C. A. Smith, Mgr.

WINTON, 1916, TOURING.
7-passenger, repainted, overhauled; guaranteed; $1,750; ideal car for touring; owner will demonstrate. Winton Co., 880 Central Av., Newark, N. J. Tel. Mulberry 900.

WINTON.—Must sacrifice immediately, practically new Winton six seven-passenger touring automobile, with extra limousine body, electric lights and self-starter; many extras; sacrifice $650. Private Garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d.

WINTON LITTLE SIX CABRIOLET.
USED 1,100 MILES.
"NEW."
The Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

WINTON, model 33, limousine; very fine condition throughout; this car has seen very little service; fully guaranteed. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

WINTON limousine 6-48; in perfect running order; many extras and accessories; will accept $1,250. J. K., Telephone Kenmore 3884.

WINTON light six touring car, overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

1914 WINTON limousine, with touring body, repainted, overhauled, $850. Winton Co., 380 Central Av., Newark, N. J. Mulberry 900.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

COMPANION.—Young woman, highest European education, environments, as companion to lady. V 68 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Fashion dressmaking, ladies' tailoring, designer of gowns, will sew by day. Phone Circle 4236. 246 West 52d.

GOVERNESS.—Young Frenchwoman, arriving from France this October, wishes a position as governess to children or companion to young girl; references. P 146 Times.

GOVERNESS, nursery, German kindergarten, desires position; best references. Write or phone 244 Boonton, Miss H. L., Mountain Lakes, N. J. P. O. Box 141.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Young woman, with little girl, 9 years old, refined, seeks position as housekeeper in home of motherless child; references exchanged. R 61 Times.

LADY wishes to take care of invalid or elderly lady. R 52 Times.

LAUNDRY WORK, &c.—Woman wishes laundry work and housecleaning. Jarman, 1,850 Park Av.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER.—Competent, experienced woman, for small hotel or private family; can handle servants; good buyer; in or out of city; unqualified references. Room 610, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent and reliable, conscientious and willing worker. A 204 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, accurate; seven years' technical experience; handle difficult dictation. A 290 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, high school education, five years' experience; $15. A 226 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, three years' experience, competent, willing. A 214 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, wants part time or home work. Apt. 5, 736 West 181st St.

YOUNG LADY, Boston graduate kindergartner, English, music, primary, desires position as governess with children aged 3 and over; references. Address Miss D. M. Mitchell, 198 Bailey St., Lawrence, Mass.

YOUNG LADY as secretary, companion or chaperon; knows typewriting, French, Spanish, English; references, experience. Cleveland Cottage, Bethlehem, N. H.

YOUNG LADY, filing clerk, switchboard operator, evenings, experienced. V 91 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

YOUNG WOMAN, high school graduate, English, French, Rumanian, anything. R 30 Times.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED help, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 52 Broadway, Room 852. Telephone Broad 7227.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior; institute graduate; willing to start from bottom with C. P. A.; six years' bookkeeping experience. O 285 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior, age, 26, experienced auditor, with ability for detail work; position with C. P. A. preferred. N 390 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experienced, accurate figurer; exempt draft; best references; $18. A 221 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) 3 years' experience; $16. Margulies, 238 Hopkins St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, French, 40, married, 20 years' practical experience in repair shop as well as driving, six years in last position as chauffeur, strictly sober, honest, and willing, wishes position. George, 160 East 57th St., New York City.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man desires position as chauffeur with private family. Telephone or call on Hart, 140 West 71st, Columbus 7583, between 10 and 12 A. M. Saturday.

CHAUFFEUR, 12 years' high-class city experience; six years one position; exceptional record and references. Robert Pogson, 156 West 66th. Col. 9992, care of Kraft

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family; city or country; married, no children; make own repairs. William Mullen, 330 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR AND MECHANIC.—Clean-cut, neat-appearing, thoroughly competent driver and all-around mechanic; best references. J. J. Byrnes, 124 West 102d.

CHAUFFEUR.—American, 36; 17 years' experience driving and repairing; neat, polite; careful driver; thorough automobile man. Address F., 122 West 64th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 37, married, 18 years' experience; expert driver, mechanic; excellent private references. Man, 56 West 93d, Riverside 9830-J.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman putting up his car highly recommends his chauffeur; reference gladly given. Address John Renwall, 42 West 61st St.

CHAUFFEUR, Butler, Valet.—Single; thoroughly competent; reliable; highest references. J. K330, 133 East 73d St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, useful; good references. J. Pala, 338 East 125th St.

COLUMBIA MEDICAL STUDENT desires Saturday employment; minimum compensation, $3. D 388 Times Downtown.

COMPANION, valet, young Englishman, refined, attentive, excellent cook; pleasant disposition; bachelor preferred. Lyndon Bird, Audubon 2065.

EXECUTIVE or engineering position with manufacturing company or engineer; have broad, practical experience along manufacturing and engineering lines with largest electrical companies; age 36; college graduate electrical engineering. V 50 Times.

EXECUTIVE, having unusual judgment and tact, desires location; has been especially successful in handling financial affairs of large company. T 132 Times.

GENTLEMAN, Spanish, refined, wishes exchange conversation with American gentleman. F 263 Times Downtown.

LAWYER.—Noted South American, experienced in trade business lines, will accept position as representative of high exporting house through South American republics. S 156 Times.

LEDGER CLERK, 35, desires position; ten years' experience; best references. V 12 Times.

MANAGER, &c.—American; age 38; married; 18 years' commercial and manufacturing experience as manager, auditor, accountant; now employed; open for engagement; also speaks Spanish fluently; good knowledge French, Portuguese, Italian; can arrange immediate interview New York; location immaterial. Address Apartment 4, 248 Elgin, Ottawa, Canada.

OFFICE WORK, &c.—Middle-aged man, experienced general office work, correspondence, selling, wishes position; moderate salary, with good prospects. O 388 Times Downtown.

PROFESSIONAL MAN desires position, 9 to 3; experienced typist, stenographer, secretary, selling; married and exempted. R 58 Times.

SALES EXECUTIVE.—Hight grade young American man, married, experienced specialty selling, organizing, training, desires greater possibilities; no has-been or job hunter. R 26 Times.

SALESMAN wants to take manufacturer's line in Southern States on a strictly commission basis; will finance self and furnish best of reference; only first-class concerns need answer. V 74 Times.

SALESMAN, with 7 years' reference from the best in the trade, wishes to make a connection with firm or corporation who could use a live man. X 381 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, seven years with one house, buying and selling woolens, desires position, preferably in textile line. R 73 Times.

SALESMAN with textile manufacturing concern five years, desires good connection. V 99 Times.

SECRETARY.
Unusually experienced executive, stenographer, college education, excellent credentials, considering change. O 359 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Young man, 20; expert stenographer; knows Spanish; tact, initiative. R 75 Times.

TRIMMINGS SALESMAN.—Young man to drum cloak manufacturers. O 288 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, clean cut, age 38, Christian, American, married, fair education; been in business 15 years; desires position at once; any kind. Rennar, 160 Woodlawn Av., Jersey City, N. J.

YOUNG MAN wishes position to work for board while attending school in city. X 337 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, year's experience in Wall St., desires permanent position, with good opening. V 104 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires clerical position; experienced; recommended. M. F., 302 Stanton St.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, 20, desires position; two years' office experience. O 377 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, energetic, wishes position with reliable concern. D 384 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDRESSERS wanted by large publishing house; must be experienced; $8 per week and bonus. Apply Miss Carlock, 326 Hudson St., N. Y. C.

BOOKKEEPER to handle cash book and accounts payable ledger and assist on general ledger; salary $75; state age, education, experience in detail. L 368 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced and competent; capable taking full charge office. Sable Bros., 616 Broadway.

GIRL, by wholesale dry goods house, to do filing and attend to mail; state age, references, and salary wanted. O 302 Times Downtown.

GIRL for office, American; typewriting, stenography not necessary; 9 to 5:30; light duties; advancement. "High School," Times Harlem.

GLOVE SALESWOMEN.

R. H. MACY & CO. REQUIRE

THE SERVICES OF THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN IN THEIR GLOVE DEPARTMENT.

APPLY AT OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER,

ANY TIME DURING THE DAY.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Strong, willing young woman as working housekeeper; child not objectionable. 122 West 78th St.

HOUSEWORKER.—Experienced girl, general housework; good wages; small family; no laundry; references required. Call mornings. Duncan, 529 West 83d St.

HOUSEWORK, general, white, for Long Beach; two in family; good home for middle-aged woman. Phone Long Beach 99.

NURSE, American or English, to girl 2½ years old; must have pleasing personality, experience, and first-class references. Apply Klauber's Apartment, 2 West 86th St., Sunday afternoon, 3 to 5.

NURSE, attendant, or ward maid for an institution; pay $22 a month. Address S. Lord Sanitarium, Stamford, Conn.

NURSE, on or before Nov. 1, for girl of 5; useful, needlework; call any evening, 7-8. Goldwack, 317 West 92d.

NURSEMAID.—Experienced, for infant; good house and references required. Telephone Morn. 3677 or call at 620 West 122d St., Apt. 45.

HELP WANTED—Female.

OFFICE GIRL with knowledge of figuring can secure permanent position. V 106 Times.

SALESLADY.—Smart-looking young woman; high-class; permanent position; $30-$50 week; sal.-comm. No. 1,612 Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Unusual opportunity for Spanish-English stenographer, who can work into an executive position on a magazine; must be proficient in Spanish and English dictation, understand office details, and secretarial duties; good salary to start. L 377 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, dictaphone operator; neat, intelligent girl, capable of handling dictation with speed and accuracy, for executive in large publishing house; surroundings most congenial; hours, 9 to 5, and until noon on Saturdays; state age, religion, experience, and salary expected. R 72 Times.

STENOGRAPHER with five years' general office routine experience; $15 to start; splendid opportunity; state nearest telephone. D 377 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED; BROOKLYN RESIDENT PREFERRED. APPLY FULTON BAG CO., 330 WYTHE AV., BROOKLYN.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; steady position; state particulars. Write Stenographer, 200 East 23d St.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college trained women in high-class traveling position; must be 25 to 40 years of age, ambitious and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of pedagogy; salary and commission; $1,500 to $2,500 per year. N. C. McRaynolds, 347 5th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 4885. Call afternoons, 2 to 5.

TEACHER.—French lady speaking Parisian French wanted, mainly conversation at lady's residence. Apply by letter. V 71 Times.

TYPIST.—GIRL WHO IS WILLING TO FAMILIARIZE HERSELF WITH OFFICE DETAILS; EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY; SALARY, $10. V 109 TIMES.

TYPIST.—Form letter writer and general clerical work; salary to start $8 a week. Call 9:30 to 11 A. M., Room 801, 3 West 29th.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted, take charge stock books, handkerchief importer; one with knowledge of billing preferred. A 207 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

FILE CLERKS.—Our six weeks' course will teach you more about filing than you could learn by yourself in years; we secure positions for our graduates paying from $12 up; our evening classes are limited, so register now. National Training School for Filing, Shaw-Walker Co., 60 Franklin St. Telephone Franklin 2261.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialist; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Wadsworth Institute, (founded 1858.) Broadway at 72d St.

ADVANCE YOURSELF IN BUSINESS.
Large corporations need trained women; send for details evening course in accounting; ask for booklet 19.
Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y. C.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

PUPILS to complete private class of ten; 6th, 7th, and 8th grades; exclusive; references. A 486 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS, EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPERS AND STENOGRAPHERS.

FOR TEMPORARY POSITIONS.

SEVEN DAYS A WEEK, TEN HOURS A DAY. CALL (DO NOT WRITE OR PHONE), ON J. PRYSE GOODWIN, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, CAMP UPTON, LONG ISLAND; SALARY DEPENDENT UPON PROFICIENCY.

ACCOUNTANT AND FINANCIAL MAN, expert, wanted by automobile manufacturing company; A1 reference required; state age, &c.; splendid opening for the correct man. Apply O 374 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT AND BOOKKEEPER wanted for export house; A1 reference required; none other need apply; state age, experience, reference, and salary expected. Apply O 375 Times Downtown.

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED
to cook and look after clubroom of large manufacturing concern, where lunches are served to officials and office men.
Must be first-class cook and woman must be a good housekeeper, and both will assume full charge of club.
Room and board included in wages.
Good town, located about 25 miles from Newark.
For interview apply F. H. Smith, Continental Hotel, Newark, N. J., Saturday, 3 to 5 P. M.; Sunday, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

A MAN who has had experience in the profit department of wholesale grocery. A 208 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT WINDOW TRIMMER.
L. S. PLAUT & CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A YOUNG MAN AS AN ASSISTANT WINDOW TRIMMER; THOSE ONLY WITH DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY; PERMANENT POSITION TO THE RIGHT PARTY. APPLY AT SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, MAIN FLOOR, ANNEX.

BELT LACE CUTTER.—Apply Chas. A. Shieren & Co., 30 Ferry St.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, for restaurant and bar; must know all details of checking system. Apply at once, Bustanoby, 50th St. and Broadway.

BOYS WANTED, 14-16, LARGE DOWN-DOWN OFFICE; SALARY $7. D 323 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOYS WANTED AS PAGES AND MESSENGERS IN LARGE DOWNTOWN BANK; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY; APPLY, STATING AGE AND BIRTHPLACE OF PARENTS. ADDRESS BOX O 328 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY.—FIFTH AV. JEWELRY STORE REQUIRES SERVICES OF BRIGHT, HONEST BOY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; GOOD SALARY. ADDRESS J 54 TIMES.

BOYS, (3,) not under 16 years of age, bright and neat in appearance, wanted in office of large corporation; excellent opportunity for willing and energetic youths; call 8. A. M. Ajax Rubber Co., 241 West 58th St.

BOY to work in stockroom and deliver small packages in city; good opportunity to learn business and advance; $7 to start. Third floor, 81 Nassau St., New York City.

Y FOR OFFICE WORK IN WHOLESALE HOUSE; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. G. SIDENBERG, 116 5TH AV.

BOY.—By wholesale dry goods house; good chance for advancement; state age, references, and salary wanted. O 301 Times Downtown.

BOY, (17-20.) — General office work and errands; good opportunity for bright young man; bring references. Aug. Mietz Corp., 138 Mott St.

BOY wanted, for export house, familiar with downtown district and having some office experience. B. Souto Co., 108 Greenwich St.

BOYS wanted for permanent employment in downtown bank. Address with full particulars and references P. O. Box 46.

BOYS.—Two, 16 years of age in laboratory of chemical and color house. Address in own handwriting. J 51 Times.

BOY in manufacturer's office, one living in Brooklyn. A 229 Times Downtown.

BOY to learn a trade in Brooklyn. A 230 Times Downtown.

CABLE TESTER.

SALARY $1,200 TO $1,380.

Candidates must be 21 years of age, who have had one year's experience in factory, laboratory or field work, or one year's laboratory testing course in a recognized institution, and general knowledge of electricity appliances for determining resistance and locating breaks; subjects and weights; experience, 4; technical, 6. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Oct. 26, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

CARPENTER FOREMAN OR BLDG. SUPT. Wanted.—Capable of taking charge; out-of-town work; mill building experience preferable; state particulars of record and salary wanted. X 341 Times Annex.

CHASERS for flat chasing on Sterling silver hollowware. Whiting Mfg. Co., Bridgeport, Conn.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced Ford commercial. Call S. P., 421 Hudson St. Bring references.

CLERICAL.—Young man, 20-21 years of age, exempt from military service, for clerical position in Long Island City office; experience in figuring desirable; state salary expected and reference. X 353 Times Annex.

CLERKS wanted in purchasing department of aero engines manufacturer to check invoices, &c.; moderate salary to start, but good chance for advancement. Reply, stating age, nationality, experience, and salary desired, P. O. Box 50, Grand Central Station, New York.

CLERK.—For traffic work with large concern in Jersey City; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address W. J. P., P. O. Box 229, N. Y. C.

DRAFTSMEN.
Structural, architectural, and reinforced concrete draftsmen wanted in connection with large Government contract; must be willing to work in Boston; state age, experience, salary expected, and when available in first letter. Experienced tracers also needed. Stevens, Globe Bldg., Boston, Mass.

DRAFTSMEN. — MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN; SUBMIT SAMPLE OF WORK AND STATE SALARY DESIRED. GILLESPIE MFG. CORP., 9TH AND MONMOUTH STS., JERSEY CITY.

DRAFTSMEN.—First-class, experienced tool designers for toolwork on aeronautical motors. Employment Department, General Vehicle Co., Borden and Star Avs., Long Island City.

DRAFTSMEN.—SEVERAL A1 TOOL AND AUTOMATIC MACHINE DESIGNERS. CALL AT ONCE. AMERICAN MACHINE AND FOUNDRY, 5,520 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

DRAFTSMEN.
A number of first-class designers on automobile tools wanted. Apply to Kar Engineering Co., 79 East 130th St.

DRAFTSMAN, structural engineers, expert, desire designing, detailing, tracing work for structural steel and reinforced concrete. "Expert," 116 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, A1 designers, detailers, and tracers wanted for machinery and tools. Address "Tracer," 182 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN. — Experienced mechanical draftsman. Mergenthaler Linotype, 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn.

EMPLOYMENT AND PUBLICITY MAN.
A man is wanted by large manufacturing

END OF MILK STRIKE SEEMS TO BE NEAR

Borden's Company and Employes at Odds Only on Status of Men Who Remained Loyal.

ACCEPT WAGE ARBITRATION

Workers Want All Men Dismissed Who Aided in Delivery of Milk During the Tie-up.

The prospect for the immediate settlement of the milk strike was said to be bright early this morning, although no complete agreement had been reached at the conference between representatives of the men who handle milk and of Borden's Farm Products Company at the Hotel Continental.

The company had proposed that the question of wages, commissions, days off, and vacations be submitted to arbitration, and the men had agreed. But there was a deadlock over recognition of the union and the status of the men who remained loyal to the company when the strike was ordered.

At 1:30 o'clock most of the men marched from the meeting room to relieve pickets on duty, leaving ten of their number to conduct negotiations with the company. The officials of the company were then telephoning, and it was said they were trying to reach stockholders.

P. D. Fox, Sales Manager of the company, said the representatives of the milkmen insisted that all who failed to join the strike should be discharged, while the company officials refused to listen to such a proposal.

Those present at the conference were P. D. Fox, Charles A. Waiant, President of Borden's Farm Products Company; J. J. Bealin of the State Industrial Commission, Commissioner of Markets Henry Moscowitz, and the organizers of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters.

The milk delivery system of the Borden company was seriously crippled yesterday by the strike. Borden milk was scarce in the Bronx and in Harlem, and in other parts of the city where some deliveries were made the distribution ran well into the forenoon. It was said at the company's office that about 600 men were out. At the Teamsters' Union headquarters the number was put at 1,100. It was admitted there that not all the men had answered the call.

It was a day of conferences on both sides. The officials of the Borden company were together until late in the day at the offices in Franklin Street. Henry Moskowitz, who has just taken the office of Commissioner of Markets, telephoned to the company and to union headquarters offering his services as mediator. He said he was acting informally and was actuated by desire to avert a milk famine.

Outside each Borden receiving station four policemen were on guard, and details of strikers did picket duty. Not a wagon left either the big Harlem station at 173 Manhattan Street or the Bronx stations at 342 East 133d Street and at 448 East 180th Street. A representative of the company said that hospitals and other institutions had received their milk in the early morning. Of the 100 men employed at the Manhattan Street station it was said that about half of them had reported for work, but Bernard Cutts, the Superintendent, did not think it advisable to send the wagons out. As soon as he heard that the men had determined to strike Superintendent F. J. Durner of the station at 400 West Twenty-ninth Street sent out the first men of the few who reported, to deliver milk to the hospitals and nurseries in his district. Of forty drivers employed there only four appeared, and four of the six inspectors also reported for duty.

A number of women, some with babies in their arms, went to the station at West Twenty-ninth Street and Ninth Avenue in the early morning, saying their babies must have milk. They were supplied, and the pickets made no attempt to interfere with the sales. Four wagons were sent out from that station. Three returned, but the other one was driven off while the driver was delivering milk in Prince Street. Later it was found abandoned.

Two clerks selling milk at the branch at Houston and Macdougal Streets became so alarmed when a number of strikers appeared that they telephoned for police help. Several policemen sent from headquarters ordered the strikers away.

It was said by Frederick Sneffin, Superintendent of the pasteurizing plant at 313 East 117th Street, that of the eighty-five drivers employed there only thirty-five had struck. He added that he had been able to make some deliveries in his district. Pickets outside the plant said that seventy men had quit.

The limited supply of milk on the east side of Harlem worked a great hardship among families with children. Many mothers journeyed from store to store seeking milk, only to find that the supply of other companies not affected by the strike had been quickly sold out. Some of them went to the 117th Street station and were supplied.

While for the most part the strikers were orderly, there were a number of cases both in Manhattan and Brooklyn where they drove away with wagons. One case of assault occurred. The victim was Earnest Kuehl of 82 West Ninetieth Street, an inspector at the Riverside station, 213 West Eighty-fourth Street. Kuehl took out a wagon on one of the early morning routes. He was driving past Sixty-fifth Street and West End Avenue when he was attacked by several men, dragged from the wagon and severely beaten before the police arrived. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital suffering from lacerations of the head and a fractured right arm.

MRS. HOOVER PLEADS FOR FOOD SAVING HERE

Tells 1,000 Volunteers of Belgium's Woe and the Need of Fats and Starch to Win War.

Mrs. Herbert C. Hoover, wife of the Federal Food Administrator; Katharine B. Davis, Chairman of the Parole Commission; John Mitchell, State Industrial Commissioner, and Arthur Williams were the principal speakers at Cooper Union last night at the first of this city's meetings for captains and workers in the food conservation campaign.

Nearly 1,000 workers attended. Administrator Hoover's name was cheered at least twenty times, and plans were outlined for a house-to-house canvass a week from Monday to persuade New York housewives to save fats, starches, and proteids. Every speaker reiterated the slogan:

"Saving our food means winning the war."

Mrs. Hoover made the trip from Washington to address the meeting. She described a number of pathetic experiences among the starving women and children of Belgium.

"We women of the United States should constantly bear in mind the glorious women of stricken Belgium in these trying days of war and devastation," Mrs. Hoover said. "In spite of the presence of the invader, these women, although isolated, have tilled the fields and kept the hearth fires burning. In 1914 thousands actually died of starvation, and it was not until the American food supply arrived that these people took heart. But now they are again facing a similar condition, and how can we eat one pound of food needlessyl when we know the true state of affairs?

"The day is not far distant when many a little Belgian child will return from school only to find that his poor mother has no food to offer. You must realize the duty that rests upon the women of this country along the line of food conservation. It means much to our allies, and particularly to the people of devastated Belgium. Do your duty."

LONG TRIP FOR SUBMARINE.

Italian Craft Cruises from the Mediterranean to Archangel.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—One of the longest submarine voyages on record has just been completed by an Italian submarine, which has gone from an Italian port in the Mediterranean to the Russian port of Archangel. Word reached Washington today that Le Temps of Paris had announced that the Russian Minister of the Navy had allowed the publication of news that this Italian submarine—a small one—had reached Archangel safely.

Why this craft was sent to the far northern port has not been disclosed. It is surmised in naval circles that the submarine is to be taken apart at Archangel and transshipped overland to the Baltic or the Black Sea to be reassembled for use against the German or Turkish navies.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—1917 Ford touring, license No. 74,836, N. J.; motor No. 1,028,451; stolen, Englewood, N. J., Saturday night, Oct. 6; two tail lights, electric and oil; E. Z. shock absorbers; $50 reward for information leading to recovery. S. L. Sanford, Englewood, N. J. Phone 183R Englewood.

LOST—Pass Book No. 188000 of The East River Savings Institution; payment stopped; finder please leave it at the bank, 291-3-5 Broadway, New York City. All persons are cautioned not to purchase or negotiate the same.

LOST.—Jewelry box, blue leather, with initials F. M. I.; left in taxi between 8 East 8th St. and Hotel Laurelton, about 6:15 Oct. 17. Notify Hotel Laurelton, Room 48.

LOST.—Silver fox neckpiece, Tuesday evening, on trip by taxicab from Lyceum Theatre to 119 East 61st St. Liberal reward for return of same to that address.

LOST.—Vicinity Belasco Theatre, small dark green leather purse with ruby and diamond gold clasp; suitable reward for return of same and contents. J. B. Greenburgh, Room 1824, 61 Broadway, New York.

LOST.—Marquise ring, platinum top, 3 small diamonds, centre diamond in black onyx, Oct. 17, 34th St. entrance Saks or 34th St. crosstown car, 2 P. M.; reward. Phone 2006 Hammels.

LOST—Gold chain set with small diamonds, small gold lorgnette attached, Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 17. Reward offered at office of Hotel Devon, 70 West 55th.

LOST.—Certificate for one Liberty 3½% bond, No. 407,541-B No. 117,541, denomination $1,000; suitable reward for return to 20 Broad St., Room 604.

LOST.—Diamond stick pin, Grand Central Depot, Tuesday evening; can identify; liberal reward. Phone St. Nicholas 3855.

LOST—Thursday, Oct. 18, between East 41st St. and Borough Hall, pendant, turquoise matrix setting; reward. V 90 Times.

LOST.—Lady's monogramed watch and medal, near 25th St. and 1st Av.; reward. A. Skirl, 305 2d Av.

LOST.—A solitaire diamond ring; a liberal reward and no questions asked. Call or address "H.," room 1022, 5 Broad St.

LOST.—Gold wrist watch, Friday, 1 o'clock, between Castle Inn-630 W. 135th; reward. Stevens, 630 W. 135th. 5000 Morn.

LOST.—Friday night, somewhere between Maiden Lane and 48th St., platinum bracelet; large reward offered. Tel. 3802 John.

LOST.—In Central Park or Concourse, lady's black handbag. Suitable reward if returned to Hotel Marie Antoinette.

LOST.—Kolinsky cape, in 116th St. "L" station or 5th Av. train; liberal reward. Telephone 5459 Riverside.

LOST—Marine glasses, or binoculars, in Long Island train, on Oct. 16; reward offered. L 379 Times Downtown.

LOST.—Portfolio, black; Hudson tube train; reward. Mr. Smith, 280 Broadway, Room 282.

LOST—Platinum circle with diamond; reward. H. F. Bachman & Co., 61 B'way.

LOST.—In Brooklyn or Flatbush, diamond pin; reward. 725 President St., Brooklyn.

REWARD.—Baum marten scarf; C. C. Shayne label, uptown Broadway car, 10:30 P. M. Monday, 100th St. Rose, 822 West End Av.

REWARD—Wallet containing Chilean passport; also several letters. Return to Albert Heller, 308 West 93d St. Telephone 7677 Riverside.

REWARD—Corona typewriter, in leather-carrying case, uptown, Broadway car, 4 P. M., Friday, 75th St. Smith, 253 West 75th St.

$50 REWARD for return of silver fox and ermine neckpiece; uptown subway express, 72d St. station. J 20 Times.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—DOG, BOSTON TERRIER, 15 MONTHS OLD; DARK BROWN SIDE OF HEAD WHITE; NAMED GIRLIE; 47TH AV.; LIBERAL REWARD. S. REILLY, GOTHAM HOTEL.

$50 REWARD.—Lost, Oct. 15, small white poodle, female; answers to "Baby." Please bring back my puppy. Miss Harrison, 50 West 97th St.

LOST.—Chihuahua dog, white, black spots; Broadway, 144th St., between 5 and 5:30 Tuesday; liberal reward. Apt. 45, 561 West 143d.

LOST.—German sheep police dog; answers name Rummie; reward. Hotel Astor.

Found.

FOUND—Ring and sum of money, Broadway, 164th St.; identify. Write A 228 Times Downtown.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

BAPTIST.

BROADWAY BAPTIST CHURCH, cor. 104th St., Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. ALL CORDIALLY INVITED.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, 57th St., between 6th and 7th Avs. REV. L. C. BITLBERT.
11 A. M.—" Question of Loyalty."
8 P. M.—" Progressive Personality."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, S. E. corner 92d and Amsterdam Av. FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11, " THE HEAVENLY VISION."
8, " YOUR PART IN THE WAR."

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH, 327 W. 33d. Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor.
10:45 A.M.—" THE MANIFOLD GOSPEL."
7:45 P.M.—" MARRIAGE and HEREDITY."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 to 8 West 46th Street.
Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, D. D., } Ministers.
Rev. E. Herbert Dutton, }
Rev. John Douglas Adam, D. D., at 11.
Rev. E. Herbert Dutton at 8.
Sunday School, 9:30; Bible Classes, 9:40 A. M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway and 79th St. PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—" PRIVILEGE, POWER AND BLESSING OF PRAYER." (BAPTISM, CLOSE OF MORNING SERVICE.)
8 P. M.—" IS BABYLON TO BE REBUILT AND BECOME THE COMMERCIAL CENTRE OF THE WORLD? WILL BABYLON BE THE EASTERN CAPITAL OF THE LAST GREAT KAISER? WILL THE EAST SEND ITS HORDES FROM BABYLON AGAINST AN EXHAUSTED EUROPE? WILL BABYLON BE THE CENTRE FOR COMMUNICATION WITH THE DISEMBODIED DEAD?"

JUDSON MEMORIAL CHURCH, Washington Square South.
Rev. A. RAY PETTY, } Ministers.
Rev. F. W. LAWSON, }
Mr. Petty preaches at 11 and 8.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AV., CORNER 31ST ST. C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor.
10 A. M.—Bible Class for Men, led by Dr. Eaton, 30 East 31st St.
11 A. M.—" Justification by Faith."
8 P. M.—" Is Life a Play or a Battle?"
Women's Bible Class 9:45, Rev. C. F. Hall, Ldr.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, Fifth Av., Between 126th and 127th Sts. JOHN HERMAN LANFALL.
11 A. M.—" THE FAR OFF LAND."
8 P. M.—" Letters of a French Soldier to His Mother."

WASHINGTON H'TS. BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av. Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.
11 A. M.—Rev. Charles H. Sears.
8 P. M.—" A Place in the Sun."

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.;
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church, Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 178th St. and Fort Washington Av.
Fifth Church, Aeolian Concert Hall, 34 West 43d St.
Sixth Church, 1,935 Anthony Av., Bronx.

CONGREGATIONAL.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, BROADWAY AND 56TH STREET.
Dr. Jefferson preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MANHATTAN CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Broadway, near 76th St.
Rev. Charles P. Fagnani preaches at 11.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST—CHRISTIAN.
CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH. Dr. Finis S. Idleman, Pastor, preaches 11 & 8. S. S., 10 A. M. 142 West 81st St.

DIVINE SCIENCE.

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE, North Ballroom, Hotel Astor, Sunday, 11. Speaker, Rev. W. John Murray, Pastor. Subject, " THE SANITY OF OPTIMISM."

ETHICAL CULTURE.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE of New York. Founded 1876. Meeting House, Central Park West & 64th St.
11 A. M., ALFRED W. MARTIN, Speaker. Subject: "RAYMOND, or LIFE AFTER DEATH"; Sir Oliver Lodge's latest book.
Meetings open to the public.

JEWISH.

FREE SYNAGOGUE.
CARNEGIE HALL: SUNDAY AT 10:45. DR. EDWARD HOWARD GRIGGS: "FEMINISM AND DEMOCRACY."
ALL ARE WELCOME.
TEMPLE ISRAEL OF HARLEM, 123D St., at Lenox Av. Dr. M. H. HARRIS. Opening Friday Evening. Address Oct. 20, 8:15. "What Are the Issues in the Municipal Campaign?"

LUTHERAN.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, B'way and 93d St., Rev. WM. M. HORN, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, 65th St. and Central Park West. Dr. Smith preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d, Dr. Reisenauer, Pastor.—Services 11 A. M.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

MADISON AVENUE CHURCH, 60th St. Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Dr. Sockman will preach.
8 P. M.—Rev. Samuel W. Graflin.
6-8 P. M.—Social Tea. Ralph W. Brown, Speaker. Soldiers and Sailors welcomed.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 7th Av. & 14 St. Rev. J. W. Chassey, Minister.
11 A. M.—" The Power of Quietness."
8 P. M.—" Kinds of Folks."

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH, (Mother Church of American Methodism.) Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, 76th Street, near Columbus Avenue. Rev. Allan MacRossie, D. D., has just returned from the front in France, and will preach at both morning and evening services.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH, 86th St. and West End Av. Rev. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Bishop Edwin H. Hughes, D. D.
8 P. M.—MUSICAL SERVICE. Address by Bishop Hughes.

WASHINGTON SQUARE M. E., 137 W. 4th St. Rev. SHERIDAN W. BELL, Pastor.
9:45 A. M.—Sunday School.
11 A. M.—Sermon by the Pastor.
7:30 P. M.—Italian Service.

MORAVIAN.

FIRST CHURCH, Lex. Av. and 30th St.—Rt. Rev. MORRIS W. LEIBERT, D. D., Pastor, 11 A. M. Cordial Welcome to All.

NEW CHURCH (SWEDENBORGIAN.)

NEW CHURCH, 35th St., bet. Park and Lexington Avs. Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M.
Subject, " THE EVERLASTING MERCY."
" HOW CAN WE GET BACK FROM A STATE OF SIN TO ONE OF RIGHTEOUSNESS?" Sunday School at 10 A. M.

NEW THOUGHT.

CHURCH OF SILENT DEMAND, The Business Church of New York City, Hotel Majestic, 72d St., Central Park West. THEODORE G. NORTHRUP, Speaker. Silent meeting, 10:45. Regular Service, 11:15. Subject—" HEALING THE PURSE." If you want more dollars come and hear this business man on the Higher Law of Finance.
Wednesday Evening Meeting, 8:15 P. M.

M. EDITH RARICK, Park Av., 33d St., Wednesday, 8:15 P. M.; higher thought teaching; collection.

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE, 222 WEST 72D ST.
Sunday, 4 P. M., Mrs. M. E. Stotler.
Sunday, 8:15 P. M., Miss Mary Allen.
Tuesday, 8:15 P. M., Laura G. Cannon.
Wednesday, 8:15 P. M., Miss Mary Allen.
Friday, 8:15 P. M., Mr. Eugene Del Mar.
Thurs., 3, Healing Service. Mrs. Paula Verdu. Noon daily, Miss Paula Glum.

MRS. CHAPIN—THE BILTMORE.
Sunday, 11:15. Subject: "Sparks from the Clash of Swords."
"Light Struck from the Souls of Men Out of the Conflict."
Personal help and interviews Saturdays, Mondays and Tuesdays, 9 to 1, at her residence, The Biltmore.

SCHOOL OF THE BUILDERS, INC. Free Lecture at Cort Theatre, 48th St., East of Broadway, Sunday Afternoon at 4 o'clock. Doors open at 3:30.

Mrs. Behrend, (the only personal pupil of the late Judge Troward of England and India, the acknowledged Master-Thinker in New Thought and Mental Science,) will explain
THE CALL WHICH IS ALWAYS ANSWERED.
Free Classes every morning at 11, except Saturday and Sunday, at the Belnord, 86th and Broadway, Apart 1110. Any one may attend these classes without notice.
All Instruction by Mrs. Behrend.
A free copy of Judge Troward's letter to Mrs. Behrend explaining the power of love will be presented to each person.

SOCIETY FOR CONSTRUCTIVE THOUGHT 220 Madison Av.—Monday evening, 8:15. Discussion: "What Really Constitutes New Thought?" All interested are cordially invited. Music.

UNITY SOCIETY, 28 West 72d. Mrs. Van Marter, 11. Subject, " LIFE ON WINGS."
8 P. M., Miss Katharine Eggleston, Speaker. Subject: " GROWING THE FAITH CROP."

PRESBYTERIAN.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 114th St. and Broadway. WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Communion at the Morning Service.

PRESBYTERIAN.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Avenue and 57th Street. Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, Pastor. Preaching 11 A. M. by the PASTOR. 4:30 P. M., Rev. Hugh Black, D. D.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av. and 55th St. Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D., Pastor. Rev. James Palmer, Ph.D., Associate Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. Dr. Jowett will preach in morning and Dr. Palmer in the afternoon.
Men's Bible Class at 10 A. M.
The midweek service in the Chapel on Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. will be conducted by Dr. Jowett.

FORT WASHINGTON, 174th St., at Broadway. Dr. MARTIN at 11 and 8.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St., EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.—Dr. Work preaches morning and evening. 11 A. M., Tenth Anniversary Sermon. 8 P. M., "Can Any Good Come Out of the War?"

HARLEM-NEW YORK, 11 and 8. 122d St. and Mount Morris Park West. Rev. GEORGE WELLS ARMS, Pastor.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner of 73d St. Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D.D., Pastor. Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, D. D., 11 A. M. Rev. James V. Chalmers, 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 24th St. Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 525 West 155th St. Dr. MACKAY preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av., 11th to 12th St. HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D., 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 73d Street. The Pastor, Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., corner 141st St. Minister, Rev. ELLIOTT W. BROWN, D. D. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE BRICK CHURCH, 5th Av. and 37th St. Ministers: { William Pierson Merrill, Frank Latimer Janeway.
Dr. MERRILL preaches at 11 and 4.
NOONDAY SERVICE daily at 12:30.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY. Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at eleven o'clock. Preacher, the Reverend Professor HUGH BLACK, D. D.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner 10th St. Ministers: { Thomas Guthrie Speers, 11 A. M. George Alexander, 8 P. M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Amsterdam Av. cor. 105th St.
11—A. Edwin Keigwin, D. D., preaches.
8—W. A. Sunday Rally. Prof. Gambler. Frank Goodman on "Story of My Conversion"

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86th St. and Amsterdam Av. Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, D. D., } Pastors. Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., } Dr. EVANS preaches at 11 A. M. Dr. ATTERBURY preaches at 8 P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector
Holy Communion ..... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer & Sermon, (Rector).11 A. M.
Evensong, (Rev. W. J. D. Thomas)..4 P. M
STRANGERS WELCOME.

CALVARY CHURCH, 21st St. and 4th Av. Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector. Services 8, 11, and 8.
11 A. M.—" RAISING OF THE SERVICE FLAG."
Preacher—The Rector.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
9 A. M.—The Holy Communion (Spanish.)
10 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Very Rev. Dean Fosbroke.
4 P. M.—Preacher Rev. Dr. Wm. E Gardner.
Daily Service, 7:30 A. M., 5 P. M., (Choral except Saturday.)

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION, Trinity Parish, Broadway and 155th St. Rev. Milo Hudson Gates, D. D., Vicar. Services Sunday, 8, 8:45, 9:45, 10:30, 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Daily 10 A. M.

CHAPEL OF THE REDEEMER, Dyckman District, Seaman Av. & Isham St., (W. 208th.) Rev. C. A. WOODWARD.
8 A. M., Holy Communion; 9:45, Sunday School.
11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M.—Dr. Grant, " Consecration and Ideals."
8 P. M.—Public Forum. " After-War Problems." Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Speaker.

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE, EAST 89TH ST., NEAR MADISON AV.
Rev. HENRY M. BARBOUR, D.D., Rector.
7:30 A. M., Holy Communion. 10 A. M., Morning Prayer. 11 A. M., Holy Communion, Sermon by Rector.
4 P. M., POPULAR VESPERS.
Prelude..... " Elegie " .....Boisdeffre
Violin Solo..... Meditation " .....Mietzke
Tenor Solo...." I Will Lift Up Mine Eyes" .....MacDermid
Quartet..... " Hymne " .....F. Poenitz
Anthem..... " O Joyful Light " .....Tours
Postlude. "Hymne a Sainte Cecile" ...Gounod
Address by Rector.
8 P. M., EVENSONG.
Sermon by Rev. John Acworth.
11 A. M. AND 4 P. M.
'CELLO. HARP. VIOLIN.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST. Fifth Av., above 45th St.
Rev. Herbert Shipman, B. D., Rector. In the Federal Service as Chaplain, 105th Field Artillery, U. S. A.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon by Rev. Arthur H. Judge, D. D., Rector St. Matthew's Church, N.Y. City.
8 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. E. E. Matthews, Asst. Minister.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 20th Street and Sixth Avenue.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.
12 M.—Holy Communion.
3 P. M.—Children's Service.
8 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, Madison Av. and 35th St.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Prayer and Sermon by Rev. Stuart L. Tyson, D. D. 4—Evening Prayer. Address by Dr. Bridges.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION, 1 East 29th St. Dr. HOUGHTON, Rector.
COMMUNIONS: 8, 9, and 9 A. M.
10:30—SERMON AND EYRE'S MASS.
1 o'clock—PROCESSION.
Choral Evensong, Benediction Office.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St.—Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector. Low masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn Mass and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 10:45. Evensong and Sermon, (Rev. Henry S. Whitehead,) 4.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, 334 West 57th St.
Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L. 8, 11, (The Rector.) 8, (Rev. F. Burgess, Jr.)

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and Tenth Street.
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector. 8; 11 (The Rector); 8 (The Rector).

ST. AGNES' CHAPEL, Trinity Parish, West 92d St., near Columbus Av.
The Rev. W. W. BELLINGER, D. D., Vicar. Services at 7:30, 9:45, 11, 2:45, 4.

ST. ANDREW'S, (EPISCOPAL,) Fifth Avenue and 127th Street.
Communion, (Brotherhood Corporate,) 8 A. M. (Men invited.)
Rector, Dr. Van De Water, preaches 11 A.M.
Curate, Rev. John S. Haight, 4 P. M.
Wm. A. Goldsworthy's organ recital, 5 P. M.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Av. and 44th St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon. The Rector will preach.
4 P. M.—Even-Song and Address. Preacher, Rev. Percy Gordon.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, Madison Av. and 71st St.
Rev. Frank Warfield Crowder, Rector.
8 A. M., 11 A. M., (Rector;) 8 P. M., (Rev. G. A. Carstensen, D. D.) Wartime Intercession daily except Saturday at 12 o'clock.

ST. LUKE'S, Convent Av. and 141st St. Rev. ASHTON OLDHAM, Rector. Services 8, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE, 10th St., west of 2d Av.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11 A. M.—" God's Love and Ours," the third sermon in a series. " The Providence of a Good God," by the rector.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 28 W. 84th St. Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, D. D., Rector. Services, 8, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

St. Stephen's Church, 69th St., nr. B'way. Services 8, 11 A. M., 4 P. M. Rev. Nathan A. Seagle, D. D., Rector.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M. Holy Communion.
11 A. M. Morning Service and Sermon (Rector)
4 P. M. Evensong and Address, (Rector.)

TRINITY CHAPEL, West 25th St., Near Broadway.
Sunday Services: 8 a. m. Holy Communion; 11 a. m., Litany, Holy Communion, and Sermon; 3:15 p. m., Children's Service; 4 p. m., Evening Prayer. Thursday, 7:30 a. m., Holy Communion and War Intercession.

TRINITY CHURCH.
Sunday Services:
7, 8, and 9 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10:30 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
11 A. M.—Litany, Holy Communion & Sermon.
3:30 P. M.—Even-Song and Sermon.
8 P. M.—Service and Sermon.
Week-day Services:
7:30, 9 A. M. & 3 P. M.
Short Service for business people daily except Saturday at 12 M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

REFORMED.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St. Rev. J. R. DURYEE, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 & 8 o'clock.

HAMILTON GRANGE CHURCH, Convent and 149th St., nr. Amsterdam Av. 11 A. M.—Rev. A. DE WITT MASON, D. D. 8 P. M.—Rev. W. W. CLARKE.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM, Lenox Avenue and 123d Street.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. EDGAR FRANKLIN ROMIG will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister, will preach.
11 A. M.—" Why Should We Worry."
8 P. M.—" The Spendthrift."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, 5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAS. MACLEOD, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M.
Rev. Arthur Frederick Mabon at 8 P. M.
Church School at 9:45 A. M.

WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A.M. and 4:30 P.M. At 4:30 P. M., subject: "The Autumn Glory." Special Music. Selections from Mendelssohn.

THE FORT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE CHURCH, Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.
Rev. IRVING HUSTED BERG, D. D., Minister, will preach.
11 A. M.—"God in the Heart."
8 P. M.—"Profession Without Performance." Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the morning service.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., B'klyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.)—Meetings 11 o'clock, 30 Gramercy Park, Manhattan, and Lafayette and Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

SPIRITUALIST.

SPIRITUAL AND ETHICAL SOCIETY, 142 West 125th St.—Helen Temple Brigham, morning and evening. Evening theme: "Somewhere in Heaven."

FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH. Pabst Grand Circle Bldg., 59th St. and 8th Av. PROOF THAT THE DEAD RETURN IN SPIRIT. Speaker, Mrs. Tillie U. Reynolds.

THEOSOPHY.

THEOSOPHY.
Theosophical Headquarters, Central Lodge, (formerly 2,228 Broadway,) now permanently located Hotel Marie Antoinette, 67th and Broadway, Thursday, 8:15 P. M., LECTURE OF CHARLES JOHNSTON, Member of Past Births," by Mrs. Ponsonby Ogle. Also every Wednesday, 8:15 P. M., an inquirer's Class, conducted by Mrs. Maude Lambart-Taylor.

Theosophical Headquarters, 2,228 Broadway, New York Lodge, 79th St. Lectures and Classes by Miss Isabel Holbrook, (National Lecturer,) Sunday evening, 8:15, subject, "The Higher Interpretation of Freemasonry." Also Monday, Wednesday, Friday, 8:15 P. M.; Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 3 P. M. Admission Free. Public Cordially Invited.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, 25 West 45th St. —Public lecture Sunday evening, 8:15, "A Lost Continent," Geo. P. Russell.

UNITARIAN.

ALL SOULS', (UNITARIAN,) Fourth Avenue and 20th Street. " THE SOUL OF AMERICA ON TRIAL," General Topic of Three Sermons.
No. 2, OUR COUNTRY'S SACRIFICE; NOBLY, OR IGNOBLY MET. By Rev. Dr. WM. LAURENCE SULLIVAN, the Minister. Services at 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, 34th St. and Park Av.—11 A. M., MR. HOLMES, " THE RELIGION OF H. G. WELLS—' Mr. Britling,' 'God, the Invisible King,' 'The Soul of a Bishop.'" 8:15 P. M., DR. KATHARINE B. DAVIS AND OTHERS, " WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN WAR TIME."

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,) Pierrepont St. and Monroe Pl., Brooklyn. 11 A. M., Rev. JOHN HOWLAND LATHROP.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH, Corner 121st Street. Services at 11. " A FREE BELIEVER."
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister.

UNIVERSALIST.

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY, Central Park West and 76th St.
Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M., " Wrestling for a Blessing."

Y. M. C. A.

HARRY LAUDER—3 P. M.—HIPPODROME. Bible Class & Modern Christian Warfare at 5:15 P. M., as usual. Fellowship Supper at 6:10. West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 W. 57 St., N. Y. C.

HARRY LAUDER.
Relating his experiences in trenches in France HIPPODROME, Sunday, Oct. 21, 3:30 P. M. Auspices National War-Work Council, Y. M. C. A. A few boxes for sale at $5.00 at $10. Phone WILSON—Columbus 7920.

OTHER SERVICES.

A. A. LINDSAY, M. D., Psychologist, Carnegie Chapter Hall, 8:15: "Everyone a Prophet, or Tolstoi's Prevision." Stereopticon Lectures Tues. and